



Seat No.	
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M.S.W. (Semester – I) Examination, 2015
SOCIAL WORK EDUCATION (Paper – I) (New) (CBCS)
Indian Society and Social Institution

Day and Date : Monday, 16-11-2015
Time : 10.30 a.m. to 1.00 p.m.

Max. Marks : 70

Note : All questions carries equal marks.

1. Choose correct alternatives from the following alternatives : **14**
- 1) In our society middle class comprises of those, who are _____
- A) Engaged in business
B) Technocraft
C) Professionals
D) Salaried workers
- 2) Process of socialization starts from _____
- A) Mother womb
B) Adulthood
C) Learned
D) Childhood
- 3) Culture is not _____
- A) Acquired
B) Shared
C) Learned
D) Innate
- 4) Social change implies _____
- A) Change in social function
B) Change in social relationship
C) Change in social structure
D) Change in all the above
- 5) 'Caste is closed group' the statement has been given by _____
- A) D. N. Mujumdar
B) Mac Iver
C) T. B. Batmore
D) None of the above
- 6) 'Garibi Hatao' slogan was given by _____
- A) Sanjay Gandhi
B) Rajiv Gandhi
C) Soniya Gandhi
D) Indira Gandhi



- 7) Social stratification implies _____
- A) Social equality
 - B) Social inequality
 - C) Social justice
 - D) Social injustice
- 8) Polygamy means _____
- A) Intercaste marriage
 - B) Marriage of a man with more than one women
 - C) Women marrying with more than one man
 - D) None of the above
- 9) The Hindu Marriage Act enacted in the year _____
- A) 1948
 - B) 1955
 - C) 1950
 - D) 1956
- 10) Untouchability Offence Act passed in _____
- A) 1935
 - B) 1945
 - C) 1955
 - D) 1925
- 11) Who is of the following said that “Sociology” is the scientific study of society ?
- A) Sorokin
 - B) Giddings
 - C) H. P. Fairchild
 - D) All of them
- 12) Which of the following is the basis of ‘community’ ?
- A) Community locality
 - B) Common thinking
 - C) Common habits of its member
 - D) All of them
- 13) Man is a social animal, says ?
- A) Aristotle
 - B) August Comte
 - C) Mac Iver
 - D) Max Weber
- 14) Which one of the following is true about society ?
- A) It's membership is voluntary
 - B) It's formed for a specific purpose
 - C) It is there are both conflict and cooperation
 - D) It must be organized



2. Write the meaning of the following questions (**any seven/ten**) : **14**
- 1) Human Rights
 - 2) Social Justice
 - 3) Social Legislation
 - 4) Marriage
 - 5) Social Institution
 - 6) Social Change
 - 7) Caste
 - 8) Class
 - 9) Diversity
 - 10) Kinship.
3. Write short notes (**any 2** out of 4) : **14**
- 1) Family
 - 2) Marriage
 - 3) Custom
 - 4) Culture.
4. Write a broad answer (**any one**) : **14**
- i) Elucidate the meaning, concept and importance of 'community'.
- OR
- i) Explain the concept and meaning of the 'social group' in detail.
5. Write the concept, meaning and the functions of "class". **14**
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SLR-E – 2

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M.S.W. – I (Semester – I) (New – CBCS) Examination, 2015
SOCIAL WORK (Paper – II)
History and Ethics of Social Work Profession

Day and Date : Wednesday, 18-11-2015
Time : 10.30 a.m. to 1.00 p.m.

Max. Marks : 70

Instructions : 1) *All questions are compulsory.*
2) *Figures to the right indicate full marks.*

1. Choose and write correct alternative from given alternatives. **14**
- 1) Western Ideologies have _____ orientation.
a) group b) community c) individualism d) None
 - 2) The Professional School of Social Work was established in
a) 1936 b) 1937 c) 1938 d) 1939
 - 3) _____ means prohibition of discrimination.
a) Difference b) Indifference c) Equality d) None
 - 4) By _____ means, people can choose their government.
a) Dictatorship b) Autocratic c) Democratic d) None
 - 5) The constitution of India adopted in
a) 1948 b) 1949 c) 1998 d) 1947
 - 6) India is a _____ country.
a) secular b) non-secular c) dictator d) none
 - 7) India is Socialist Country means
a) social b) equality
c) economic and social equality d) none

P.T.O.



- 8) Voluntary associations have attitude of
a) compassion b) unkind c) indifferent d) none
- 9) The revised code of ethics published by NASW in
a) 1947 b) 1994 c) 1996 d) 1998
- 10) Krantriyoti Savitribai Phule birth anniversary is on
a) 3 February b) 3 January c) 3 December d) none
- 11) The Mahatma Phule established _____ samaj
a) Satyashodhak b) Bramho c) Arya d) None
- 12) 8th March is observed for
a) empowerment b) women power
c) women empowerment d) power
- 13) Charity is based on _____ values.
a) political b) spiritual c) religious d) none
- 14) Remand Home is now termed as
a) Home b) Shelter
c) Observation Home d) None

2. Write short answers (**any seven**).

14

- 1) What is Philanthropy ?
- 2) Meaning of Social Service.
- 3) What is COS ?
- 4) Where the Social Work education started ?
- 5) Which year "Social diagnosis" book was published ?
- 6) Voluntary Social Work.
- 7) What are ethics ?
- 8) Define ideology.
- 9) Define ecological Social Work.
- 10) Meaning of Profession.



3. Write short notes (**any two**). **14**
- 1) Social reformer movement in India.
 - 2) Social Work and Social change.
 - 3) Concept of Social Development.
 - 4) Explain oppression and marginalization.
4. Write broad question (**any one**). **14**
- 1) What are fields of Social Work education ?
 - 2) Explain methods of Social Work education.
5. Explain in detail the Principles of Social Work. **14**
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M.S.W. – I (Semester – I) (CBCS) Examination, 2015
SOCIAL WORK (New)
Paper – III : Stages of Human Development

Day and Date : Friday, 20-11-2015
Time : 10.30 a.m. to 1.00 p.m.

Max. Marks : 70

Instructions: 1) **All questions are compulsory.**
2) **Figures to the right indicate full marks.**

1. Multiple choice questions.

14

- 1) 'Vanprasthashram' is followed by _____
 - a) Balkashram
 - b) Grahasthashram
 - c) Sanyasashram
 - d) None of these
- 2) 'Leaving all things which we like most' is a characteristic of _____
 - a) Brahmacharyashram
 - b) Grahasthashram
 - c) Sanyasashram
 - d) All above
- 3) 'Questioning age' is a feature of _____
 - a) Babyhood
 - b) Infancy
 - c) Childhood
 - d) Puberty
- 4) 'Smallest period' of life is _____
 - a) Babyhood
 - b) Adolescent
 - c) Infancy
 - d) None of these
- 5) Before birth period is known as _____
 - a) Post natal period
 - b) Pre natal period
 - c) Pubertial period
 - d) All of these
- 6) Growth is _____
 - a) Systematic
 - b) Static
 - c) Stagnant
 - d) All of these
- 7) Development is _____ concept.
 - a) Multidisciplinary
 - b) Linear
 - c) Empowerment
 - d) None of these

P.T.O.



- 8) Broadly, there are _____ methods of studying human behaviour.
a) Two b) Three c) Four d) Five
- 9) There are total _____ pairs of chromosome needed to form a zygote.
a) 40 b) 23 c) 44 d) 46
- 10) Age-wise stages of human development is a _____ concept of life span.
a) Indian b) Modern c) Western d) None of these
- 11) Capabilities approach of human development is given by _____
a) Mary Richmond b) Amartya Sen
c) Murry Ross d) All of these
- 12) Empty nest is a characteristic of _____
a) Middle age b) Old age
c) Childhood age d) All of these
- 13) Developmental psychology is book written by _____
a) Luise Martin b) Elizabeth Hurlock
c) P.D. Kulkarni d) None of these
- 14) Which of the following is social system of development ?
a) Family b) Peers c) School d) All of these

2. Answer the following questions (**any seven**) :

14

- 1) Explain Life span.
- 2) Define Marriage.
- 3) What is Development ?
- 4) Explain Birth.
- 5) Explain Growth.
- 6) Who is an Infant ?
- 7) Who is a Child ?
- 8) Meaning of Behaviour.
- 9) What includes in Environment ?
- 10) Grahasthashram.



3. Write short notes (**any two**) : **14**
- 1) Parenting values and its important.
 - 2) Relationship of heredity and environment.
 - 3) Principles of growth and development.
 - 4) Sanyasashram.
4. Write broad question (**any one**) : **14**
- 1) Describe maladjustment, its cause and remedies.
 - 2) Ascertain the importance of family, peers, school and society in human development.
5. Explain the ashram concept as Indian concept of life span. **14**
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**M.S.W – I (Semester – I) (New) (CBCS) Examination, 2015
SOCIAL WORK**

Paper – IV: Introduction to Social Work Research

Day and Date : Monday, 23-11-2015

Max. Marks : 70

Time : 10.30 a.m. to 1.00 p.m.

Instructions : 1) *All questions are compulsory.*

2) *Figures to the right indicate full marks.*

1. Multiple choice questions :

14

- 1) _____ tool of data collection is use to measure individual's attitude, feelings, perceptions, aspirations and other psychological aspects.
A) Schedule
B) Observation Schedule
C) Rating scale
D) Questionnaire
- 2) _____ needs to be tested on the basis of facts which are collected in field work.
A) Literature
B) Hypothesis
C) Levels of measurement
D) Research design
- 3) Research Hypothesis is symbolises as _____
A) H_1
B) H_0
C) H_2
D) H_W
- 4) Structured interview schedule contains _____ questions.
A) Open ended
B) Closed ended
C) Both
D) None of these
- 5) _____ research design is the study of unfamiliar problem about which the researcher has little knowledge.
A) Exploratory
B) Action
C) Experimental
D) Descriptive



- 6) Following are not the primary source of data collection
- A) Interview Schedule B) Observation Schedule
C) Mailed Questionnaire D) Records
- 7) There are _____ levels of measurements.
- A) 2 B) 3 C) 4 D) 5
- 8) _____ is the type of probability sampling method.
- A) Purposive B) Cluster
C) Accidental D) Snow ball
- 9) It is presume that all social interaction follow some kind of _____
- A) Natural law B) Social phenomenon
C) Social studies D) Social method
- 10) Quasi is the type of _____ research design.
- A) Experimental B) Explanatory
C) Intervention D) Cross section
- 11) _____ sampling is based on the assumption that with good judgement one can select the sample units that are satisfactory in relation to ones requirement.
- A) Snow ball B) Accidental
C) Stratified D) Purposive
- 12) _____ is consider as the major source of hypothesis.
- A) Available literature B) Researcher's thought
C) Research design D) None of these
- 13) Formal and informal are the type of
- A) Observation B) Interview
C) Panel method D) Simulation
- 14) Social work research is the _____ method of social work.
- A) Primary B) Tertiary
C) Auxiliary D) None of these



2. Answer the following questions (**any seven**) : **14**
- 1) Scientific approach.
 - 2) Action Research Design.
 - 3) Population (Universe).
 - 4) Accidental and snow ball sampling.
 - 5) Variables and constant.
 - 6) Define social work research.
 - 7) Importance of social work research.
 - 8) Exploratory research design.
 - 9) Types of hypotheses.
 - 10) Schedule.
3. Write short notes (**any two**) : **14**
- 1) Sources of data collection.
 - 2) Essentials of research design.
 - 3) Techniques of data collection.
 - 4) Probability sampling method and its types.
4. Write broad question (**any one**) : **14**
- 1) Write the levels of measurements in social work research.
 - 2) Discuss experimental research design in detail.
5. Explain the tools of data collection in social work research. **14**
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M.S.W. – I (Semester – I) (CBCS) Examination, 2015
SOCIAL WORK
Paper – V : Introduction to Social Case Work (New)

Day and Date : Thursday, 26-11-2015

Max. Marks : 70

Time : 10.30 a.m. to 1.00 p.m.

