

Seat  
No.Set **P**

**F.E. (Part – I) (CBCS) Examination, 2018  
ENGINEERING MATHEMATICS – I**

Day and Date : Thursday, 3-5-2018  
Time : 10.00 a.m. to 1.00 p.m.

Max. Marks : 70

- Instructions :** 1) **All questions are compulsory.**  
 2) **Solve Q. No. 1 in first 30 minutes. Each question carries one mark.**  
 3) **Figures to the right indicate full marks.**  
 4) **Use of calculator is allowed.**  
 5) **Answer MCQ/Objective type questions on Page No. 3 only. Don't forget to mention, Q.P. Set (P/Q/R/S) on Top of Page.**

**MCQ/Objective Type Questions**

Duration : 30 Minutes

Marks : 14

1. Choose the correct alternative :

**(14×1=14)**1) The  $n^{\text{th}}$  derivative of  $\frac{1}{(x+2)^2}$  is

- a)  $\frac{(-1)^n(n+1)!}{(x+2)^{n+2}}$     b)  $\frac{(-1)^n \cdot n!}{(x+2)^{n+2}}$     c)  $\frac{(-1)^n(n+1)!}{(x-2)^{n+1}}$     d)  $\frac{(-1)^n \cdot n!}{(x-2)^{n+1}}$

2) If  $y = xe^{3x}$  then  $y_n =$ 

- a)  $3n! xe^{3x}$     b)  $3^n x e^{3x}$   
 c)  $3^n e^{3x} x + n3^{n-1} e^{3x}$     d)  $3^n e^{3x} x^2 + n3^{n-2} e^{3x}$

3) Expansion of  $\sinh x$  in powers of  $x$  is

- a)  $x - \frac{x^3}{3!} + \frac{x^5}{5!} - \dots$     b)  $1 + x + \frac{x^3}{3!} + \dots$     c)  $1 + \frac{x^2}{2} + \frac{x^4}{4} + \dots$     d) None of these

4) Taylor's series expansion of  $y = \frac{1}{x}$  about  $x = 1$  is

- a)  $1 + (x-1) + \frac{(x-1)^2}{2!} + \dots$     b)  $1 - (x-1) + (x-1)^2 - \dots$   
 c)  $1 - (x-1) + \frac{(x-1)^2}{2!} - \dots$     d) None of these

P.T.O.





Seat No.	
----------	--

**F.E. (Part – I) (CBCS) Examination, 2018  
ENGINEERING MATHEMATICS – I**

Day and Date : Thursday, 3-5-2018  
Time : 10.00 a.m. to 1.00 p.m.

Marks : 56

- Instructions :** 1) **All** questions are **compulsory**.  
2) Figures to the **right** indicate **full** marks.  
3) **Use** of calculator is **allowed**.

SECTION – I

2. Solve **any three** :

9

a) Find  $n^{\text{th}}$  derivative of  $\frac{x^2}{(x-1)(2x+3)}$ .

b) Find all the values of  $(-i)^{1/3}$ .

c) Simplify  $\left[ \frac{1 + \sin\left(\frac{\pi}{8}\right) + i \cos\left(\frac{\pi}{8}\right)}{1 + \sin\left(\frac{\pi}{8}\right) - i \cos\left(\frac{\pi}{8}\right)} \right]^8$ .

d) Expand  $3x^3 - 2x^2 + x - 4$  in powers of  $(x + 2)$ .

e) By using Maclaurins series expand  $e^x \cdot \sin x$ .

3. Solve **any three** :

9

a) Evaluate  $\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \left( \frac{1}{x} \right)^{\tan x}$ .

b) Find the values of a and b such that  $\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{\sin x + ax + bx^3}{x^3} = 0$ .

c) Prove that  $\operatorname{sech}^{-1}(\sin \theta) = \operatorname{logcot} \left( \frac{\theta}{2} \right)$ .

d) Find  $n^{\text{th}}$  derivative of  $\sin x \sin 2x \sin 3x$ .

e) Separate into real and imaginary parts of  $\sin^{-1} \left( \frac{3i}{4} \right)$ .

Set P



4. Solve **any two** :

10

a) State Leibnitz theorem.

If  $y = \left[ \log \left( x + \sqrt{x^2 + 1} \right) \right]^2$ , prove that  $y_{n+2}(0) = -n^2 y_n(0)$ .

b) By using standard expansion prove that

$$e^{x \cdot \sin x} = 1 + x^2 + \frac{x^4}{3} + \frac{x^6}{120} + \dots$$

c) If  $i^{i \dots \infty} = \alpha + i\beta$ , prove that  $\alpha^2 + \beta^2 = e^{-(4n+1)\pi\beta}$ , where n is any positive integer.

### SECTION – II

5. Solve **any three** of the following :

9

a) Find the rank of the following matrix by reducing it into normal form.

$$\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 & -1 & 1 \\ 1 & 3 & 2 & 1 \\ 2 & 0 & 3 & 2 \\ 3 & 3 & 3 & 3 \end{bmatrix}$$

b) Find the value of  $\lambda$  and  $\mu$  for which the system of equations :  $x + 2y + 3z = 5$ ;  
 $x + 3y - z = 4$ ;  $x + 4y + \lambda z = \mu$  has a

i) Unique solution

ii) Many solution

iii) No solution.

c) If  $u = \frac{x^2 + y^2}{x + y}$ , Show that  $\left( \frac{\partial u}{\partial x} - \frac{\partial u}{\partial y} \right)^2 = 4 \left( 1 - \frac{\partial u}{\partial x} - \frac{\partial u}{\partial y} \right)$ .

d) If  $z = f(x, y)$  and  $x = u^2 + v^2$ ,  $y = 2uv$ . Show that  $u \frac{\partial z}{\partial u} - v \frac{\partial z}{\partial v} = 2(x^2 - y^2)^{1/2} \frac{\partial z}{\partial x}$ .

e) Find the minimum value of  $x^2 + y^2 + z^2$  when  $x + y + z = 3a$ .



6. Solve **any three** of the following :

9

a) Find the eigen values and eigen vector corresponding to largest eigen value of the matrix

$$\begin{bmatrix} 8 & -6 & 2 \\ -6 & 7 & -4 \\ 2 & -4 & 3 \end{bmatrix}.$$

b) Find the eigen value of the matrix A and also find eigen values of A<sup>2</sup>

$$A = \begin{bmatrix} 2 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 2 & 0 \\ 1 & 0 & 2 \end{bmatrix}.$$

c) If  $u = f(r, s)$ , where  $r = \frac{x-y}{xy}$ ,  $s = \frac{z-x}{zx}$ , prove that  $x^2 \frac{\partial u}{\partial x} + y^2 \frac{\partial u}{\partial y} + z^2 \frac{\partial u}{\partial z} = 0$ .

d) If  $u = \frac{xy}{z}$ ,  $v = \frac{yz}{x}$ ,  $w = \frac{zx}{y}$ , find  $\frac{\partial(u, v, w)}{\partial(x, y, z)}$ .

e) Find the percentage error in the area of the ellipse. When an error of +1% is made by measuring major and minor axis.

7. Solve **any two** of the following :

10

a) Verify the Cayley-Hamilton theorem for the matrix A and also find A<sup>-1</sup>

$$A = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 3 & 7 \\ 4 & 2 & 3 \\ 1 & 2 & 1 \end{bmatrix}.$$

b) If  $u = \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{x^3 + y^3}{x + y}\right)$ , prove that

i)  $x \frac{\partial u}{\partial x} + y \frac{\partial u}{\partial z} = \sin 2u$ .

ii)  $x^2 \frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial x^2} + 2xy \frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial x \partial y} + y^2 \frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial y^2} = \sin 4u - \sin 2u$ .

c) Find the extreme values of the function  $f(x, y) = x^3 + 3xy^2 - 3x^2 - 3y^2 + 4$ .



Seat  
No.Set **Q****F.E. (Part – I) (CBCS) Examination, 2018  
ENGINEERING MATHEMATICS – I**Day and Date : Thursday, 3-5-2018  
Time : 10.00 a.m. to 1.00 p.m.

Max. Marks : 70

- Instructions :** 1) **All questions are compulsory.**  
2) **Solve Q. No. 1 in first 30 minutes. Each question carries one mark.**  
3) **Figures to the right indicate full marks.**  
4) **Use of calculator is allowed.**  
5) **Answer MCQ/Objective type questions on Page No. 3 only. Don't forget to mention, Q.P. Set (P/Q/R/S) on Top of Page.**

**MCQ/Objective Type Questions**

Duration : 30 Minutes

Marks : 14

1. Choose the correct alternative :

**(14×1=14)**

- 1) If the determinant of square matrix A of order m is equal to zero, then the rank of A is  
a) Less than m    b) Greater than m    c) Equal to m    d) None of these
- 2) If the rank of A is r and number of variables is n then the number of linearly independent solutions of the system  $AX = 0$  is  
a) n    b) r    c) n – r    d) n + r
- 3) If 2, 3, 4 are the eigen values of matrix A, then  $|A|$  is equal to  
a) 9    b) 24    c)  $\frac{1}{24}$     d)  $\frac{1}{9}$
- 4) If  $Z = \sin^{-1}\left(\frac{x}{y}\right)$ , then  $\frac{\partial Z}{\partial x} =$   
a)  $\frac{1}{\sqrt{y^2 - x^2}}$     b)  $\frac{x}{\sqrt{y^2 - x^2}}$     c)  $\frac{y}{\sqrt{y^2 - x^2}}$     d)  $\frac{1}{\sqrt{x^2 - y^2}}$
- 5) If  $u = \frac{x^{1/4} + y^{1/4}}{x^{1/5} + y^{1/5}}$ , then  $x \frac{\partial u}{\partial x} + y \frac{\partial u}{\partial y} =$   
a) 4u    b) 20u    c)  $\frac{1}{20}u$     d) 5u



- 6) If  $x = u \cos v$ ,  $y = u \sin v$ , then  $\frac{\partial(x, y)}{\partial(u, v)} =$
- a) 1                      b) -1                      c) u                      d) -u
- 7) If  $\delta x$  is an error in  $x$ , then  $\frac{\delta x}{x}$  is called
- a) Absolute error                      b) Percentage error  
c) Relative error                      d) None of these
- 8) The  $n^{\text{th}}$  derivative of  $\frac{1}{(x+2)^2}$  is
- a)  $\frac{(-1)^n (n+1)!}{(x+2)^{n+2}}$       b)  $\frac{(-1)^n \cdot n!}{(x+2)^{n+2}}$       c)  $\frac{(-1)^n (n+1)!}{(x-2)^{n+1}}$       d)  $\frac{(-1)^n \cdot n!}{(x-2)^{n+1}}$
- 9) If  $y = x e^{3x}$  then  $y_n =$
- a)  $3n! x e^{3x}$                       b)  $3^n x e^{3x}$   
c)  $3^n e^{3x} x + n 3^{n-1} e^{3x}$       d)  $3^n e^{3x} x^2 + n 3^{n-2} e^{3x}$
- 10) Expansion of  $\sinh x$  in powers of  $x$  is
- a)  $x - \frac{x^3}{3!} + \frac{x^5}{5!} \dots$       b)  $1 + x + \frac{x^3}{3!} + \dots$       c)  $1 + \frac{x^2}{2} + \frac{x^4}{4} + \dots$       d) None of these
- 11) Taylor's series expansion of  $y = \frac{1}{x}$  about  $x = 1$  is
- a)  $1 + (x-1) + \frac{(x-1)^2}{2!} + \dots$       b)  $1 - (x-1) + (x-1)^2 - \dots$   
c)  $1 - (x-1) + \frac{(x-1)^2}{2!} - \dots$       d) None of these
- 12) Which of the following is true ?
- a)  $\cot ix = i \coth x$                       b)  $\operatorname{sech} ix = i \operatorname{sech} x$   
c)  $\tan ix = -i \tanh x$                       d)  $\sinh x = -i \sin ix$
- 13)  $\operatorname{Cosh}(x + iy) =$
- a)  $\cosh x \cos y + i \sinh x \sin y$       b)  $\cosh x \cos y - i \sinh x \sin y$   
c)  $\cosh x \cosh y + i \sinh x \sinh y$       d)  $\sinh x \sin y + i \cosh x \cos y$
- 14) The modulus and amplitude of  $z = 2\sqrt{3}i$  are
- a)  $4\sqrt{3}, \frac{-\pi}{3}$       b)  $4, \frac{-\pi}{3}$       c)  $4, \frac{-\pi}{6}$       d)  $4, \frac{-2\pi}{3}$



Seat No.	
----------	--

**F.E. (Part – I) (CBCS) Examination, 2018  
ENGINEERING MATHEMATICS – I**

Day and Date : Thursday, 3-5-2018  
Time : 10.00 a.m. to 1.00 p.m.

Marks : 56

- Instructions :** 1) **All questions are compulsory.**  
2) **Figures to the right indicate full marks.**  
3) **Use of calculator is allowed.**

SECTION – I

2. Solve **any three** : 9

a) Find  $n^{\text{th}}$  derivative of  $\frac{x^2}{(x-1)(2x+3)}$ .

b) Find all the values of  $(-i)^{1/3}$ .

c) Simplify  $\left[ \frac{1 + \sin\left(\frac{\pi}{8}\right) + i \cos\left(\frac{\pi}{8}\right)}{1 + \sin\left(\frac{\pi}{8}\right) - i \cos\left(\frac{\pi}{8}\right)} \right]^8$ .

d) Expand  $3x^3 - 2x^2 + x - 4$  in powers of  $(x + 2)$ .

e) By using Maclaurins series expand  $e^x \cdot \sin x$ .

3. Solve **any three** : 9

a) Evaluate  $\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \left( \frac{1}{x} \right)^{\tan x}$ .

b) Find the values of a and b such that  $\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{\sin x + ax + bx^3}{x^3} = 0$ .

c) Prove that  $\operatorname{sech}^{-1}(\sin \theta) = \operatorname{logcot} \left( \frac{\theta}{2} \right)$ .

d) Find  $n^{\text{th}}$  derivative of  $\sin x \sin 2x \sin 3x$ .

e) Separate into real and imaginary parts of  $\sin^{-1} \left( \frac{3i}{4} \right)$ .



4. Solve **any two** :

10

a) State Leibnitz theorem.

If  $y = \left[ \log \left( x + \sqrt{x^2 + 1} \right) \right]^2$ , prove that  $y_{n+2}(0) = -n^2 y_n(0)$ .

b) By using standard expansion prove that

$$e^{x \cdot \sin x} = 1 + x^2 + \frac{x^4}{3} + \frac{x^6}{120} + \dots$$

c) If  $i^{i \dots \infty} = \alpha + i\beta$ , prove that  $\alpha^2 + \beta^2 = e^{-(4n+1)\pi\beta}$ , where n is any positive integer.

### SECTION – II

5. Solve **any three** of the following :

9

a) Find the rank of the following matrix by reducing it into normal form.

$$\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 & -1 & 1 \\ 1 & 3 & 2 & 1 \\ 2 & 0 & 3 & 2 \\ 3 & 3 & 3 & 3 \end{bmatrix}$$

b) Find the value of  $\lambda$  and  $\mu$  for which the system of equations :  $x + 2y + 3z = 5$ ;  
 $x + 3y - z = 4$ ;  $x + 4y + \lambda z = \mu$  has a

i) Unique solution

ii) Many solution

iii) No solution.

c) If  $u = \frac{x^2 + y^2}{x + y}$ , Show that  $\left( \frac{\partial u}{\partial x} - \frac{\partial u}{\partial y} \right)^2 = 4 \left( 1 - \frac{\partial u}{\partial x} - \frac{\partial u}{\partial y} \right)$ .

d) If  $z = f(x, y)$  and  $x = u^2 + v^2$ ,  $y = 2uv$ . Show that  $u \frac{\partial z}{\partial u} - v \frac{\partial z}{\partial v} = 2(x^2 - y^2)^{1/2} \frac{\partial z}{\partial x}$ .

e) Find the minimum value of  $x^2 + y^2 + z^2$  when  $x + y + z = 3a$ .



6. Solve **any three** of the following :

9

a) Find the eigen values and eigen vector corresponding to largest eigen value of the matrix

$$\begin{bmatrix} 8 & -6 & 2 \\ -6 & 7 & -4 \\ 2 & -4 & 3 \end{bmatrix}.$$

b) Find the eigen value of the matrix A and also find eigen values of A<sup>2</sup>

$$A = \begin{bmatrix} 2 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 2 & 0 \\ 1 & 0 & 2 \end{bmatrix}.$$

c) If  $u = f(r, s)$ , where  $r = \frac{x-y}{xy}$ ,  $s = \frac{z-x}{zx}$ , prove that  $x^2 \frac{\partial u}{\partial x} + y^2 \frac{\partial u}{\partial y} + z^2 \frac{\partial u}{\partial z} = 0$ .

d) If  $u = \frac{xy}{z}$ ,  $v = \frac{yz}{x}$ ,  $w = \frac{zx}{y}$ , find  $\frac{\partial(u, v, w)}{\partial(x, y, z)}$ .

e) Find the percentage error in the area of the ellipse. When an error of +1% is made by measuring major and minor axis.

7. Solve **any two** of the following :

10

a) Verify the Cayley-Hamilton theorem for the matrix A and also find A<sup>-1</sup>

$$A = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 3 & 7 \\ 4 & 2 & 3 \\ 1 & 2 & 1 \end{bmatrix}.$$

b) If  $u = \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{x^3 + y^3}{x + y}\right)$ , prove that

i)  $x \frac{\partial u}{\partial x} + y \frac{\partial u}{\partial y} = \sin 2u$ .

ii)  $x^2 \frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial x^2} + 2xy \frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial x \partial y} + y^2 \frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial y^2} = \sin 4u - \sin 2u$ .

c) Find the extreme values of the function  $f(x, y) = x^3 + 3xy^2 - 3x^2 - 3y^2 + 4$ .







- 7) If  $Z = \sin^{-1}\left(\frac{x}{y}\right)$ , then  $\frac{\partial Z}{\partial x} =$
- a)  $\frac{1}{\sqrt{y^2 - x^2}}$       b)  $\frac{x}{\sqrt{y^2 - x^2}}$       c)  $\frac{y}{\sqrt{y^2 - x^2}}$       d)  $\frac{1}{\sqrt{x^2 - y^2}}$
- 8) If  $u = \frac{x^{1/4} + y^{1/4}}{x^{1/5} + y^{1/5}}$ , then  $x \frac{\partial u}{\partial x} + y \frac{\partial u}{\partial y} =$
- a)  $4u$       b)  $20u$       c)  $\frac{1}{20}u$       d)  $5u$
- 9) If  $x = u \cos v$ ,  $y = u \sin v$ , then  $\frac{\partial(x, y)}{\partial(u, v)} =$
- a)  $1$       b)  $-1$       c)  $u$       d)  $-u$
- 10) If  $\delta x$  is an error in  $x$ , then  $\frac{\delta x}{x}$  is called
- a) Absolute error      b) Percentage error  
c) Relative error      d) None of these
- 11) The  $n^{\text{th}}$  derivative of  $\frac{1}{(x+2)^2}$  is
- a)  $\frac{(-1)^n (n+1)!}{(x+2)^{n+2}}$       b)  $\frac{(-1)^n \cdot n!}{(x+2)^{n+2}}$       c)  $\frac{(-1)^n (n+1)!}{(x-2)^{n+1}}$       d)  $\frac{(-1)^n \cdot n!}{(x-2)^{n+1}}$
- 12) If  $y = xe^{3x}$  then  $y_n =$
- a)  $3n! xe^{3x}$       b)  $3^n x e^{3x}$   
c)  $3^n e^{3x} x + n3^{n-1} e^{3x}$       d)  $3^n e^{3x} x^2 + n3^{n-2} e^{3x}$
- 13) Expansion of  $\sinh x$  in powers of  $x$  is
- a)  $x - \frac{x^3}{3!} + \frac{x^5}{5!} \dots$       b)  $1 + x + \frac{x^3}{3!} + \dots$       c)  $1 + \frac{x^2}{2} + \frac{x^4}{4} + \dots$       d) None of these
- 14) Taylor's series expansion of  $y = \frac{1}{x}$  about  $x = 1$  is
- a)  $1 + (x-1) + \frac{(x-1)^2}{2!} + \dots$       b)  $1 - (x-1) + (x-1)^2 - \dots$   
c)  $1 - (x-1) + \frac{(x-1)^2}{2!} - \dots$       d) None of these



Seat No.	
----------	--

**F.E. (Part – I) (CBCS) Examination, 2018  
ENGINEERING MATHEMATICS – I**

Day and Date : Thursday, 3-5-2018  
Time : 10.00 a.m. to 1.00 p.m.

Marks : 56

- Instructions :** 1) **All** questions are **compulsory**.  
2) Figures to the **right** indicate **full** marks.  
3) **Use** of calculator is **allowed**.

SECTION – I

2. Solve **any three** :

9

a) Find  $n^{\text{th}}$  derivative of  $\frac{x^2}{(x-1)(2x+3)}$ .

b) Find all the values of  $(-i)^{1/3}$ .

c) Simplify  $\left[ \frac{1 + \sin\left(\frac{\pi}{8}\right) + i \cos\left(\frac{\pi}{8}\right)}{1 + \sin\left(\frac{\pi}{8}\right) - i \cos\left(\frac{\pi}{8}\right)} \right]^8$ .

d) Expand  $3x^3 - 2x^2 + x - 4$  in powers of  $(x + 2)$ .

e) By using Maclaurins series expand  $e^x \cdot \sin x$ .

3. Solve **any three** :

9

a) Evaluate  $\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \left( \frac{1}{x} \right)^{\tan x}$ .

b) Find the values of a and b such that  $\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{\sin x + ax + bx^3}{x^3} = 0$ .

c) Prove that  $\operatorname{sech}^{-1}(\sin \theta) = \operatorname{logcot} \left( \frac{\theta}{2} \right)$ .

d) Find  $n^{\text{th}}$  derivative of  $\sin x \sin 2x \sin 3x$ .

e) Separate into real and imaginary parts of  $\sin^{-1} \left( \frac{3i}{4} \right)$ .

Set R



4. Solve **any two** :

10

a) State Leibnitz theorem.

If  $y = \left[ \log \left( x + \sqrt{x^2 + 1} \right) \right]^2$ , prove that  $y_{n+2}(0) = -n^2 y_n(0)$ .

b) By using standard expansion prove that

$$e^{x \cdot \sin x} = 1 + x^2 + \frac{x^4}{3} + \frac{x^6}{120} + \dots$$

c) If  $i^{i \dots \infty} = \alpha + i\beta$ , prove that  $\alpha^2 + \beta^2 = e^{-(4n+1)\pi\beta}$ , where n is any positive integer.

### SECTION – II

5. Solve **any three** of the following :

9

a) Find the rank of the following matrix by reducing it into normal form.

$$\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 & -1 & 1 \\ 1 & 3 & 2 & 1 \\ 2 & 0 & 3 & 2 \\ 3 & 3 & 3 & 3 \end{bmatrix}$$

b) Find the value of  $\lambda$  and  $\mu$  for which the system of equations :  $x + 2y + 3z = 5$ ;  
 $x + 3y - z = 4$ ;  $x + 4y + \lambda z = \mu$  has a

i) Unique solution

ii) Many solution

iii) No solution.

c) If  $u = \frac{x^2 + y^2}{x + y}$ , Show that  $\left( \frac{\partial u}{\partial x} - \frac{\partial u}{\partial y} \right)^2 = 4 \left( 1 - \frac{\partial u}{\partial x} - \frac{\partial u}{\partial y} \right)$ .

d) If  $z = f(x, y)$  and  $x = u^2 + v^2$ ,  $y = 2uv$ . Show that  $u \frac{\partial z}{\partial u} - v \frac{\partial z}{\partial v} = 2(x^2 - y^2)^{1/2} \frac{\partial z}{\partial x}$ .

e) Find the minimum value of  $x^2 + y^2 + z^2$  when  $x + y + z = 3a$ .



6. Solve **any three** of the following :

9

a) Find the eigen values and eigen vector corresponding to largest eigen value of the matrix

$$\begin{bmatrix} 8 & -6 & 2 \\ -6 & 7 & -4 \\ 2 & -4 & 3 \end{bmatrix}.$$

b) Find the eigen value of the matrix A and also find eigen values of A<sup>2</sup>

$$A = \begin{bmatrix} 2 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 2 & 0 \\ 1 & 0 & 2 \end{bmatrix}.$$

c) If  $u = f(r, s)$ , where  $r = \frac{x-y}{xy}$ ,  $s = \frac{z-x}{zx}$ , prove that  $x^2 \frac{\partial u}{\partial x} + y^2 \frac{\partial u}{\partial y} + z^2 \frac{\partial u}{\partial z} = 0$ .

d) If  $u = \frac{xy}{z}$ ,  $v = \frac{yz}{x}$ ,  $w = \frac{zx}{y}$ , find  $\frac{\partial(u, v, w)}{\partial(x, y, z)}$ .

e) Find the percentage error in the area of the ellipse. When an error of +1% is made by measuring major and minor axis.

7. Solve **any two** of the following :

10

a) Verify the Cayley-Hamilton theorem for the matrix A and also find A<sup>-1</sup>

$$A = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 3 & 7 \\ 4 & 2 & 3 \\ 1 & 2 & 1 \end{bmatrix}.$$

b) If  $u = \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{x^3 + y^3}{x + y}\right)$ , prove that

i)  $x \frac{\partial u}{\partial x} + y \frac{\partial u}{\partial z} = \sin 2u$ .

ii)  $x^2 \frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial x^2} + 2xy \frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial x \partial y} + y^2 \frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial y^2} = \sin 4u - \sin 2u$ .

c) Find the extreme values of the function  $f(x, y) = x^3 + 3xy^2 - 3x^2 - 3y^2 + 4$ .



Seat  
No.Set **S****F.E. (Part – I) (CBCS) Examination, 2018  
ENGINEERING MATHEMATICS – I**Day and Date : Thursday, 3-5-2018  
Time : 10.00 a.m. to 1.00 p.m.

Max. Marks : 70

- Instructions :** 1) **All questions are compulsory.**  
2) **Solve Q. No. 1 in first 30 minutes. Each question carries one mark.**  
3) **Figures to the right indicate full marks.**  
4) **Use of calculator is allowed.**  
5) **Answer MCQ/Objective type questions on Page No. 3 only. Don't forget to mention, Q.P. Set (P/Q/R/S) on Top of Page.**

**MCQ/Objective Type Questions**

Duration : 30 Minutes

Marks : 14

1. Choose the correct alternative :

**(14×1=14)**1) If 2, 3, 4 are the eigen values of matrix A, then  $|A|$  is equal to

- a) 9                      b) 24                      c)
- $\frac{1}{24}$
- d)
- $\frac{1}{9}$

2) If  $Z = \sin^{-1}\left(\frac{x}{y}\right)$ , then  $\frac{\partial Z}{\partial x} =$ 

- a)
- $\frac{1}{\sqrt{y^2 - x^2}}$
- b)
- $\frac{x}{\sqrt{y^2 - x^2}}$
- c)
- $\frac{y}{\sqrt{y^2 - x^2}}$
- d)
- $\frac{1}{\sqrt{x^2 - y^2}}$

3) If  $u = \frac{x^{1/4} + y^{1/4}}{x^{1/5} + y^{1/5}}$ , then  $x \frac{\partial u}{\partial x} + y \frac{\partial u}{\partial y} =$ 

- a) 4u                      b) 20u                      c)
- $\frac{1}{20}u$
- d) 5u

4) If  $x = u \cos v$ ,  $y = u \sin v$ , then  $\frac{\partial(x, y)}{\partial(u, v)} =$ 

- a) 1                      b) -1                      c) u                      d) -u





Seat No.	
----------	--

**F.E. (Part – I) (CBCS) Examination, 2018  
ENGINEERING MATHEMATICS – I**

Day and Date : Thursday, 3-5-2018  
Time : 10.00 a.m. to 1.00 p.m.

Marks : 56

- Instructions :** 1) **All questions are compulsory.**  
2) **Figures to the right indicate full marks.**  
3) **Use of calculator is allowed.**

SECTION – I

2. Solve **any three** : 9

a) Find  $n^{\text{th}}$  derivative of  $\frac{x^2}{(x-1)(2x+3)}$ .

b) Find all the values of  $(-i)^{1/3}$ .

c) Simplify  $\left[ \frac{1 + \sin\left(\frac{\pi}{8}\right) + i \cos\left(\frac{\pi}{8}\right)}{1 + \sin\left(\frac{\pi}{8}\right) - i \cos\left(\frac{\pi}{8}\right)} \right]^8$ .

d) Expand  $3x^3 - 2x^2 + x - 4$  in powers of  $(x + 2)$ .

e) By using Maclaurins series expand  $e^x \cdot \sin x$ .

3. Solve **any three** : 9

a) Evaluate  $\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \left( \frac{1}{x} \right)^{\tan x}$ .

b) Find the values of a and b such that  $\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{\sin x + ax + bx^3}{x^3} = 0$ .

c) Prove that  $\operatorname{sech}^{-1}(\sin \theta) = \operatorname{logcot}\left(\frac{\theta}{2}\right)$ .

d) Find  $n^{\text{th}}$  derivative of  $\sin x \sin 2x \sin 3x$ .

e) Separate into real and imaginary parts of  $\sin^{-1}\left(\frac{3i}{4}\right)$ .