Instructions : 1) **All questions are compulsory.**
2) **Figures to the right indicate full marks.**

1. Multiple choice questions :

14

- 1) Social case work is _____ help.
 - a) Professional
 - b) Technical
 - c) Non-professional
 - d) Other than above
- 2) In case work case worker tries to understand the root cause of the problem through
 - a) Exploring the client's problem
 - b) Behaviour
 - c) Counselling
 - d) Other than above
- 3) Case work component includes
 - a) Person
 - b) Problem
 - c) Place
 - d) All above
- 4) In social case work process the 'Person' must have
 - a) Problem
 - b) Process
 - c) Place
 - d) Other than above
- 5) Social case work deals with
 - a) Psycho-social problem
 - b) Financial problem
 - c) Mental health issues
 - d) Other than above
- 6) _____ has defined case work as the art of bringing about the better adjustments in the social relationship of the individual.
 - a) Richmond
 - b) Watson
 - c) Queen
 - d) Other than above



- 7) Visiting the home of the client means
- a) Home visit
 - b) Visit
 - c) Family visit
 - d) Other than above
- 8) Person with problem means
- a) Client
 - b) Patient
 - c) Problematic person
 - d) Other than above
- 9) In _____ 'Social Diagnosis' got published.
- a) 1917
 - b) 1918
 - c) 1920
 - d) 1921
- 10) Skills in social case work includes
- a) Exploring problem
 - b) Resource mobilization
 - c) Home visit
 - d) All above
- 11) The social case work process includes
- a) Psycho-social study
 - b) Social diagnosis
 - c) Social case work intervention
 - d) All above
- 12) Component of social case work includes
- a) Problem
 - b) Person
 - c) Place
 - d) All above
- 13) Settings of social case work includes
- a) Schools
 - b) Industry
 - c) Family
 - d) All above
- 14) Tools and techniques in social case work includes
- a) Listening
 - b) Observation
 - c) Communication
 - d) All above

2. Answer the following questions (**any seven**) :

14

- 1) Define social case work.
- 2) Intake
- 3) Social diagnosis



- 4) Listening
- 5) Exploring the problem in social case work
- 6) 'Person' in social case work
- 7) 'Place' in social case work
- 8) School case work
- 9) Resource mobilization
- 10) Communication in social case work.

3. Write short notes (**any two**) : **14**

- 1) Write on principles of social case work.
- 2) Write on ethics in social case work.
- 3) Write on 'interview' in social case work.
- 4) Write on values in social case work.

4. Write broad question (**any one**) : **14**

- 1) Various skills and techniques used in social case work.

OR

- 2) Write on school social work.

5. Write on historical development of social case work. **14**



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M.S.W. (Part – I) (Semester – I) (New-CBCS) Examination, 2015
SOCIAL WORK
Paper – VI : Introduction to Social Group Work

Day and Date : Saturday, 28-11-2015

Total Marks : 70

Time : 10.30 a.m. to 1.00 p.m.

- Instructions:** 1) *All questions are compulsory.*
2) *Marks are indicated at the right side of the paper.*
3) *For objective type, choose the correct alternative.*

I. Multiple Choice Questions:

14

- 1) _____ realized the importance of group discussion in working with groups.
a) Trecker b) Cooley c) Hamilton d) Gupta
- 2) _____ are source of information for other workers.
a) Books b) Dynamics c) Guidance d) Records
- 3) The ability of the worker to analyze the situation and to take corrective measures require
a) Analytical reasoning b) Empathy
c) Analytical skill d) Evaluation
- 4) Group worker relationship should be
a) Professional b) Healthy
c) Purposeful d) None of the above
- 5) The group worker enables members to plan
a) Programmes b) Dynamics
c) Communication d) Perspectives
- 6) Group should utilize its existing
a) Resources b) Programmes c) Work d) None
- 7) Verbal and non-verbal communications are the components of
a) Listening b) Recording
c) Social interaction d) Group discussion

P.T.O.



- 8) _____ of group development are characterized by the formation of group dynamics.
- a) Ending stage b) Beginning stage
c) Middle stage d) Interaction stage
- 9) Group work teaches to make us the best use of _____ time of the people.
- a) Intelligence b) Group dynamics
c) Leisure d) Defence mechanism
- 10) The task oriented _____ is the behaviour which helps the members to accomplish goals.
- a) Planning b) Behavior
c) Programs d) Leadership
- 11) A _____ is formed for providing support to members to achieve solutions to mental health issues.
- a) Secondary group b) Primary group
c) Therapy group d) Inactive group
- 12) There should be constant _____ of the group.
- a) Termination b) Evaluation
c) Meeting d) Adjustment
- 13) _____ is the process by which people convey a meaning to each other.
- a) Speech b) Gestures c) Communication d) Action
- 14) _____ are the rules of conduct governing a particular group.
- a) Morality b) Immorality
c) Conduct and behavior d) Ethics

II. Answer the following questions (**any 7** out of 10) :

14

- 1) Recording in group work
- 2) Listening skill
- 3) The beginning stage
- 4) Group work as a method
- 5) Role of social group worker



- 6) Concept of social group work
- 7) Techniques of social group work
- 8) Objectives of social group work
- 9) Types of group activities
- 10) Group work process.

III. Write short notes (**any 2** out of 4) : **14**

- 1) Theories of group dynamics
- 2) Group discussion
- 3) Communication
- 4) Types of group work.

IV. Elaborate group work as a method of social work practice. **14**

OR

Elaborate the forms of interaction and factors influencing interaction.

V. Define group work and explain the principles of social group work. **14**



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M.S.W. I (Semester – I) (New CBCS) Examination, 2015
SOCIAL WORK
Community Organisation and Social Action (Paper – VII)

Day and Date : Tuesday, 1-12-2015

Max. Marks : 70

Time : 10.30 a.m. to 1.00 p.m.

1. Multiple choice questions. **14**
- 1) Protest desire to change
 - a) social norms
 - b) social institutions
 - c) family structure
 - d) none
 - 2) Demonstration, protests, rebels are the part of
 - a) social reforms
 - b) social development
 - c) social change
 - d) social movements
 - 3) Power is nothing but ability to _____ people.
 - a) Influence
 - b) Convince
 - c) Organise
 - d) None
 - 4) Social conflicts is a struggle for _____ and _____.
 - a) Money
 - b) Agency and power
 - c) Material and money
 - d) None
 - 5) Social reform is a
 - a) Social movement
 - b) Mode of social change
 - c) Revolutionary movement
 - d) All
 - 6) _____ is a traditional community organization practice.
 - a) Locality development model
 - b) Social action model
 - c) Both
 - d) None
 - 7) Social planning model of community organization where
 - a) planning
 - b) welfare needs and services
 - c) mobilizing people
 - d) none



- 8) Process by which a community identifies its needs or objectives is a part of definition of community organization given by
- a) Munay G. Ross b) Rotman
c) M.S. Gore d) I.S. Subedar
- 9) Community organization and community work results into
- a) Community progress b) Community mobilization
c) Both d) Community development
- 10) The focus of community organization practice is influenced by a system of _____ and _____ values.
- a) Economic and social b) Personal and public
c) Personal and professional d) All
- 11) Community organisation is _____ method of social work.
- a) Micro b) Macro c) Mixed d) None
- 12) _____ is one of the barriers of community organisation.
- a) Superstitious b) Ability
c) Positive thinking d) All
- 13) Gender is _____ defined.
- a) Biologically b) Economically
c) Socially d) None
- 14) When people are dissatisfied with _____ it frustrates them and their needs, as well.
- a) Social needs b) Social institutions
c) Money d) Economy

2. Answer the following questions (**any 7** out of 10) :

14

- 1) Social reforms.
- 2) Lobbying in social action.
- 3) Social conflicts.



- 4) Protests.
 - 5) Types of communities.
 - 6) Meaning of community organisation.
 - 7) Advocacy.
 - 8) Empowerment.
 - 9) Barriers in community organization.
 - 10) Power structures in community.
3. Write short notes (**any 2** out of 4) : **14**
- 1) Community organization as a method of social work.
 - 2) Gender sensitive community organization.
 - 3) Dealing with authorities explain the process.
 - 4) PRA in community organisation.
4. A broad question (**any one**) : **14**
- A) Write in detail the process of community organisation describe the steps in detail.
- OR
- B) Describe in detail the various roles of community organisor.
5. A broad question. **14**
- Describe in detail the locality development model and social planning model of community organisation.
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M.S.W. – I (Semester – I) (Old) Examination, 2015
SOCIAL WORK EDUCATION (Paper – I)
Indian Society and Social Institution

Day and Date : Monday, 16-11-2015
Time : 10.30 a.m. to 12.30 p.m.

Max. Marks : 50

N. B. : I) **All questions are compulsory.**
II) **Figures to the right indicate full marks.**

1. Choose the correct alternatives from the following alternatives : **10**
- 1) Which one of the following is not a basis of community life ?
 - A) Common thinking
 - B) Common locality
 - C) Common way of life
 - D) None of the above
 - 2) Polyandry refers to _____
 - A) The marriage of one women with more than one man
 - B) The marriage of one to two women
 - C) Inter community marriage
 - D) None of the above
 - 3) Which one of the following is true about society ?
 - A) It is a membership is voluntary
 - B) It is formed for a specific purpose
 - C) In it there are both conflicts and cooperation
 - D) It must be organized
 - 4) Social stratification implies _____
 - A) Social equality
 - B) Social inequality
 - C) Social justice
 - D) Social injustice



- 5) Malinowski believe that culture is _____
- A) Progressive process
 - B) Realing of final valuation
 - C) Medium through which man achieves his ends
 - D) Complex whole
- 6) Social change is a _____ phenomenon.
- A) Universal
 - B) Harmonious
 - C) Heterogenous
 - D) None of the above
- 7) Cultural trait is _____
- A) Complex unit of culture
 - B) A simple unit of culture
 - C) Non-material culture
 - D) Material culture
- 8) Law is an _____ of social change.
- A) Scale
 - B) Parameter
 - C) Instrument
 - D) All the above
- 9) Identify "Primary Group" _____
- A) Family
 - B) School
 - C) Crowd
 - D) All the above
- 10) Caste, Marriage and family, religion are all _____
- A) Cultural institution
 - B) Religious institution
 - C) Social institution
 - D) All the above



2. Bring out definitions of the following (**any four**) : **8**
- 1) Family
 - 2) Religion
 - 3) Community
 - 4) Institution
 - 5) Caste
 - 6) Polity.
3. Write short notes of the following (**any four**) : **12**
- 1) Law as an instrument of social change
 - 2) Culture
 - 3) Kinship
 - 4) Education
 - 5) Social group
 - 6) Social custom.
4. Explain the types and functions of marriage. **10**
- OR
- Write meaning and concept of law and social legislation.
5. Elucidate “Human Rights of 1948”. **10**
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M.S.W. – I (Semester – I) (Old) Examination, 2015
SOCIAL WORK (Paper – II)
History and Ethics of Social Work Profession

Day and Date : Wednesday, 18-11-2015

Max. Marks : 50

Time : 10.30 a.m. to 12.30 p.m.

Instructions: 1) *All questions are compulsory.*
2) *Figures to the right side indicate full marks.*

1. Multiple Choice Questions. Choose the correct alternative and write in the answersheet. **10**
- 1) In _____ relationship, social workers devote themselves to the interest of their clients.
a) Usual b) Professional c) Informal d) Different
 - 2) The professional relationship is formed for
a) life b) purpose c) formality d) none of these
 - 3) The first code of ethics adopted in
a) 1960 b) 1964 c) 1961 d) 1962
 - 4) The revised code of ethics published by NASW in
a) 1997 b) 1994 c) 1996 d) 1998
 - 5) The value of _____ address social problems.
a) Society b) Services
c) Relations d) None of these
 - 6) Social workers _____ worth of a person.
a) respects b) denies c) disrespect d) ignore
 - 7) Professional social work is
a) political b) non-political c) intuitive d) none of these

SLR-E – 9



- 8) _____ is the base of professional social work.
- a) Rationalism
 - b) Charity
 - c) Non-rationality
 - d) None of these
- 9) India is a socialist country means
- a) Economic equality
 - b) Social equality
 - c) Economic and social equality
 - d) None of these
- 10) By _____ means, people can choose their government.
- a) Democratic
 - b) Non-democratic
 - c) Dictator
 - d) None of these

2. Write short answers (**any four**) : **8**
- 1) Define Profession.
 - 2) Definition of social work.
 - 3) What is philanthropy ?
 - 4) Definition of social change.
 - 5) What is development in social work ?
 - 6) Define welfare.
3. Write short notes (**any four**) : **12**
- 1) Human Rights.
 - 2) Values of Social Work Profession.
 - 3) Social Reform Movement.
 - 4) Ethics in social work ?
 - 5) What is social service ?
 - 6) Who are marginalized ?
4. Write **any one** long type question : **10**
- A) What are objectives of social work education.
- OR
- B) Explain detail about western history of social work profession.
5. Elaborate in detail principles of social work. **10**
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M.S.W. – I (Semester – I) (Old) Examination, 2015
SOCIAL WORK (Paper – III)
Stages of Human Development

Day and Date : Friday, 20-11-2015

Max. Marks : 50

Time : 10.30 a.m. to 12.30 p.m.

Instructions : 1) **All questions are Mandatory.**
2) **Figures on right side indicate marks.**

1. Choose a correct alternative. 10
- 1) Marriage is prime characteristics of _____ stage.
a) Adulthood b) Oldage c) Infancy d) Adolescence
 - 2) Growth and development is
a) Same b) Different c) Indifferent d) None of these
 - 3) Which of the following is a method of studying human behaviour ?
a) Interview b) Case study c) Questionnaire d) All of these
 - 4) _____ period is considered on post-delivery period.
a) Pre-natal b) Post-natal c) Infancy d) None of these
 - 5) Love, Romance is generally associated with
a) Adolescence b) Adulthood c) Childhood d) None of these
 - 6) 'Infancy stage' period is between
a) 0 to 12 days b) 2 to 6 years c) 18 to 40 d) None of these
 - 7) Empty Nest is a characteristic of
a) Adolescence b) Oldage c) Infancy d) None of these
 - 8) Shortest period of life is
a) Infancy b) Babyhood c) Childhood d) None of these



- 9) 'Sexual adjustment' is primarily concerned with
a) Adolescence b) Oldage c) Adulthood d) None of these
- 10) Growth and development is
a) Different b) Interdependent
c) Both a + b d) None of these

2. Write short answers (**any four**) : **8**

- 1) Human
- 2) Death
- 3) Child
- 4) Development
- 5) Society
- 6) Life-span.

3. Write short notes (**any four**) : **12**

- 1) Values in parenting
- 2) Deprivations
- 3) Heredity and environment
- 4) Systems approach
- 5) Interview method
- 6) Vocational adjustment.

4. Write long answer (**any one**) : **10**

- 1) Explain the various methods of studying human behaviour.

OR

- 2) Explain the Indian concept of Lifespan.

5. Describe the characteristics and adjustments in oldage. **10**



Seat No.	
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M.S.W. – I (Semester – I) Examination, 2015
SOCIAL WORK (Old)
Introduction to Social Work Research
(Paper – IV)

Day and Date : Monday, 23-11-2015
Time : 10.30 a.m. to 12.30 p.m.

Max. Marks : 50

Instructions : 1) **All questions are compulsory.**
2) **Figures to the right indicate full marks.**

1. Multiple choice questions : **10**

- 1) _____ methods of data collection are of two types namely participatory and nonparticipatory.
A) Interview
B) Questionnaire
C) Observation
D) Simulation
- 2) If possible answers are known to the researcher before interview and if such questions are included in schedule then it is termed as _____
A) Open ended
B) Closed ended
C) Questionnaire
D) None of these
- 3) _____ is an example of ratio level of measurements.
A) Sex
B) Temperature
C) Religion
D) Income
- 4) A variable is an empirical property that takes _____ value/s.
A) Two
B) Two or more
C) One
D) None of these
- 5) Simulation is a type of _____ of data collection.
A) Techniques
B) Methods
C) Tools
D) Sources
- 6) _____ Research Design has been adopted when the researcher wishes to assess the effectiveness of a programme or project.
A) Experimental
B) Exploratory
C) Evaluation
D) Action

P.T.O.



- 7) _____ is/are the type/s of non probability sampling method.
 - A) Accidental
 - B) Quota
 - C) Purposive
 - D) All of these
- 8) In _____ levels of measurements, the categories have fixed order in addition to mutually exclusive.
 - A) Ordinal
 - B) Ratio
 - C) Interval
 - D) Nominal
- 9) Research Hypothesis is symbolise as _____
 - A) H_0
 - B) H_1
 - C) H_2
 - D) H_w
- 10) Observation, Rating, Documentary and Interview are the types of _____
 - A) Schedule
 - B) Questionnaire
 - C) Sources of data collection
 - D) Techniques of data collection

2. Write short answer of the following (**any 4** out of 6) : 8

- 1) Nominal level of measurement
- 2) Primary Sources of data collection
- 3) Snowball sampling
- 4) Accidental sampling
- 5) Scientific approaches in Social Work Research
- 6) Ordinal level of measurement.

3. Write short notes (**any 4** out of 6) : 12

- 1) Dependent and Independent variables with examples.
- 2) Simple and clusture sampling.
- 3) Rating scale and its types.
- 4) Ratio and interval level of measurement.
- 5) Secondary sources of data collection.
- 6) Schedule and its types.

4. Answer **any long** type questions of the following : 10

- A) Describe various techniques of data collection.

OR

B) What is mean by Research Design and explain its types in detail. 10

5. Define social work research and explain steps in social work research.



Seat No.	
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M.S.W. – I (Semester – I) (Old) Examination, 2015
SOCIAL WORK (Paper – VI)
Introduction to Social Group Work

Day and Date : Saturday, 28-11-2015

Max. Marks : 50

Time : 10.30 a.m. to 12.30 p.m.

Instructions: 1) **All questions are compulsory.**
2) **Figures to the right indicate marks.**

I. Choose the correct alternative from the given alternatives : **10**

1) The principle aim of social group work method is to develop the entire

- a) Society
- b) Community
- c) Organisation
- d) Group

2) Group work also is a matrix from which the _____ emerges.

- a) Social worker
- b) Social work
- c) Leadership
- d) All the above

3) Verbal and _____ communication are the components of social interaction.

- a) Listening
- b) Non-verbal
- c) Recording
- d) Group dynamics

4) Secondary group is _____ in size when compared to the primary group.

- a) Large
- b) Small
- c) Unique
- d) Specific

5) _____ is the process by which people convey meanings to each other.

- a) Speech
- b) Gestures
- c) Actions
- d) Communication



- 6) _____ evaluation is a very important part of group work process.
- | | |
|---------------|---------------------|
| a) Leadership | b) Behaviour |
| c) Programme | d) Self development |
- 7) The group work aims at to develop the
- | | |
|-------------|---------------|
| a) Students | b) Leadership |
| c) Attitude | d) Principles |
- 8) _____ of group development are characterised by the formation of group dynamics.
- | | |
|--------------------|----------------------|
| a) Beginning stage | b) Ending stage |
| c) Middle stage | d) Interaction stage |
- 9) The task oriented behavior is the behavior which helps the members to accomplish
- | | |
|---------------|--------------|
| a) Planning | b) Programme |
| c) Leadership | d) Goals |
- 10) Programme Planning means helping the members to plan the
- | | |
|---------------|---------------|
| a) Recording | b) Evaluation |
| c) Programmes | d) Group work |

II. Write short answers (**any 4**) :

8

- 1) Define social group work.
- 2) Explain recording in social group work.
- 3) Explain the types of social group work.
- 4) Explain objectives of social group work.
- 5) Characteristics of group work.
- 6) Explain analytical thinking in social group work.



III. Write short notes (**any 4**) : **12**

- 1) Listening skill in social group work.
- 2) Group work as a method.
- 3) Values of social group work.
- 4) The middle stage in group work process.
- 5) Group dynamics.
- 6) Communication in group work.