4. Solve **any two** :

10

a) State Leibnitz theorem.

If  $y = \left[ \log \left( x + \sqrt{x^2 + 1} \right) \right]^2$ , prove that  $y_{n+2}(0) = -n^2 y_n(0)$ .

b) By using standard expansion prove that

$$e^{x \cdot \sin x} = 1 + x^2 + \frac{x^4}{3} + \frac{x^6}{120} + \dots$$

c) If  $i^{i \dots \infty} = \alpha + i\beta$ , prove that  $\alpha^2 + \beta^2 = e^{-(4n+1)\pi\beta}$ , where n is any positive integer.

### SECTION – II

5. Solve **any three** of the following :

9

a) Find the rank of the following matrix by reducing it into normal form.

$$\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 & -1 & 1 \\ 1 & 3 & 2 & 1 \\ 2 & 0 & 3 & 2 \\ 3 & 3 & 3 & 3 \end{bmatrix}$$

b) Find the value of  $\lambda$  and  $\mu$  for which the system of equations :  $x + 2y + 3z = 5$ ;  
 $x + 3y - z = 4$ ;  $x + 4y + \lambda z = \mu$  has a

i) Unique solution

ii) Many solution

iii) No solution.

c) If  $u = \frac{x^2 + y^2}{x + y}$ , Show that  $\left( \frac{\partial u}{\partial x} - \frac{\partial u}{\partial y} \right)^2 = 4 \left( 1 - \frac{\partial u}{\partial x} - \frac{\partial u}{\partial y} \right)$ .

d) If  $z = f(x, y)$  and  $x = u^2 + v^2$ ,  $y = 2uv$ . Show that  $u \frac{\partial z}{\partial u} - v \frac{\partial z}{\partial v} = 2(x^2 - y^2)^{1/2} \frac{\partial z}{\partial x}$ .

e) Find the minimum value of  $x^2 + y^2 + z^2$  when  $x + y + z = 3a$ .



6. Solve **any three** of the following :

9

a) Find the eigen values and eigen vector corresponding to largest eigen value of the matrix

$$\begin{bmatrix} 8 & -6 & 2 \\ -6 & 7 & -4 \\ 2 & -4 & 3 \end{bmatrix}.$$

b) Find the eigen value of the matrix A and also find eigen values of A<sup>2</sup>

$$A = \begin{bmatrix} 2 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 2 & 0 \\ 1 & 0 & 2 \end{bmatrix}.$$

c) If  $u = f(r, s)$ , where  $r = \frac{x-y}{xy}$ ,  $s = \frac{z-x}{zx}$ , prove that  $x^2 \frac{\partial u}{\partial x} + y^2 \frac{\partial u}{\partial y} + z^2 \frac{\partial u}{\partial z} = 0$ .

d) If  $u = \frac{xy}{z}$ ,  $v = \frac{yz}{x}$ ,  $w = \frac{zx}{y}$ , find  $\frac{\partial(u, v, w)}{\partial(x, y, z)}$ .

e) Find the percentage error in the area of the ellipse. When an error of +1% is made by measuring major and minor axis.

7. Solve **any two** of the following :

10

a) Verify the Cayley-Hamilton theorem for the matrix A and also find A<sup>-1</sup>

$$A = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 3 & 7 \\ 4 & 2 & 3 \\ 1 & 2 & 1 \end{bmatrix}.$$

b) If  $u = \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{x^3 + y^3}{x + y}\right)$ , prove that

i)  $x \frac{\partial u}{\partial x} + y \frac{\partial u}{\partial z} = \sin 2u$ .

ii)  $x^2 \frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial x^2} + 2xy \frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial x \partial y} + y^2 \frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial y^2} = \sin 4u - \sin 2u$ .

c) Find the extreme values of the function  $f(x, y) = x^3 + 3xy^2 - 3x^2 - 3y^2 + 4$ .





Seat No.	
----------	--

Set	P
-----	---

**F.E. (Part – I) (CBCS) Examination, 2018  
APPLIED MECHANICS**

Day and Date : Friday, 4-5-2018  
Time : 10.00 a.m. to 1.00 p.m.

Total Marks : 70

- Instructions :** 1) Q. No. 1 is **compulsory**. It should be solved in **first 30 minutes** in Answer Book Page No. 3. **Each** question carries **one** mark.
- 2) **Answer MCQ/Objective type questions on Page No. 3 only. Don't forget to mention, Q.P. Set (P/Q/R/S) on Top of Page.**
- 3) Assume additional data, if required and state it **clearly**.
- 4) Figures to the **right** indicate **full** marks.

**MCQ/Objective Type Questions**

Duration : 30 Minutes

Marks : 14

1. Choose the correct alternatives (1 mark **each**) : **(14×1=14)**
- 1) The algebraic sum of the two forces forming a couple is always equal to
- a) Magnitude of one of the forces      b) Zero  
c) Negative number                          d) Positive number
- 2) If two forces  $F_1$  and  $F_2$  are acting on a particle and if  $\theta = 180^\circ$ , then the resultant of the two forces is given as
- a)  $F_1 + F_2$                           b)  $F_1 - F_2$                           c)  $F_1^2 + F_2^2$                           d) None of these
- 3) The ratio of static friction to dynamic friction is always
- a) = 1                                  b) < 1                                  c) > 1                                  d) None of these
- 4) In the method of sections for trusses, the section must be passed so as to cut not more than
- a) two members                          b) three members  
c) four members                          d) five members
- 5) For a truss if 'n' is number of members and 'j' is number of joints then it is said to be deficient when
- a)  $n < (2j - 3)$                           b)  $n > (2j - 3)$                           c)  $n = (2j - 3)$                           d)  $j = 2n - 3$



- 6) The moment of inertia of a rectangle of base 'b' and height 'h' about its base is
- a)  $\frac{bh^3}{36}$       b)  $\frac{bh^3}{24}$       c)  $\frac{bh^3}{12}$       d)  $\frac{bh^3}{3}$
- 7) Polar moment of inertia is given by
- a)  $I_{XX}/I_{YY}$       b)  $I_{XX} - I_{YY}$       c)  $I_{XX} + I_{YY}$       d)  $I_{XX} \times I_{YY}$
- 8) A body is moving with a velocity of 2 m/sec. After 4 seconds the velocity of the body becomes 5 m/sec. The acceleration of the body is
- a) 0.5 m/sec<sup>2</sup>      b) 0.75 m/sec<sup>2</sup>      c) 1 m/sec<sup>2</sup>      d) 1.5 m/sec<sup>2</sup>
- 9) The motion of a bicycle wheel is
- a) Linear      b) Rotary  
c) Translatory      d) Rotary as well as translatory
- 10) Time of flight of a projectile is given by
- a)  $\frac{u \sin \alpha}{g}$       b)  $\frac{u^2 \sin \alpha}{g}$       c)  $\frac{2u \sin \alpha}{g}$       d)  $\frac{2u \sin^2 \alpha}{g}$
- 11) The acceleration of a block sliding down on inclined plane is
- a) Same as acceleration due to gravity  
b) Less than acceleration due to gravity  
c) Greater than acceleration due to gravity  
d) Uniformly increasing
- 12) If coefficient of restitution is one, then the two bodies are
- a) Perfectly plastic      b) Partly elastic  
c) Perfectly elastic      d) None of these
- 13) The following category of energy is associated with conservation force
- a) Kinetic energy      b) Potential energy  
c) Energy lost due to friction      d) None of these
- 14) A lift is moving upwards with an acceleration 'g'. The pressure exerted by man on the floor of the lift is
- a) Equal to his weight      b) Zero  
c) Double than his weight      d) None



Seat No.	
----------	--

**F.E. (Part – I) (CBCS) Examination, 2018**  
**APPLIED MECHANICS**

Day and Date : Friday, 4-5-2018  
Time : 10.00 a.m. to 1.00 p.m.

Marks : 56

- Instructions :** 1) **All questions are compulsory.**  
2) Assume additional data, if required and state it **clearly.**  
3) Figures to the **right** indicate **full marks.**

2. Solve **any four** out of six : **12**

a) Calculate the forces in the members AB and AD of the truss shown in Fig. 1

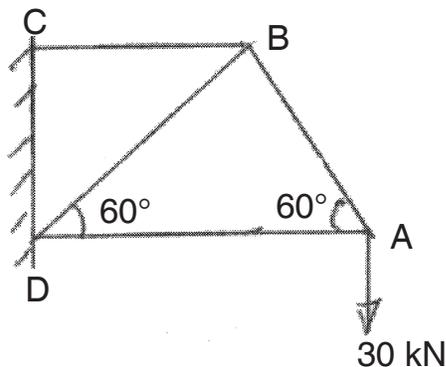


Fig. 1

- b) State and derive expression for parallel axis theorem.  
c) State and explain Lami's theorem.  
d) Find the magnitude and direction of the resultant for the two forces acting at point O as shown in Fig. 2.

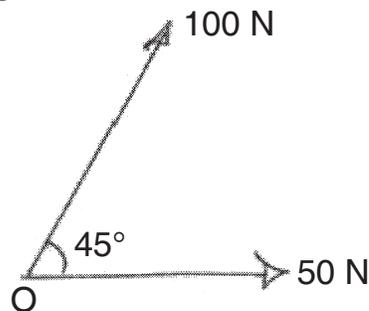
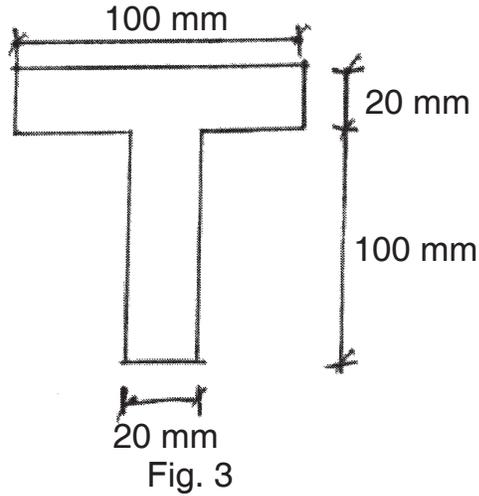


Fig. 2

e) Define and explain characteristics of couple.



f) Locate the centroidal XX axis for the T section given below in Fig. 3



3. Solve **any two** out of three :

16

a) Analyze the overhanging beam loaded as shown in Fig. 4 below

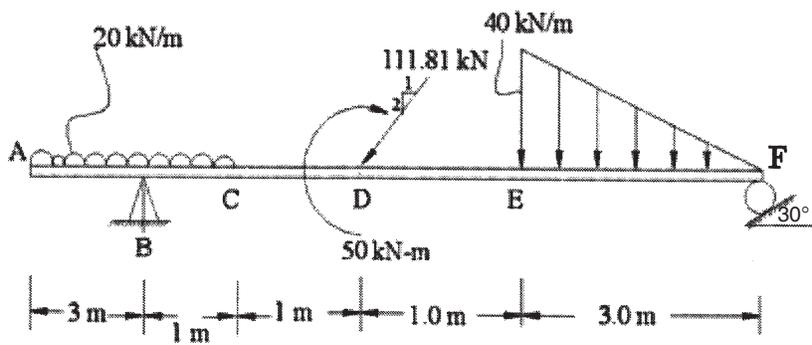


Fig. 4

b) Determine the magnitude and nature of the forces in the members BC, GC and GF of the truss shown in Fig. 5

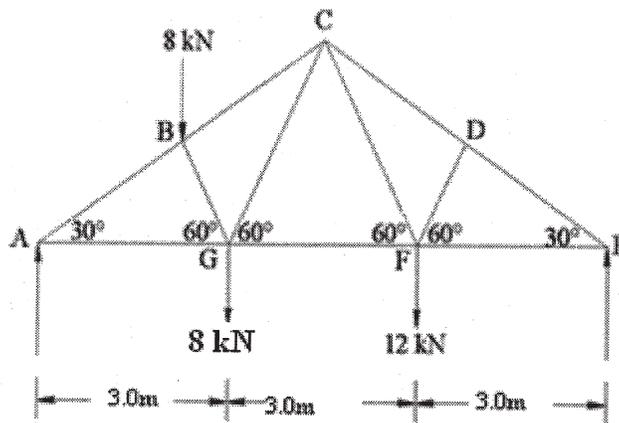


Fig. 5



- c) The cross section of a plain concrete culvert is as shown in Fig. 6. Determine the moment of inertia about the horizontal centroidal axis.

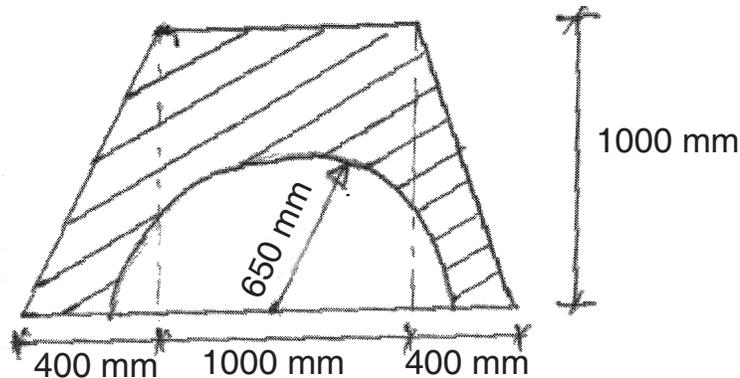


Fig. 6

4. Solve **any four** out of six :

12

- a) Derive equations of linear motion with uniform acceleration.
- b) A small steel ball is shot vertically upwards from the top of a building 20m above the ground with an initial velocity of 15 m/s. Find
  - i) In what time it will reach the maximum height.
  - ii) How high above the building will the ball rise ?
- c) Explain the need for banking of roads and superelevation of rails.
- d) The rotation of a flywheel is governed by the equation  $\omega = 3t^2 - 2t + 2$ , where  $\omega$  is in rad/sec and  $t$  is in sec. After 1 sec from the start, the angular displacement was 4 rad. Determine the angular displacement when  $t = 3$  sec.
- e) Enlist the types of motion curves and explain any one with neat sketch.
- f) A ball 'A' of mass 0.25 kg moving on smooth horizontal table with velocity of 10 m/s strikes on identical stationary ball 'B' on the table. Find velocity of the ball 'B' just after the impact. The impact is perfectly plastic. Refer Fig. 7.

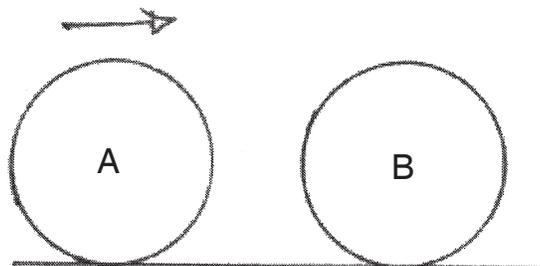


Fig. 7



5. Solve **any two** out of three :

16

- a) A bullet is fired upward at an angle of  $30^\circ$  with horizontal from point P on hill and hit the target which is 80 m lower than P. Initial velocity of bullet is 100 m/s. Calculate
- the maximum height up to which bullet will reach above horizontal
  - the velocity with which bullet strikes the ground
  - total time of flight required.
- b) In what distance will body 1 shown in Fig. 8 attain a velocity of a 3 m/s starting from rest ? Take coefficient of friction between blocks and plane as 0.2. Assume pulley is smooth. What is the tension in the chord ?

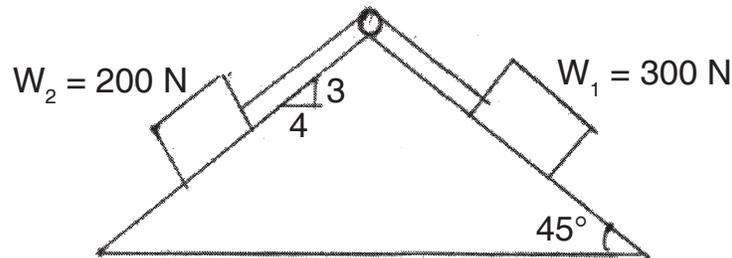


Fig. 8

- c) A body weighing 300 N is pushed up at  $30^\circ$  inclined plane while 400 N force acting parallel to the plane. If initial velocity of body is 1.5 m/s and coefficient of kinetic friction  $\mu = 0.2$ , what velocity will body have after moving 6 m ? Refer Fig. 9.

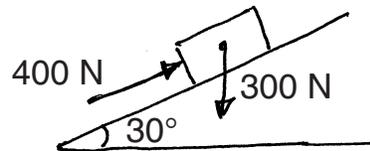


Fig. 9



Seat No.	
----------	--

Set	Q
-----	---

**F.E. (Part – I) (CBCS) Examination, 2018  
APPLIED MECHANICS**

Day and Date : Friday, 4-5-2018  
Time : 10.00 a.m. to 1.00 p.m.

Total Marks : 70

- Instructions :** 1) Q. No. 1 is **compulsory**. It should be solved in **first 30 minutes** in Answer Book Page No. 3. **Each** question carries **one** mark.
- 2) **Answer MCQ/Objective type questions on Page No. 3 only. Don't forget to mention, Q.P. Set (P/Q/R/S) on Top of Page.**
- 3) Assume additional data, if required and state it **clearly**.
- 4) Figures to the **right** indicate **full** marks.

**MCQ/Objective Type Questions**

Duration : 30 Minutes

Marks : 14

1. Choose the correct alternatives (1 mark **each**) : **(14×1=14)**
- 1) A body is moving with a velocity of 2 m/sec. After 4 seconds the velocity of the body becomes 5 m/sec. The acceleration of the body is  
a) 0.5 m/sec<sup>2</sup>      b) 0.75 m/sec<sup>2</sup>      c) 1 m/sec<sup>2</sup>      d) 1.5 m/sec<sup>2</sup>
- 2) The motion of a bicycle wheel is  
a) Linear      b) Rotary  
c) Translatory      d) Rotary as well as translatory
- 3) Time of flight of a projectile is given by  
a)  $\frac{u \sin \alpha}{g}$       b)  $\frac{u^2 \sin \alpha}{g}$       c)  $\frac{2u \sin \alpha}{g}$       d)  $\frac{2u \sin^2 \alpha}{g}$
- 4) The acceleration of a block sliding down on inclined plane is  
a) Same as acceleration due to gravity  
b) Less than acceleration due to gravity  
c) Greater than acceleration due to gravity  
d) Uniformly increasing



- 5) If coefficient of restitution is one, then the two bodies are  
a) Perfectly plastic  
b) Partly elastic  
c) Perfectly elastic  
d) None of these
- 6) The following category of energy is associated with conservation force  
a) Kinetic energy  
b) Potential energy  
c) Energy lost due to friction  
d) None of these
- 7) A lift is moving upwards with an acceleration 'g'. The pressure exerted by man on the floor of the lift is  
a) Equal to his weight  
b) Zero  
c) Double than his weight  
d) None
- 8) The algebraic sum of the two forces forming a couple is always equal to  
a) Magnitude of one of the forces  
b) Zero  
c) Negative number  
d) Positive number
- 9) If two forces  $F_1$  and  $F_2$  are acting on a particle and if  $\theta = 180^\circ$ , then the resultant of the two forces is given as  
a)  $F_1 + F_2$   
b)  $F_1 - F_2$   
c)  $F_1^2 + F_2^2$   
d) None of these
- 10) The ratio of static friction to dynamic friction is always  
a) = 1  
b) < 1  
c) > 1  
d) None of these
- 11) In the method of sections for trusses, the section must be passed so as to cut not more than  
a) two members  
b) three members  
c) four members  
d) five members
- 12) For a truss if 'n' is number of members and 'j' is number of joints then it is said to be deficient when  
a)  $n < (2j - 3)$   
b)  $n > (2j - 3)$   
c)  $n = (2j - 3)$   
d)  $j = 2n - 3$
- 13) The moment of inertia of a rectangle of base 'b' and height 'h' about its base is  
a)  $\frac{bh^3}{36}$   
b)  $\frac{bh^3}{24}$   
c)  $\frac{bh^3}{12}$   
d)  $\frac{bh^3}{3}$
- 14) Polar moment of inertia is given by  
a)  $I_{XX}/I_{YY}$   
b)  $I_{XX} - I_{YY}$   
c)  $I_{XX} + I_{YY}$   
d)  $I_{XX} \times I_{YY}$
-



Seat No.	
----------	--

**F.E. (Part – I) (CBCS) Examination, 2018**  
**APPLIED MECHANICS**

Day and Date : Friday, 4-5-2018  
Time : 10.00 a.m. to 1.00 p.m.

Marks : 56

- Instructions :** 1) **All questions are compulsory.**  
2) Assume additional data, if required and state it **clearly.**  
3) Figures to the **right** indicate **full marks.**

2. Solve **any four** out of six : **12**

a) Calculate the forces in the members AB and AD of the truss shown in Fig. 1

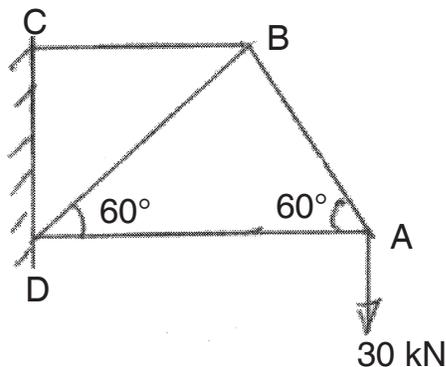


Fig. 1

- b) State and derive expression for parallel axis theorem.  
c) State and explain Lami's theorem.  
d) Find the magnitude and direction of the resultant for the two forces acting at point O as shown in Fig. 2.

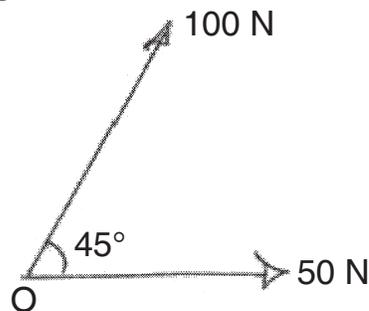
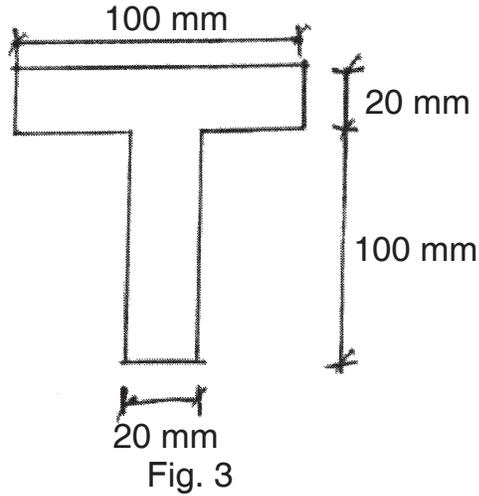


Fig. 2

e) Define and explain characteristics of couple.



f) Locate the centroidal XX axis for the T section given below in Fig. 3



3. Solve **any two** out of three :

16

a) Analyze the overhanging beam loaded as shown in Fig. 4 below

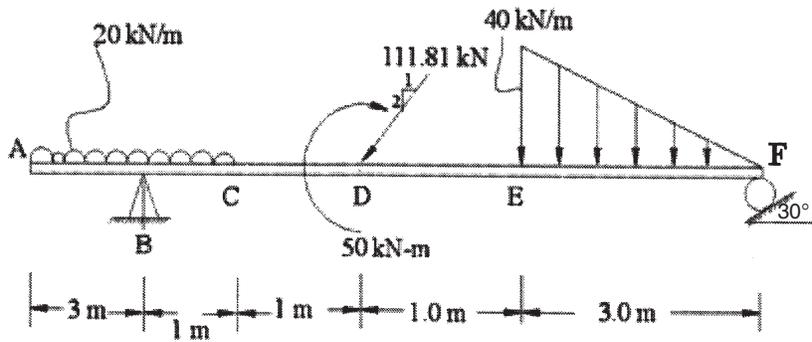


Fig. 4

b) Determine the magnitude and nature of the forces in the members BC, GC and GF of the truss shown in Fig. 5

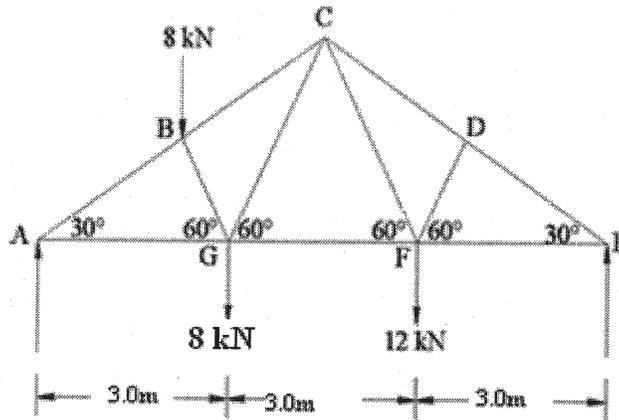


Fig. 5



- c) The cross section of a plain concrete culvert is as shown in Fig. 6. Determine the moment of inertia about the horizontal centroidal axis.

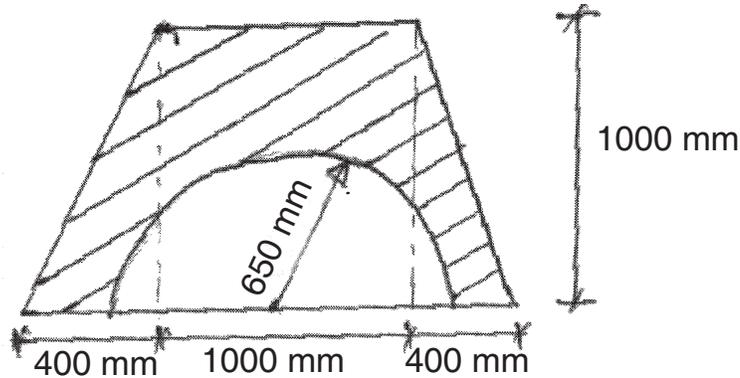


Fig. 6

4. Solve **any four** out of six :

12

- a) Derive equations of linear motion with uniform acceleration.
- b) A small steel ball is shot vertically upwards from the top of a building 20m above the ground with an initial velocity of 15 m/s. Find
  - i) In what time it will reach the maximum height.
  - ii) How high above the building will the ball rise ?
- c) Explain the need for banking of roads and superelevation of rails.
- d) The rotation of a flywheel is governed by the equation  $\omega = 3t^2 - 2t + 2$ , where  $\omega$  is in rad/sec and  $t$  is in sec. After 1 sec from the start, the angular displacement was 4 rad. Determine the angular displacement when  $t = 3$  sec.
- e) Enlist the types of motion curves and explain any one with neat sketch.
- f) A ball 'A' of mass 0.25 kg moving on smooth horizontal table with velocity of 10 m/s strikes on identical stationary ball 'B' on the table. Find velocity of the ball 'B' just after the impact. The impact is perfectly plastic. Refer Fig. 7.

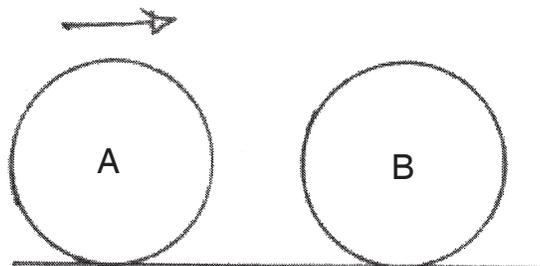


Fig. 7



5. Solve **any two** out of three :

16

- a) A bullet is fired upward at an angle of  $30^\circ$  with horizontal from point P on hill and hit the target which is 80 m lower than P. Initial velocity of bullet is 100 m/s. Calculate
- the maximum height up to which bullet will reach above horizontal
  - the velocity with which bullet strikes the ground
  - total time of flight required.
- b) In what distance will body 1 shown in Fig. 8 attain a velocity of a 3 m/s starting from rest ? Take coefficient of friction between blocks and plane as 0.2. Assume pulley is smooth. What is the tension in the chord ?

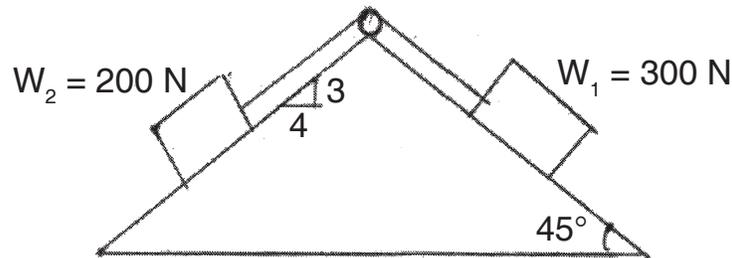


Fig. 8

- c) A body weighing 300 N is pushed up at  $30^\circ$  inclined plane while 400 N force acting parallel to the plane. If initial velocity of body is 1.5 m/s and coefficient of kinetic friction  $\mu = 0.2$ , what velocity will body have after moving 6 m ? Refer Fig. 9.