IV. Answer **any one** long type question : **10**

A) Explain social group work process.

OR

B) Discuss how communication and interaction are important in social group work.

V. Long Answer Type : **10**

Elaborate in detail the aims and objectives of social group work.



Seat No.	
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M.S.W. – I (Semester – I) Examination, 2015
SOCIAL WORK (Paper – VI)
Community Organization and Social Action (New)

Day and Date : Tuesday, 1-12-2015
Time : 10.30 a.m. to 12.30 p.m.

Max. Marks : 50

Instructions: 1) **All questions are compulsory.**
2) **Figures to the right indicate full marks.**

1. Multiple choice questions. 10

- 1) Human Rights are declared by _____
 - a) United Nations Organization
 - b) USA
 - c) NASA
 - d) Indian Institute of Advanced studies
- 2) Gender is _____ defined.
 - a) Sociologically
 - b) Biologically
 - c) Physically
 - d) None of these
- 3) There are _____ resources and external resources in community.
 - a) Internal
 - b) External
 - c) Larger
 - d) Limited
- 4) _____ is important in community organization.
 - a) Money
 - b) Resources
 - c) People's Participation
 - d) None of these
- 5) Community organization is a _____ method.
 - a) Micro
 - b) Macro
 - c) Small
 - d) None of these



- 6) Which is not a role of community organizer ?
- a) Enabler
 - b) Motivator
 - c) Advocate
 - d) Contractor
- 7) _____ is one of the indicator of tribal community.
- a) Industrialization
 - b) Banking
 - c) Forest living
 - d) Business hubs
- 8) In locality development model _____ problems are addressed.
- a) International
 - b) State
 - c) Women
 - d) Local
- 9) The ultimate aim of community organization is to achieve _____
- a) Community development
 - b) Resources
 - c) Create awareness
 - d) Mobalize people
- 10) Saul Alinsky model of community organization focuses on _____ structure of community.
- a) Economical
 - b) Social
 - c) Power
 - d) Biological

2. Write short answers (**any 4**) :

8

- 1) Mass Mobilization.
- 2) Important of Public relations.
- 3) Types of community.
- 4) Empowerment.
- 5) Power Structure.
- 6) Negotiation in community organization.

3. Write short note (**any 4**) :

12

- 1) Public interest litigation
- 2) Roles of community organisor.



- 3) Write any four Human Rights.
 - 4) Sex and Gender.
 - 5) Social Planning model of community organization.
 - 6) Important of people's participation in community organization.
4. Answer **any one** long type question from the following. **10**
- A) Describe in detail the process of dealing with authorities.
- OR
- B) Define community organization and describe in detail the process of community organization.
5. Describe in detail Saul Alinsky model of community organization. **10**
-



Seat No.	
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M.S.W. – I (Semester – II) Examination, 2015
SOCIAL WORK (Paper – I)
Indian Social Problems

Day and Date : Tuesday, 17-11-2015

Max. Marks : 50

Time : 10.30 a.m. to 12.30 p.m.

N. B. : 1) **All questions are compulsory.**
2) **Figures to the right indicates full marks.**

1. Choose the correct alternatives from given options : 10

- 1) A social problems refers to _____
 - A) Violation of established social norms
 - B) Deviation from established social norms
 - C) Non-conformity to established social norms
 - D) All of the above
- 2) An unemployed is a person not getting suitable work to do is _____
 - A) Who is able to work
 - B) Who is available to work
 - C) Who is willing to work
 - D) All of above
- 3) Joint family is breaking because of _____
 - A) Individualisation
 - B) Welfarism
 - C) Collectivism
 - D) Taditionalism
- 4) Social disorganisation consists of _____
 - A) Personal disorganisation
 - B) Family disorganisation
 - C) Community disorganisation
 - D) All of the above
- 5) Crime is an act which is _____
 - A) Anti-legal
 - B) Anti-social
 - C) Anti-organisational
 - D) All of the above
- 6) Under the Juvenile Justice Act a girl will be treated as delinquent who has not attained the age of _____
 - A) 14 years
 - B) 16 years
 - C) 18 years
 - D) 21 years



- 7) Social change implies _____
 A) Change in social structure B) Change in social functions
 C) Change in social relationship D) Change in all of the above
- 8) Drug addiction is caused by _____
 A) Desire for new experience B) Frustration in life
 C) Peer group pressure D) All of the above
- 9) Social control is exercise through _____
 A) Law B) Customs C) Traditions D) All of the above
- 10) The basis of social stratification is _____
 A) Social justice B) Social inequality
 C) Social injustice D) Social equality

2. Write short answers (**any four**) : 8

- 1) Meaning of family disorganisation.
- 2) Define crime.
- 3) Define child labour.
- 4) What is homosexuality ?
- 5) Concept of social change.
- 6) Define poverty.

3. Write short notes (**any four**) : 12

- 1) Cause of poverty
- 2) Human trafficking – a social problem
- 3) Needs of social control
- 4) Reasons for marital conflict
- 5) Impact of social disorganisation
- 6) Problems of commercial sex workers.

4. Answer **any one** of the following : 10

- 1) How marital conflict, family violence and divorce leads to the social problems in India ?

OR

- 2) Define social mobility and discuss the different factors that contributes towards social mobility.

5. Define the process of socialisation and give the classification of social disorganisation. 10



Seat No.	
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M.S.W. – I (Sem. – II) Examination, 2015
SOCIAL WORK (Paper – II)
Ideologies of Social Work

Day and Date : Thursday, 19-11-2015

Total Marks : 50

Time : 10.30 a.m. to 12.30 p.m.

Instructions : 1) **All questions are compulsory.**
2) **Figures to the right side indicate full marks.**

1. Multiple choice questions. Choose the correct alternative and write in the answer sheet. 10
- 1) International women's day is celebrated every year on
a) 8 March b) 8 June c) 8 October d) 8 July
 - 2) In ecological social work approach, problems are in the
a) environment b) population c) life d) none
 - 3) CSWB was established in the year
a) 1953 b) 1951 c) 1952 d) 1954
 - 4) CSWB stands for
a) Central Social Welfare Board b) Central Social Welfare Body
c) Census Social Welfare Body d) None
 - 5) _____ are fused into concept of profession.
a) Behaviour b) Values c) Social Values d) None
 - 6) Emergence of social work profession is in _____ century.
a) 20th b) 19th c) 18th d) 21st
 - 7) Social work education requires _____ as action.
a) knowledge b) History
c) Culture d) None
 - 8) Social work student bring one's _____ into profession.
a) Change b) Ideology
c) Social change d) None



- 9) Jesus Christ wanted to reform
- a) Hinduism
 - b) Christianity
 - c) Judaism
 - d) None
- 10) The COS had _____ visitors.
- a) Compulsory
 - b) Friendly
 - c) Helping
 - d) None

2. Write short answers on **any four** : **8**
- 1) What is postmodernism ?
 - 2) Social reform and Shahu's work.
 - 3) What is self ?
 - 4) What is field work ?
 - 5) What is evaluation ?
 - 6) What is meant by subaltern ?
3. Write short notes on **any four** : **12**
- 1) What are Jyotiba Phule's thoughts on social reforms ?
 - 2) Concept and importance of supervision in field work.
 - 3) Explain multi culturalism.
 - 4) Elaborate ideologies of social action.
 - 5) Feminist social work.
 - 6) Explain neoliberalism.
4. Answer **any one** from the following : **10**
- A) Elaborate nature of professional social work education.
- OR
- B) Explain Gandhian ideology with Sarvodaya Movement.
5. Elaborate in detail the ideology of sustainable development. **10**
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Seat No.	
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M.S.W. – I (Semester – II) Examination, 2015
SOCIAL WORK (Paper – III)
Theories of Human Development

Day and Date : Saturday, 21-11-2015

Max. Marks : 50

Time : 10.30 a.m. to 12.30 p.m.

N.B. : 1) **All questions are compulsory.**
2) **Figures to the right indicate full marks.**

1. Multiple choice question. 10
- 1) The word 'Persona' in Latin means
A) Role B) Person C) Characters D) Mask
 - 2) Parathyroid gland secretes the hormone's called as
A) Serotonin B) Adrenaline
C) Parathormone D) Androgen
 - 3) 'Super ego' concept related to
A) Restraint and moral B) Adjustment
C) Unconscious and moral D) Reality
 - 4) _____ stage is related to Adolescents attraction of sex.
A) Phallic B) Anal C) Latency D) Oral
 - 5) The brain has _____ main divisions.
A) Fore brain B) Mid brain
C) Hind brain D) All of these
 - 6) The Athletic personality is related to
A) Mental B) Physically strong
C) Intellectual D) Psychological



- 7) _____ is the supreme importance of good mental health.
- A) Stress and tension B) Inconsistencies behaviour
C) Adjustment and Achievements D) Maladjustment
- 8) Every human cell consist of _____ parts of elements.
- A) Membrane B) Neurons
C) Cytoplasm D) All of these
- 9) _____ was the first personality theorist who adopted traits approach of personality.
- A) Cattell B) Jung
C) G.B. Allport D) Sheldon
- 10) 'Reality Theory' is given by
- A) Jung B) Joseph Wolpe
C) Freud D) Erickson

2. Write short answers of the following (**any four**) :

8

- 1) Write the interview technique in personality.
- 2) Write the functions of pancreas gland.
- 3) Write the characteristics of Emotion.
- 4) What is the 'Nerve' ?
- 5) Write the Latency Stage of Psycho-Sexual Development theory.
- 6) What is the meditation ?

3. Write short notes (**any four**) :

12

- 1) Concept of mental health
- 2) Maslow Cognitive Development Theory



3) Anatomy

4) Types of personality

5) Brain

6) Child and parent relationship.

4. Answer **any one** long type question. **10**

How the Nervous system helpful in understanding the human development ?

OR

Write the various types of learning and explain the Albert Bandura's social learning theory.

5. Long type question. **10**

Define personality. What is the role of parents, neighbourhood, peer, school and religion in development and personality of child ?



Seat No.	
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M.S.W. – I (Semester – II) Examination, 2015
SOCIAL WORK (Paper – IV)
Social Work Research and Statistics

Day and Date : Tuesday, 24-11-2015
Time : 10.30 a.m. to 12.30 p.m.

Max. Marks : 50

Instructions: 1) *All questions are compulsory.*
2) *Figures to the right indicate full marks.*

1. Multiple choice questions : 10

- 1) _____ divides the distribution in two equal parts.
A) mean B) median C) mode D) Average
- 2) _____ refers to column heading in the task.
A) caption B) headnote
C) footnote D) panel
- 3) For statistical analysis most common used software is _____
A) MS Excel B) MS Office
C) SPSS D) Windows
- 4) Editing in the office after completing data collection is known as _____
A) coding B) mastersheet
C) field editing D) central editing
- 5) Multivariate table has _____ variable/s.
A) one B) two
C) more than two D) none of these
- 6) $\frac{2}{5}$ th or two-fifth proportion is equal to _____
A) 25% B) 40%
C) 50% D) 30%



- 7) _____ is the main object of data classification.
- A) Comparison of data and facts
 - B) Complexity of data
 - C) Quantification of data
 - D) None of these
- 8) _____ is a science of collection, presentation, analysis and interpretation of numerical data.
- A) Tabulation
 - B) Classification
 - C) Statistics
 - D) Social work
- 9) When the data observed over a period of time such type of classification is known as _____ classification.
- A) Qualitative
 - B) Quantitative
 - C) Demographical
 - D) Chronological
- 10) _____ refers to the process of assigning numerical values to the variables.
- A) Data editing
 - B) Coding
 - C) Master sheet
 - D) Data processing

2. Write short answer of the following (**any 4** out of 6) :

- 1) Types of tables
- 2) Class interval (Exclusive and Inclusive method)
- 3) Ratio with examples
- 4) Qualities of good research report
- 5) Definition of statistics
- 6) Median.



3. Write short notes (**any 4** out of 6) : **12**
- 1) Functions of statistics in social work research
 - 2) Data analysis and its types
 - 3) Parts of the task
 - 4) Classification of the data
 - 5) Chapterization in report writing
 - 6) Chi-square.

4. Answer **any one** long type question of the following : **10**
- A) What is mean by proportion ? Write its types by drawing appropriate diagram.
- OR
- B) Describe data processing (data editing, coding, coding key and master chart) in detail.

5. Write the percentage of the following : **10**

MSW	Students Opting for Specialization				Total
	HRM	URCD	FCW	MPSW	
MSW-II	33	45	59	53	190
MSW-I	24	30	31	25	110



Seat No.	
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M.S.W. – I (Semester – II) Examination, 2015
SOCIAL WORK (Paper – VI)
Social Group Work and Leadership

Day and Date : Monday, 30-11-2015

Max. Marks : 50

Time : 10.30 a.m. to 12.30 p.m.

Instructions: 1) **All questions are compulsory.**
2) **Figures to the right indicate marks.**

I. Multiple choice questions :

10

- 1) _____ helps individuals to establish and develop relationships.
a) Leadership b) Programmes c) Social Theory d) Friendship
- 2) _____ theory also focuses on the way members influence one another during social interactions.
a) Social exchange theory b) Social service
c) Group work d) Social goals model
- 3) A _____ plays an important role in guiding the team members and motivating them to stay focused.
a) Member b) Group worker c) Social worker d) Team leader
- 4) _____ helps make the members become economically self sufficient.
a) Family b) Society c) SHG d) Community
- 5) The reciprocal model was introduced by
a) Cooley b) Schwartz
c) Paul Chaudhary d) Adam Smith
- 6) A second and more common method of learning is called
a) Operant conditioning b) Behaviour
c) Controversial learning d) Psychoanalytic theory
- 7) _____ is a development group for the poor and marginalised.
a) Social work b) System theory
c) Social group work d) Self help group

P.T.O.



8) "Leadership is an concept which is used for the interaction between 2 or more persons" was defined by

- a) Bhattacharya b) Copper c) Gibbs C.A. d) Ronald

9) The _____ model is considered more as a clinical model.

- a) Reciprocal model b) Remedial model
c) Social goals model d) All the above

10) 'SHG' stands for

- a) Self Help Group b) Self Health Group
c) Self Help Goal d) None of the above

II. Write short answers (**any 4**) :

8

- 1) Scope of self help group.
- 2) Explain learning theory.
- 3) Remedial model.
- 4) Group work settings in schools.
- 5) Explain systems theory.
- 6) Peer leadership in SHG.

III. Write short notes (**any 4**) :

12

- 1) Social exchange theory.
- 2) Group work with the alcoholics.
- 3) Reciprocal model.
- 4) Leaders selection.
- 5) Importance of programmes in group work.
- 6) Leadership skills and role of leader.

IV. Answer **any one** long type questions.

10

Discuss the role of professional and peer leader in self help group.

OR

Explain group work in community setting.

V. Long type answer :

10

Explain the nature and purpose of programmes in social group work with examples.



Seat No.	
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**M.S.W. I (Semester – II) Examination, 2015
SOCIAL WORK EDUCATION (Paper – VII)
Community Development and Social Action**

Day and Date : Wednesday, 2-12-2015
Time : 10.30 a.m. to 12.30 p.m.

Max. Marks : 50

Instructions: 1) *All questions are compulsory.*
2) *Figures to the right indicate full marks.*

1. Choose the correct alternatives from the given alternatives : **10**
- 1) Social Actions objectives are
 - A) To promote legislation
 - B) To create public pressure
 - C) To mobilize public opinion
 - D) All the above
 - 2) Development is a _____ dimensional process.
 - A) Single
 - B) Double
 - C) Tripal
 - D) Multi
 - 3) Community organization is a method of
 - A) Social development
 - B) Social action
 - C) Social welfare
 - D) Social work
 - 4) Bhudan Movement started by
 - A) Medha Patkar
 - B) Vinoba Bhave
 - C) Sardar Patel
 - D) Mahatma Gandhi
 - 5) _____ relates with “Chipko Movement”.
 - A) Rita Bahuguna
 - B) Bansilal Bhahuguna
 - C) Sunderlal Bahuguna
 - D) All of these



- 6) U.C.D. is headed by
A) Project Director
B) Project Manager
C) Project Coordinator
D) All of these
- 7) _____ is Social Development Activity.
A) SHG
B) YMCA
C) Both A and B
D) None of these
- 8) Hivare Village is known as community development work done by
A) Anna Hajare
B) Baba Amte
C) Popat Tatyrao Pawar
D) All of these
- 9) Anna Hajare is not related to
A) Right to Information
B) SEZ
C) Anti-corrupcion Movement
D) Watershed Development
- 10) Who used the term 'Social Action' ?
A) Karl Mart
B) Mary Richmonds
C) TolCott Parsons
D) All the above

2. Define the following term (**any four**) :

8

- 1) Civil Society.
- 2) Social justice.
- 3) Social Conflicts.
- 4) Social Pathology.
- 5) Rural Development.
- 6) Urban Community Development.

3. Write short notes of the following (**any four**) :

12

- 1) Functions of Peasant Movement.
- 2) Primary Methods of Social Work.
- 3) Characteristics of Tribal Community .



- 4) Social Action.
- 5) Bhudan Movement.
- 6) Social Problem.

4. Write a broad question of the following. **10**

A) Salient features of the “Panchayat Raj System”.

OR

Human Rights Movements.

5. Explain detailed ‘Sarvodaya Movement’. **10**



Seat No.	
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M.S.W. – II (Semester-III) Examination, 2015
SOCIAL WORK
Paper – I : Administration of Human Service Organization

Day and Date : Monday, 16-11-2015
Time : 2.30 p.m. to 4.30 p.m.

Max. Marks : 50

Instructions : 1) *All questions are compulsory.*
2) *Figures to the right indicate marks.*

1. Choose correct alternative . **10**
- 1) _____ administration deals with welfare approach of the community.
A) Developmental B) Social
C) Welfare D) Other
 - 2) The structure of the NGO involved
A) Project Director B) Social Worker
C) Community Worker D) All the above
 - 3) _____ is the strategy for time management.
A) Scheduling B) Budget C) NGO D) Other
 - 4) Designation helps to distribute
A) Power B) Responsibility
C) Accountability D) All of the above
 - 5) Leader _____ people.
A) Influence B) Command C) Order D) Other
 - 6) Leader must have
A) Mission B) Vision C) Commitment D) All the above
 - 7) _____ helps to document administration process.
A) Recording B) HRM C) H.R. D) Other



- 8) _____ are the function of leader.
- A) Motivation
 - B) Team building
 - C) Leadership development
 - D) All of the above

- 9) _____ are the core pair of administration.
- A) Planning
 - B) Staffing
 - C) Reporting
 - D) All of the above

- 10) Decentralization is based upon _____ value.
- A) Democratic
 - B) Political
 - C) Social
 - D) Other

2. Write short note on **any four**. 8

- 1) Goal setting
- 2) Planning
- 3) Supervision
- 4) Delegation
- 5) Define administration
- 6) Leadership.

3. Write short answer on **any four**. 12

- 1) Team building
- 2) Crisis management
- 3) Structure of NGO
- 4) Welfare administration
- 5) Types of administration
- 6) Functions of leader

4. Write long answer on **any one**. 10

- A) Importance of time management.

OR

- B) Importance of Scheduling.

5. Write an function of NGO. 10



Seat No.	
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M.S.W. – II (Semester – III) Examination, 2015
SOCIAL WORK (Paper – II)
Project Management and Skills in Communication

Day and Date : Wednesday, 18-11-2015
Time : 2.30 p.m. to 4.30 p.m.

Max. Marks : 50

Instructions : 1) **All questions are compulsory.**
2) **Figures to the right side indicate full marks.**

1. Multiple choice questions, choose the correct alternative and write in answer sheet. **10**

- 1) Development projects are purposeful device to further the country's _____
a) Socio-economic development b) Socio-political development
c) Economic development d) None of these
- 2) _____ are criterias for a SMART goals.
a) Specific b) Measurable
c) Attainable d) All of these
- 3) _____ is one of the components of the project budget.
a) Flexibility b) Accounts
c) Fixed capital d) None of these
- 4) When communication flows from top to down, it is called _____ communication.
a) Upward b) Horizontal
c) Downward d) None
- 5) When communication is failed to achieve its objectives, then it will damage the relationship and lead to _____
a) Misfortune b) Myths
c) Misbelief d) Miscommunication
- 6) _____ is the type project.
a) Industrial project b) Life
c) Communication d) None of these
- 7) Project planning requires authentic data from _____
a) Micro and Macro data b) Planned data
c) Cultural part d) None of these

P.T.O.



- 8) PRA stands for _____
- a) Participatory Rural Appraisal b) Population Rural Association
c) Political Rural Appraisal d) None of these
- 9) The first stage of the project is to _____
- a) To define b) To plan
c) To implement d) None of these
- 10) Goals of the project should be _____
- a) Clear b) Unclear
c) Hopeful d) None of these

2. Write short answers (**any four**) : **8**

- 1) Define communication.
- 2) What are barriers to communication ?
- 3) What are constraints in project management ?
- 4) What are approached in project management ?
- 5) Define Development Communication.
- 6) Objectives of project.

3. Write short notes (**any four**) : **12**

- 1) Scope of project management.
- 2) Stages of project management.
- 3) What is participatory approach ?
- 4) Explain cost-plan of the project.
- 5) Explain functions of communication.
- 6) Grapevine communication.