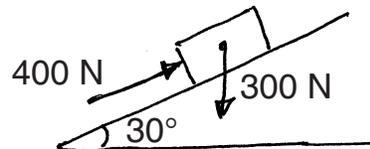


Fig. 9



Seat No.	
----------	--

Set	R
-----	---

**F.E. (Part – I) (CBCS) Examination, 2018  
APPLIED MECHANICS**

Day and Date : Friday, 4-5-2018  
Time : 10.00 a.m. to 1.00 p.m.

Total Marks : 70

- Instructions :** 1) Q. No. 1 is **compulsory**. It should be solved in **first 30 minutes** in Answer Book Page No. 3. **Each** question carries **one** mark.
- 2) **Answer MCQ/Objective type questions on Page No. 3 only. Don't forget to mention, Q.P. Set (P/Q/R/S) on Top of Page.**
- 3) Assume additional data, if required and state it **clearly**.
- 4) Figures to the **right** indicate **full** marks.

**MCQ/Objective Type Questions**

Duration : 30 Minutes

Marks : 14

1. Choose the correct alternatives (1 mark **each**) : **(14×1=14)**
- 1) For a truss if 'n' is number of members and 'j' is number of joints then it is said to be deficient when  
a)  $n < (2j - 3)$       b)  $n > (2j - 3)$       c)  $n = (2j - 3)$       d)  $j = 2n - 3$
- 2) The moment of inertia of a rectangle of base 'b' and height 'h' about its base is  
a)  $\frac{bh^3}{36}$       b)  $\frac{bh^3}{24}$       c)  $\frac{bh^3}{12}$       d)  $\frac{bh^3}{3}$
- 3) Polar moment of inertia is given by  
a)  $I_{xx}/I_{yy}$       b)  $I_{xx} - I_{yy}$       c)  $I_{xx} + I_{yy}$       d)  $I_{xx} \times I_{yy}$
- 4) A body is moving with a velocity of 2 m/sec. After 4 seconds the velocity of the body becomes 5 m/sec. The acceleration of the body is  
a)  $0.5 \text{ m/sec}^2$       b)  $0.75 \text{ m/sec}^2$       c)  $1 \text{ m/sec}^2$       d)  $1.5 \text{ m/sec}^2$
- 5) The motion of a bicycle wheel is  
a) Linear      b) Rotary  
c) Translatory      d) Rotary as well as translatory



- 6) Time of flight of a projectile is given by
- a)  $\frac{u \sin \alpha}{g}$       b)  $\frac{u^2 \sin \alpha}{g}$       c)  $\frac{2u \sin \alpha}{g}$       d)  $\frac{2u \sin^2 \alpha}{g}$
- 7) The acceleration of a block sliding down on inclined plane is
- a) Same as acceleration due to gravity  
b) Less than acceleration due to gravity  
c) Greater than acceleration due to gravity  
d) Uniformly increasing
- 8) If coefficient of restitution is one, then the two bodies are
- a) Perfectly plastic      b) Partly elastic  
c) Perfectly elastic      d) None of these
- 9) The following category of energy is associated with conservation force
- a) Kinetic energy      b) Potential energy  
c) Energy lost due to friction      d) None of these
- 10) A lift is moving upwards with an acceleration 'g'. The pressure exerted by man on the floor of the lift is
- a) Equal to his weight      b) Zero  
c) Double than his weight      d) None
- 11) The algebraic sum of the two forces forming a couple is always equal to
- a) Magnitude of one of the forces      b) Zero  
c) Negative number      d) Positive number
- 12) If two forces  $F_1$  and  $F_2$  are acting on a particle and if  $\theta = 180^\circ$ , then the resultant of the two forces is given as
- a)  $F_1 + F_2$       b)  $F_1 - F_2$       c)  $F_1^2 + F_2^2$       d) None of these
- 13) The ratio of static friction to dynamic friction is always
- a) = 1      b) < 1      c) > 1      d) None of these
- 14) In the method of sections for trusses, the section must be passed so as to cut not more than
- a) two members      b) three members  
c) four members      d) five members



Seat No.	
----------	--

**F.E. (Part – I) (CBCS) Examination, 2018**  
**APPLIED MECHANICS**

Day and Date : Friday, 4-5-2018  
Time : 10.00 a.m. to 1.00 p.m.

Marks : 56

- Instructions :** 1) **All questions are compulsory.**  
2) Assume additional data, if required and state it **clearly.**  
3) Figures to the **right** indicate **full marks.**

2. Solve **any four** out of six :

**12**

a) Calculate the forces in the members AB and AD of the truss shown in Fig. 1

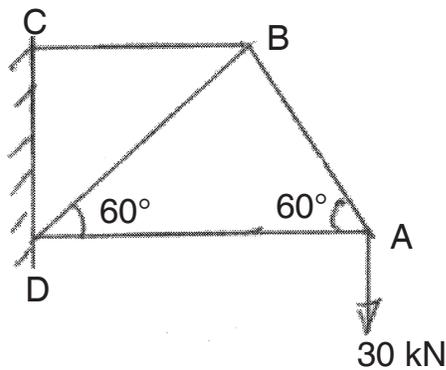


Fig. 1

- b) State and derive expression for parallel axis theorem.  
c) State and explain Lami's theorem.  
d) Find the magnitude and direction of the resultant for the two forces acting at point O as shown in Fig. 2.

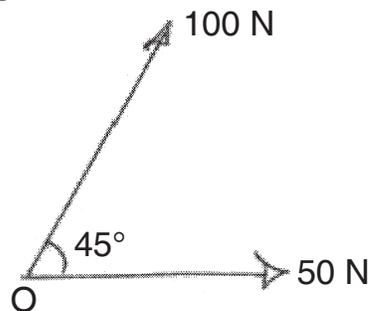
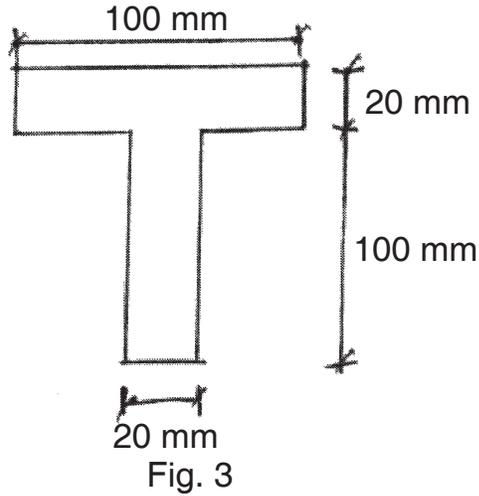


Fig. 2

e) Define and explain characteristics of couple.



f) Locate the centroidal XX axis for the T section given below in Fig. 3



3. Solve **any two** out of three :

16

a) Analyze the overhanging beam loaded as shown in Fig. 4 below

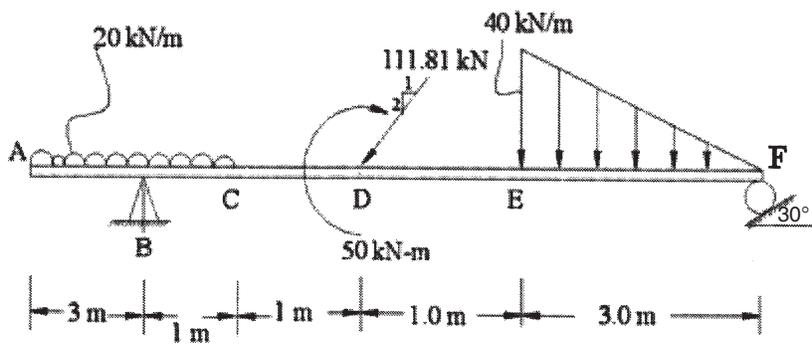


Fig. 4

b) Determine the magnitude and nature of the forces in the members BC, GC and GF of the truss shown in Fig. 5

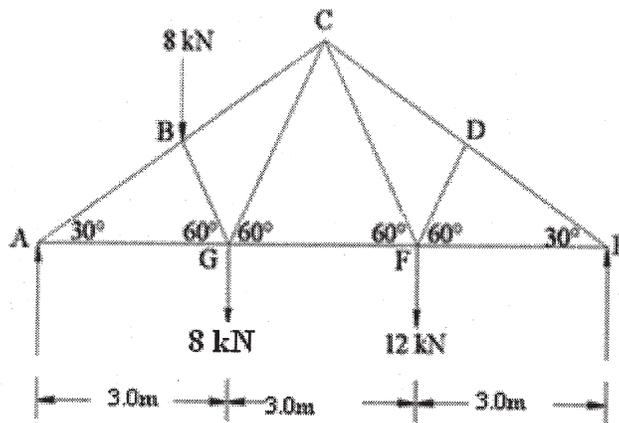


Fig. 5



- c) The cross section of a plain concrete culvert is as shown in Fig. 6. Determine the moment of inertia about the horizontal centroidal axis.

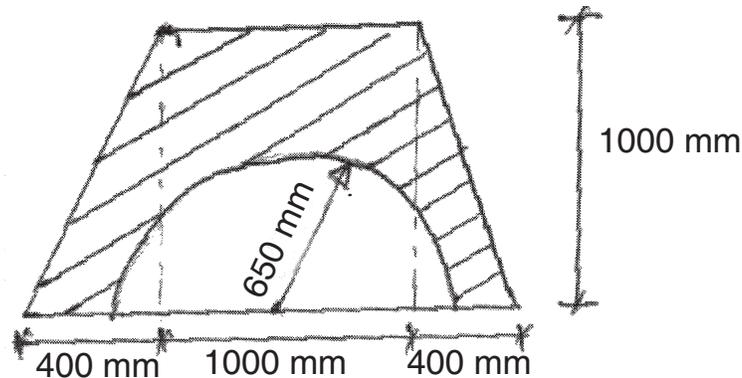


Fig. 6

4. Solve **any four** out of six :

12

- a) Derive equations of linear motion with uniform acceleration.
- b) A small steel ball is shot vertically upwards from the top of a building 20m above the ground with an initial velocity of 15 m/s. Find
  - i) In what time it will reach the maximum height.
  - ii) How high above the building will the ball rise ?
- c) Explain the need for banking of roads and superelevation of rails.
- d) The rotation of a flywheel is governed by the equation  $\omega = 3t^2 - 2t + 2$ , where  $\omega$  is in rad/sec and  $t$  is in sec. After 1 sec from the start, the angular displacement was 4 rad. Determine the angular displacement when  $t = 3$  sec.
- e) Enlist the types of motion curves and explain any one with neat sketch.
- f) A ball 'A' of mass 0.25 kg moving on smooth horizontal table with velocity of 10 m/s strikes on identical stationary ball 'B' on the table. Find velocity of the ball 'B' just after the impact. The impact is perfectly plastic. Refer Fig. 7.

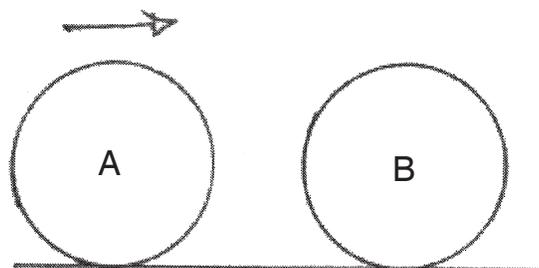


Fig. 7



5. Solve **any two** out of three :

16

- a) A bullet is fired upward at an angle of  $30^\circ$  with horizontal from point P on hill and hit the target which is 80 m lower than P. Initial velocity of bullet is 100 m/s. Calculate
  - i) the maximum height up to which bullet will reach above horizontal
  - ii) the velocity with which bullet strikes the ground
  - iii) total time of flight required.
- b) In what distance will body 1 shown in Fig. 8 attain a velocity of a 3 m/s starting from rest ? Take coefficient of friction between blocks and plane as 0.2. Assume pulley is smooth. What is the tension in the chord ?

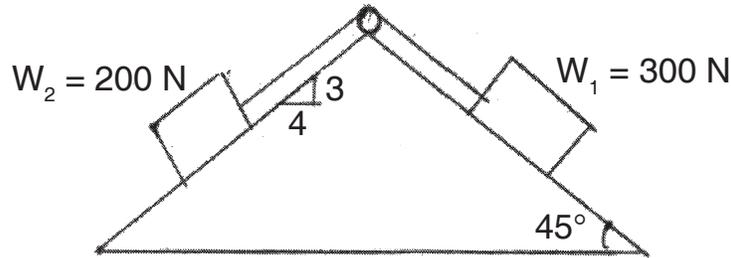


Fig. 8

- c) A body weighing 300 N is pushed up at  $30^\circ$  inclined plane while 400 N force acting parallel to the plane. If initial velocity of body is 1.5 m/s and coefficient of kinetic friction  $\mu = 0.2$ , what velocity will body have after moving 6 m ? Refer Fig. 9.

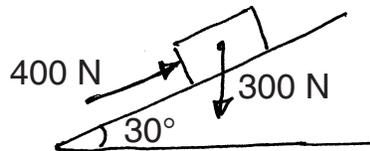


Fig. 9



Seat No.	
----------	--

Set	S
-----	---

**F.E. (Part – I) (CBCS) Examination, 2018  
APPLIED MECHANICS**

Day and Date : Friday, 4-5-2018  
Time : 10.00 a.m. to 1.00 p.m.

Total Marks : 70

- Instructions :** 1) Q. No. 1 is **compulsory**. It should be solved in **first 30 minutes** in Answer Book Page No. 3. **Each** question carries **one** mark.
- 2) **Answer MCQ/Objective type questions on Page No. 3 only. Don't forget to mention, Q.P. Set (P/Q/R/S) on Top of Page.**
- 3) Assume additional data, if required and state it **clearly**.
- 4) Figures to the **right** indicate **full** marks.

**MCQ/Objective Type Questions**

Duration : 30 Minutes

Marks : 14

1. Choose the correct alternatives (1 mark **each**) :

**(14×1=14)**

1) Time of flight of a projectile is given by

- a)  $\frac{u \sin \alpha}{g}$       b)  $\frac{u^2 \sin \alpha}{g}$       c)  $\frac{2u \sin \alpha}{g}$       d)  $\frac{2u \sin^2 \alpha}{g}$

2) The acceleration of a block sliding down on inclined plane is

- a) Same as acceleration due to gravity  
b) Less than acceleration due to gravity  
c) Greater than acceleration due to gravity  
d) Uniformly increasing

3) If coefficient of restitution is one, then the two bodies are

- a) Perfectly plastic      b) Partly elastic  
c) Perfectly elastic      d) None of these

4) The following category of energy is associated with conservation force

- a) Kinetic energy      b) Potential energy  
c) Energy lost due to friction      d) None of these



- 5) A lift is moving upwards with an acceleration 'g'. The pressure exerted by man on the floor of the lift is
- a) Equal to his weight                      b) Zero  
c) Double than his weight                d) None
- 6) The algebraic sum of the two forces forming a couple is always equal to
- a) Magnitude of one of the forces      b) Zero  
c) Negative number                        d) Positive number
- 7) If two forces  $F_1$  and  $F_2$  are acting on a particle and if  $\theta = 180^\circ$ , then the resultant of the two forces is given as
- a)  $F_1 + F_2$                       b)  $F_1 - F_2$                       c)  $F_1^2 + F_2^2$                       d) None of these
- 8) The ratio of static friction to dynamic friction is always
- a) = 1                                  b) < 1                                  c) > 1                                  d) None of these
- 9) In the method of sections for trusses, the section must be passed so as to cut not more than
- a) two members                              b) three members  
c) four members                              d) five members
- 10) For a truss if 'n' is number of members and 'j' is number of joints then it is said to be deficient when
- a)  $n < (2j - 3)$                       b)  $n > (2j - 3)$                       c)  $n = (2j - 3)$                       d)  $j = 2n - 3$
- 11) The moment of inertia of a rectangle of base 'b' and height 'h' about its base is
- a)  $\frac{bh^3}{36}$                                   b)  $\frac{bh^3}{24}$                                   c)  $\frac{bh^3}{12}$                                   d)  $\frac{bh^3}{3}$
- 12) Polar moment of inertia is given by
- a)  $I_{XX}/I_{YY}$                               b)  $I_{XX} - I_{YY}$                               c)  $I_{XX} + I_{YY}$                               d)  $I_{XX} \times I_{YY}$
- 13) A body is moving with a velocity of 2 m/sec. After 4 seconds the velocity of the body becomes 5 m/sec. The acceleration of the body is
- a) 0.5 m/sec<sup>2</sup>                              b) 0.75 m/sec<sup>2</sup>                              c) 1 m/sec<sup>2</sup>                              d) 1.5 m/sec<sup>2</sup>
- 14) The motion of a bicycle wheel is
- a) Linear    b) Rotary  
c) Translatory                                      d) Rotary as well as translatory
-



Seat No.	
----------	--

**F.E. (Part – I) (CBCS) Examination, 2018**  
**APPLIED MECHANICS**

Day and Date : Friday, 4-5-2018  
Time : 10.00 a.m. to 1.00 p.m.

Marks : 56

- Instructions :** 1) **All questions are compulsory.**  
2) Assume additional data, if required and state it **clearly.**  
3) Figures to the **right** indicate **full marks.**

2. Solve **any four** out of six : **12**

a) Calculate the forces in the members AB and AD of the truss shown in Fig. 1

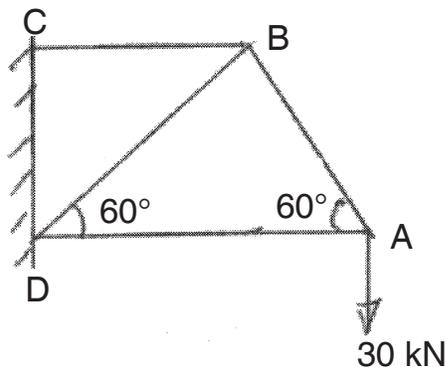


Fig. 1

- b) State and derive expression for parallel axis theorem.  
c) State and explain Lami's theorem.  
d) Find the magnitude and direction of the resultant for the two forces acting at point O as shown in Fig. 2.

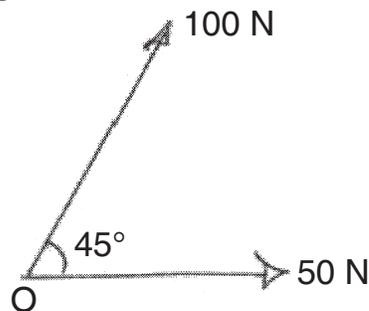
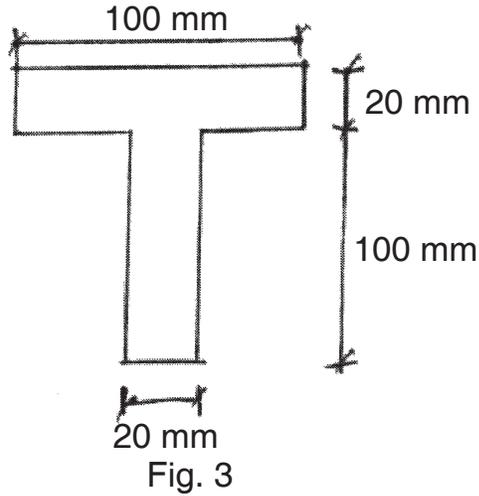


Fig. 2

e) Define and explain characteristics of couple.



f) Locate the centroidal XX axis for the T section given below in Fig. 3



3. Solve **any two** out of three :

16

a) Analyze the overhanging beam loaded as shown in Fig. 4 below

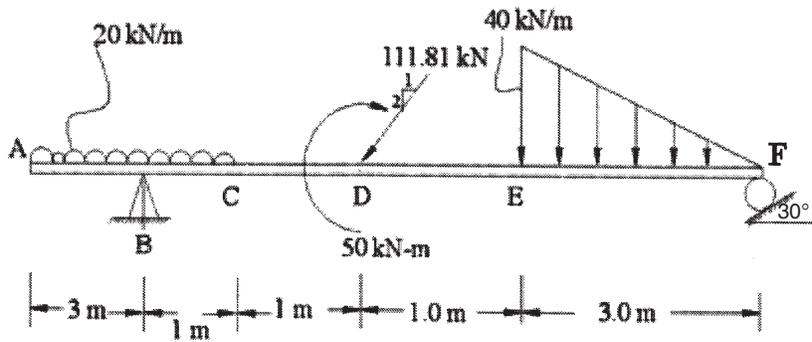


Fig. 4

b) Determine the magnitude and nature of the forces in the members BC, GC and GF of the truss shown in Fig. 5

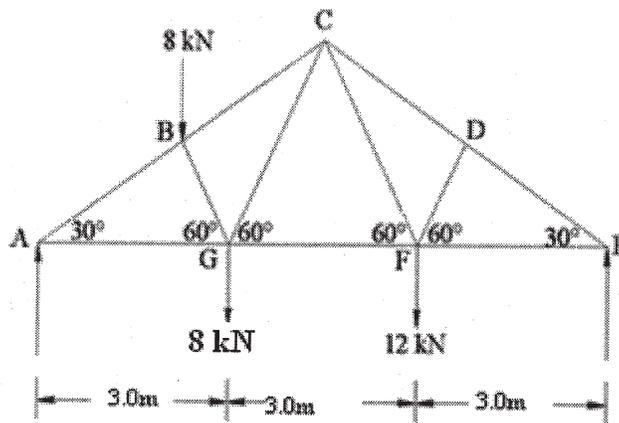


Fig. 5



- c) The cross section of a plain concrete culvert is as shown in Fig. 6. Determine the moment of inertia about the horizontal centroidal axis.

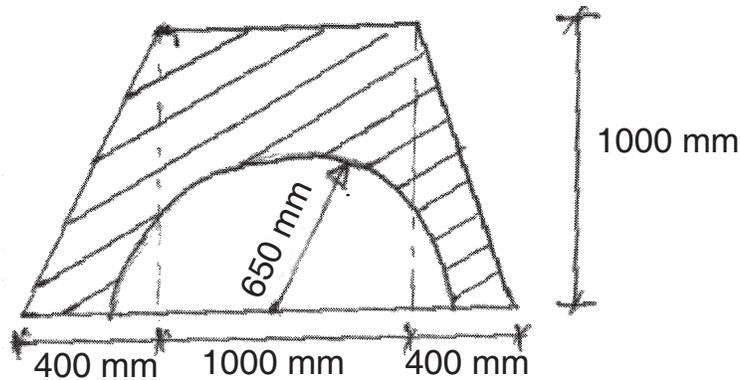


Fig. 6

4. Solve **any four** out of six :

12

- a) Derive equations of linear motion with uniform acceleration.
- b) A small steel ball is shot vertically upwards from the top of a building 20m above the ground with an initial velocity of 15 m/s. Find
  - i) In what time it will reach the maximum height.
  - ii) How high above the building will the ball rise ?
- c) Explain the need for banking of roads and superelevation of rails.
- d) The rotation of a flywheel is governed by the equation  $\omega = 3t^2 - 2t + 2$ , where  $\omega$  is in rad/sec and  $t$  is in sec. After 1 sec from the start, the angular displacement was 4 rad. Determine the angular displacement when  $t = 3$  sec.
- e) Enlist the types of motion curves and explain any one with neat sketch.
- f) A ball 'A' of mass 0.25 kg moving on smooth horizontal table with velocity of 10 m/s strikes on identical stationary ball 'B' on the table. Find velocity of the ball 'B' just after the impact. The impact is perfectly plastic. Refer Fig. 7.

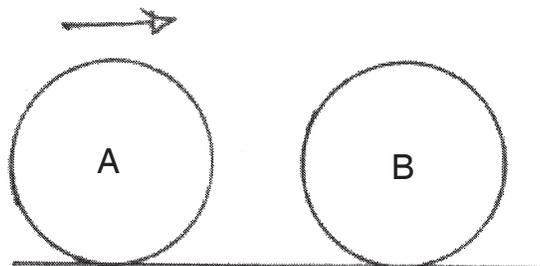


Fig. 7



5. Solve **any two** out of three :

16

- a) A bullet is fired upward at an angle of  $30^\circ$  with horizontal from point P on hill and hit the target which is 80 m lower than P. Initial velocity of bullet is 100 m/s. Calculate
- the maximum height up to which bullet will reach above horizontal
  - the velocity with which bullet strikes the ground
  - total time of flight required.
- b) In what distance will body 1 shown in Fig. 8 attain a velocity of a 3 m/s starting from rest ? Take coefficient of friction between blocks and plane as 0.2. Assume pulley is smooth. What is the tension in the chord ?

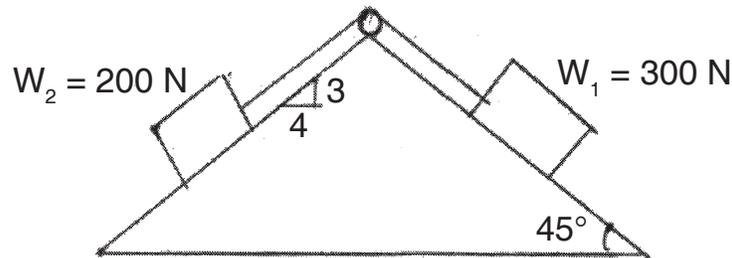


Fig. 8

- c) A body weighing 300 N is pushed up at  $30^\circ$  inclined plane while 400 N force acting parallel to the plane. If initial velocity of body is 1.5 m/s and coefficient of kinetic friction  $\mu = 0.2$ , what velocity will body have after moving 6 m ? Refer Fig. 9.

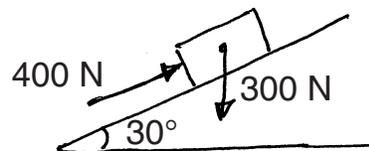


Fig. 9



Seat No.	
----------	--

Set	P
-----	---

**F.E. (Part – I) (CBCS) Examination, 2018  
BASIC ELECTRICAL ENGINEERING**

Day and Date : Saturday, 5-5-2018  
Time : 10.00 a.m. to 1.00 p.m.

Max. Marks : 70

**Instructions :** 1) Q. No. 1 is **compulsory**. It should be solved in **first 30 minutes** in Answer Book Page No. 3. **Each** question carries **one** mark.

2) **Answer MCQ/Objective type questions on Page No. 3 only. Don't forget to mention, Q.P. Set (P/Q/R/S) on Top of Page.**

**MCQ/Objective Type Questions**

Duration : 30 Minutes

Marks : 14

1. Choose the correct answer :

(14×1=14)

- 1) RMS value of supply voltage is 200 V then the maximum value is
  - a)  $200 \times$  Form factor
  - b)  $200 \times$  Power factor
  - c)  $200 \times$  Peak factor
  - d) None of these
- 2) A circuit has inductance of 2 H. If the circuit current changes at the rate of 10 A/second, then self induced emf is
  - a) 5 V
  - b) 0.2 V
  - c) 20 V
  - d) 10 V
- 3) 1 kWh is equivalent to \_\_\_\_\_ J.
  - a) 860
  - b) 4.186
  - c)  $36 \times 10^5$
  - d) 36000
- 4) Which of the following statement is true in case of a parallel circuit ?
  - a) Voltage drop across each resistance is same
  - b) Current flowing through each resistance is same
  - c) Applied voltage is equal to sum of voltage drops across individual resistances
  - d) Resistors are additive
- 5) Kirchoff's laws are applicable to
  - a) a.c. circuits
  - b) d.c. circuits
  - c) a.c., d.c. and magnetic circuits
  - d) None of these
- 6) Permeance of a magnetic circuit is \_\_\_\_\_ area of cross section of the circuit.
  - a) Inversely proportional to
  - b) Directly proportional to
  - c) Independent of
  - d) None of the above

P.T.O.





Seat No.	
----------	--

**F.E. (Part – I) (CBCS) Examination, 2018  
BASIC ELECTRICAL ENGINEERING**

Day and Date : Saturday, 5-5-2018  
Time : 10.00 a.m. to 1.00 p.m.

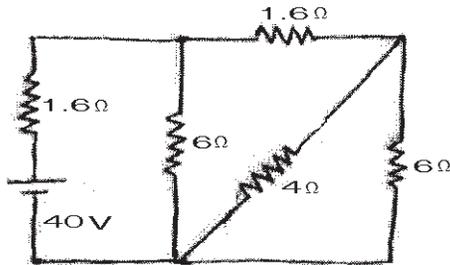
Marks : 56

SECTION – I

2. Attempt **any four** :

**(4×4=16)**

- a) The coil of an electromagnet, made up of copper has a resistance of  $4\Omega$  at a temperature of  $22^\circ\text{C}$ . After operating for 2 days, the coil current is 42 A at a terminal voltage of 210 V. Calculate the temperature of the coil at that time. Take temperature coefficient of resistance at  $0^\circ\text{C}$  to be  $0.00427/^\circ\text{C}$ .
- b) Using Kirchoff's laws, find current through  $4\Omega$  resistance.



- c) State maximum power transfer theorem. With neat diagram derive the condition for maximum power transfer in a circuit.
- d) The magnetic circuit has effective iron length of 105 cm and an air gap of 2.5 mm. It is wound with 825 turns. If the relative permeability of iron is 1175, find the flux density in the air gap when winding carries a current of 1.2 A. Neglect leakage and fringing.
- e) An immersion heater takes 1 hour to heat 50 kg of water from  $20^\circ\text{C}$  to boiling point. Calculate the power rating of the heater, assuming the heating equipment to have an efficiency of 90%.
- f) Define following terms :
  - i) Cycle
  - ii) Time period
  - iii) Frequency
  - iv) Phase difference

Set P

3. Solve **any two** : **(2×6=12)**

- a) A factory has 230 V supply from which following loads are taken.
- i) Lighting : Two hundred lamps of 150 W, four hundred lamps of 100 W and five hundred lamps of 60 W.
  - ii) Heating : 100 kW.
  - iii) Motors : Output power of 44.76 kW with an average efficiency of 80%.
  - iv) Other : Various loads taking a current of 25 A.