4. Answer **any one** long type question : **10**

A) Elaborate in detail the principles of project management.

OR

B) Explain in detail the process of project management.

5. Explain in detail the elements of communication. **10**



SLR-E – 25

Seat No.	
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M.S.W. – II (Semester – III) Examination, 2015
SOCIAL WORK (Paper – III)
Social Policy and Social Legislation – I

Day and Date : Friday, 20-11-2015

Max.Marks : 50

Time : 2.30 p.m. to 4.30 p.m.

Instructions : 1) **All questions are compulsory.**
2) **Figures to the right indicate full marks.**

1. Multiple choice question :

10

- 1) Social planning is an instrument of
 - a) Legislation
 - b) Development
 - c) Social impact
 - d) Social policy
- 2) Welfare states major concern is to
 - a) Provide defence funds
 - b) Private social security and social services
 - c) Reduce communalism
 - d) None
- 3) The main objective of social legislation is to provide
 - a) Legal justice
 - b) Social justice
 - c) Political justice
 - d) None
- 4) National policy on education consists of
 - a) Right to food
 - b) Right to knowledge
 - c) Right to education
 - d) All the above

P.T.O.



- 5) The national policy for children ensure full
 - a) Subsidies
 - b) Education
 - c) Physical, mental and social development
 - d) None
- 6) The fundamental right to education is declared in art _____ of the Constitution of India.
 - a) Art. 21 – A
 - b) Art. 14
 - c) Art. 22
 - d) Art. 17
- 7) Write of Habeas Corpus means
 - a) To do something
 - b) You may have the body
 - c) Not to do something
 - d) None
- 8) The provisions of legal aid contained in
 - a) Juvenile Justice Act
 - b) Legal Services Authority Act
 - c) Right to Education Act
 - d) None
- 9) In non bailable offences, granting of bail
 - a) At the discretion of court
 - b) Bail not to be granted
 - c) Bail be granted
 - d) None
- 10) FIR means
 - a) First Investigation Report
 - b) First Inquiry Report
 - c) First Information Report
 - d) None



2. Write short answers (**any four**) : **8**
- 1) Tribal development policies
 - 2) Women welfare
 - 3) Termination of pregnancy
 - 4) Adoption
 - 5) Dowry
 - 6) Social justice.
3. Write short notes (**any four**) : **12**
- 1) Social service
 - 2) Importance of planning
 - 3) Legal aid
 - 4) Bailable offence
 - 5) Social control
 - 6) Maintenance to wife.
4. Describe in detail the 'model of social policy'. **10**
- OR
- Explain the provisions of the right of children to free and compulsory Education Act 2009.
5. Discuss the provisions of Hindu Succession Act 1956. **10**
-



Seat No.	
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M.S.W. II (Semester – III) Examination, 2015
SOCIAL WORK (Paper – IV)
Human Resource Development and Social Work in Industry – I

Day and Date :Monday, 23-11-2015

Max. Marks : 50

Time : 2.30 p.m. to 4.30 p.m.

N.B. : 1) **All questions are compulsory.**
2) **Figures to the right indicates full marks.**

1. Choose correct alternatives. 10

- 1) Human Resource Management deals with the _____ of people in an organization.
 - a) Organisations
 - b) Mobilisation
 - c) Management
 - d) Empowerment
- 2) Human Resource Management is a strategic activity which acquires, motivates, develops and manages the _____ of an organisation.
 - a) Human resources
 - b) Capital investment
 - c) Production
 - d) Decentralization
- 3) HRD manager has to _____ every human being that works in the organization.
 - a) Actuate
 - b) Pressurise
 - c) Module
 - d) Dominate
- 4) Industrial relations are the _____ of employment relationship in an industrial enterprise.
 - a) Substitute
 - b) Methods
 - c) Outcome
 - d) Strategy
- 5) Steps in Human Resource planning involves
 - a) Forecasting future human resources needs
 - b) Estimating HR supply
 - c) Appraisal of HRP
 - d) All of the above



- 6) The recruitment and training policies are to be _____ in HRP.
- a) Incorporated
 - b) Excluded
 - c) Manipulated
 - d) Forbidden
- 7) TQM means
- a) Time Quality Management
 - b) Tour Quantity Management
 - c) Total Quality Market
 - d) Total Quality Management
- 8) Induction is the _____ adjustment of employee to the organization and his work environment.
- a) Guided
 - b) Forced
 - c) Mixed
 - d) Flexible
- 9) Job satisfaction is a consequences of
- a) High Morale
 - b) Good performance
 - c) More facilities
 - d) Excellent infrastructure
- 10) Employee motivational process includes
- a) Needs
 - b) Incentives
 - c) Goals
 - d) All of the above

2. Write short answers (**any four** out of six) :

8

- 1) Benchmarking – meaning.
- 2) What is industrial human relations ?
- 3) Define empowerment.
- 4) What is employee Morale ?
- 5) What is fatigue ?
- 6) Define industrial counselling.



3. Write short notes (**any four** out of six) : **12**
- 1) Total quality management.
 - 2) Executive development.
 - 3) Management development.
 - 4) Approaches to study management.
 - 5) Types of trainings.
 - 6) Philosophy of human relations.
4. Answer **any one** long type question. **10**
- A) Define counselling and explain the need and scope for industrial counselling.
- OR
- B) Give distinguish between Human Resource Management and Human Resource Development.
5. Explain the needs and objectives of trainings and development in HRD. **10**
-



Seat No.	
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M.S.W. – II (Semester – III) Examination, 2015
SOCIAL WORK (Paper – IV)
Governance and Rural Community Development

Day and Date : Monday, 23-11-2015

Max. Marks : 50

Time : 2.30 p.m. to 4.30 p.m.

Instructions: 1) *All the questions are compulsory.*
2) *Figures to the right indicate full marks.*

I. Multiple choice questions :

10

- 1) White Revolution was launched with the objective _____
A) To decrease pollution B) To increase fisheries
C) To raise milk production D) To increase agricultural production
- 2) National Rural Employment Guarantee Act was notified by Govt. of India in the year _____
A) 2005 B) 2007
C) 2009 D) 2012
- 3) The 73rd amendment in Constitution of India were made on the recommendations of _____ Committee.
A) P. B. Patil B) Ashok Mehta
C) Balwantraji Mehta D) Naik
- 4) The aim of horticulture was to _____
A) Increase fish farming B) Increase milk production
C) Increase vermi compost D) Increase fruit cultivation
- 5) Swajaldhara project was introduced by _____
A) 2002 B) 2008
C) 2005 D) 1999



- 6) _____ is/are the principles of PRI.
- A) Local self governing bodies from village to district
 - B) Genuine transfer of power to these bodies
 - C) All development programmes should be chanelised through these bodies
 - D) All of the above
- 7) Long form of IRDP is _____
- A) Integrated Rural Development Project
 - B) Integrated Rural Development Programme
 - C) International Rural Development Programme
 - D) Integration of Rural Development in Project
- 8) The Rural Community Development Programme was launched in the year
- A) 1955
 - B) 1957
 - C) 1952
 - D) 1958
- 9) _____ means through the simple act of eating earthworms promotes bacterial growth and enhance soil structure and wastes decomposition of organic matter.
- A) Sericulture
 - B) Vermiculture
 - C) Horticulture
 - D) None of these
- 10) It is mandatory for Gram Panchayat to conduct Gram Sabha once in _____
- A) Six months
 - B) One year
 - C) 3 months
 - D) 4 months

2. Write short answer of the following (**any 4** out of 6) :

8

- 1) Concept of rural community development
- 2) Review of rural constructions experiments at preindependence
- 3) Fishery
- 4) Jalswarajya
- 5) Goatry
- 6) DRDA.



3. Write short notes of the following (**any 4** out of 6) : **12**
- 1) Balwantrai Mehta Committee recommendations
 - 2) Land reform in Maharashtra
 - 3) Vermi culture
 - 4) SGSRY
 - 5) Bee Keeping
 - 6) White revolution.
4. Answer **any one** long question of the following : **10**
- A) State the approaches to rural development.
- OR
- B) Highlight the impact of globalization on cooperatives.
5. Explain the structure and functions of authorities in local self governance through Panchayat Raj. **10**
-



Seat No.	
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M.S.W. – II (Semester – III) Examination, 2015
SOCIAL WORK (Paper – IV)
Child Growth and Child Development

Day and Date : Monday, 23-11-2015

Max. Marks : 50

Time : 2.30 p.m. to 4.30 p.m.

Instructions: 1) **All questions are compulsory.**
2) **Figures to the right indicate full marks.**

- I. Choose the correct alternative from the given alternatives. 10
- 1) The first year of life is characterised by the rapid _____ growth.
a) Physical b) Emotional c) Motor d) Speech
 - 2) Nail biting is a sign of
a) Mal nourishment b) Behavior problem
c) Anti-social problem d) Deficiency problem
 - 3) Vitamin-D deficiency leads to
a) Malaria b) Jaundice c) Rickets d) AIDS
 - 4) Motor development is the development of _____ and _____.
a) Brain and intellectual b) Physical and mental
c) Speech and language d) Muscles and nerves
 - 5) _____ is due to insufficient and imbalanced diet.
a) Malnutrition b) Communication
c) Poverty d) Education
 - 6) The average birth weight of Indian babies is
a) 4 to 5 kgs. b) 2.7 to 2.9 kgs.
c) 1.5 to 2 kgs. d) 5 to 6 kgs.
 - 7) Indian Constitution says that no child under _____ would be allowed to work in hazardous employment.
a) 10 years b) 20 years c) 14 years d) None of the above

P.T.O.



- 8) _____ is the result of exploitation of the weak and poor who belong to BPL.
 - a) Violence
 - b) Empowerment
 - c) Child mortality
 - d) Child labour
- 9) Emotional development is the development of
 - a) Emotions
 - b) Speech
 - c) Intellectual
 - d) Nervous system
- 10) _____ psychology studies the psychology of children.
 - a) Human psychology
 - b) Child psychology
 - c) Pure psychology
 - d) Applied psychology

II. Write short answers (**Any four**) 8

- 1) Immunization.
- 2) Intellectual development.
- 3) Role of family in child growth.
- 4) Street children.
- 5) Child trafficking.
- 6) Child abuse.

III. Write short notes (**Any four**) 12

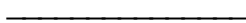
- 1) Moral development.
- 2) Physical development.
- 3) Child psychology.
- 4) Define child behavior.
- 5) Types of immunization.
- 6) Children in institutions.

IV. Write long type answer (**Any one**) 10

- 1) Explain the role of social worker in child trafficking.
- OR
- 2) Discuss the concept of child psychology and explain child psychology.