Assuming that the lighting load is on for a period of 4 hours/day, the heating load for 10 hours/day and remainder for 2 hours/day. Calculate the weekly consumption of the factory in units, when working on six days per week and electrical energy bill for week if rate is Rs. 5 per unit.

- b) State Faraday's laws of electromagnetic induction.  
A flux of 0.5 mwb is produced by a coil of 900 turns wound on a ring with a current of 3A in it . Calculate :
- i) The inductance of the coil.
  - ii) EMF induced in a coil when a current of 5 A is switched off, assuming the current to fall to zero in 1 ms.
- c) Define and derive the expression for an average value of a.c. sinusoidal voltage.

## SECTION – II

4. Attempt **any four** : **(4×4=16)**

- a) Derive the relation between voltage and current for a purely inductive circuit when A.C. supply is applied across it.
- b) A  $10\Omega$  resistor and  $400\mu\text{F}$  capacitor are connected in series to 60V supply. The circuit current is 5 A. Calculate supply frequency and phase angle between current and voltage.
- c) Derive an expression for induced emf in a transformer in terms of frequency, maximum flux and the number of turns on the winding.
- d) Explain working principle of 3 phase squirrel cage induction motor with its application.
- e) Derive the relation between line and phase voltages and currents in balanced star connected 3-phase load.



- f) R-L-C series circuit consists of resistance of  $12 \Omega$ , inductance of  $0.15 \text{ H}$  and capacitance of  $100 \mu\text{F}$ . The series circuit is connected across  $100 \text{ V}$ ,  $50 \text{ Hz}$  supply. Find,
- i) Impedance
  - ii) Power factor
  - iii) Current
  - iv) Power consumed by circuit.

5. Solve **any two** :

**(6×2=12)**

- a) A  $100 \text{ kVA}$  single phase transformer has iron loss of  $960 \text{ W}$ . The full load copper loss is  $1200 \text{ watts}$ . Calculate efficiency at
- i) Full load unity power factor
  - ii) Half load  $0.8$  lagging power factor.
- b) Three impedances  $10 + j0 \Omega$ ,  $6 + j8 \Omega$  and  $4 - j9 \Omega$  are connected in parallel across  $230 \text{ V}$ ,  $50 \text{ Hz}$  ac supply. Determine,
- i) Current in each branch
  - ii) Power factor of each branch
  - iii) Total current.
- c) Three coils, each having a resistances of  $5 \Omega$  and inductance of  $0.02 \text{ H}$  are connected in delta across a  $440 \text{ V}$ , 3-phase,  $50 \text{ Hz}$  supply. Calculate :
- i) Line current
  - ii) Line voltage
  - iii) Power factor
  - iv) Total power absorbed.
-







- 6) A 2000/200 V, 20 kVA ideal transformer has 66 turns in the secondary. The number of primary turns is  
a) 440                      b) 660                      c) 550                      d) 330
- 7) When the load is removed the motor that will run at the highest speed is the  
a) Shunt                      b) Series  
c) Cumulative compound                      d) Differentially compound
- 8) RMS value of supply voltage is 200 V then the maximum value is  
a)  $200 \times$  Form factor                      b)  $200 \times$  Power factor  
c)  $200 \times$  Peak factor                      d) None of these
- 9) A circuit has inductance of 2 H. If the circuit current changes at the rate of 10 A/second, then self induced emf is  
a) 5 V                      b) 0.2 V                      c) 20 V                      d) 10 V
- 10) 1 kWh is equivalent to \_\_\_\_\_ J.  
a) 860                      b) 4.186                      c)  $36 \times 10^5$                       d) 36000
- 11) Which of the following statement is true in case of a parallel circuit ?  
a) Voltage drop across each resistance is same  
b) Current flowing through each resistance is same  
c) Applied voltage is equal to sum of voltage drops across individual resistances  
d) Resistors are additive
- 12) Kirchoff's laws are applicable to  
a) a.c. circuits                      b) d.c. circuits  
c) a.c., d.c. and magnetic circuits                      d) None of these
- 13) Permeance of a magnetic circuit is \_\_\_\_\_ area of cross section of the circuit.  
a) Inversely proportional to                      b) Directly proportional to  
c) Independent of                      d) None of the above
- 14) If  $e_1 = A \sin \omega t$  and  $e_2 = B \sin (\omega t - \phi)$ , then  
a)  $e_1$  lags  $e_2$  by  $\phi$                       b)  $e_2$  lags  $e_1$  by  $\phi$   
c)  $e_2$  leads  $e_1$  by  $\phi$                       d)  $e_1$  is in phase with  $e_2$
-



Seat No.	
----------	--

**F.E. (Part – I) (CBCS) Examination, 2018  
BASIC ELECTRICAL ENGINEERING**

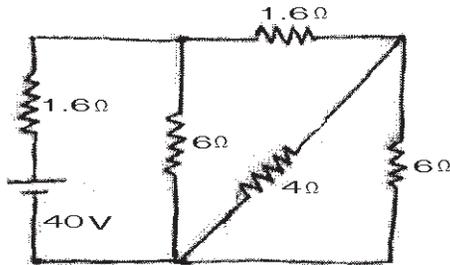
Day and Date : Saturday, 5-5-2018  
Time : 10.00 a.m. to 1.00 p.m.

Marks : 56

SECTION – I

2. Attempt **any four** : (4×4=16)

- a) The coil of an electromagnet, made up of copper has a resistance of  $4\Omega$  at a temperature of  $22^\circ\text{C}$ . After operating for 2 days, the coil current is 42 A at a terminal voltage of 210 V. Calculate the temperature of the coil at that time. Take temperature coefficient of resistance at  $0^\circ\text{C}$  to be  $0.00427/^\circ\text{C}$ .
- b) Using Kirchoff's laws, find current through  $4\Omega$  resistance.



- c) State maximum power transfer theorem. With neat diagram derive the condition for maximum power transfer in a circuit.
- d) The magnetic circuit has effective iron length of 105 cm and an air gap of 2.5 mm. It is wound with 825 turns. If the relative permeability of iron is 1175, find the flux density in the air gap when winding carries a current of 1.2 A. Neglect leakage and fringing.
- e) An immersion heater takes 1 hour to heat 50 kg of water from  $20^\circ\text{C}$  to boiling point. Calculate the power rating of the heater, assuming the heating equipment to have an efficiency of 90%.
- f) Define following terms :
  - i) Cycle
  - ii) Time period
  - iii) Frequency
  - iv) Phase difference

3. Solve **any two** : **(2×6=12)**

- a) A factory has 230 V supply from which following loads are taken.
- i) Lighting : Two hundred lamps of 150 W, four hundred lamps of 100 W and five hundred lamps of 60 W.
  - ii) Heating : 100 kW.
  - iii) Motors : Output power of 44.76 kW with an average efficiency of 80%.
  - iv) Other : Various loads taking a current of 25 A.

Assuming that the lighting load is on for a period of 4 hours/day, the heating load for 10 hours/day and remainder for 2 hours/day. Calculate the weekly consumption of the factory in units, when working on six days per week and electrical energy bill for week if rate is Rs. 5 per unit.

- b) State Faraday's laws of electromagnetic induction.  
A flux of 0.5 mwb is produced by a coil of 900 turns wound on a ring with a current of 3A in it . Calculate :
- i) The inductance of the coil.
  - ii) EMF induced in a coil when a current of 5 A is switched off, assuming the current to fall to zero in 1 ms.
- c) Define and derive the expression for an average value of a.c. sinusoidal voltage.

## SECTION – II

4. Attempt **any four** : **(4×4=16)**

- a) Derive the relation between voltage and current for a purely inductive circuit when A.C. supply is applied across it.
- b) A  $10\Omega$  resistor and  $400\mu\text{F}$  capacitor are connected in series to 60V supply. The circuit current is 5 A. Calculate supply frequency and phase angle between current and voltage.
- c) Derive an expression for induced emf in a transformer in terms of frequency, maximum flux and the number of turns on the winding.
- d) Explain working principle of 3 phase squirrel cage induction motor with its application.
- e) Derive the relation between line and phase voltages and currents in balanced star connected 3-phase load.



- f) R-L-C series circuit consists of resistance of  $12 \Omega$ , inductance of  $0.15 \text{ H}$  and capacitance of  $100 \mu\text{F}$ . The series circuit is connected across  $100 \text{ V}$ ,  $50 \text{ Hz}$  supply. Find,
  - i) Impedance
  - ii) Power factor
  - iii) Current
  - iv) Power consumed by circuit.

5. Solve **any two** :

**(6×2=12)**

- a) A  $100 \text{ kVA}$  single phase transformer has iron loss of  $960 \text{ W}$ . The full load copper loss is  $1200 \text{ watts}$ . Calculate efficiency at
    - i) Full load unity power factor
    - ii) Half load  $0.8$  lagging power factor.
  - b) Three impedances  $10 + j0 \Omega$ ,  $6 + j8 \Omega$  and  $4 - j9\Omega$  are connected in parallel across  $230 \text{ V}$ ,  $50 \text{ Hz}$  ac supply. Determine,
    - i) Current in each branch
    - ii) Power factor of each branch
    - iii) Total current.
  - c) Three coils, each having a resistances of  $5 \Omega$  and inductance of  $0.02 \text{ H}$  are connected in delta across a  $440 \text{ V}$ , 3-phase,  $50 \text{ Hz}$  supply. Calculate :
    - i) Line current
    - ii) Line voltage
    - iii) Power factor
    - iv) Total power absorbed.
-





Seat No.	
----------	--

Set 

R
---

**F.E. (Part – I) (CBCS) Examination, 2018  
BASIC ELECTRICAL ENGINEERING**

Day and Date : Saturday, 5-5-2018  
Time : 10.00 a.m. to 1.00 p.m.

Max. Marks : 70

**Instructions :** 1) Q. No. 1 is **compulsory**. It should be solved in **first 30 minutes** in Answer Book Page No. 3. **Each** question carries **one** mark.

2) **Answer MCQ/Objective type questions on Page No. 3 only. Don't forget to mention, Q.P. Set (P/Q/R/S) on Top of Page.**

**MCQ/Objective Type Questions**

Duration : 30 Minutes

Marks : 14

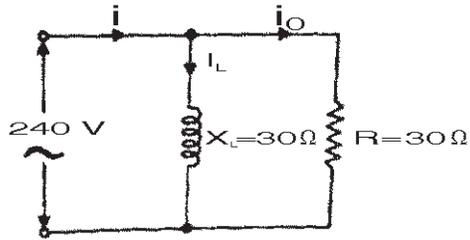
1. Choose the correct answer :

**(14×1=14)**

- 1) Kirchoff's laws are applicable to
  - a) a.c. circuits
  - b) d.c. circuits
  - c) a.c., d.c. and magnetic circuits
  - d) None of these
- 2) Permeance of a magnetic circuit is \_\_\_\_\_ area of cross section of the circuit.
  - a) Inversely proportional to
  - b) Directly proportional to
  - c) Independent of
  - d) None of the above
- 3) If  $e_1 = A \sin \omega t$  and  $e_2 = B \sin (\omega t - \phi)$ , then
  - a)  $e_1$  lags  $e_2$  by  $\phi$
  - b)  $e_2$  lags  $e_1$  by  $\phi$
  - c)  $e_2$  leads  $e_1$  by  $\phi$
  - d)  $e_1$  is in phase with  $e_2$
- 4) The impedance of purely capacitive circuit is given by
  - a)  $z = R - jX_c$
  - b)  $z = R + jX_c$
  - c)  $z = -jX_c$
  - d)  $z = R$
- 5) For an AC circuit of impedance  $Z = 3 + j4 \Omega$ , magnitude of the impedance is
  - a)  $\sqrt{3}$
  - b)  $\sqrt{(3+4)}$
  - c)  $\sqrt{4}$
  - d)  $\sqrt{(9+16)}$



6) Power taken by circuit shown in figure is,



- a) 480 W                      b) 1200 W                      c) 1920 W                      d) 1322.5 W
- 7) For a balanced three phase system the total power consumed is given by
- a)  $\sqrt{3} V_{ph} I_{ph} \cos\phi$                       b)  $V_{ph} I_{ph} \cos\phi$   
 c)  $\sqrt{3} V_L I_L \cos\phi$                       d)  $3 V_L I_L \cos\phi$
- 8) The emf induced in a transformer depends upon
- a) Frequency                      b) Number of turns  
 c) Maximum flux                      d) All of the above
- 9) A 2000/200 V, 20 kVA ideal transformer has 66 turns in the secondary. The number of primary turns is
- a) 440                      b) 660                      c) 550                      d) 330
- 10) When the load is removed the motor that will run at the highest speed is the
- a) Shunt                      b) Series  
 c) Cumulative compound                      d) Differentially compound
- 11) RMS value of supply voltage is 200 V then the maximum value is
- a)  $200 \times \text{Form factor}$                       b)  $200 \times \text{Power factor}$   
 c)  $200 \times \text{Peak factor}$                       d) None of these
- 12) A circuit has inductance of 2 H. If the circuit current changes at the rate of 10 A/second, then self induced emf is
- a) 5 V                      b) 0.2 V                      c) 20 V                      d) 10 V
- 13) 1 kWh is equivalent to \_\_\_\_\_ J.
- a) 860                      b) 4.186                      c)  $36 \times 10^5$                       d) 36000
- 14) Which of the following statement is true in case of a parallel circuit ?
- a) Voltage drop across each resistance is same  
 b) Current flowing through each resistance is same  
 c) Applied voltage is equal to sum of voltage drops across individual resistances  
 d) Resistors are additive



Seat No.	
----------	--

**F.E. (Part – I) (CBCS) Examination, 2018  
BASIC ELECTRICAL ENGINEERING**

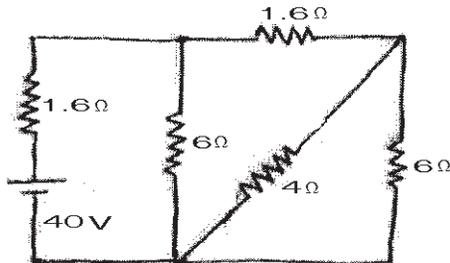
Day and Date : Saturday, 5-5-2018  
Time : 10.00 a.m. to 1.00 p.m.

Marks : 56

SECTION – I

2. Attempt **any four** : (4×4=16)

- a) The coil of an electromagnet, made up of copper has a resistance of  $4\Omega$  at a temperature of  $22^\circ\text{C}$ . After operating for 2 days, the coil current is 42 A at a terminal voltage of 210 V. Calculate the temperature of the coil at that time. Take temperature coefficient of resistance at  $0^\circ\text{C}$  to be  $0.00427/^\circ\text{C}$ .
- b) Using Kirchoff's laws, find current through  $4\Omega$  resistance.



- c) State maximum power transfer theorem. With neat diagram derive the condition for maximum power transfer in a circuit.
- d) The magnetic circuit has effective iron length of 105 cm and an air gap of 2.5 mm. It is wound with 825 turns. If the relative permeability of iron is 1175, find the flux density in the air gap when winding carries a current of 1.2 A. Neglect leakage and fringing.
- e) An immersion heater takes 1 hour to heat 50 kg of water from  $20^\circ\text{C}$  to boiling point. Calculate the power rating of the heater, assuming the heating equipment to have an efficiency of 90%.
- f) Define following terms :
  - i) Cycle
  - ii) Time period
  - iii) Frequency
  - iv) Phase difference

3. Solve **any two** : **(2×6=12)**

- a) A factory has 230 V supply from which following loads are taken.
- i) Lighting : Two hundred lamps of 150 W, four hundred lamps of 100 W and five hundred lamps of 60 W.
  - ii) Heating : 100 kW.
  - iii) Motors : Output power of 44.76 kW with an average efficiency of 80%.
  - iv) Other : Various loads taking a current of 25 A.

Assuming that the lighting load is on for a period of 4 hours/day, the heating load for 10 hours/day and remainder for 2 hours/day. Calculate the weekly consumption of the factory in units, when working on six days per week and electrical energy bill for week if rate is Rs. 5 per unit.

- b) State Faraday's laws of electromagnetic induction.  
A flux of 0.5 mwb is produced by a coil of 900 turns wound on a ring with a current of 3A in it . Calculate :
- i) The inductance of the coil.
  - ii) EMF induced in a coil when a current of 5 A is switched off, assuming the current to fall to zero in 1 ms.
- c) Define and derive the expression for an average value of a.c. sinusoidal voltage.

## SECTION – II

4. Attempt **any four** : **(4×4=16)**

- a) Derive the relation between voltage and current for a purely inductive circuit when A.C. supply is applied across it.
- b) A  $10\Omega$  resistor and  $400\mu\text{F}$  capacitor are connected in series to 60V supply. The circuit current is 5 A. Calculate supply frequency and phase angle between current and voltage.
- c) Derive an expression for induced emf in a transformer in terms of frequency, maximum flux and the number of turns on the winding.
- d) Explain working principle of 3 phase squirrel cage induction motor with its application.
- e) Derive the relation between line and phase voltages and currents in balanced star connected 3-phase load.



- f) R-L-C series circuit consists of resistance of  $12 \Omega$ , inductance of  $0.15 \text{ H}$  and capacitance of  $100 \mu\text{F}$ . The series circuit is connected across  $100 \text{ V}$ ,  $50 \text{ Hz}$  supply. Find,
- i) Impedance
  - ii) Power factor
  - iii) Current
  - iv) Power consumed by circuit.

5. Solve **any two** :

**(6×2=12)**

- a) A  $100 \text{ kVA}$  single phase transformer has iron loss of  $960 \text{ W}$ . The full load copper loss is  $1200 \text{ watts}$ . Calculate efficiency at
- i) Full load unity power factor
  - ii) Half load  $0.8$  lagging power factor.
- b) Three impedances  $10 + j0 \Omega$ ,  $6 + j8 \Omega$  and  $4 - j9\Omega$  are connected in parallel across  $230 \text{ V}$ ,  $50 \text{ Hz}$  ac supply. Determine,
- i) Current in each branch
  - ii) Power factor of each branch
  - iii) Total current.
- c) Three coils, each having a resistances of  $5 \Omega$  and inductance of  $0.02 \text{ H}$  are connected in delta across a  $440 \text{ V}$ , 3-phase,  $50 \text{ Hz}$  supply. Calculate :
- i) Line current
  - ii) Line voltage
  - iii) Power factor
  - iv) Total power absorbed.
-





Seat No.	
----------	--

Set	S
-----	---

F.E. (Part – I) (CBCS) Examination, 2018  
BASIC ELECTRICAL ENGINEERING

Day and Date : Saturday, 5-5-2018  
Time : 10.00 a.m. to 1.00 p.m.

Max. Marks : 70

**Instructions :** 1) Q. No. 1 is **compulsory**. It should be solved in **first 30 minutes** in Answer Book Page No. 3. **Each question carries one mark.**

2) **Answer MCQ/Objective type questions on Page No. 3 only. Don't forget to mention, Q.P. Set (P/Q/R/S) on Top of Page.**

**MCQ/Objective Type Questions**

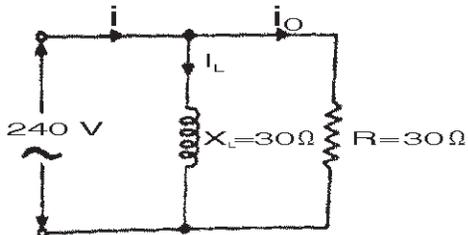
Duration : 30 Minutes

Marks : 14

1. Choose the correct answer :

(14×1=14)

1) Power taken by circuit shown in figure is,



- a) 480 W                      b) 1200 W                      c) 1920 W                      d) 1322.5 W
- 2) For a balanced three phase system the total power consumed is given by
- a)  $\sqrt{3} V_{ph} I_{ph} \cos \phi$                       b)  $V_{ph} I_{ph} \cos \phi$   
c)  $\sqrt{3} V_L I_L \cos \phi$                       d)  $3 V_L I_L \cos \phi$
- 3) The emf induced in a transformer depends upon
- a) Frequency                      b) Number of turns  
c) Maximum flux                      d) All of the above
- 4) A 2000/200 V, 20 kVA ideal transformer has 66 turns in the secondary. The number of primary turns is
- a) 440                      b) 660                      c) 550                      d) 330
- 5) When the load is removed the motor that will run at the highest speed is the
- a) Shunt                      b) Series  
c) Cumulative compound                      d) Differentially compound

P.T.O.





Seat No.	
----------	--

**F.E. (Part – I) (CBCS) Examination, 2018  
BASIC ELECTRICAL ENGINEERING**

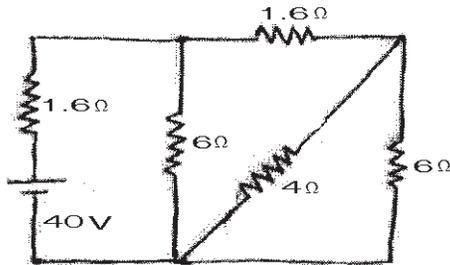
Day and Date : Saturday, 5-5-2018  
Time : 10.00 a.m. to 1.00 p.m.

Marks : 56

SECTION – I

2. Attempt **any four** : (4×4=16)

- a) The coil of an electromagnet, made up of copper has a resistance of  $4\Omega$  at a temperature of  $22^\circ\text{C}$ . After operating for 2 days, the coil current is 42 A at a terminal voltage of 210 V. Calculate the temperature of the coil at that time. Take temperature coefficient of resistance at  $0^\circ\text{C}$  to be  $0.00427/^\circ\text{C}$ .
- b) Using Kirchoff's laws, find current through  $4\Omega$  resistance.



- c) State maximum power transfer theorem. With neat diagram derive the condition for maximum power transfer in a circuit.
- d) The magnetic circuit has effective iron length of 105 cm and an air gap of 2.5 mm. It is wound with 825 turns. If the relative permeability of iron is 1175, find the flux density in the air gap when winding carries a current of 1.2 A. Neglect leakage and fringing.
- e) An immersion heater takes 1 hour to heat 50 kg of water from  $20^\circ\text{C}$  to boiling point. Calculate the power rating of the heater, assuming the heating equipment to have an efficiency of 90%.
- f) Define following terms :
  - i) Cycle
  - ii) Time period
  - iii) Frequency
  - iv) Phase difference

3. Solve **any two** : **(2×6=12)**

- a) A factory has 230 V supply from which following loads are taken.
- i) Lighting : Two hundred lamps of 150 W, four hundred lamps of 100 W and five hundred lamps of 60 W.
  - ii) Heating : 100 kW.
  - iii) Motors : Output power of 44.76 kW with an average efficiency of 80%.
  - iv) Other : Various loads taking a current of 25 A.

Assuming that the lighting load is on for a period of 4 hours/day, the heating load for 10 hours/day and remainder for 2 hours/day. Calculate the weekly consumption of the factory in units, when working on six days per week and electrical energy bill for week if rate is Rs. 5 per unit.

- b) State Faraday's laws of electromagnetic induction.  
A flux of 0.5 mwb is produced by a coil of 900 turns wound on a ring with a current of 3A in it . Calculate :
- i) The inductance of the coil.
  - ii) EMF induced in a coil when a current of 5 A is switched off, assuming the current to fall to zero in 1 ms.
- c) Define and derive the expression for an average value of a.c. sinusoidal voltage.

## SECTION – II

4. Attempt **any four** : **(4×4=16)**

- a) Derive the relation between voltage and current for a purely inductive circuit when A.C. supply is applied across it.
- b) A  $10\Omega$  resistor and  $400\mu\text{F}$  capacitor are connected in series to 60V supply. The circuit current is 5 A. Calculate supply frequency and phase angle between current and voltage.
- c) Derive an expression for induced emf in a transformer in terms of frequency, maximum flux and the number of turns on the winding.
- d) Explain working principle of 3 phase squirrel cage induction motor with its application.
- e) Derive the relation between line and phase voltages and currents in balanced star connected 3-phase load.



- f) R-L-C series circuit consists of resistance of  $12 \Omega$ , inductance of  $0.15 \text{ H}$  and capacitance of  $100 \mu\text{F}$ . The series circuit is connected across  $100 \text{ V}$ ,  $50 \text{ Hz}$  supply. Find,
- i) Impedance
  - ii) Power factor
  - iii) Current
  - iv) Power consumed by circuit.

5. Solve **any two** :

**(6×2=12)**

- a) A  $100 \text{ kVA}$  single phase transformer has iron loss of  $960 \text{ W}$ . The full load copper loss is  $1200 \text{ watts}$ . Calculate efficiency at
- i) Full load unity power factor
  - ii) Half load  $0.8$  lagging power factor.
- b) Three impedances  $10 + j0 \Omega$ ,  $6 + j8 \Omega$  and  $4 - j9\Omega$  are connected in parallel across  $230 \text{ V}$ ,  $50 \text{ Hz}$  ac supply. Determine,
- i) Current in each branch
  - ii) Power factor of each branch
  - iii) Total current.
- c) Three coils, each having a resistances of  $5 \Omega$  and inductance of  $0.02 \text{ H}$  are connected in delta across a  $440 \text{ V}$ , 3-phase,  $50 \text{ Hz}$  supply. Calculate :
- i) Line current
  - ii) Line voltage
  - iii) Power factor
  - iv) Total power absorbed.
-





SLR-TC – 4

Seat No.	
----------	--

Set	P
-----	---

**F.E. (Part – I) (CBCS) Examination, 2018  
BASIC MECHANICAL ENGINEERING**

Day and Date : Monday, 7-5-2018  
Time : 10.00 a.m. to 1.00 p.m.

Total Marks : 70

- Instructions :** 1) Q. No. 1 is **compulsory**. It should be solved in **first 30 minutes** in Answer Book Page No. 3. **Each** question carries **one** mark.
- 2) **Answer MCQ/Objective type questions on Page No. 3 only. Don't forget to mention, Q.P. Set (P/Q/R/S) on Top of Page.**

**MCQ/Objective Type Questions**

Duration : 30 Minutes

Marks : 14

1. Choose the correct answer :

**(14×1=14)**

- 1) An isothermal process is governed by
  - a) Boyle's law
  - b) Charle's law
  - c) Joules law
  - d) Gay Lussac's law
- 2) Pollution in the form of smoke and ash is associated with
  - a) Thermal power plant
  - b) Hydro power plant
  - c) Nuclear power plant
  - d) Diesel power plant
- 3) Which of the following power plant requires maximum area ?
  - a) Steam power plant
  - b) Gas power plant
  - c) Nuclear power plant
  - d) Diesel power plant
- 4) Internal energy of gas is given by
  - a)  $du = C_p \times dt$
  - b)  $du = C_v \times dt$
  - c)  $du = c_p \times c_v \times dt$
  - d) none of above
- 5) Conversion of all the heat into equivalent amount of work is impossible according to
  - a) Zeroth law of thermodynamics
  - b) 1<sup>st</sup> law of thermodynamics
  - c) 2<sup>nd</sup> law of thermodynamics
  - d) 3<sup>rd</sup> law of thermodynamics

P.T.O.



- 6) In split air conditioner
- a) All components are placed in compact box
  - b) Compressor and condenser are placed outside the room
  - c) Compressor and condenser are placed inside the room
  - d) Evaporator is outside the room
- 7) Which of the following is an impulse turbine ?
- a) Pelton wheel
  - b) Francis turbine
  - c) Kaplan turbine
  - d) None of above
- 8) Which of the following drive is associated with slip phenomenon ?
- a) Belt drive
  - b) Chain drive
  - c) Gear drive
  - d) None of these
- 9) Enhancing the beauty and symmetry of product is taken in following design
- a) Ergonomic consideration
  - b) Aesthetic consideration
  - c) Refrigeration
  - d) Air conditioning
- 10) The property of material which enables to be drawn into wires
- a) Toughness
  - b) Hardness
  - c) Malleability
  - d) Ductility
- 11) Which of the following is constant volume cycle ?
- a) Otto cycle
  - b) Diesel cycle
  - c) Rankine cycle
  - d) None of these
- 12) In two stroke engine one power stroke is obtained in
- a) One revolution of crankshaft
  - b) Two revolution of crankshaft
  - c) Four revolution of crankshaft
  - d) None
- 13) Generally sheet metals are welded by following joining process
- a) Arc welding
  - b) Spot welding
  - c) TIG welding
  - d) None of these
- 14) In which of the following process diameter of workpiece is reduced ?
- a) Facing
  - b) Knurling
  - c) Turning
  - d) Parting off
-



Seat No.	
----------	--

**F.E. (Part – I) (CBCS) Examination, 2018  
BASIC MECHANICAL ENGINEERING**

Day and Date : Monday, 7-5-2018  
Time : 10.00 a.m. to 1.00 p.m.