V. Write long type answer : 10

Explain the need and importance of pre-natal care and post-natal care to be taken.





Seat No.	
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M.S.W. II (Semester – III) Examination, 2015
SOCIAL WORK
Paper – IV : Medical Social Work

Day and Date : Monday, 23-11-2015
Time : 2.30 p.m. to 4.30 p.m.

Max. Marks : 50

N.B. : 1) **All questions are compulsory.**
2) Figures to the **right** indicates marks.

1. Choose the correct alternative. 10
- 1) Hospital has been considered as a _____ delivery system.
a) Health Care b) Care c) Preventive d) Other
 - 2) _____ committee recommended for the appointment of medical social worker in India.
a) J.J. b) Rao c) KEM d) Bhore
 - 3) _____ cases has legal perspective.
a) KYC b) BBC c) MLC d) Other
 - 4) Providing health care services will be the responsibility of _____.
a) Director b) Hospital
c) Management d) Other
 - 5) _____ may influence the patient.
a) Social b) Emotional c) Cultural d) All above
 - 6) _____ may help in staff development.
a) Training b) Recruitment c) ISO d) Other
 - 7) _____ are the challenges before medical social worker.
a) Low salary b) Lack of awareness
c) Training in medical social work d) All above



- 8) Which institute initiate medical social work training in India ?
a) IMI b) TISS c) Kare Institute d) Other
- 9) In 1946 _____ medical social worker got appointed in India.
a) First b) Second c) Third d) Other
- 10) The first medical social worker got appointed in _____ hospital.
a) J.J. b) KEM c) Tata d) Other

2. Write short notes on **any four** :

8

- 1) Concept of patient.
- 2) Hospitalization process.
- 3) Medico Legal cases.
- 4) Disease burden.
- 5) Multidisciplinary approach.
- 6) Need of Medical Social Worker in India.

3. Write short answer on **any four** :

12

- 1) Role of Medical Social Worker.
- 2) Staff Development.
- 3) Public relations.
- 4) Identification need of the patient.
- 5) Function of the hospital.
- 6) Goals of hospital.

4. Write long type answer on **any one**.

10

A) Emergence of Medical Social Work in India.

OR

B) Rehabilitation in Psychiatry Setting.

5. Write long type answer.

10

Challenges to the Medical Social Worker in India.



Seat No.	
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M.S.W. – II (Semester – III) Examination, 2015
SOCIAL WORK (Paper – V)
Personnel Management and Industrial Relations – I

Day and Date : Thursday, 26-11-2015
Time : 2.30 p.m. to 4.30 p.m.

Max. Marks : 50

N. B. : 1) **All questions are compulsory.**
2) Figures to **right** indicate **full marks.**

1. Choose the correct alternatives from the given alternatives : **10**
- 1) Personnel management is concerned with _____
 - a) man at work
 - b) man at home
 - c) man at farm
 - d) none of the above
 - 2) Personnel Manager perform a variety of roles like _____
 - a) a counsellor
 - b) a mediator
 - c) a change agent
 - d) all of the above
 - 3) _____ is a written record of the requirements sought in an individual worker for a given job.
 - a) Job specification
 - b) Job analysis
 - c) Job description
 - d) Job design
 - 4) Sending recruiters to colleges and technical schools is _____ method of recruitment.
 - a) Indirect
 - b) Third party
 - c) Direct
 - d) None of the above
 - 5) The purpose of _____ is to introduce the new employee and the organisation to each other.
 - a) recruitment
 - b) selection
 - c) induction
 - d) placement
 - 6) The production of workers is not taken into consideration in fixing the wages means _____
 - a) fair wage
 - b) living wage
 - c) piece rate
 - d) time rate
 - 7) In analysing industrial relations, the role of _____ cannot be overlooked.
 - a) Government
 - b) Social change
 - c) Employer
 - d) Employee



- 8) India became member of ILO in _____
a) 1919 b) 1920 c) 1942 d) 1947
- 9) The joint councils should be formed in the organisation employing _____
or more people.
a) 50 b) 100 c) 150 d) 250
- 10) In India first collective bargaining agreement was concluded in _____
a) 1920 b) 1942 c) 1947 d) 1954

2. Write short answers (**any 4**) : **8**
- 1) Write concept of human resource planning.
 - 2) What is job description ?
 - 3) Write concept of minimum wages.
 - 4) Write objectives of industrial relations.
 - 5) What is workers participation in management ?
 - 6) Write importance of works committee.
3. Write short notes (**any 4**) : **12**
- 1) Induction.
 - 2) Job specification.
 - 3) Wage policy.
 - 4) International Labour Organisation (ILO).
 - 5) Workers participation in management.
 - 6) Collective bargaining.
4. Answer **any one** : **10**
- Discuss in detail promotion and transfer.
- OR
- Explain grievance redressal system.
5. Discuss nature, scope and principles of personnel management. **10**
-



Seat No.	
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M.S.W. – II (Semester – III) Examination, 2015
SOCIAL WORK (Paper – V)
Urban and Tribal Community Development – I

Day and Date : Thursday, 26-11-2015

Max. Marks : 50

Time : 2.30 p.m. to 4.30 p.m.

Instructions: 1) *All questions are compulsory.*
2) *Figures to the right indicate full marks.*

1. Choose correct alternatives : 10
- 1) _____ is characterised by high rates of poverty and unemployment.
a) Village b) Town c) Slum d) City
 - 2) The first official census of slums was carried in 1976 by _____
a) Govt. of Maharashtra b) YUVA organisation
c) Community based org. d) Industries
 - 3) The _____ of housing in urban areas calls for a serious measure for the expansion of housing facilities.
a) Accessibility b) Shortage c) Availability d) Density
 - 4) DRDA stands for _____
a) Divisional Rural Development Agency
b) Divisional Regional Development Assembly
c) District Rural Development Agency
d) District Rural Development Agenda
 - 5) Urban Community Development Program does not cover _____
a) Slum development b) Drinking water supply
c) Education d) Irrigation
 - 6) _____ is the traditional leader of tribal peoples.
a) Police Patil b) Mukhia c) Sarpanch d) Talathi
 - 7) Land legislation plays an important role in dealing with the problem of _____
a) Poverty b) Land alleviation
c) Unemployment d) Cultivation



- 8) Social isolation is one of the characteristic of _____
a) Rural area b) Towns c) Slums d) Metropolitan city
- 9) _____ Amendment Act deals with Urban-local-self Government.
a) 73rd b) 74th c) 75th d) 85th
- 10) To provide civil amenities in urban area is the obligation of _____
a) JNNURM b) UCD
c) Municipal corporation d) State Govt.

2. Write short answers (**any four** out of six) : **8**
- 1) Define slum.
 - 2) Define family.
 - 3) Meaning of recreation.
 - 4) Concept of health.
 - 5) Class system.
 - 6) Meaning of Tribal Community.
3. Write short notes (**any four** out of six) : **12**
- 1) Problems of marriage system.
 - 2) Features of Tribal Community.
 - 3) Environmental change.
 - 4) National Urban Renewal Mission.
 - 5) 74th Amendment Act.
 - 6) Types of city.
4. Answer **any one** long type question : **10**
- A) Explain the structure and functions of Urban municipal administration.
- OR
- B) Write an essay on approaches to the urban and Tribal Community Development in India.
5. Explain the policies and programs meant for urban community development. **10**
-



- 5) SHGs stands for
- a) Self-groups
 - b) Self help-groups
 - c) Same help-guardians
 - d) None of these
- 6) Family is a _____ unit.
- a) functional
 - b) non-functional
 - c) relevant
 - d) none of these
- 7) Declining female sex-ratio in the population is the manifestation of
- a) Gender disparity
 - b) Gender equality
 - c) Gender absence
 - d) None of these
- 8) In _____, the Beijing platform for action listed the issues of women.
- a) 1980
 - b) 1995
 - c) 1981
 - d) 1991
- 9) National Policy for the Empowerment of Women
- a) 2000
 - b) 2002
 - c) 2003
 - d) 2001
- 10) India has ratified various _____ conventions for equal rights of women.
- a) international
 - b) secured
 - c) non
 - d) none

2. Write short notes (**any four**) :

8

- 1) What is dual earner family ?
- 2) Definition of childless family.
- 3) Definition of monogamous marriage.
- 4) Definition of marriage.
- 5) Concept of family.
- 6) Gender sensitization.



3. Write short answers (**any four**) : **12**

- 1) Write socio-economic changes on family.
- 2) Concept of women development.
- 3) Social institutions and gender.
- 4) Role of family as social institution.
- 5) Interventions with childless families.
- 6) Issues of step families.

4. Answer **any one** long type questions : **10**

A) Elaborate in detail the contemporary marriage patterns in India.

OR

B) What are various theories related to family with appropriate examples ?

5. Explain in detail the various function of family. **10**



Seat No.	
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M.S.W. – II (Semester – III) Examination, 2015
SOCIAL WORK
(Paper – V) Preventive and Social Medicine – I

Day and Date : Thursday, 26-11-2015
Time: 2.30 p.m. to 4.30 p.m.

Max. Marks : 50

N.B. : 1) ***All questions are compulsory.***
2) ***Figures to the right indicates marks.***

1. Choose the correct alternative and write it in the answer sheet. **10**
- 1) Physical occupation hazards includes _____
 - a) Temperature
 - b) Humidity
 - c) Radiation
 - d) All above
 - 2) Social aspects of nutrition includes _____
 - a) Low-Socio-Economic condition
 - b) Large family size
 - c) Poverty
 - d) All above
 - 3) HIV means AIDS
 - a) True
 - b) False
 - c) Cant say
 - d) Other
 - 4) Dust, smoke and gases includes in _____
 - a) Air pollution
 - b) Water pollution
 - c) River pollution
 - d) Other
 - 5) Vitamin, minerals and calories are part of _____
 - a) Diet
 - b) Balanced diet
 - c) Poor diet
 - d) Other
 - 6) Epidemiology includes _____
 - a) Causes of diseases and health
 - b) Community diagnosis
 - c) Mass health survey
 - d) All above
 - 7) Occupation health is concerned with the _____ health.
 - a) Workers
 - b) Patient
 - c) Children
 - d) Other



8) Industrial hygiene has been renamed as _____

- a) Occupational health b) Hygiene
c) Health d) Other

9) _____ promotes the overall health of workers.

- a) Occupational health b) Hospital
c) Community d) Other

10) _____ has defined 'Health'.

- a) WHO b) NIMHANS c) MIMH d) Other

2. Write short notes on **any four** :

8

- 1) Define Health.
- 2) Indicators of health.
- 3) Level of prevention.
- 4) HOST.
- 5) Epidemiology.
- 6) Communicable diseases.