Marks : 56

- Instructions :**
- 1) **Neat diagrams must be drawn whenever necessary.**
  - 2) **Make suitable assumptions, if necessary and mention them clearly.**
  - 3) **Figures to the right indicate full marks.**
  - 4) **Q. No. 2 and Q. No. 4 are short answer type question.**
  - 5) **Q. 3 and Q. 5 are long answer type question.**
  - 6) **Use of log tables and non-programmable single memory calculator is allowed.**

SECTION – I

2. Answer **any five** of the following : **15**

- a) Explain thermodynamic equilibrium in brief.
- b) A system undergoes a cycle consisting of 4 processes. The heat and work transfer are tabulated below. Prove that the table is consistent with first law of thermodynamics. Determine change in internal energy for each process.

Process	Q(kJ)	W (kJ-m)
1 – 2	1700	495
2 – 3	-1600	0
3 – 4	-900	-255
4 – 1	1040	0

- c) Draw a neat sketch of window air conditioner. Label the parts.
- d) Derive an expression of work done in polytropic process.
- e) Explain in brief working of single acting reciprocating pump.
- f) Differentiate between impulse and reaction turbine.
- g) Compare BWR and PWR.

3. Solve **any one** out of **a)** and **b)** and solve **any two** out of **c)** to **f)** : **13**

- a) Steam enters a steam turbine with a velocity of 40 m/s and enthalpy of 2500 kJ/kg and leaves with a velocity of 90 m/s and enthalpy of 2030 J/kg. The heat lost from the turbine to the surroundings is 240 kJ/min. Find the power developed by the turbine if the steam flow rate is 7200 kg/hr. **5**

**Set P**



- b) With the help of neat sketch explain working of steam (thermal) power plant. 5
- c) Air having specific volume of  $0.3 \text{ m}^3/\text{kg}$  and pressure  $5.5 \text{ bar}$  expands polytropically until its specific volume becomes  $0.5 \text{ m}^3/\text{kg}$ . The expansion follows the law  $pv^{1.3} = C$ . For  $1 \text{ kg}$  mass, calculate work done and change in internal energy during the process. Take  $R = 287 \text{ Nm/kgK}$  and  $C_v = 0.7 \text{ kJ/kgK}$  for air. 4
- d) Explain the working of centrifugal compressor with the help of neat sketch. What is the function of diffuser ring ? 4
- e) With the help of neat sketch explain working of hydroelectric power plant. 4
- f) A fluid system undergoes a non-flow frictionless process following the pressure volume relation as  $p = (4.5/v) + 2$  where 'p' is in bar and 'v' is in  $\text{m}^3$ . During the process, the volume changes from  $0.12 \text{ m}^3$  to  $0.04 \text{ m}^3$ . The system rejects  $40 \text{ kJ}$  of heat. Determine the work done and change in internal energy. 4

## SECTION – II

4. Answer **any five** of the following : (5×3=15)
- What are various applications of I.C. engines ?
  - How velocity ratio is determined in compound belt drives ?
  - Write a note on chain drive.
  - Explain creative design, adoptive design and development design.
  - Explain the terms : Brittleness, Malleability and ductility.
  - Explain the processes of diesel cycle using P-V diagram.
  - Write a note on soldering process.
5. Solve **any one** out of **a)** and **b)** and solve **any two** out of **c) to f)** : 13
- A cross belt connects two pulleys of  $500 \text{ mm}$  diameter,  $2 \text{ m}$  apart. The initial tension in the belt is  $500 \text{ N}$ . If the coefficient of friction between belt and pulley is  $0.3$ , find the power transmitted at  $700 \text{ rpm}$ . Also calculate the length of the belt. 5
  - Explain riveting process and types of riveted joints. 5
  - A 4-stroke engine working on Otto cycle has a swept volume of  $0.1 \text{ m}^3$ . The compression ratio is  $7$ . The condition at the start of the cycle: pressure  $0.1 \text{ MPa}$  and temperature  $90^\circ\text{C}$ . The heat addition at constant volume is  $100 \text{ kJ/cycle}$ . Find air standard efficiency and temperatures at key points in the cycle. Assume air as working substance,  $C_v = 0.718 \text{ kJ/kgK}$  and  $\gamma = 1.4$ . 4
  - Explain aesthetic considerations in design. 4
  - Explain various processes performed on drilling machine. 4
  - Explain with neat sketch manual metal arc welding, write advantages, disadvantages. 4



SLR-TC – 4

Seat No.	
----------	--

Set	Q
-----	---

**F.E. (Part – I) (CBCS) Examination, 2018  
BASIC MECHANICAL ENGINEERING**

Day and Date : Monday, 7-5-2018  
Time : 10.00 a.m. to 1.00 p.m.

Total Marks : 70

- Instructions :** 1) Q. No. 1 is **compulsory**. It should be solved in **first 30 minutes** in Answer Book Page No. 3. **Each** question carries **one** mark.  
2) **Answer MCQ/Objective type questions on Page No. 3 only. Don't forget to mention, Q.P. Set (P/Q/R/S) on Top of Page.**

**MCQ/Objective Type Questions**

Duration : 30 Minutes

Marks : 14

1. Choose the correct answer :

(14×1=14)

- 1) Which of the following drive is associated with slip phenomenon ?
  - a) Belt drive
  - b) Chain drive
  - c) Gear drive
  - d) None of these
- 2) Enhancing the beauty and symmetry of product is taken in following design
  - a) Ergonomic consideration
  - b) Aesthetic consideration
  - c) Refrigeration
  - d) Air conditioning
- 3) The property of material which enables to be drawn into wires
  - a) Toughness
  - b) Hardness
  - c) Malleability
  - d) Ductility
- 4) Which of the following is constant volume cycle ?
  - a) Otto cycle
  - b) Diesel cycle
  - c) Rankine cycle
  - d) None of these
- 5) In two stroke engine one power stroke is obtained in
  - a) One revolution of crankshaft
  - b) Two revolution of crankshaft
  - c) Four revolution of crankshaft
  - d) None

P.T.O.





Seat No.	
-------------	--

**F.E. (Part – I) (CBCS) Examination, 2018  
BASIC MECHANICAL ENGINEERING**

Day and Date : Monday, 7-5-2018  
Time : 10.00 a.m. to 1.00 p.m.

Marks : 56

- Instructions :**
- 1) **Neat diagrams must be drawn whenever necessary.**
  - 2) **Make suitable assumptions, if necessary and mention them clearly.**
  - 3) **Figures to the right indicate full marks.**
  - 4) **Q. No. 2 and Q. No. 4 are short answer type question.**
  - 5) **Q. 3 and Q. 5 are long answer type question.**
  - 6) **Use of log tables and non-programmable single memory calculator is allowed.**

SECTION – I

2. Answer **any five** of the following : **15**

- a) Explain thermodynamic equilibrium in brief.
- b) A system undergoes a cycle consisting of 4 processes. The heat and work transfer are tabulated below. Prove that the table is consistent with first law of thermodynamics. Determine change in internal energy for each process.

Process	Q(kJ)	W (kJ-m)
1 – 2	1700	495
2 – 3	-1600	0
3 – 4	-900	-255
4 – 1	1040	0

- c) Draw a neat sketch of window air conditioner. Label the parts.
- d) Derive an expression of work done in polytropic process.
- e) Explain in brief working of single acting reciprocating pump.
- f) Differentiate between impulse and reaction turbine.
- g) Compare BWR and PWR.

3. Solve **any one** out of **a)** and **b)** and solve **any two** out of **c)** to **f)** : **13**

- a) Steam enters a steam turbine with a velocity of 40 m/s and enthalpy of 2500 kJ/kg and leaves with a velocity of 90 m/s and enthalpy of 2030 J/kg. The heat lost from the turbine to the surroundings is 240 kJ/min. Find the power developed by the turbine if the steam flow rate is 7200 kg/hr. **5**



- b) With the help of neat sketch explain working of steam (thermal) power plant. 5
- c) Air having specific volume of  $0.3 \text{ m}^3/\text{kg}$  and pressure  $5.5 \text{ bar}$  expands polytropically until its specific volume becomes  $0.5 \text{ m}^3/\text{kg}$ . The expansion follows the law  $pv^{1.3} = C$ . For  $1 \text{ kg}$  mass, calculate work done and change in internal energy during the process. Take  $R = 287 \text{ Nm/kgK}$  and  $C_v = 0.7 \text{ kJ/kgK}$  for air. 4
- d) Explain the working of centrifugal compressor with the help of neat sketch. What is the function of diffuser ring ? 4
- e) With the help of neat sketch explain working of hydroelectric power plant. 4
- f) A fluid system undergoes a non-flow frictionless process following the pressure volume relation as  $p = (4.5/v) + 2$  where 'p' is in bar and 'v' is in  $\text{m}^3$ . During the process, the volume changes from  $0.12 \text{ m}^3$  to  $0.04 \text{ m}^3$ . The system rejects  $40 \text{ kJ}$  of heat. Determine the work done and change in internal energy. 4

## SECTION – II

4. Answer **any five** of the following : (5×3=15)
- What are various applications of I.C. engines ?
  - How velocity ratio is determined in compound belt drives ?
  - Write a note on chain drive.
  - Explain creative design, adoptive design and development design.
  - Explain the terms : Brittleness, Malleability and ductility.
  - Explain the processes of diesel cycle using P-V diagram.
  - Write a note on soldering process.
5. Solve **any one** out of **a)** and **b)** and solve **any two** out of **c)** to **f)** : 13
- A cross belt connects two pulleys of  $500 \text{ mm}$  diameter,  $2 \text{ m}$  apart. The initial tension in the belt is  $500 \text{ N}$ . If the coefficient of friction between belt and pulley is  $0.3$ , find the power transmitted at  $700 \text{ rpm}$ . Also calculate the length of the belt. 5
  - Explain riveting process and types of riveted joints. 5
  - A 4-stroke engine working on Otto cycle has a swept volume of  $0.1 \text{ m}^3$ . The compression ratio is  $7$ . The condition at the start of the cycle: pressure  $0.1 \text{ MPa}$  and temperature  $90^\circ\text{C}$ . The heat addition at constant volume is  $100 \text{ kJ/cycle}$ . Find air standard efficiency and temperatures at key points in the cycle. Assume air as working substance,  $C_v = 0.718 \text{ kJ/kgK}$  and  $\gamma = 1.4$ .
  - Explain aesthetic considerations in design. 4
  - Explain various processes performed on drilling machine. 4
  - Explain with neat sketch manual metal arc welding, write advantages, disadvantages. 4



SLR-TC – 4

Seat No.	
----------	--

Set	R
-----	---

**F.E. (Part – I) (CBCS) Examination, 2018  
BASIC MECHANICAL ENGINEERING**

Day and Date : Monday, 7-5-2018  
Time : 10.00 a.m. to 1.00 p.m.

Total Marks : 70

- Instructions :** 1) Q. No. 1 is **compulsory**. It should be solved in **first 30 minutes** in Answer Book Page No. 3. **Each** question carries **one** mark.
- 2) **Answer MCQ/Objective type questions on Page No. 3 only. Don't forget to mention, Q.P. Set (P/Q/R/S) on Top of Page.**

**MCQ/Objective Type Questions**

Duration : 30 Minutes

Marks : 14

1. Choose the correct answer :

**(14×1=14)**

- 1) Conversion of all the heat into equivalent amount of work is impossible according to
- a) Zeroth law of thermodynamics      b) 1<sup>st</sup> law of thermodynamics  
c) 2<sup>nd</sup> law of thermodynamics      d) 3<sup>rd</sup> law of thermodynamics
- 2) In split air conditioner
- a) All components are placed in compact box  
b) Compressor and condenser are placed outside the room  
c) Compressor and condenser are placed inside the room  
d) Evaporator is outside the room
- 3) Which of the following is an impulse turbine ?
- a) Pelton wheel      b) Francis turbine  
c) Kaplan turbine      d) None of above
- 4) Which of the following drive is associated with slip phenomenon ?
- a) Belt drive      b) Chain drive  
c) Gear drive      d) None of these

P.T.O.



- 5) Enhancing the beauty and symmetry of product is taken in following design  
a) Ergonomic consideration                      b) Aesthetic consideration  
c) Refrigeration                                      d) Air conditioning
- 6) The property of material which enables to be drawn into wires  
a) Toughness              b) Hardness              c) Malleability              d) Ductility
- 7) Which of the following is constant volume cycle ?  
a) Otto cycle    b) Diesel cycle  
c) Rankine cycle    d) None of these
- 8) In two stroke engine one power stroke is obtained in  
a) One revolution of crankshaft                      b) Two revolution of crankshaft  
c) Four revolution of crankshaft                      d) None
- 9) Generally sheet metals are welded by following joining process  
a) Arc welding    b) Spot welding  
c) TIG welding    d) None of these
- 10) In which of the following process diameter of workpiece is reduced ?  
a) Facing                      b) Knurling                      c) Turning                      d) Parting off
- 11) An isothermal process is governed by  
a) Boyle's law    b) Charle's law  
c) Joules law    d) Gay Lussac's law
- 12) Pollution in the form of smoke and ash is associated with  
a) Thermal power plant                                      b) Hydro power plant  
c) Nuclear power plant                                      d) Diesel power plant
- 13) Which of the following power plant requires maximum area ?  
a) Steam power plant                                      b) Gas power plant  
c) Nuclear power plant                                      d) Diesel power plant
- 14) Internal energy of gas is given by  
a)  $du = C_p \times dt$     b)  $du = C_v \times dt$   
c)  $du = c_p \times c_v \times dt$     d) none of above
-



Seat No.	
-------------	--

**F.E. (Part – I) (CBCS) Examination, 2018  
BASIC MECHANICAL ENGINEERING**

Day and Date : Monday, 7-5-2018  
Time : 10.00 a.m. to 1.00 p.m.

Marks : 56

- Instructions :**
- 1) **Neat diagrams must be drawn whenever necessary.**
  - 2) **Make suitable assumptions, if necessary and mention them clearly.**
  - 3) **Figures to the right indicate full marks.**
  - 4) **Q. No. 2 and Q. No. 4 are short answer type question.**
  - 5) **Q. 3 and Q. 5 are long answer type question.**
  - 6) **Use of log tables and non-programmable single memory calculator is allowed.**

SECTION – I

2. Answer **any five** of the following : **15**

- a) Explain thermodynamic equilibrium in brief.
- b) A system undergoes a cycle consisting of 4 processes. The heat and work transfer are tabulated below. Prove that the table is consistent with first law of thermodynamics. Determine change in internal energy for each process.

Process	Q(kJ)	W (kJ-m)
1 – 2	1700	495
2 – 3	-1600	0
3 – 4	-900	-255
4 – 1	1040	0

- c) Draw a neat sketch of window air conditioner. Label the parts.
- d) Derive an expression of work done in polytropic process.
- e) Explain in brief working of single acting reciprocating pump.
- f) Differentiate between impulse and reaction turbine.
- g) Compare BWR and PWR.

3. Solve **any one** out of **a)** and **b)** and solve **any two** out of **c)** to **f)** : **13**

- a) Steam enters a steam turbine with a velocity of 40 m/s and enthalpy of 2500 kJ/kg and leaves with a velocity of 90 m/s and enthalpy of 2030 J/kg. The heat lost from the turbine to the surroundings is 240 kJ/min. Find the power developed by the turbine if the steam flow rate is 7200 kg/hr. **5**



- b) With the help of neat sketch explain working of steam (thermal) power plant. 5
- c) Air having specific volume of  $0.3 \text{ m}^3/\text{kg}$  and pressure  $5.5 \text{ bar}$  expands polytropically until its specific volume becomes  $0.5 \text{ m}^3/\text{kg}$ . The expansion follows the law  $pv^{1.3} = C$ . For  $1 \text{ kg}$  mass, calculate work done and change in internal energy during the process. Take  $R = 287 \text{ Nm/kgK}$  and  $C_v = 0.7 \text{ kJ/kgK}$  for air. 4
- d) Explain the working of centrifugal compressor with the help of neat sketch. What is the function of diffuser ring ? 4
- e) With the help of neat sketch explain working of hydroelectric power plant. 4
- f) A fluid system undergoes a non-flow frictionless process following the pressure volume relation as  $p = (4.5/v) + 2$  where 'p' is in bar and 'v' is in  $\text{m}^3$ . During the process, the volume changes from  $0.12 \text{ m}^3$  to  $0.04 \text{ m}^3$ . The system rejects  $40 \text{ kJ}$  of heat. Determine the work done and change in internal energy. 4

## SECTION – II

4. Answer **any five** of the following : (5×3=15)
- What are various applications of I.C. engines ?
  - How velocity ratio is determined in compound belt drives ?
  - Write a note on chain drive.
  - Explain creative design, adoptive design and development design.
  - Explain the terms : Brittleness, Malleability and ductility.
  - Explain the processes of diesel cycle using P-V diagram.
  - Write a note on soldering process.
5. Solve **any one** out of **a)** and **b)** and solve **any two** out of **c)** to **f)** : 13
- A cross belt connects two pulleys of  $500 \text{ mm}$  diameter,  $2 \text{ m}$  apart. The initial tension in the belt is  $500 \text{ N}$ . If the coefficient of friction between belt and pulley is  $0.3$ , find the power transmitted at  $700 \text{ rpm}$ . Also calculate the length of the belt. 5
  - Explain riveting process and types of riveted joints. 5
  - A 4-stroke engine working on Otto cycle has a swept volume of  $0.1 \text{ m}^3$ . The compression ratio is  $7$ . The condition at the start of the cycle: pressure  $0.1 \text{ MPa}$  and temperature  $90^\circ\text{C}$ . The heat addition at constant volume is  $100 \text{ kJ/cycle}$ . Find air standard efficiency and temperatures at key points in the cycle. Assume air as working substance,  $C_v = 0.718 \text{ kJ/kgK}$  and  $\gamma = 1.4$ . 4
  - Explain aesthetic considerations in design. 4
  - Explain various processes performed on drilling machine. 4
  - Explain with neat sketch manual metal arc welding, write advantages, disadvantages. 4



SLR-TC – 4

Seat No.	
----------	--

Set	S
-----	---

**F.E. (Part – I) (CBCS) Examination, 2018  
BASIC MECHANICAL ENGINEERING**

Day and Date : Monday, 7-5-2018  
Time : 10.00 a.m. to 1.00 p.m.

Total Marks : 70

- Instructions :** 1) Q. No. 1 is **compulsory**. It should be solved in **first 30 minutes** in Answer Book Page No. 3. **Each** question carries **one** mark.
- 2) **Answer MCQ/Objective type questions on Page No. 3 only. Don't forget to mention, Q.P. Set (P/Q/R/S) on Top of Page.**

**MCQ/Objective Type Questions**

Duration : 30 Minutes

Marks : 14

1. Choose the correct answer :

(14×1=14)

- 1) The property of material which enables to be drawn into wires  
a) Toughness      b) Hardness      c) Malleability      d) Ductility
- 2) Which of the following is constant volume cycle ?  
a) Otto cycle      b) Diesel cycle  
c) Rankine cycle      d) None of these
- 3) In two stroke engine one power stroke is obtained in  
a) One revolution of crankshaft      b) Two revolution of crankshaft  
c) Four revolution of crankshaft      d) None
- 4) Generally sheet metals are welded by following joining process  
a) Arc welding      b) Spot welding  
c) TIG welding      d) None of these
- 5) In which of the following process diameter of workpiece is reduced ?  
a) Facing      b) Knurling      c) Turning      d) Parting off
- 6) An isothermal process is governed by  
a) Boyle's law      b) Charle's law  
c) Joules law      d) Gay Lussac's law

P.T.O.



- 7) Pollution in the form of smoke and ash is associated with
- a) Thermal power plant
  - b) Hydro power plant
  - c) Nuclear power plant
  - d) Diesel power plant
- 8) Which of the following power plant requires maximum area ?
- a) Steam power plant
  - b) Gas power plant
  - c) Nuclear power plant
  - d) Diesel power plant
- 9) Internal energy of gas is given by
- a)  $du = C_p \times dt$
  - b)  $du = C_v \times dt$
  - c)  $du = c_p \times c_v \times dt$
  - d) none of above
- 10) Conversion of all the heat into equivalent amount of work is impossible according to
- a) Zeroth law of thermodynamics
  - b) 1<sup>st</sup> law of thermodynamics
  - c) 2<sup>nd</sup> law of thermodynamics
  - d) 3<sup>rd</sup> law of thermodynamics
- 11) In split air conditioner
- a) All components are placed in compact box
  - b) Compressor and condenser are placed outside the room
  - c) Compressor and condenser are placed inside the room
  - d) Evaporator is outside the room
- 12) Which of the following is an impulse turbine ?
- a) Pelton wheel
  - b) Francis turbine
  - c) Kaplan turbine
  - d) None of above
- 13) Which of the following drive is associated with slip phenomenon ?
- a) Belt drive
  - b) Chain drive
  - c) Gear drive
  - d) None of these
- 14) Enhancing the beauty and symmetry of product is taken in following design
- a) Ergonomic consideration
  - b) Aesthetic consideration
  - c) Refrigeration
  - d) Air conditioning
-



Seat No.	
----------	--

**F.E. (Part – I) (CBCS) Examination, 2018  
BASIC MECHANICAL ENGINEERING**

Day and Date : Monday, 7-5-2018  
Time : 10.00 a.m. to 1.00 p.m.

Marks : 56

- Instructions :**
- 1) **Neat diagrams must be drawn whenever necessary.**
  - 2) **Make suitable assumptions, if necessary and mention them clearly.**
  - 3) **Figures to the right indicate full marks.**
  - 4) **Q. No. 2 and Q. No. 4 are short answer type question.**
  - 5) **Q. 3 and Q. 5 are long answer type question.**
  - 6) **Use of log tables and non-programmable single memory calculator is allowed.**

SECTION – I

2. Answer **any five** of the following : **15**

- a) Explain thermodynamic equilibrium in brief.
- b) A system undergoes a cycle consisting of 4 processes. The heat and work transfer are tabulated below. Prove that the table is consistent with first law of thermodynamics. Determine change in internal energy for each process.

Process	Q(kJ)	W (kJ-m)
1 – 2	1700	495
2 – 3	-1600	0
3 – 4	-900	-255
4 – 1	1040	0

- c) Draw a neat sketch of window air conditioner. Label the parts.
- d) Derive an expression of work done in polytropic process.
- e) Explain in brief working of single acting reciprocating pump.
- f) Differentiate between impulse and reaction turbine.
- g) Compare BWR and PWR.

3. Solve **any one** out of **a)** and **b)** and solve **any two** out of **c)** to **f)** : **13**

- a) Steam enters a steam turbine with a velocity of 40 m/s and enthalpy of 2500 kJ/kg and leaves with a velocity of 90 m/s and enthalpy of 2030 J/kg. The heat lost from the turbine to the surroundings is 240 kJ/min. Find the power developed by the turbine if the steam flow rate is 7200 kg/hr. **5**



- b) With the help of neat sketch explain working of steam (thermal) power plant. 5
- c) Air having specific volume of  $0.3 \text{ m}^3/\text{kg}$  and pressure  $5.5 \text{ bar}$  expands polytropically until its specific volume becomes  $0.5 \text{ m}^3/\text{kg}$ . The expansion follows the law  $p v^{1.3} = C$ . For  $1 \text{ kg}$  mass, calculate work done and change in internal energy during the process. Take  $R = 287 \text{ Nm/kgK}$  and  $C_v = 0.7 \text{ kJ/kgK}$  for air. 4
- d) Explain the working of centrifugal compressor with the help of neat sketch. What is the function of diffuser ring ? 4
- e) With the help of neat sketch explain working of hydroelectric power plant. 4
- f) A fluid system undergoes a non-flow frictionless process following the pressure volume relation as  $p = (4.5/v) + 2$  where 'p' is in bar and 'v' is in  $\text{m}^3$ . During the process, the volume changes from  $0.12 \text{ m}^3$  to  $0.04 \text{ m}^3$ . The system rejects  $40 \text{ kJ}$  of heat. Determine the work done and change in internal energy. 4

## SECTION – II

4. Answer **any five** of the following : (5×3=15)
- What are various applications of I.C. engines ?
  - How velocity ratio is determined in compound belt drives ?
  - Write a note on chain drive.
  - Explain creative design, adoptive design and development design.
  - Explain the terms : Brittleness, Malleability and ductility.
  - Explain the processes of diesel cycle using P-V diagram.
  - Write a note on soldering process.
5. Solve **any one** out of **a)** and **b)** and solve **any two** out of **c) to f) :** 13
- A cross belt connects two pulleys of  $500 \text{ mm}$  diameter,  $2 \text{ m}$  apart. The initial tension in the belt is  $500 \text{ N}$ . If the coefficient of friction between belt and pulley is  $0.3$ , find the power transmitted at  $700 \text{ rpm}$ . Also calculate the length of the belt. 5
  - Explain riveting process and types of riveted joints. 5
  - A 4-stroke engine working on Otto cycle has a swept volume of  $0.1 \text{ m}^3$ . The compression ratio is  $7$ . The condition at the start of the cycle: pressure  $0.1 \text{ MPa}$  and temperature  $90^\circ\text{C}$ . The heat addition at constant volume is  $100 \text{ kJ/cycle}$ . Find air standard efficiency and temperatures at key points in the cycle. Assume air as working substance,  $C_v = 0.718 \text{ kJ/kgK}$  and  $\gamma = 1.4$ . 4
  - Explain aesthetic considerations in design. 4
  - Explain various processes performed on drilling machine. 4
  - Explain with neat sketch manual metal arc welding, write advantages, disadvantages. 4



Seat No.	
----------	--

Set	P
-----	---

F.E. (Part – II) (CBCS) Examination, 2018  
ENGINEERING MATHEMATICS – II

Day and Date : Monday, 14-5-2018  
Time : 10.00 a.m. to 1.00 p.m.

Max. Marks : 70

- N.B. :** 1) **All questions are compulsory.**  
2) Figures to the **right** indicate **full** marks.  
3) **Use** of non-programmable calculator is **allowed**.  
4) Q. No. 1 is **compulsory**. It should be solved in **first 30 minutes** in Answer Book Page No. 3. **Each** question carries **one** mark.  
5) **Answer MCQ/Objective type questions on Page No. 3 only. Don't forget to mention, Q.P. Set (P/Q/R/S) on Top of Page.**

**MCQ/Objective Type Questions**

Duration : 30 Minutes

Marks : 14

1. Choose the correct answer :

(14×1=14)

- To solve the non-homogeneous differential equation  $(x - y - z) dx - (2x - 2y - 3) dy = 0$ , we shall put  
a)  $x + y = v$    b)  $x - y = v$    c)  $x = X + h, y = Y + k$    d)  $x = X - h, y = Y - k$
- The orthogonal trajectory of  $r = a\theta$  is  
a)  $r = ce^{-\theta^2/2}$    b)  $r = ce^{\theta/2}$    c)  $r = ce^{\theta^2/2}$    d)  $r = ce^{-\theta/2}$
- The unit tangent vector to the curve  $x = t^2 + 1, y = 4t - 3, z = 3t^2 - 6t$  at  $t = 1$  is  
a)  $\frac{1}{\sqrt{5}}(i + 2k)$    b)  $\frac{1}{\sqrt{5}}(i + 2j)$    c)  $\frac{1}{\sqrt{3}}(i + j + k)$    d)  $\frac{1}{\sqrt{6}}(i + 2j + k)$
- If  $\phi = \log(x^2 + y^2 + z^2)$  and  $\vec{r} = xi + yj + zk$ , then  $\nabla\phi$  is  
a)  $\frac{\vec{r}}{r^2}$    b)  $\frac{2\vec{r}}{r}$    c)  $\frac{\vec{r}}{r}$    d)  $\frac{2\vec{r}}{r^2}$
- If  $\vec{F} = (x + y + 1)i + j - (x + y)k$  then curl  $\vec{F}$  is  
a)  $i + j - k$    b)  $i - j + k$    c)  $-i + j - k$    d)  $-i - j + k$
- The geometric series  $1 + r + r^2 + r^3 + \dots$  is convergent if  
a)  $|r| \leq 1$    b)  $|r| \geq 1$    c)  $|r| < 1$    d)  $|r| > 1$

P.T.O.



- 7) By Cauchy's  $n^{\text{th}}$  root test, the series  $\sum_n \left(1 + \frac{1}{n}\right)^{n^2}$  is
- a) convergent      b) divergent      c) oscillating      d) none of these
- 8) The value of  $\int_0^{\infty} \frac{e^{-x}}{x^2} dx$  is
- a) 1      b) 0      c) -1      d)  $\infty$
- 9) The value of  $B\left(\frac{5}{2}, \frac{1}{2}\right)$  is
- a)  $\frac{\pi}{3}$       b)  $\frac{\pi}{8}$       c)  $\frac{3\pi}{8}$       d)  $\frac{8\pi}{3}$
- 10) For the curve  $y^2(a - x) = x^3$  which of the following is not true ?
- a) The curve is symmetrical about y axis  
 b) Curve passes through origin  
 c)  $\exists$  one tangent parallel to y axis  
 d) The x-axis is a tangent at origin
- 11) The arc length of the curve  $y = f(x)$  between  $x = a$  and  $x = b$  ( $b > a$ ) is given by
- a)  $\int_a^b y dx$       b)  $\int_a^b y^2 dx$       c)  $\int_a^b \sqrt{1 + \left(\frac{dx}{dy}\right)^2} dx$       d)  $\int_a^b \sqrt{1 + \left(\frac{dy}{dx}\right)^2} dx$
- 12) The area enclosed by the curve  $y^2 = x$  and the lines  $x = 0$  to  $x = 4$  is \_\_\_\_\_
- a)  $\frac{16}{3}$       b)  $\frac{32}{3}$       c) 16      d) 32
- 13) The value of  $\int_0^1 \int_0^{\pi/2} r \sin \theta d\theta dr =$
- a)  $\frac{1}{2}$       b)  $\frac{\pi}{2}$       c) 0      d)  $-\frac{1}{2}$
- 14) For  $\int_0^{4a} \int_x^{2\sqrt{ax}} f(x, y) dy dx$  change of integration, we get
- a)  $\int_0^a \int_{x^2/4a}^x f(x, y) dx dy$       b)  $\int_0^{4a} \int_{y^2/4a}^y f(x, y) dx dy$   
 c)  $\int_{y^2/4a}^y \int_0^{2a} f(x, y) dx dy$       d)  $\int_0^{4a} \int_{y^2/2a}^y f(x, y) dx dy$



Seat No.	
----------	--

F.E. (Part – II) (CBCS) Examination, 2018  
ENGINEERING MATHEMATICS – II

Day and Date : Monday, 14-5-2018

Marks : 56

Time : 10.00 a.m. to 1.00 p.m.

- N.B. :** 1) *All questions are compulsory.*  
2) *Figures to the right indicate full marks.*  
3) *Use of non-programmable calculator is allowed.*

SECTION – I

2. Attempt **any three** :

9

- a) Solve  $(2x + y + 1)dx + (4x + 2y - 1) dy = 0$ .  
b) Find the orthogonal trajectory for  $r^n = a^n \cos n \theta$ .  
c) A particle moves such that its position vector is given by

$$\vec{r} = \cos \omega t \mathbf{i} + \sin \omega t \mathbf{j}, \text{ then}$$

Show that :

- i) velocity  $\vec{v}$  is perpendicular to  $\vec{r}$   
ii) acceleration  $\vec{a}$  and  $\vec{r}$  are oppositely directed.

d) If  $\vec{u} = x^2y\mathbf{i} + y^2x^3\mathbf{j} - 3x^2z^2\mathbf{k}$  and

$$\vec{v} = 2xz^2\mathbf{i} - yz\mathbf{j} + x^2y^3\mathbf{k}$$

find  $\nabla \cdot (\vec{u} \times \vec{v})$  at (1, 2, 1).

e) Test the convergence of  $\sum_n \frac{2+n}{(1+n)^p}$ .

Set P



3. Attempt **any three** :

9

a) Examine the convergence of  $\left[\left(\frac{2}{1}\right)^2 - \frac{2}{1}\right] + \left[\left(\frac{3}{2}\right)^2 - \left(\frac{3}{2}\right)\right]^2 + \left[\left(\frac{4}{3}\right)^4 - \frac{4}{3}\right]^3 + \dots$

b) Solve  $(y - 2x^2)dx - x(1 - xy)dy = 0$ .

c) Solve  $\frac{dy}{dx} + 2y \tan x = \sin x$  with  $y = 0$  at  $x = \frac{\pi}{3}$ .

d) Prove that a vector field  $\bar{F}$  given by

$$\bar{F} = (y \sin z - \sin x)\mathbf{i} + (x \sin z + 2yz)\mathbf{j} + (xy \cos z + y^2)\mathbf{k}$$

is irrotational.

e) Solve  $y \frac{dx}{dy} = x + yx^2 \log y$ .

4. Attempt **any two** :

10

a) A constant e.m.f.  $E$  volts is applied to a circuit containing a constant resistance  $R$  ohms in series and a constant inductance  $L$  henries. The current  $i$  at any time

$$t \text{ is given by } L \frac{di}{dt} + Ri = E.$$

If the initial current is zero, show that the current builds upto half its theoretical maximum value in  $\frac{L}{R} \log^2$  seconds.

b) Find the constants  $a, b, c$  if the normal to the surface  $ax^2 + yz + bxz^3 = c$  at point  $P(1, 2, 1)$  is parallel to the normal to the surface  $y^2 + xz = 61$  at  $(10, 1, 6)$ .

c) Examine for absolute and conditional convergence :

i)  $5 - \frac{10}{3} + \frac{20}{9} - \frac{40}{27} + \dots$

ii)  $\sum \frac{(-1)^n (n+1)^n}{(2n)^n}$ .

#### SECTION – II

5. Solve **any three** out of five :

(3×3=9)

a) Evaluate  $\int_0^{\infty} x^4 e^{-x^6} dx$ .

b) Show that  $\int_0^{\infty} \frac{\log(1+ax^2)}{x^2} dx = \pi \cdot \sqrt{a}$  ( $a > 0$ ).



- c) Trace the curve  $x^2y^2 = a^2 (y^2 - x^2)$  with full justification.
  - d) Trace the curve  $x = a \cos^3\theta, y = b \sin^3\theta$  with full justification.
  - e) Find the mass of the lamina in the form of an ellipse  $\frac{x^2}{a^2} + \frac{y^2}{b^2} = 1$ , if the density at any point varies as the product of the distance from the axes of the ellipse.
6. Solve **any three** out of five : (3×3=9)
- a) Evaluate  $\int_0^3 x^{5/2}(3-x)^{1/2} dx$ .
  - b) Trace the curve  $y(x^2 + 4a^2) = 8a^3$  with full justification.
  - c) Find the length of the curve  
 $x = ae^\theta \sin\theta$   
 $y = ae^\theta \cos\theta$  from  $\theta = 0$  to  $\theta = \frac{\pi}{2}$ .
  - d) Evaluate by changing to polar co-ordinates  $\int_0^a \int_0^x \frac{x^3}{\sqrt{x^2 + y^2}} dy dx$ .
  - e) Evaluate  $\int_0^4 \int_0^{2\sqrt{z}} \int_0^{\sqrt{4z-x^2}} dz dx dy$ .
7. Solve **any two** out of three : (5×2=10)
- a) Prove that  $\int_0^1 \frac{x^{2n}}{\sqrt{1-x^2}} dx = \frac{(2n)!}{2^{2n} (n!)^2} \cdot \frac{\pi}{2}$  if n is an integer.
  - b) Trace the curve  $r = a(1 + \cos\theta)$  with full justification and hence find the perimeter of the cardioid.
  - c) Find by double integration the mass of a thin plate bounded by  $y^2 = x$  and  $y = x^3$  if the density at any point varies as the square of its distance from the origin.
-





Seat No.	
----------	--

Set	Q
-----	---

F.E. (Part – II) (CBCS) Examination, 2018  
ENGINEERING MATHEMATICS – II

Day and Date : Monday, 14-5-2018  
Time : 10.00 a.m. to 1.00 p.m.

Max. Marks : 70

- N.B. :** 1) **All questions are compulsory.**  
2) Figures to the **right** indicate **full** marks.  
3) **Use** of non-programmable calculator is **allowed**.  
4) Q. No. 1 is **compulsory**. It should be solved in **first 30 minutes** in Answer Book Page No. 3. **Each** question carries **one** mark.  
5) **Answer MCQ/Objective type questions on Page No. 3 only. Don't forget to mention, Q.P. Set (P/Q/R/S) on Top of Page.**

**MCQ/Objective Type Questions**

Duration : 30 Minutes

Marks : 14

1. Choose the correct answer :

(14×1=14)

- 1) The value of  $\int_0^{\infty} \frac{e^{-x}}{x^2} dx$  is  
a) 1                      b) 0                      c) -1                      d)  $\infty$
- 2) The value of  $B\left(\frac{5}{2}, \frac{1}{2}\right)$  is  
a)  $\frac{\pi}{3}$                       b)  $\frac{\pi}{8}$                       c)  $\frac{3\pi}{8}$                       d)  $\frac{8\pi}{3}$
- 3) For the curve  $y^2 (a - x) = x^3$  which of the following is not true ?  
a) The curve is symmetrical about y axis  
b) Curve passes through origin  
c)  $\exists$  one tangent parallel to y axis  
d) The x-axis is a tangent at origin
- 4) The arc length of the curve  $y = f(x)$  between  $x = a$  and  $x = b$  ( $b > a$ ) is given by  
a)  $\int_a^b y dx$                       b)  $\int_a^b y^2 dx$                       c)  $\int_a^b \sqrt{1 + \left(\frac{dx}{dy}\right)^2} dx$                       d)  $\int_a^b \sqrt{1 + \left(\frac{dy}{dx}\right)^2} dx$

P.T.O.



- 5) The area enclosed by the curve  $y^2 = x$  and the lines  $x = 0$  to  $x = 4$  is \_\_\_\_\_
- a)  $\frac{16}{3}$                       b)  $\frac{32}{3}$                       c) 16                      d) 32
- 6) The value of  $\int_0^1 \int_0^{\pi/2} r \sin \theta \, d\theta \, dr =$
- a)  $\frac{1}{2}$                       b)  $\frac{\pi}{2}$                       c) 0                      d)  $-\frac{1}{2}$
- 7) For  $\int_0^{4a} \int_x^{2\sqrt{ax}} f(x, y) \, dy \, dx$  change of integration, we get
- a)  $\int_0^a \int_{x^2/4a}^x f(x, y) \, dx \, dy$                       b)  $\int_0^{4a} \int_{y^2/4a}^y f(x, y) \, dx \, dy$
- c)  $\int_{y^2/4a}^y \int_0^{2a} f(x, y) \, dx \, dy$                       d)  $\int_0^{4a} \int_{y^2/2a}^y f(x, y) \, dx \, dy$
- 8) To solve the non-homogeneous differential equation  $(x - y - z) \, dx - (2x - 2y - 3) \, dy = 0$ , we shall put
- a)  $x + y = v$     b)  $x - y = v$     c)  $x = X + h, y = Y + k$     d)  $x = X - h, y = Y - k$
- 9) The orthogonal trajectory of  $r = a\theta$  is
- a)  $r = ce^{-\theta^2/2}$                       b)  $r = ce^{\theta/2}$                       c)  $r = ce^{\theta^2/2}$                       d)  $r = ce^{-\theta/2}$
- 10) The unit tangent vector to the curve  $x = t^2 + 1, y = 4t - 3, z = 3t^2 - 6t$  at  $t = 1$  is
- a)  $\frac{1}{\sqrt{5}}(i + 2k)$                       b)  $\frac{1}{\sqrt{5}}(i + 2j)$                       c)  $\frac{1}{\sqrt{3}}(i + j + k)$                       d)  $\frac{1}{\sqrt{6}}(i + 2j + k)$
- 11) If  $\phi = \log(x^2 + y^2 + z^2)$  and  $\vec{r} = xi + yj + zk$ , then  $\nabla\phi$  is
- a)  $\frac{\vec{r}}{r^2}$                       b)  $\frac{2\vec{r}}{r}$                       c)  $\frac{\vec{r}}{r}$                       d)  $\frac{2\vec{r}}{r^2}$
- 12) If  $\vec{F} = (x + y + 1)i + j - (x + y)k$  then  $\text{curl } \vec{F}$  is
- a)  $i + j - k$                       b)  $i - j + k$                       c)  $-i + j - k$                       d)  $-i - j + k$
- 13) The geometric series  $1 + r + r^2 + r^3 + \dots$  is convergent if
- a)  $|r| \leq 1$                       b)  $|r| \geq 1$                       c)  $|r| < 1$                       d)  $|r| > 1$
- 14) By Cauchy's  $n^{\text{th}}$  root test, the series  $\sum_n \left(1 + \frac{1}{n}\right)^{n^2}$  is
- a) convergent                      b) divergent                      c) oscillating                      d) none of these



Seat No.	
----------	--

F.E. (Part – II) (CBCS) Examination, 2018  
ENGINEERING MATHEMATICS – II

Day and Date : Monday, 14-5-2018

Marks : 56

Time : 10.00 a.m. to 1.00 p.m.

- N.B. :** 1) *All questions are compulsory.*  
2) *Figures to the right indicate full marks.*  
3) *Use of non-programmable calculator is allowed.*

SECTION – I

2. Attempt **any three** :

9

- a) Solve  $(2x + y + 1)dx + (4x + 2y - 1) dy = 0$ .  
b) Find the orthogonal trajectory for  $r^n = a^n \cos n \theta$ .  
c) A particle moves such that its position vector is given by

$$\vec{r} = \cos \omega t \vec{i} + \sin \omega t \vec{j}, \text{ then}$$

Show that :

- i) velocity  $\vec{v}$  is perpendicular to  $\vec{r}$   
ii) acceleration  $\vec{a}$  and  $\vec{r}$  are oppositely directed.

d) If  $\vec{u} = x^2y\vec{i} + y^2x^3\vec{j} - 3x^2z^2\vec{k}$  and

$$\vec{v} = 2xz^2\vec{i} - yz\vec{j} + x^2y^3\vec{k}$$

find  $\nabla \cdot (\vec{u} \times \vec{v})$  at  $(1, 2, 1)$ .

e) Test the convergence of  $\sum_n \frac{2+n}{(1+n)^p}$ .

Set Q



3. Attempt **any three** :

9

a) Examine the convergence of  $\left[\left(\frac{2}{1}\right)^2 - \frac{2}{1}\right] + \left[\left(\frac{3}{2}\right)^2 - \left(\frac{3}{2}\right)\right]^2 + \left[\left(\frac{4}{3}\right)^4 - \frac{4}{3}\right]^3 + \dots$

b) Solve  $(y - 2x^2)dx - x(1 - xy)dy = 0$ .

c) Solve  $\frac{dy}{dx} + 2y \tan x = \sin x$  with  $y = 0$  at  $x = \frac{\pi}{3}$ .

d) Prove that a vector field  $\bar{F}$  given by

$$\bar{F} = (y \sin z - \sin x)\mathbf{i} + (x \sin z + 2yz)\mathbf{j} + (xy \cos z + y^2)\mathbf{k}$$
 is irrotational.

e) Solve  $y \frac{dx}{dy} = x + yx^2 \log y$ .

4. Attempt **any two** :

10

a) A constant e.m.f.  $E$  volts is applied to a circuit containing a constant resistance  $R$  ohms in series and a constant inductance  $L$  henries. The current  $i$  at any time

$$t \text{ is given by } L \frac{di}{dt} + Ri = E.$$

If the initial current is zero, show that the current builds upto half its theoretical maximum value in  $\frac{L}{R} \log^2$  seconds.

b) Find the constants  $a, b, c$  if the normal to the surface  $ax^2 + yz + bxz^3 = c$  at point  $P(1, 2, 1)$  is parallel to the normal to the surface  $y^2 + xz = 61$  at  $(10, 1, 6)$ .

c) Examine for absolute and conditional convergence :

i)  $5 - \frac{10}{3} + \frac{20}{9} - \frac{40}{27} + \dots$

ii)  $\sum \frac{(-1)^n (n+1)^n}{(2n)^n}$ .

#### SECTION – II

5. Solve **any three** out of five :

(3×3=9)

a) Evaluate  $\int_0^{\infty} x^4 e^{-x^6} dx$ .

b) Show that  $\int_0^{\infty} \frac{\log(1+ax^2)}{x^2} dx = \pi \cdot \sqrt{a}$  ( $a > 0$ ).



- c) Trace the curve  $x^2y^2 = a^2 (y^2 - x^2)$  with full justification.
  - d) Trace the curve  $x = a \cos^3\theta, y = b \sin^3\theta$  with full justification.
  - e) Find the mass of the lamina in the form of an ellipse  $\frac{x^2}{a^2} + \frac{y^2}{b^2} = 1$ , if the density at any point varies as the product of the distance from the axes of the ellipse.
6. Solve **any three** out of five : (3×3=9)
- a) Evaluate  $\int_0^3 x^{5/2}(3-x)^{1/2} dx$ .
  - b) Trace the curve  $y(x^2 + 4a^2) = 8a^3$  with full justification.
  - c) Find the length of the curve  
 $x = ae^{\theta} \sin\theta$   
 $y = ae^{\theta} \cos\theta$  from  $\theta = 0$  to  $\theta = \frac{\pi}{2}$ .
  - d) Evaluate by changing to polar co-ordinates  $\int_0^a \int_0^x \frac{x^3}{\sqrt{x^2 + y^2}} dy dx$ .
  - e) Evaluate  $\int_0^4 \int_0^{2\sqrt{z}} \int_0^{\sqrt{4z-x^2}} dz dx dy$ .
7. Solve **any two** out of three : (5×2=10)
- a) Prove that  $\int_0^1 \frac{x^{2n}}{\sqrt{1-x^2}} dx = \frac{(2n)!}{2^{2n} (n!)^2} \cdot \frac{\pi}{2}$  if n is an integer.
  - b) Trace the curve  $r = a(1 + \cos\theta)$  with full justification and hence find the perimeter of the cardioid.
  - c) Find by double integration the mass of a thin plate bounded by  $y^2 = x$  and  $y = x^3$  if the density at any point varies as the square of its distance from the origin.
-





Seat No.	
----------	--

Set	R
-----	---

F.E. (Part – II) (CBCS) Examination, 2018  
ENGINEERING MATHEMATICS – II

Day and Date : Monday, 14-5-2018  
Time : 10.00 a.m. to 1.00 p.m.

Max. Marks : 70

- N.B. :** 1) **All questions are compulsory.**  
2) Figures to the **right** indicate **full** marks.  
3) **Use of non-programmable calculator is allowed.**  
4) Q. No. 1 is **compulsory**. It should be solved in **first 30 minutes** in Answer Book Page No. 3. **Each** question carries **one** mark.  
5) **Answer MCQ/Objective type questions on Page No. 3 only. Don't forget to mention, Q.P. Set (P/Q/R/S) on Top of Page.**

**MCQ/Objective Type Questions**

Duration : 30 Minutes

Marks : 14

1. Choose the correct answer :

(14×1=14)

- 1) If  $\vec{F} = (x + y + 1)\mathbf{i} + \mathbf{j} - (x + y)\mathbf{k}$  then  $\text{curl } \vec{F}$  is  
a)  $\mathbf{i} + \mathbf{j} - \mathbf{k}$       b)  $\mathbf{i} - \mathbf{j} + \mathbf{k}$       c)  $-\mathbf{i} + \mathbf{j} - \mathbf{k}$       d)  $-\mathbf{i} - \mathbf{j} + \mathbf{k}$
- 2) The geometric series  $1 + r + r^2 + r^3 + \dots$  is convergent if  
a)  $|r| \leq 1$       b)  $|r| \geq 1$       c)  $|r| < 1$       d)  $|r| > 1$
- 3) By Cauchy's  $n^{\text{th}}$  root test, the series  $\sum_n \left(1 + \frac{1}{n}\right)^{n^2}$  is  
a) convergent      b) divergent      c) oscillating      d) none of these
- 4) The value of  $\int_0^{\infty} \frac{e^{-x}}{x^2} dx$  is  
a) 1      b) 0      c) -1      d)  $\infty$
- 5) The value of  $B\left(\frac{5}{2}, \frac{1}{2}\right)$  is  
a)  $\frac{\pi}{3}$       b)  $\frac{\pi}{8}$       c)  $\frac{3\pi}{8}$       d)  $\frac{8\pi}{3}$



- 6) For the curve  $y^2(a - x) = x^3$  which of the following is not true ?
- The curve is symmetrical about y axis
  - Curve passes through origin
  - $\exists$  one tangent parallel to y axis
  - The x-axis is a tangent at origin
- 7) The arc length of the curve  $y = f(x)$  between  $x = a$  and  $x = b$  ( $b > a$ ) is given by
- $\int_a^b y \, dx$
  - $\int_a^b y^2 \, dx$
  - $\int_a^b \sqrt{1 + \left(\frac{dx}{dy}\right)^2} \, dx$
  - $\int_a^b \sqrt{1 + \left(\frac{dy}{dx}\right)^2} \, dx$
- 8) The area enclosed by the curve  $y^2 = x$  and the lines  $x = 0$  to  $x = 4$  is \_\_\_\_\_
- $\frac{16}{3}$
  - $\frac{32}{3}$
  - 16
  - 32
- 9) The value of  $\int_0^1 \int_0^{\pi/2} r \sin \theta \, d\theta \, dr =$
- $\frac{1}{2}$
  - $\frac{\pi}{2}$
  - 0
  - $\frac{-1}{2}$
- 10) For  $\int_0^{4a} \int_x^{2\sqrt{ax}} f(x, y) \, dy \, dx$  change of integration, we get
- $\int_0^a \int_{x^2/4a}^x f(x, y) \, dx \, dy$
  - $\int_0^{4a} \int_{y^2/4a}^y f(x, y) \, dx \, dy$
  - $\int_{y^2/4a}^y \int_0^{2a} f(x, y) \, dx \, dy$
  - $\int_0^{4a} \int_{y^2/2a}^y f(x, y) \, dx \, dy$
- 11) To solve the non-homogeneous differential equation  $(x - y - z) \, dx - (2x - 2y - 3) \, dy = 0$ , we shall put
- $x + y = v$
  - $x - y = v$
  - $x = X + h, y = Y + k$
  - $x = X - h, y = Y - k$
- 12) The orthogonal trajectory of  $r = a\theta$  is
- $r = ce^{-\theta^2/2}$
  - $r = ce^{\theta/2}$
  - $r = ce^{\theta^2/2}$
  - $r = ce^{-\theta/2}$
- 13) The unit tangent vector to the curve  $x = t^2 + 1, y = 4t - 3, z = 3t^2 - 6t$  at  $t = 1$  is
- $\frac{1}{\sqrt{5}}(i + 2k)$
  - $\frac{1}{\sqrt{5}}(i + 2j)$
  - $\frac{1}{\sqrt{3}}(i + j + k)$
  - $\frac{1}{\sqrt{6}}(i + 2j + k)$
- 14) If  $\phi = \log(x^2 + y^2 + z^2)$  and  $\vec{r} = xi + yj + zk$ , then  $\nabla\phi$  is
- $\frac{\vec{r}}{r^2}$
  - $\frac{2\vec{r}}{r}$
  - $\frac{\vec{r}}{r}$
  - $\frac{2\vec{r}}{r^2}$



Seat No.	
----------	--

F.E. (Part – II) (CBCS) Examination, 2018  
ENGINEERING MATHEMATICS – II

Day and Date : Monday, 14-5-2018

Marks : 56

Time : 10.00 a.m. to 1.00 p.m.

- N.B. :** 1) *All questions are compulsory.*  
2) *Figures to the right indicate full marks.*  
3) *Use of non-programmable calculator is allowed.*

SECTION – I

2. Attempt **any three** :

9

- a) Solve  $(2x + y + 1)dx + (4x + 2y - 1) dy = 0$ .  
b) Find the orthogonal trajectory for  $r^n = a^n \cos n \theta$ .  
c) A particle moves such that its position vector is given by

$$\vec{r} = \cos \omega t \vec{i} + \sin \omega t \vec{j}, \text{ then}$$

Show that :

- i) velocity  $\vec{v}$  is perpendicular to  $\vec{r}$   
ii) acceleration  $\vec{a}$  and  $\vec{r}$  are oppositely directed.

d) If  $\vec{u} = x^2y\vec{i} + y^2x^3\vec{j} - 3x^2z^2\vec{k}$  and

$$\vec{v} = 2xz^2\vec{i} - yz\vec{j} + x^2y^3\vec{k}$$

find  $\nabla \cdot (\vec{u} \times \vec{v})$  at  $(1, 2, 1)$ .

e) Test the convergence of  $\sum_n \frac{2+n}{(1+n)^p}$ .

Set R



3. Attempt **any three** :

9

a) Examine the convergence of  $\left[\left(\frac{2}{1}\right)^2 - \frac{2}{1}\right] + \left[\left(\frac{3}{2}\right)^2 - \left(\frac{3}{2}\right)\right]^2 + \left[\left(\frac{4}{3}\right)^4 - \frac{4}{3}\right]^3 + \dots$

b) Solve  $(y - 2x^2)dx - x(1 - xy)dy = 0$ .

c) Solve  $\frac{dy}{dx} + 2y \tan x = \sin x$  with  $y = 0$  at  $x = \frac{\pi}{3}$ .

d) Prove that a vector field  $\bar{F}$  given by

$$\bar{F} = (y \sin z - \sin x)\mathbf{i} + (x \sin z + 2yz)\mathbf{j} + (xy \cos z + y^2)\mathbf{k}$$
 is irrotational.

e) Solve  $y \frac{dx}{dy} = x + yx^2 \log y$ .

4. Attempt **any two** :

10

a) A constant e.m.f.  $E$  volts is applied to a circuit containing a constant resistance  $R$  ohms in series and a constant inductance  $L$  henries. The current  $i$  at any time

$$t \text{ is given by } L \frac{di}{dt} + Ri = E.$$

If the initial current is zero, show that the current builds upto half its theoretical maximum value in  $\frac{L}{R} \log^2$  seconds.

b) Find the constants  $a, b, c$  if the normal to the surface  $ax^2 + yz + bxz^3 = c$  at point  $P(1, 2, 1)$  is parallel to the normal to the surface  $y^2 + xz = 61$  at  $(10, 1, 6)$ .

c) Examine for absolute and conditional convergence :

i)  $5 - \frac{10}{3} + \frac{20}{9} - \frac{40}{27} + \dots$

ii)  $\sum \frac{(-1)^n (n+1)^n}{(2n)^n}$ .

#### SECTION – II

5. Solve **any three** out of five :

(3×3=9)

a) Evaluate  $\int_0^{\infty} x^4 e^{-x^6} dx$ .

b) Show that  $\int_0^{\infty} \frac{\log(1+ax^2)}{x^2} dx = \pi \cdot \sqrt{a}$  ( $a > 0$ ).



- c) Trace the curve  $x^2y^2 = a^2 (y^2 - x^2)$  with full justification.
  - d) Trace the curve  $x = a \cos^3\theta, y = b \sin^3\theta$  with full justification.
  - e) Find the mass of the lamina in the form of an ellipse  $\frac{x^2}{a^2} + \frac{y^2}{b^2} = 1$ , if the density at any point varies as the product of the distance from the axes of the ellipse.
6. Solve **any three** out of five : (3×3=9)
- a) Evaluate  $\int_0^3 x^{5/2}(3-x)^{1/2} dx$ .
  - b) Trace the curve  $y(x^2 + 4a^2) = 8a^3$  with full justification.
  - c) Find the length of the curve  
 $x = ae^\theta \sin\theta$   
 $y = ae^\theta \cos\theta$  from  $\theta = 0$  to  $\theta = \frac{\pi}{2}$ .
  - d) Evaluate by changing to polar co-ordinates  $\int_0^a \int_0^x \frac{x^3}{\sqrt{x^2 + y^2}} dy dx$ .
  - e) Evaluate  $\int_0^4 \int_0^{2\sqrt{z}} \int_0^{\sqrt{4z-x^2}} dz dx dy$ .
7. Solve **any two** out of three : (5×2=10)
- a) Prove that  $\int_0^1 \frac{x^{2n}}{\sqrt{1-x^2}} dx = \frac{(2n)!}{2^{2n} (n!)^2} \cdot \frac{\pi}{2}$  if n is an integer.
  - b) Trace the curve  $r = a(1 + \cos\theta)$  with full justification and hence find the perimeter of the cardioid.
  - c) Find by double integration the mass of a thin plate bounded by  $y^2 = x$  and  $y = x^3$  if the density at any point varies as the square of its distance from the origin.
-





Seat No.	
----------	--

Set	S
-----	---

F.E. (Part – II) (CBCS) Examination, 2018  
ENGINEERING MATHEMATICS – II

Day and Date : Monday, 14-5-2018  
Time : 10.00 a.m. to 1.00 p.m.

Max. Marks : 70

- N.B. :** 1) **All questions are compulsory.**  
2) Figures to the **right** indicate **full** marks.  
3) **Use** of non-programmable calculator is **allowed**.  
4) Q. No. 1 is **compulsory**. It should be solved in **first 30 minutes** in Answer Book Page No. 3. **Each** question carries **one** mark.  
5) **Answer MCQ/Objective type questions on Page No. 3 only. Don't forget to mention, Q.P. Set (P/Q/R/S) on Top of Page.**

**MCQ/Objective Type Questions**

Duration : 30 Minutes

Marks : 14

1. Choose the correct answer :

(14×1=14)

- 1) For the curve  $y^2(a - x) = x^3$  which of the following is not true ?  
a) The curve is symmetrical about y axis  
b) Curve passes through origin  
c)  $\exists$  one tangent parallel to y axis  
d) The x-axis is a tangent at origin
- 2) The arc length of the curve  $y = f(x)$  between  $x = a$  and  $x = b$  ( $b > a$ ) is given by  
a)  $\int_a^b y \, dx$       b)  $\int_a^b y^2 \, dx$       c)  $\int_a^b \sqrt{1 + \left(\frac{dx}{dy}\right)^2} \, dx$       d)  $\int_a^b \sqrt{1 + \left(\frac{dy}{dx}\right)^2} \, dx$
- 3) The area enclosed by the curve  $y^2 = x$  and the lines  $x = 0$  to  $x = 4$  is \_\_\_\_\_  
a)  $\frac{16}{3}$       b)  $\frac{32}{3}$       c) 16      d) 32
- 4) The value of  $\int_0^1 \int_0^{\pi/2} r \sin \theta \, d\theta \, dr =$   
a)  $\frac{1}{2}$       b)  $\frac{\pi}{2}$       c) 0      d)  $-\frac{1}{2}$

P.T.O.