3. Write short answer on **any four** :

12

- 1) Respiratory infection.
- 2) STDs.
- 3) Cancer.
- 4) Coronary heart diseases.
- 5) Stroke.
- 6) Accidents.

4. Write long type answer on **any one** :

10

A) Write on HIV/ AIDS.

OR

B) Occupation health and its importance.

5. Write long type answer :

- 1) Health care services in India.

10



Seat No.	
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M.S.W. – II (Sem. – III) Examination, 2015
SOCIAL WORK
Paper – VI : Labour Welfare and Labour Laws – I

Day and Date : Saturday, 28-11-2015

Max. Marks : 50

Time : 2.30 p.m. to 4.30 p.m.

Instructions : 1) **All questions are compulsory.**
2) **Figures to the right indicate full marks.**

1. Choose the correct alternative from the given alternatives : **10**
- 1) Labour welfare implies the setting up of _____ desirable standards.
a) minimum b) maximum
c) workers d) none of the above
 - 2) Library is a _____ welfare facility.
a) intramural b) extramural
c) statutory d) none of the above
 - 3) On the basis of the recommendations of the Rege Committee, The Government of India enacted
a) BIR Act 1946 b) Industrial Dispute Act 1947
c) Factories Act 1948 d) The Mines Act 1952
 - 4) Under The Mines Act 1952, Creches should be maintained, where _____ women workers are employed.
a) 30 b) 50
c) 100 d) none of the above
 - 5) The Factories Act prohibits employment of children below _____ years of age.
a) 12 b) 13 c) 14 d) 15
 - 6) An industrial establishment in which _____ or more workmen have been employed works committee should be constituted.
a) 50 b) 100 c) 150 d) 250



- 7) The Section 20 of The Factories Act discusses about
 - a) Drinking water
 - b) Urinals
 - c) Lighting
 - d) Spittoons
- 8) No strike can be called as lockout declared during the pendency of any
 - a) discussion
 - b) proposal
 - c) conciliation proceeding
 - d) none of the above
- 9) Lay off compensation is to be paid _____ of average wages.
 - a) 50%
 - b) 60%
 - c) 75%
 - d) 100%
- 10) Leave with wages is allowed for employees in ratio of one day leave for _____ days work in a month.
 - a) 10
 - b) 20
 - c) 30
 - d) none of the above

- 2. Write short answers (**any four**) : **8**
 - 1) What is absenteeism ?
 - 2) Define industrial dispute.
 - 3) What are the working hours for adult worker under Mines Act 1952 ?
 - 4) What is illegal strike ?
 - 5) Define contractor.
 - 6) What is the purpose of standing orders ?
 - 3. Write short notes (**any four**) : **12**
 - 1) National policy on Labour Welfare.
 - 2) Duties of Welfare Officer.
 - 3) Industrial tribunal.
 - 4) Retrenchment.
 - 5) Health provisions under Factories Act 1948.
 - 6) Unfair labour practices.
 - 4. Answer **any one** : **10**

Discuss the Bombay Industrial Relations Act 1946.

OR

Write a detail note on the Apprentices Act 1961.
 - 5. Discuss objectives, philosophy and principles of Labour Welfare. **10**
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Seat No.	
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M.S.W. – II (Semester – III) Examination, 2015
SOCIAL WORK
Paper – VI : Social Work and Ecology

Day and Date : Saturday, 28-11-2015

Max. Marks : 50

Time : 2.30 p.m. to 4.30 p.m.

Instructions : 1) **All questions are compulsory.**
2) **Figures to the right indicate full marks.**

1. Multiple choice questions.

10

- 1) _____ is important for maintaining ecological balance on earth.
 - a) Bioflue
 - b) Food
 - c) Biodiversity
 - d) Petrol
- 2) Communication of different food chains results into
 - a) Food cycle
 - b) Food chain
 - c) Food energy
 - d) Food web
- 3) Tiger falls in the _____ group of consumers.
 - a) Primary consumer
 - b) Secondary consumer
 - c) Both a and b
 - d) Tertiary consumer
- 4) India's one of the most flooded river is _____
 - a) Krishna
 - b) Godavari
 - c) Seena
 - d) Brahmaputra
- 5) Ecology means study of _____
 - a) Living things
 - b) Livings things and its surroundings
 - c) Only plants
 - d) None of the above

P.T.O.



- 6) _____ is not green house gas.
- a) Carbon-di-oxide
 - b) Methane
 - c) Sulphur-di-oxide
 - d) Carbon-mono-oxide
- 7) Uncountable harm to all living things cause due to _____
- a) Enjoyment
 - b) Pollution
 - c) Environment
 - d) Biodiversity
- 8) Noise is a _____
- a) Frequency
 - b) Sound wave
 - c) Sound pollution
 - d) None of these
- 9) Ozone layer helps to _____
- a) protects from radiation from sun
 - b) scatters light from sun
 - c) increase dust and fumes
 - d) increase temperature
- 10) In global warming phenomenon _____ gas increase more temperature.
- a) oxygen
 - b) carbon-di-oxide
 - c) methane
 - d) Sulphur

2. Answer the following questions (**any four**) :

8

- 1) Water pollution.
- 2) Air pollution.
- 3) Biodiversity.
- 4) Human and environment.
- 5) Food chain.
- 6) Green social work.



3. Write short notes (**any four**) : 12
- 1) Current issues of environment.
 - 2) Recycling waste.
 - 3) Ecology and development.
 - 4) Energy pyramid.
 - 5) Public awareness in environmental protection.
 - 6) Importance of conservation of forests.
4. Write broad question (**any one**) : 10
- A) Describe the ill effects of different pollution on human health and suggest the control measures for environmental pollution.
- OR
- B) Describe the roles of government, non government and public roles to sustain the ecology and environment.
5. Describe in details the various environment movement in India and in Maharashtra. 10
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Seat No.	
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M.S.W. II (Semester – III) Examination, 2015
SOCIAL WORK (Paper – VI)
Social Work Intervention with Children, Youth and Aged

Day and Date : Saturday, 28-11-2015

Max. Marks : 50

Time : 2.30 p.m. to 4.30 p.m.

Instructions : 1) **All questions are compulsory.**
2) **Figures to the right indicate full marks.**

1. Multiple choice questions :

10

- 1) National Policy for aged was formulated in the year
A) 1999 B) 2009 C) 2007 D) 1987
- 2) Right to children for free and compulsory Education Act was enacted in the year
A) 1998 B) 2009 C) 2001 D) 1992
- 3) Trouble with Rhyming words is a symptoms of
A) Dyslexia B) Autism
C) Delinquency D) None of these
- 4) As per the census of India 2011, the sex ratio of Maharashtra is
A) 940 B) 930 C) 925 D) 833
- 5) Adolescence is the age where the persons suffer from
A) Self employment B) Decreased physical activity
C) Socialization D) Identity crisis
- 6) _____ is a long form of NCC.
A) National Candidate Corps
B) National Credit and Cooperation
C) National Cadet Corps
D) National Credit Corps



- 7) Age Care India was established in
A) 1980 B) 1989 C) 1992 D) 1995
- 8) Forgetfulness, irritability and loss of memory are _____ problems among aged.
A) Physical B) Social
C) Psychological D) Emotional
- 9) Retirement benefits like pension or contributory pension are given only in _____ Sector.
A) Government B) MNCs
C) Unorganised Sector D) None of these
- 10) NCPCR stands for
A) National Council for Protection of Children's Reservation
B) National Commission for Protection of Child Rights
C) National Corps for Protection and Candidates Rights
D) Nations Council for Protection of Candidates Rights

2. Write short answer of the following (**any four** out of six) :

8

- 1) Dyslexia.
- 2) Psychological and psychiatric problems of aged in India.
- 3) Reading disorder.
- 4) Child parenting.
- 5) Needs of youth in India.
- 6) Interventions to empower school climate.

3. Write short notes of the following (**any 4** out of 6) :

12

- 1) Communication disorder.
- 2) Millennium development goals.
- 3) National policy for aged.



- 4) Problems of tribal youth in India.
- 5) National policy for youth.
- 6) Need of interventions to improve quality of life of elderly.

4. Answer **any one** long type question of the following : **10**

A) Write a brief note on the physical, social and economic problems of aged in India.

OR

B) Discuss various non governmental organisations working in the field of youth development.

5. Status of the girl child in India. Comment. **10**



Seat No.	
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M.S.W. – II (Semester – III) Examination, 2015
SOCIAL WORK (Paper – VI)
Psychiatry and Mental Health – I

Day and Date : Saturday, 28-11-2015
Time : 2.30 p.m. to 4.30 p.m.

Max. Marks : 50

N.B. : 1) **All questions are compulsory.**
2) **Figures in right side indicate full marks.**

1. Choose right alternative from given alternative : **10**

- 1) Depression is _____
 - a) Communicable
 - b) Uncommunicable
 - c) Both a + b
 - d) None
- 2) Agoraphobia is a fear of _____ places.
 - a) Close
 - b) Open
 - c) Both a + b
 - d) None
- 3) Unipolar depression is _____ kind of depression.
 - a) Minor
 - b) Major
 - c) Both a + b
 - d) None
- 4) _____ is not 'schizophrenia'.
 - a) Stress
 - b) Distress
 - c) Frustration
 - d) All of these
- 5) In MSE, orientation is associated with _____.
 - a) Time
 - b) Place
 - c) Person
 - d) All of these
- 6) 'Psychoanalysis' is a contribution of _____.
 - a) Anna Freud
 - b) Blueier
 - c) Erikson
 - d) None of these
- 7) _____ is sleep disorder.
 - a) Neologism
 - b) Echolalia
 - c) Mumbling
 - d) None of these



- 8) 'Dyslexia' is _____ disorder.
 - a) Geriatric
 - b) Personality
 - c) Child
 - d) All of these
- 9) _____ are having sex with same sex person.
 - a) Bisexual
 - b) Homosexual
 - c) Heterosexual
 - d) All
- 10) First rank symptoms are also called as _____ symptoms.
 - a) Primary
 - b) Secondary
 - c) Both a + b
 - d) None

- 2. Write short answers (**any four**) : **8**
 - 1) Depression
 - 2) Claustrophobia
 - 3) Judgement
 - 4) ICD-10
 - 5) Personal hygiene
 - 6) Delusion.
 - 3. Write short notes (**any four**) : **12**
 - 1) Psychological factors of mental illness
 - 2) Dream analysis
 - 3) Psycho-semantic disorder
 - 4) Hallucinations
 - 5) Fear of blood
 - 6) Narcissistic personality.
 - 4. Write long answer (**any one**) : **10**
 - 1) Note on mental status examination.

OR

 - 2) Describe the biological and sociological factors behind mental illness.
 - 5. Explain personality disorders in detail. **10**
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