- 5) For  $\int_0^{4a} \int_x^{2\sqrt{ax}} f(x, y) dy dx$  change of integration, we get
- a)  $\int_0^a \int_{x^2/4a}^x f(x, y) dx dy$       b)  $\int_0^{4a} \int_{y^2/4a}^y f(x, y) dx dy$
- c)  $\int_{y^2/4a}^y \int_0^{2a} f(x, y) dx dy$       d)  $\int_0^{4a} \int_{y^2/2a}^y f(x, y) dx dy$
- 6) To solve the non-homogeneous differential equation  $(x - y - z) dx - (2x - 2y - 3) dy = 0$ , we shall put
- a)  $x + y = v$     b)  $x - y = v$     c)  $x = X + h, y = Y + k$     d)  $x = X - h, y = Y - k$
- 7) The orthogonal trajectory of  $r = a\theta$  is
- a)  $r = ce^{-\theta^2/2}$       b)  $r = ce^{\theta/2}$       c)  $r = ce^{\theta^2/2}$       d)  $r = ce^{-\theta/2}$
- 8) The unit tangent vector to the curve  $x = t^2 + 1, y = 4t - 3, z = 3t^2 - 6t$  at  $t = 1$  is
- a)  $\frac{1}{\sqrt{5}}(i + 2k)$       b)  $\frac{1}{\sqrt{5}}(i + 2j)$       c)  $\frac{1}{\sqrt{3}}(i + j + k)$       d)  $\frac{1}{\sqrt{6}}(i + 2j + k)$
- 9) If  $\phi = \log(x^2 + y^2 + z^2)$  and  $\vec{r} = xi + yj + zk$ , then  $\nabla\phi$  is
- a)  $\frac{\vec{r}}{r^2}$       b)  $\frac{2\vec{r}}{r}$       c)  $\frac{\vec{r}}{r}$       d)  $\frac{2\vec{r}}{r^2}$
- 10) If  $\vec{F} = (x + y + 1)i + j - (x + y)k$  then  $\text{curl } \vec{F}$  is
- a)  $i + j - k$       b)  $i - j + k$       c)  $-i + j - k$       d)  $-i - j + k$
- 11) The geometric series  $1 + r + r^2 + r^3 + \dots$  is convergent if
- a)  $|r| \leq 1$       b)  $|r| \geq 1$       c)  $|r| < 1$       d)  $|r| > 1$
- 12) By Cauchy's  $n^{\text{th}}$  root test, the series  $\sum_n \left(1 + \frac{1}{n}\right)^{n^2}$  is
- a) convergent      b) divergent      c) oscillating      d) none of these
- 13) The value of  $\int_0^{\infty} \frac{e^{-x}}{x^2} dx$  is
- a) 1      b) 0      c) -1      d)  $\infty$
- 14) The value of  $B\left(\frac{5}{2}, \frac{1}{2}\right)$  is
- a)  $\frac{\pi}{3}$       b)  $\frac{\pi}{8}$       c)  $\frac{3\pi}{8}$       d)  $\frac{8\pi}{3}$



Seat No.	
----------	--

F.E. (Part – II) (CBCS) Examination, 2018  
ENGINEERING MATHEMATICS – II

Day and Date : Monday, 14-5-2018

Marks : 56

Time : 10.00 a.m. to 1.00 p.m.

- N.B. :** 1) *All questions are compulsory.*  
2) *Figures to the right indicate full marks.*  
3) *Use of non-programmable calculator is allowed.*

SECTION – I

2. Attempt **any three** :

9

- a) Solve  $(2x + y + 1)dx + (4x + 2y - 1) dy = 0$ .  
b) Find the orthogonal trajectory for  $r^n = a^n \cos n \theta$ .  
c) A particle moves such that its position vector is given by

$$\vec{r} = \cos \omega t \vec{i} + \sin \omega t \vec{j}, \text{ then}$$

Show that :

- i) velocity  $\vec{v}$  is perpendicular to  $\vec{r}$   
ii) acceleration  $\vec{a}$  and  $\vec{r}$  are oppositely directed.

d) If  $\vec{u} = x^2y\vec{i} + y^2x^3\vec{j} - 3x^2z^2\vec{k}$  and

$$\vec{v} = 2xz^2\vec{i} - yz\vec{j} + x^2y^3\vec{k}$$

find  $\nabla \cdot (\vec{u} \times \vec{v})$  at  $(1, 2, 1)$ .

e) Test the convergence of  $\sum_n \frac{2+n}{(1+n)^p}$ .

Set S



3. Attempt **any three** :

9

a) Examine the convergence of  $\left[\left(\frac{2}{1}\right)^2 - \frac{2}{1}\right] + \left[\left(\frac{3}{2}\right)^2 - \left(\frac{3}{2}\right)\right]^2 + \left[\left(\frac{4}{3}\right)^4 - \frac{4}{3}\right]^3 + \dots$

b) Solve  $(y - 2x^2)dx - x(1 - xy)dy = 0$ .

c) Solve  $\frac{dy}{dx} + 2y \tan x = \sin x$  with  $y = 0$  at  $x = \frac{\pi}{3}$ .

d) Prove that a vector field  $\bar{F}$  given by

$$\bar{F} = (y \sin z - \sin x)\mathbf{i} + (x \sin z + 2yz)\mathbf{j} + (xy \cos z + y^2)\mathbf{k}$$
 is irrotational.

e) Solve  $y \frac{dx}{dy} = x + yx^2 \log y$ .

4. Attempt **any two** :

10

a) A constant e.m.f.  $E$  volts is applied to a circuit containing a constant resistance  $R$  ohms in series and a constant inductance  $L$  henries. The current  $i$  at any time

$$t \text{ is given by } L \frac{di}{dt} + Ri = E.$$

If the initial current is zero, show that the current builds upto half its theoretical maximum value in  $\frac{L}{R} \log^2$  seconds.

b) Find the constants  $a, b, c$  if the normal to the surface  $ax^2 + yz + bxz^3 = c$  at point  $P(1, 2, 1)$  is parallel to the normal to the surface  $y^2 + xz = 61$  at  $(10, 1, 6)$ .

c) Examine for absolute and conditional convergence :

i)  $5 - \frac{10}{3} + \frac{20}{9} - \frac{40}{27} + \dots$

ii)  $\sum \frac{(-1)^n (n+1)^n}{(2n)^n}$ .

#### SECTION – II

5. Solve **any three** out of five :

(3×3=9)

a) Evaluate  $\int_0^{\infty} x^4 e^{-x^6} dx$ .

b) Show that  $\int_0^{\infty} \frac{\log(1+ax^2)}{x^2} dx = \pi \cdot \sqrt{a}$  ( $a > 0$ ).



- c) Trace the curve  $x^2y^2 = a^2 (y^2 - x^2)$  with full justification.
  - d) Trace the curve  $x = a \cos^3\theta, y = b \sin^3\theta$  with full justification.
  - e) Find the mass of the lamina in the form of an ellipse  $\frac{x^2}{a^2} + \frac{y^2}{b^2} = 1$ , if the density at any point varies as the product of the distance from the axes of the ellipse.
6. Solve **any three** out of five : (3×3=9)
- a) Evaluate  $\int_0^3 x^{5/2}(3-x)^{1/2} dx$ .
  - b) Trace the curve  $y(x^2 + 4a^2) = 8a^3$  with full justification.
  - c) Find the length of the curve  
 $x = ae^\theta \sin\theta$   
 $y = ae^\theta \cos\theta$  from  $\theta = 0$  to  $\theta = \frac{\pi}{2}$ .
  - d) Evaluate by changing to polar co-ordinates  $\int_0^a \int_0^x \frac{x^3}{\sqrt{x^2 + y^2}} dy dx$ .
  - e) Evaluate  $\int_0^4 \int_0^{2\sqrt{z}} \int_0^{\sqrt{4z-x^2}} dz dx dy$ .
7. Solve **any two** out of three : (5×2=10)
- a) Prove that  $\int_0^1 \frac{x^{2n}}{\sqrt{1-x^2}} dx = \frac{(2n)!}{2^{2n} (n!)^2} \cdot \frac{\pi}{2}$  if n is an integer.
  - b) Trace the curve  $r = a(1 + \cos\theta)$  with full justification and hence find the perimeter of the cardioid.
  - c) Find by double integration the mass of a thin plate bounded by  $y^2 = x$  and  $y = x^3$  if the density at any point varies as the square of its distance from the origin.
-





Seat No.	
----------	--

Set	P
-----	---

**F.E. (Part – II) (CBCS Pattern) Examination, 2018**  
**BASIC CIVIL ENGINEERING**

Day and Date : Wednesday, 16-5-2018  
Time : 10.00 a.m. to 1.00 p.m.

Total Marks : 70

- Instructions :**
- 1) Q. No. 1 is **compulsory**. It should be solved in **first 30 minutes** in Answer Book Page No. 3. Each question carries **one** mark.
  - 2) **Answer MCQ/Objective type questions on Page No. 3 only. Don't forget to mention, Q.P. Set (P/Q/R/S) on Top of Page.**
  - 3) **All questions are compulsory.**
  - 4) Assume suitable data, **if necessary** and mention it **clearly**.
  - 5) Use of non programmable calculator is **allowed**.
  - 6) Marks to the **right** hand indicate **full** marks.

**MCQ/Objective Type Questions**

Duration : 30 Minutes

Marks : 14

1. Choose the correct answer :

(1×14=14)

- 1) Following sub branch of civil Engineering is related with supply of water to crops.
  - a) Environmental Engg.
  - b) Foundation Engg.
  - c) Irrigation
  - d) Soil Mechanics
- 2) Equivalent nominal scale of representative fraction 1/100 will be
  - a) 1 cm = 1 m
  - b) 1 cm = 10 m
  - c) 1 cm = 100 m
  - d) 1 cm = 1000 m
- 3) Open cross staff is used for obtaining \_\_\_\_\_ offsets.
  - a) Perpendicular
  - b) Oblique
  - c) Both a) and b)
  - d) None
- 4) If Reduced Bearing of a line is 139°, its quadrantal bearing is
  - a) S 39° W
  - b) N 39° E
  - c) S 41° E
  - d) S 41° W

P.T.O.



- 5) Check leveling is used for
- Establishment of new B.M.
  - Checking of survey work carried out
  - Survey in hilly area
  - Road survey
- 6) Borrow pit on both sides of a road is for
- Drainage of water
  - Obtaining soil for use in road construction
  - Tree plantation
  - Berm
- 7) Natural surface water resources does not include
- River
  - Sea
  - Lakes
  - Percolation Tanks
- 8) The lowest part of a structure which transfers the load to the soil is known as
- Super structure
  - Sub structure
  - Plinth
  - Basement
- 9) Height of the building is restricted by a line drawn from rear boundary of plot at an angle of \_\_\_\_\_
- 33.5°
  - 43.5°
  - 53.5°
  - 63.5°
- 10) For better roominess the desirable ratio of length to breadth of room is
- 0.2 to 0.5
  - 0.8 to 0.1
  - 1.2 to 1.5
  - 0.8 to 0.5
- 11) The standard size of a brick is
- 190 mm × 90 mm × 90 mm
  - 180 mm × 100 mm × 90 mm
  - 180 mm × 90 mm × 90 mm
  - 190 mm × 190 mm × 90 mm
- 12) Hardware, software, data and people; these are the components of \_\_\_\_\_
- GPS
  - Remote Sensing
  - GIS
  - Total station
- 13) Compound wall helps to achieve \_\_\_\_\_
- Circulation
  - External privacy
  - Aspect
  - Prospect
- 14) Green city concept encourages
- Mass transportation
  - Pollution free city
  - Use of non conventional energy
  - All the above



Seat No.	
----------	--

**F.E. (Part – II) (CBCS Pattern) Examination, 2018  
BASIC CIVIL ENGINEERING**

Day and Date : Wednesday, 16-5-2018  
Time : 10.00 a.m. to 1.00 p.m.

Marks : 56

- Instructions :** 1) **All questions are compulsory.**  
2) **Assume suitable data, if necessary and mention it clearly.**  
3) **Use of non programmable calculator is allowed.**  
4) **Marks to the right hand indicate full marks.**

SECTION – I

2. Solve **any four** out of the following seven questions : **(4×3=12)**
- a) Which are the sub branches of Civil Engineering ? Describe any one.
  - b) A Civil engineer is supposed to follow different steps during construction of a house. Which are these steps ?
  - c) Which are the errors in chaining ? Describe any one.
  - d) Which instruments are used for finding bearing of lines ? Write principle of working of any one.
  - e) What are the characteristics of contour map ?
  - f) Give classification of Bridges. Draw sketch of any one.
  - g) Draw a neat sketch of structure of a road showing different layers in it.
3. Solve **any two** out of the following **three** questions : **(8×2=16)**
- a) The plan of an old survey plotted to a scale of 1 cm = 50 m was found to have shrunk; so that a line originally 100 mm long was found to measure 95 mm now. The plan was also recorded that 30 m chain used in survey was 50 mm too short. The area of a plot on this map was measured by a planimeter now and was 15000 mm<sup>2</sup>. Find the true area on field.

**Set P**



- b) The following bearings were observed while running a closed traverse ABCDA.

Line	F.B.	B.B.
AB	S(45° 30')W	N(41° 15')E
BC	S(80° 45')W	N(79° 30')E
CD	N(19° 30')E	S(20° 00')W
DA	S(80° 00')E	N(80° 00')W

- i) At what stations you suspect local attraction and by how much amount ?  
 ii) Find out corrected bearings in the same system of bearings.  
 iii) Tabulate the results. Draw the traverse.
- c) In running fly levels from a B.M. of R.L. 487.500, the following readings were taken.
- |      |       |       |                     |
|------|-------|-------|---------------------|
| B.S. | 1.245 | 2.075 | 3.125 (on new B.M.) |
| F.S. | 0.780 | 2.010 |                     |

From the last position of the instrument, the positions of five pegs are to be fixed on a uniform falling slope of 1 in 100, the R.L. of first peg being 489.600. Work out the staff readings for setting out the pegs and complete the leveling field book page as usual. Apply checks.

## SECTION – II

4. Solve **any four** out of following **six** questions : **(4×4=16)**
- State the functions of following components of the building.
    - D.P.C.
    - Plinth
    - Parapet
    - Lintel
  - Discuss the requirements of earthquake resistant structures.
  - Define the terms :
    - F.S.I.
    - Building line
    - Carpet area
    - Built up area.
  - State the uses of plastic as a building material.
  - What is curing of concrete ? Why it is required ?
  - Discuss the concept of energy efficient building.
5. Solve **any two** out of following three questions : **(6×2=12)**
- Compare load bearing structure with RCC framed structure.
  - State and discuss different principles of planning.
  - What is Geographic Information System ? Give its applications in engineering.



Seat No.	
----------	--

Set	Q
-----	---

**F.E. (Part – II) (CBCS Pattern) Examination, 2018  
BASIC CIVIL ENGINEERING**

Day and Date : Wednesday, 16-5-2018  
Time : 10.00 a.m. to 1.00 p.m.

Total Marks : 70

- Instructions :**
- 1) Q. No. 1 is **compulsory**. It should be solved in **first 30 minutes** in Answer Book Page No. 3. Each question carries **one** mark.
  - 2) **Answer MCQ/Objective type questions on Page No. 3 only. Don't forget to mention, Q.P. Set (P/Q/R/S) on Top of Page.**
  - 3) **All questions are compulsory.**
  - 4) Assume suitable data, **if necessary** and mention it **clearly**.
  - 5) Use of non programmable calculator is **allowed**.
  - 6) Marks to the **right** hand indicate **full** marks.

**MCQ/Objective Type Questions**

Duration : 30 Minutes

Marks : 14

1. Choose the correct answer : **(1×14=14)**
- 1) The lowest part of a structure which transfers the load to the soil is known as  
a) Super structure    b) Sub structure    c) Plinth    d) Basement
  - 2) Height of the building is restricted by a line drawn from rear boundary of plot at an angle of \_\_\_\_\_  
a) 33.5°    b) 43.5°    c) 53.5°    d) 63.5°
  - 3) For better roominess the desirable ratio of length to breadth of room is  
a) 0.2 to 0.5    b) 0.8 to 0.1    c) 1.2 to 1.5    d) 0.8 to 0.5
  - 4) The standard size of a brick is  
a) 190 mm × 90 mm × 90 mm    b) 180 mm × 100 mm × 90 mm  
c) 180 mm × 90 mm × 90 mm    d) 190 mm × 190 mm × 90 mm
  - 5) Hardware, software, data and people; these are the components of \_\_\_\_\_  
a) GPS    b) Remote Sensing  
c) GIS    d) Total station

P.T.O.





Seat No.	
----------	--

**F.E. (Part – II) (CBCS Pattern) Examination, 2018  
BASIC CIVIL ENGINEERING**

Day and Date : Wednesday, 16-5-2018  
Time : 10.00 a.m. to 1.00 p.m.

Marks : 56

- Instructions :** 1) *All questions are compulsory.*  
2) *Assume suitable data, if necessary and mention it clearly.*  
3) *Use of non programmable calculator is allowed.*  
4) *Marks to the right hand indicate full marks.*

SECTION – I

2. Solve **any four** out of the following seven questions : **(4×3=12)**
- a) Which are the sub branches of Civil Engineering ? Describe any one.
  - b) A Civil engineer is supposed to follow different steps during construction of a house. Which are these steps ?
  - c) Which are the errors in chaining ? Describe any one.
  - d) Which instruments are used for finding bearing of lines ? Write principle of working of any one.
  - e) What are the characteristics of contour map ?
  - f) Give classification of Bridges. Draw sketch of any one.
  - g) Draw a neat sketch of structure of a road showing different layers in it.
3. Solve **any two** out of the following **three** questions : **(8×2=16)**
- a) The plan of an old survey plotted to a scale of 1 cm = 50 m was found to have shrunk; so that a line originally 100 mm long was found to measure 95 mm now. The plan was also recorded that 30 m chain used in survey was 50 mm too short. The area of a plot on this map was measured by a planimeter now and was 15000 mm<sup>2</sup>. Find the true area on field.

**Set Q**



- b) The following bearings were observed while running a closed traverse ABCDA.

Line	F.B.	B.B.
AB	S(45° 30')W	N(41° 15')E
BC	S(80° 45')W	N(79° 30')E
CD	N(19° 30')E	S(20° 00')W
DA	S(80° 00')E	N(80° 00')W

- i) At what stations you suspect local attraction and by how much amount ?  
 ii) Find out corrected bearings in the same system of bearings.  
 iii) Tabulate the results. Draw the traverse.
- c) In running fly levels from a B.M. of R.L. 487.500, the following readings were taken.

B.S. 1.245      2.075      3.125 (on new B.M.)  
 F.S. 0.780      2.010

From the last position of the instrument, the positions of five pegs are to be fixed on a uniform falling slope of 1 in 100, the R.L. of first peg being 489.600. Work out the staff readings for setting out the pegs and complete the leveling field book page as usual. Apply checks.

## SECTION – II

4. Solve **any four** out of following **six** questions : **(4×4=16)**
- State the functions of following components of the building.
    - D.P.C.
    - Plinth
    - Parapet
    - Lintel
  - Discuss the requirements of earthquake resistant structures.
  - Define the terms :
    - F.S.I.
    - Building line
    - Carpet area
    - Built up area.
  - State the uses of plastic as a building material.
  - What is curing of concrete ? Why it is required ?
  - Discuss the concept of energy efficient building.
5. Solve **any two** out of following three questions : **(6×2=12)**
- Compare load bearing structure with RCC framed structure.
  - State and discuss different principles of planning.
  - What is Geographic Information System ? Give its applications in engineering.



SLR-TC – 6

Seat No.	
----------	--

Set **R**

**F.E. (Part – II) (CBCS Pattern) Examination, 2018  
BASIC CIVIL ENGINEERING**

Day and Date : Wednesday, 16-5-2018  
Time : 10.00 a.m. to 1.00 p.m.

Total Marks : 70

- Instructions :**
- 1) Q. No. 1 is **compulsory**. It should be solved in **first 30 minutes** in Answer Book Page No. 3. Each question carries **one** mark.
  - 2) **Answer MCQ/Objective type questions on Page No. 3 only. Don't forget to mention, Q.P. Set (P/Q/R/S) on Top of Page.**
  - 3) **All questions are compulsory.**
  - 4) Assume suitable data, **if necessary** and mention it **clearly**.
  - 5) Use of non programmable calculator is **allowed**.
  - 6) Marks to the **right** hand indicate **full** marks.

**MCQ/Objective Type Questions**

Duration : 30 Minutes

Marks : 14

1. Choose the correct answer :

(1×14=14)

- 1) Check leveling is used for
  - a) Establishment of new B.M.
  - b) Checking of survey work carried out
  - c) Survey in hilly area
  - d) Road survey
- 2) Borrow pit on both sides of a road is for
  - a) Drainage of water
  - b) Obtaining soil for use in road construction
  - c) Tree plantation
  - d) Berm
- 3) Natural surface water resources does not include
  - a) River
  - b) Sea
  - c) Lakes
  - d) Percolation Tanks

P.T.O.



- 4) The lowest part of a structure which transfers the load to the soil is known as  
a) Super structure    b) Sub structure    c) Plinth    d) Basement
- 5) Height of the building is restricted by a line drawn from rear boundary of plot at an angle of \_\_\_\_\_  
a)  $33.5^\circ$     b)  $43.5^\circ$     c)  $53.5^\circ$     d)  $63.5^\circ$
- 6) For better roominess the desirable ratio of length to breadth of room is  
a) 0.2 to 0.5    b) 0.8 to 0.1    c) 1.2 to 1.5    d) 0.8 to 0.5
- 7) The standard size of a brick is  
a) 190 mm  $\times$  90 mm  $\times$  90 mm    b) 180 mm  $\times$  100 mm  $\times$  90 mm  
c) 180 mm  $\times$  90 mm  $\times$  90 mm    d) 190 mm  $\times$  190 mm  $\times$  90 mm
- 8) Hardware, software, data and people; these are the components of \_\_\_\_\_  
a) GPS    b) Remote Sensing  
c) GIS    d) Total station
- 9) Compound wall helps to achieve \_\_\_\_\_  
a) Circulation    b) External privacy  
c) Aspect    d) Prospect
- 10) Green city concept encourages  
a) Mass transportation    b) Pollution free city  
c) Use of non conventional energy    d) All the above
- 11) Following sub branch of civil Engineering is related with supply of water to crops.  
a) Environmental Engg.    b) Foundation Engg.  
c) Irrigation    d) Soil Mechanics
- 12) Equivalent nominal scale of representative fraction 1/100 will be  
a) 1 cm = 1 m    b) 1 cm = 10 m  
c) 1 cm = 100 m    d) 1 cm = 1000 m
- 13) Open cross staff is used for obtaining \_\_\_\_\_ offsets.  
a) Perpendicular    b) Oblique    c) Both a) and b)    d) None
- 4) If Reduced Bearing of a line is  $139^\circ$ , its quadrantal bearing is  
a) S  $39^\circ$  W    b) N  $39^\circ$  E    c) S  $41^\circ$  E    d) S  $41^\circ$  W



Seat No.	
----------	--

**F.E. (Part – II) (CBCS Pattern) Examination, 2018  
BASIC CIVIL ENGINEERING**

Day and Date : Wednesday, 16-5-2018  
Time : 10.00 a.m. to 1.00 p.m.

Marks : 56

- Instructions :** 1) **All questions are compulsory.**  
2) **Assume suitable data, if necessary and mention it clearly.**  
3) **Use of non programmable calculator is allowed.**  
4) **Marks to the right hand indicate full marks.**

SECTION – I

2. Solve **any four** out of the following seven questions : **(4×3=12)**
- a) Which are the sub branches of Civil Engineering ? Describe any one.
  - b) A Civil engineer is supposed to follow different steps during construction of a house. Which are these steps ?
  - c) Which are the errors in chaining ? Describe any one.
  - d) Which instruments are used for finding bearing of lines ? Write principle of working of any one.
  - e) What are the characteristics of contour map ?
  - f) Give classification of Bridges. Draw sketch of any one.
  - g) Draw a neat sketch of structure of a road showing different layers in it.
3. Solve **any two** out of the following **three** questions : **(8×2=16)**
- a) The plan of an old survey plotted to a scale of 1 cm = 50 m was found to have shrunk; so that a line originally 100 mm long was found to measure 95 mm now. The plan was also recorded that 30 m chain used in survey was 50 mm too short. The area of a plot on this map was measured by a planimeter now and was 15000 mm<sup>2</sup>. Find the true area on field.

**Set R**



- b) The following bearings were observed while running a closed traverse ABCDA.

Line	F.B.	B.B.
AB	S(45° 30')W	N(41° 15')E
BC	S(80° 45')W	N(79° 30')E
CD	N(19° 30')E	S(20° 00')W
DA	S(80° 00')E	N(80° 00')W

- i) At what stations you suspect local attraction and by how much amount ?  
 ii) Find out corrected bearings in the same system of bearings.  
 iii) Tabulate the results. Draw the traverse.
- c) In running fly levels from a B.M. of R.L. 487.500, the following readings were taken.
- |      |       |       |                     |
|------|-------|-------|---------------------|
| B.S. | 1.245 | 2.075 | 3.125 (on new B.M.) |
| F.S. | 0.780 | 2.010 |                     |

From the last position of the instrument, the positions of five pegs are to be fixed on a uniform falling slope of 1 in 100, the R.L. of first peg being 489.600. Work out the staff readings for setting out the pegs and complete the leveling field book page as usual. Apply checks.

## SECTION – II

4. Solve **any four** out of following **six** questions : **(4×4=16)**
- State the functions of following components of the building.
    - D.P.C.
    - Plinth
    - Parapet
    - Lintel
  - Discuss the requirements of earthquake resistant structures.
  - Define the terms :
    - F.S.I.
    - Building line
    - Carpet area
    - Built up area.
  - State the uses of plastic as a building material.
  - What is curing of concrete ? Why it is required ?
  - Discuss the concept of energy efficient building.
5. Solve **any two** out of following three questions : **(6×2=12)**
- Compare load bearing structure with RCC framed structure.
  - State and discuss different principles of planning.
  - What is Geographic Information System ? Give its applications in engineering.



SLR-TC – 6

Seat No.	
----------	--

Set	S
-----	---

**F.E. (Part – II) (CBCS Pattern) Examination, 2018  
BASIC CIVIL ENGINEERING**

Day and Date : Wednesday, 16-5-2018  
Time : 10.00 a.m. to 1.00 p.m.

Total Marks : 70

- Instructions :**
- 1) Q. No. 1 is **compulsory**. It should be solved in **first 30 minutes** in Answer Book Page No. 3. Each question carries **one** mark.
  - 2) **Answer MCQ/Objective type questions on Page No. 3 only. Don't forget to mention, Q.P. Set (P/Q/R/S) on Top of Page.**
  - 3) **All questions are compulsory.**
  - 4) Assume suitable data, **if necessary** and mention it **clearly**.
  - 5) Use of non programmable calculator is **allowed**.
  - 6) Marks to the **right** hand indicate **full** marks.

**MCQ/Objective Type Questions**

Duration : 30 Minutes

Marks : 14

1. Choose the correct answer :

(1×14=14)

- 1) For better roominess the desirable ratio of length to breadth of room is  
a) 0.2 to 0.5      b) 0.8 to 0.1      c) 1.2 to 1.5      d) 0.8 to 0.5
- 2) The standard size of a brick is  
a) 190 mm × 90 mm × 90 mm      b) 180 mm × 100 mm × 90 mm  
c) 180 mm × 90 mm × 90 mm      d) 190 mm × 190 mm × 90 mm
- 3) Hardware, software, data and people; these are the components of \_\_\_\_\_  
a) GPS      b) Remote Sensing  
c) GIS      d) Total station
- 4) Compound wall helps to achieve \_\_\_\_\_  
a) Circulation      b) External privacy  
c) Aspect      d) Prospect

P.T.O.



- 5) Green city concept encourages
- a) Mass transportation                      b) Pollution free city  
c) Use of non conventional energy      d) All the above
- 6) Following sub branch of civil Engineering is related with supply of water to crops.
- a) Environmental Engg.                      b) Foundation Engg.  
c) Irrigation                                      d) Soil Mechanics
- 7) Equivalent nominal scale of representative fraction 1/100 will be
- a) 1 cm = 1 m                                      b) 1 cm = 10 m  
c) 1 cm = 100 m                                      d) 1 cm = 1000 m
- 8) Open cross staff is used for obtaining \_\_\_\_\_ offsets.
- a) Perpendicular      b) Oblique              c) Both a) and b)      d) None
- 9) If Reduced Bearing of a line is  $139^\circ$ , its quadrantal bearing is
- a) S  $39^\circ$  W                      b) N  $39^\circ$  E                      c) S  $41^\circ$  E                      d) S  $41^\circ$  W
- 10) Check leveling is used for
- a) Establishment of new B.M.  
b) Checking of survey work carried out  
c) Survey in hilly area  
d) Road survey
- 11) Borrow pit on both sides of a road is for
- a) Drainage of water  
b) Obtaining soil for use in road construction  
c) Tree plantation  
d) Berm
- 12) Natural surface water resources does not include
- a) River    b) Sea  
c) Lakes    d) Percolation Tanks
- 13) The lowest part of a structure which transfers the load to the soil is known as
- a) Super structure      b) Sub structure      c) Plinth                      d) Basement
- 14) Height of the building is restricted by a line drawn from rear boundary of plot at an angle of \_\_\_\_\_
- a)  $33.5^\circ$                       b)  $43.5^\circ$                       c)  $53.5^\circ$                       d)  $63.5^\circ$



Seat No.	
----------	--

**F.E. (Part – II) (CBCS Pattern) Examination, 2018  
BASIC CIVIL ENGINEERING**

Day and Date : Wednesday, 16-5-2018  
Time : 10.00 a.m. to 1.00 p.m.

Marks : 56

- Instructions :** 1) *All questions are compulsory.*  
2) *Assume suitable data, if necessary and mention it clearly.*  
3) *Use of non programmable calculator is allowed.*  
4) *Marks to the right hand indicate full marks.*

SECTION – I

2. Solve **any four** out of the following seven questions : **(4×3=12)**
- a) Which are the sub branches of Civil Engineering ? Describe any one.
  - b) A Civil engineer is supposed to follow different steps during construction of a house. Which are these steps ?
  - c) Which are the errors in chaining ? Describe any one.
  - d) Which instruments are used for finding bearing of lines ? Write principle of working of any one.
  - e) What are the characteristics of contour map ?
  - f) Give classification of Bridges. Draw sketch of any one.
  - g) Draw a neat sketch of structure of a road showing different layers in it.
3. Solve **any two** out of the following **three** questions : **(8×2=16)**
- a) The plan of an old survey plotted to a scale of 1 cm = 50 m was found to have shrunk; so that a line originally 100 mm long was found to measure 95 mm now. The plan was also recorded that 30 m chain used in survey was 50 mm too short. The area of a plot on this map was measured by a planimeter now and was 15000 mm<sup>2</sup>. Find the true area on field.

**Set S**



- b) The following bearings were observed while running a closed traverse ABCDA.

Line	F.B.	B.B.
AB	S(45° 30')W	N(41° 15')E
BC	S(80° 45')W	N(79° 30')E
CD	N(19° 30')E	S(20° 00')W
DA	S(80° 00')E	N(80° 00')W

- i) At what stations you suspect local attraction and by how much amount ?  
 ii) Find out corrected bearings in the same system of bearings.  
 iii) Tabulate the results. Draw the traverse.
- c) In running fly levels from a B.M. of R.L. 487.500, the following readings were taken.

B.S. 1.245      2.075      3.125 (on new B.M.)  
 F.S. 0.780      2.010

From the last position of the instrument, the positions of five pegs are to be fixed on a uniform falling slope of 1 in 100, the R.L. of first peg being 489.600. Work out the staff readings for setting out the pegs and complete the leveling field book page as usual. Apply checks.

## SECTION – II

4. Solve **any four** out of following **six** questions : **(4×4=16)**
- a) State the functions of following components of the building.  
 i) D.P.C.                      ii) Plinth                      iii) Parapet                      iv) Lintel
- b) Discuss the requirements of earthquake resistant structures.
- c) Define the terms :  
 i) F.S.I.                      ii) Building line  
 iii) Carpet area                      iv) Built up area.
- d) State the uses of plastic as a building material.
- e) What is curing of concrete ? Why it is required ?
- f) Discuss the concept of energy efficient building.
5. Solve **any two** out of following three questions : **(6×2=12)**
- a) Compare load bearing structure with RCC framed structure.
- b) State and discuss different principles of planning.
- c) What is Geographic Information System ? Give its applications in engineering.







Seat No.	
----------	--

**F.E. (Part II) (CBCS) Examination, 2018  
BASIC ELECTRONICS**

Day and Date : Friday, 18-5-2018  
Time : 10.00 a.m. to 12.00 noon

Marks : 28

***Instruction : All questions are compulsory.***

SECTION – I

2. Attempt **any two** : **(2×3=6)**

- 1) Explain avalanche and zener breakdown mechanism in reverse biased zener diode.
- 2) Explain working of BJT transistor as a switch.
- 3) Draw and explain input and output characteristics of CE configuration.

3. Attempt **any two** : **(2×4=8)**

- 1) Compare different transistor configuration on the basis of input resistance, output resistance, voltage gain and current gain.
- 2) For bridge rectifier, derive for
  - i)  $I_m$
  - ii)  $V_{DC}$
  - iii) Ripple factor
  - iv) Efficiency
- 3) Why filter circuit is needed ? Explain capacitor filter.

SECTION – II

4. Attempt **any two** : **(2×3=6)**

- 1) State the parameters for selection of transducer.
- 2) Explain thermocouple transducer.
- 3) Explain following gates with symbol, equation and truth table.
  - i) XOR
  - ii) NOR
  - iii) AND



5. Attempt **any two** :

**(2×4=8)**

- 1) Derive basic gates using NAND universal gate.
- 2) State and prove De Morgan's theorem.
- 3) Perform the following arithmetic operations using 2's complement method.

Show the result in decimal form.

i)  $(35)_{10} - (34)_{10}$

ii)  $(26)_8 - (15)_8$

---



SLR-TC – 7

Seat No.	
----------	--

Set **Q**

**F.E. (Part II) (CBCS) Examination, 2018  
BASIC ELECTRONICS**

Day and Date : Friday, 18-5-2018  
Time : 10.00 a.m. to 12.00 noon

Total Marks : 35

- Instructions :** 1) Q. No. 1 is **compulsory**. It should be solved in **first 15 minutes** in Answer Book Page No. 3. Each question carries **one** mark.  
2) **Answer MCQ/Objective type questions on Page No. 3 only. Don't forget to mention, Q.P. Set (P/Q/R/S) on Top of Page.**

**MCQ/Objective Type Questions**

Duration : 15 Minutes

Marks : 7

1. Multiple choice question :

(1×7=7)

1) Following expression represents which law ?

$$A(B + C) = AB + AC$$

- a) Commutative law
  - b) Associative law
  - c) Distributive law
  - d) De Morgan's theorem
- 2) In centre tap full wave rectifier, if input voltage is  $V_m \sin \omega t$  then PIV across any diode will be
- a)  $2V_m$
  - b)  $V_m$
  - c)  $V_m / \sqrt{2}$
  - d)  $V_m/2$
- 3) N type impurity is also called as
- a) Donor impurity
  - b) Acceptor impurity
  - c) Negative type impurity
  - d) Both a and c

P.T.O.



- 4) Ideal diode in reverse bias offers \_\_\_\_\_ resistance and it is equivalent to \_\_\_\_\_ switch.
- a) zero , open
  - b) zero , closed
  - c) infinite , closed
  - d) infinite , open
- 5) In PTC as temperature increases, resistance
- a) Increases
  - b) Decreases
  - c) Remains same
  - d) Become zero
- 6) The Boolean expression  $A+AB$  is equal to
- a) A
  - b)  $A(1 + B)$
  - c)  $A.A$
  - d) All of these
- 7) Two's complement can be calculated from one's complement by
- a) adding 2 in it
  - b) adding 1 in it
  - c) subtracting 1 from it
  - d) none of these
-



Seat No.	
----------	--

**F.E. (Part II) (CBCS) Examination, 2018  
BASIC ELECTRONICS**

Day and Date : Friday, 18-5-2018  
Time : 10.00 a.m. to 12.00 noon

Marks : 28

***Instruction : All questions are compulsory.***

SECTION – I

2. Attempt **any two** : **(2×3=6)**

- 1) Explain avalanche and zener breakdown mechanism in reverse biased zener diode.
- 2) Explain working of BJT transistor as a switch.
- 3) Draw and explain input and output characteristics of CE configuration.

3. Attempt **any two** : **(2×4=8)**

- 1) Compare different transistor configuration on the basis of input resistance, output resistance, voltage gain and current gain.
- 2) For bridge rectifier, derive for
  - i)  $I_m$
  - ii)  $V_{DC}$
  - iii) Ripple factor
  - iv) Efficiency
- 3) Why filter circuit is needed ? Explain capacitor filter.

SECTION – II

4. Attempt **any two** : **(2×3=6)**

- 1) State the parameters for selection of transducer.
- 2) Explain thermocouple transducer.
- 3) Explain following gates with symbol, equation and truth table.
  - i) XOR
  - ii) NOR
  - iii) AND



5. Attempt **any two** :

**(2×4=8)**

- 1) Derive basic gates using NAND universal gate.
- 2) State and prove De Morgan's theorem.
- 3) Perform the following arithmetic operations using 2's complement method.

Show the result in decimal form.

i)  $(35)_{10} - (34)_{10}$

ii)  $(26)_8 - (15)_8$

---



SLR-TC – 7

Seat No.	
----------	--

Set **R**

**F.E. (Part II) (CBCS) Examination, 2018  
BASIC ELECTRONICS**

Day and Date : Friday, 18-5-2018  
Time : 10.00 a.m. to 12.00 noon

Total Marks : 35

- Instructions :** 1) *Q. No. 1 is compulsory. It should be solved in first 15 minutes in Answer Book Page No. 3. Each question carries one mark.*
- 2) *Answer MCQ/Objective type questions on Page No. 3 only. Don't forget to mention, Q.P. Set (P/Q/R/S) on Top of Page.*

**MCQ/Objective Type Questions**

Duration : 15 Minutes

Marks : 7

1. Multiple choice question :

(1×7=7)

- 1) N type impurity is also called as
- a) Donar impurity
  - b) Acceptor impurity
  - c) Negative type impurity
  - d) Both a and c
- 2) Ideal diode in reverse bias offers \_\_\_\_\_ resistance and it is equivalent to \_\_\_\_\_ switch.
- a) zero , open
  - b) zero , closed
  - c) infinite , closed
  - d) infinite , open
- 3) In PTC as temperature increases, resistance
- a) Increases
  - b) Decreases
  - c) Remains same
  - d) Become zero

P.T.O.



- 4) The Boolean expression  $A+AB$  is equal to
- a) A
  - b)  $A(1 + B)$
  - c)  $A.A$
  - d) All of these
- 5) Two's complement can be calculated from one's complement by
- a) adding 2 in it
  - b) adding 1 in it
  - c) subtracting 1 from it
  - d) none of these
- 6) Following expression represents which law ?
- $$A(B + C) = AB + AC$$
- a) Commutative law
  - b) Associative law
  - c) Distributive law
  - d) De Morgan's theorem
- 7) In centre tap full wave rectifier, if input voltage is  $V_m \sin \omega t$  then PIV across any diode will be
- a)  $2V_m$
  - b)  $V_m$
  - c)  $V_m / \sqrt{2}$
  - d)  $V_m/2$
-



Seat No.	
----------	--

**F.E. (Part II) (CBCS) Examination, 2018  
BASIC ELECTRONICS**

Day and Date : Friday, 18-5-2018  
Time : 10.00 a.m. to 12.00 noon

Marks : 28

***Instruction : All questions are compulsory.***

SECTION – I

2. Attempt **any two** : **(2×3=6)**

- 1) Explain avalanche and zener breakdown mechanism in reverse biased zener diode.
- 2) Explain working of BJT transistor as a switch.
- 3) Draw and explain input and output characteristics of CE configuration.

3. Attempt **any two** : **(2×4=8)**

- 1) Compare different transistor configuration on the basis of input resistance, output resistance, voltage gain and current gain.
- 2) For bridge rectifier, derive for
  - i)  $I_m$
  - ii)  $V_{DC}$
  - iii) Ripple factor
  - iv) Efficiency
- 3) Why filter circuit is needed ? Explain capacitor filter.

SECTION – II

4. Attempt **any two** : **(2×3=6)**

- 1) State the parameters for selection of transducer.
- 2) Explain thermocouple transducer.
- 3) Explain following gates with symbol, equation and truth table.
  - i) XOR
  - ii) NOR
  - iii) AND



5. Attempt **any two** :

**(2×4=8)**

- 1) Derive basic gates using NAND universal gate.
- 2) State and prove De Morgan's theorem.
- 3) Perform the following arithmetic operations using 2's complement method.

Show the result in decimal form.

i)  $(35)_{10} - (34)_{10}$

ii)  $(26)_8 - (15)_8$

---





- 4) In PTC as temperature increases, resistance
- a) Increases
  - b) Decreases
  - c) Remains same
  - d) Become zero
- 5) The Boolean expression  $A+AB$  is equal to
- a) A
  - b)  $A(1 + B)$
  - c)  $A.A$
  - d) All of these
- 6) Two's complement can be calculated from one's complement by
- a) adding 2 in it
  - b) adding 1 in it
  - c) subtracting 1 from it
  - d) none of these
- 7) Following expression represents which law ?
- $$A(B + C) = AB + AC$$
- a) Commutative law
  - b) Associative law
  - c) Distributive law
  - d) De Morgan's theorem
-



Seat No.	
----------	--

**F.E. (Part II) (CBCS) Examination, 2018  
BASIC ELECTRONICS**

Day and Date : Friday, 18-5-2018  
Time : 10.00 a.m. to 12.00 noon

Marks : 28

***Instruction : All questions are compulsory.***

SECTION – I

2. Attempt **any two** : **(2×3=6)**

- 1) Explain avalanche and zener breakdown mechanism in reverse biased zener diode.
- 2) Explain working of BJT transistor as a switch.
- 3) Draw and explain input and output characteristics of CE configuration.

3. Attempt **any two** : **(2×4=8)**

- 1) Compare different transistor configuration on the basis of input resistance, output resistance, voltage gain and current gain.
- 2) For bridge rectifier, derive for
  - i)  $I_m$
  - ii)  $V_{DC}$
  - iii) Ripple factor
  - iv) Efficiency
- 3) Why filter circuit is needed ? Explain capacitor filter.

SECTION – II

4. Attempt **any two** : **(2×3=6)**

- 1) State the parameters for selection of transducer.
- 2) Explain thermocouple transducer.
- 3) Explain following gates with symbol, equation and truth table.
  - i) XOR
  - ii) NOR
  - iii) AND



5. Attempt **any two** :

**(2×4=8)**

- 1) Derive basic gates using NAND universal gate.
- 2) State and prove De Morgan's theorem.
- 3) Perform the following arithmetic operations using 2's complement method.

Show the result in decimal form.

i)  $(35)_{10} - (34)_{10}$

ii)  $(26)_8 - (15)_8$

---



Seat No.	
----------	--

Set	<b>P</b>
-----	----------

**F.E. (Part – II) (CBCS) Examination, 2018  
ENGINEERING PHYSICS**

Day and Date : Wednesday, 23-5-2018  
Time : 10.00 a.m. to 1.00 p.m.

Max. Marks : 70

- Instructions :** 1) Make suitable assumptions, **if necessary**.  
2) Figures to the **right** indicate **full marks**.  
3) Q. No. **1** is **compulsory**. It should be solved in **first 30 minutes** in Answer Book Page No. **3**. **Each** question carries **one** mark.  
4) **Answer MCQ/Objective type questions on Page No. 3 only. Don't forget to mention, Q.P. Set (P/Q/R/S) on Top of Page.**

- Constants :** 1) Avogadro's no.,  $N = 6.02 \times 10^{26}/\text{k.mol}$ .  
2) Velocity of light,  $c = 3 \times 10^8 \text{m/sec}$ .  
3) Charge of electron,  $e = 1.6 \times 10^{-19} \text{C}$ .

**MCQ/Objective Type Questions**

Duration : 30 Minutes

Marks : 14

**SECTION – I**

1. Choose the correct answer :

**(14×1=14)**

- 1) Semiconductor materials are of \_\_\_\_\_ group elements.  
a) 3<sup>rd</sup>                      b) 4<sup>th</sup>                      c) 5<sup>th</sup>                      d) 6<sup>th</sup>

2) The fermi direct distribution function is given by

- a)  $f(E) = \frac{1}{1 + e^{(E-E_f) / KT}}$                       b)  $f(E) = \frac{1}{1 - e^{(E-E_f) / KT}}$   
c)  $f(E) = \frac{1}{1 + e^{(E+E_f) / KT}}$                       d)  $f(E) = \frac{1}{1 - e^{(E+E_f) / KT}}$

3) The Miller indices of the plane parallel to x and y axes are

- a) (1 0 0)                      b) (0 1 0)                      c) (0 0 1)                      d) (1 1 1)

4) The co-ordination number for BCC crystal structure is

- a) 12                      b) 8                      c) 6                      d) 5





Seat No.	
----------	--

**F.E. (Part – II) (CBCS) Examination, 2018  
ENGINEERING PHYSICS**

Day and Date : Wednesday, 23-5-2018  
Time : 10.00 a.m. to 1.00 p.m.

Marks : 56

**Instructions :** 1) Make suitable assumptions, if **necessary**.  
2) Figures to the **right** indicate **full marks**.

SECTION – I

2. Attempt **any five** of the following : **15**
- a) Define the terms (1) valance band (2) conduction band (3) forbidden band.
  - b) Define co-ordination number and obtain its values for SC, BCC and FCC crystals.
  - c) State the basic requirements for acoustically good hall.
  - d) State the properties of ultrasonic waves.
  - e) Explain in detail Bragg's Law.
  - f) A current of 50 A is established in a slab of Cu 0.5 cm thick and 2 cm wide. The slab is placed in a magnetic field B of 1.5 T. The magnetic field is perpendicular to the plane of the slab and to the current. The free electron concentration in copper is  $8.4 \times 10^{28}$  electron/m<sup>3</sup>. What will be the magnitude of Hall voltage across the width of the slab ?
  - g) Calculate the mass of proton moving with a velocity 0.8 C. the rest mass of a proton is  $1.67 \times 10^{-27}$  kg.
3. Define symmetry elements in a crystal ? Explain the various types of symmetry elements present in a cubic crystal. **5**

OR

Derive the expression for relativistic mass variation to show  $m = \frac{m_0}{\sqrt{1 - \frac{v^2}{c^2}}}$ .

**Set P**



4. Attempt **any two** of the following : **8**
- a) Explain effect of impurity concentration on Fermi level.
  - b) Define atomic packing factor. Calculate packing factor for SC, BCC and FCC.
  - c) Explain detection methods of ultrasonic waves.
  - d) State fundamental postulates of special theory of relativity. Explain “Time dilation” phenomenon with mathematical expression.

### SECTION – II

5. Attempt **any five** of the following : **15**
- a) Explain positive and negative crystals.
  - b) Define : (i) Population inversion (ii) Pumping (iii) Metastable state.
  - c) Explain with neat diagram structure of optical fiber.
  - d) Explain the types of carbon nano tubes with diagrams.
  - e) Explain with diagram (i) Spontaneous emission (ii) Stimulated emission.
  - f) The numerical aperture of an optical fiber is 0.5 and the core refractive index is 1.54. Find the refractive index of the cladding.
  - g) Calculate specific rotation, if the plane of polarization is rotated through  $22^\circ$  length of tube is 20 cm and concentration of sugar solution is 20%.
6. Obtain the expression for acceptance angle, numerical aperture and fractional refractive index change of an optical fiber. **5**

OR

Explain the main features of the design and working of a nuclear fission reactor.

7. Attempt **any two** of the following : **8**
- a) Define resolving power of an optical instrument. Derive an expression for the resolving power of a plane diffraction grating.
  - b) Write a note on : Semiconductor LASER.
  - c) Explain theory of plane diffraction grating.
  - d) Explain : (i) Proton – Proton cycle, (ii) Carbon Nitrogen cycle.



SLR-TC – 9

Seat No.	
----------	--

Set 

Q
---

**F.E. (Part – II) (CBCS) Examination, 2018  
ENGINEERING PHYSICS**

Day and Date : Wednesday, 23-5-2018  
Time : 10.00 a.m. to 1.00 p.m.

Max. Marks : 70

- Instructions :**
- 1) Make suitable assumptions, **if necessary**.
  - 2) Figures to the **right** indicate **full** marks.
  - 3) Q. No. **1** is **compulsory**. It should be solved in **first 30 minutes** in Answer Book Page No. **3**. **Each** question carries **one** mark.
  - 4) **Answer MCQ/Objective type questions on Page No. 3 only. Don't forget to mention, Q.P. Set (P/Q/R/S) on Top of Page.**

- Constants :**
- 1) Avogadro's no.,  $N = 6.02 \times 10^{26}/k.mol.$
  - 2) Velocity of light,  $c = 3 \times 10^8 m/sec.$
  - 3) Charge of electron,  $e = 1.6 \times 10^{-19} C.$

**MCQ/Objective Type Questions**

Duration : 30 Minutes

Marks : 14

SECTION – I

1. Choose the correct answer :

**(14×1=14)**

- 1) The Miller indices of the plane parallel to x and y axes are  
a) (1 0 0)                      b) (0 1 0)                      c) (0 0 1)                      d) (1 1 1)
- 2) The co-ordination number for BCC crystal structure is  
a) 12                              b) 8                              c) 6                              d) 5
- 3) Optimum reverberation time for music is  
a) 0.5 to 1 second                      b) 0 to 1 second  
c) 1 to 2 second                      d) above 5 second
- 4) Sound waves having the following frequencies are audible to human beings  
a) 5 Hz                              b) 27000 Hz  
c) 5000 Hz                              d) 50000 Hz

P.T.O.



5) Length contraction equation is given by

a)  $L = L_0 \sqrt{1 - v^2/c^2}$

b)  $L = L_0(1 - v^2/c^2)$

c)  $L = L_0 \sqrt{1 + v^2/c^2}$

d)  $L = L_0 \sqrt{1 - c^2/v^2}$

6) Semiconductor materials are of \_\_\_\_\_ group elements.

a) 3<sup>rd</sup>

b) 4<sup>th</sup>

c) 5<sup>th</sup>

d) 6<sup>th</sup>

7) The fermi direct distribution function is given by

a)  $f(E) = \frac{1}{1 + e^{(E-E_f)/KT}}$

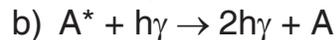
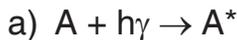
b)  $f(E) = \frac{1}{1 - e^{(E-E_f)/KT}}$

c)  $f(E) = \frac{1}{1 + e^{(E+E_f)/KT}}$

d)  $f(E) = \frac{1}{1 - e^{(E+E_f)/KT}}$

### SECTION – II

8) Stimulate absorption process is mathematically represented by equation



9) The fractional refractive index change ( $\Delta$ ) is given by

a)  $\Delta = n_1 - n_2$

b)  $\Delta = n_2 - n_1$

c)  $\Delta = (n_1 - n_2)/n_1$

d)  $\Delta = (n_2 - n_1)/n_1$

10) The innermost region of the optical fibre is called

a) Cladding

b) Sheath

c) Core

d) Coating

11) Energy released per fission of a  ${}_{92}\text{U}^{235}$  nucleus is nearly

a) 200 eV

b) 200 MeV

c) 20 eV

d) 20 MeV

12) The chirality of zigzag CNT is

a) (a, 0)

b) (a, a)

c) (a, b)

d) (b, 0)

13) The grating constant is given by the equation

a) no. of lines per cm

b) no. of lines per inch

c)  $2.54/\text{no. of lines per cm}$

d)  $1/\text{no. of lines per cm}$

14) In Laurentz's half shade polarimeter, the half part of Laurentz's plate is of \_\_\_\_\_ and half is of \_\_\_\_\_

a) quartz, calcite

b) calcite, tourmaline

c) glass, calcite

d) glass, quartz



Seat No.	
----------	--

**F.E. (Part – II) (CBCS) Examination, 2018  
ENGINEERING PHYSICS**

Day and Date : Wednesday, 23-5-2018  
Time : 10.00 a.m. to 1.00 p.m.

Marks : 56

**Instructions :** 1) Make suitable assumptions, if **necessary**.  
2) Figures to the **right** indicate **full marks**.

SECTION – I

2. Attempt **any five** of the following : **15**
- a) Define the terms (1) valance band (2) conduction band (3) forbidden band.
  - b) Define co-ordination number and obtain its values for SC, BCC and FCC crystals.
  - c) State the basic requirements for acoustically good hall.
  - d) State the properties of ultrasonic waves.
  - e) Explain in detail Bragg's Law.
  - f) A current of 50 A is established in a slab of Cu 0.5 cm thick and 2 cm wide. The slab is placed in a magnetic field B of 1.5 T. The magnetic field is perpendicular to the plane of the slab and to the current. The free electron concentration in copper is  $8.4 \times 10^{28}$  electron/m<sup>3</sup>. What will be the magnitude of Hall voltage across the width of the slab ?
  - g) Calculate the mass of proton moving with a velocity 0.8 C. the rest mass of a proton is  $1.67 \times 10^{-27}$  kg.
3. Define symmetry elements in a crystal ? Explain the various types of symmetry elements present in a cubic crystal. **5**

OR

Derive the expression for relativistic mass variation to show  $m = \frac{m_0}{\sqrt{1 - \frac{v^2}{c^2}}}$ .

**Set Q**



4. Attempt **any two** of the following : 8
- a) Explain effect of impurity concentration on Fermi level.
  - b) Define atomic packing factor. Calculate packing factor for SC, BCC and FCC.
  - c) Explain detection methods of ultrasonic waves.
  - d) State fundamental postulates of special theory of relativity. Explain “Time dilation” phenomenon with mathematical expression.

### SECTION – II

5. Attempt **any five** of the following : 15
- a) Explain positive and negative crystals.
  - b) Define : (i) Population inversion (ii) Pumping (iii) Metastable state.
  - c) Explain with neat diagram structure of optical fiber.
  - d) Explain the types of carbon nano tubes with diagrams.
  - e) Explain with diagram (i) Spontaneous emission (ii) Stimulated emission.
  - f) The numerical aperture of an optical fiber is 0.5 and the core refractive index is 1.54. Find the refractive index of the cladding.
  - g) Calculate specific rotation, if the plane of polarization is rotated through  $22^\circ$  length of tube is 20 cm and concentration of sugar solution is 20%.
6. Obtain the expression for acceptance angle, numerical aperture and fractional refractive index change of an optical fiber. 5

OR

Explain the main features of the design and working of a nuclear fission reactor.

7. Attempt **any two** of the following : 8
- a) Define resolving power of an optical instrument. Derive an expression for the resolving power of a plane diffraction grating.
  - b) Write a note on : Semiconductor LASER.
  - c) Explain theory of plane diffraction grating.
  - d) Explain : (i) Proton – Proton cycle, (ii) Carbon Nitrogen cycle.

Set Q



Seat No.	
----------	--

Set 

R
---

**F.E. (Part – II) (CBCS) Examination, 2018  
ENGINEERING PHYSICS**

Day and Date : Wednesday, 23-5-2018  
Time : 10.00 a.m. to 1.00 p.m.

Max. Marks : 70

- Instructions :**
- 1) Make suitable assumptions, **if necessary**.
  - 2) Figures to the **right** indicate **full** marks.
  - 3) Q. No. **1** is **compulsory**. It should be solved in **first 30 minutes** in Answer Book Page No. **3**. **Each** question carries **one** mark.
  - 4) **Answer MCQ/Objective type questions on Page No. 3 only. Don't forget to mention, Q.P. Set (P/Q/R/S) on Top of Page.**

- Constants :**
- 1) Avogadro's no.,  $N = 6.02 \times 10^{26}/\text{k.mol}$ .
  - 2) Velocity of light,  $c = 3 \times 10^8 \text{m/sec}$ .
  - 3) Charge of electron,  $e = 1.6 \times 10^{-19} \text{C}$ .

**MCQ/Objective Type Questions**

Duration : 30 Minutes

Marks : 14

SECTION – I

1. Choose the correct answer :

(14×1=14)

- 1) Optimum reverberation time for music is
  - a) 0.5 to 1 second
  - b) 0 to 1 second
  - c) 1 to 2 second
  - d) above 5 second
- 2) Sound waves having the following frequencies are audible to human beings
  - a) 5 Hz
  - b) 27000 Hz
  - c) 5000 Hz
  - d) 50000 Hz
- 3) Length contraction equation is given by
  - a)  $L = L_0 \sqrt{1 - \frac{v^2}{c^2}}$
  - b)  $L = L_0(1 - v^2/c^2)$
  - c)  $L = L_0 \sqrt{1 + \frac{v^2}{c^2}}$
  - d)  $L = L_0 \sqrt{1 - \frac{c^2}{v^2}}$
- 4) Semiconductor materials are of \_\_\_\_\_ group elements.
  - a) 3<sup>rd</sup>
  - b) 4<sup>th</sup>
  - c) 5<sup>th</sup>
  - d) 6<sup>th</sup>

P.T.O.



5) The fermi direct distribution function is given by

a)  $f(E) = \frac{1}{1 + e^{(E-E_f) / KT}}$

b)  $f(E) = \frac{1}{1 - e^{(E-E_f) / KT}}$

c)  $f(E) = \frac{1}{1 + e^{(E+E_f) / KT}}$

d)  $f(E) = \frac{1}{1 - e^{(E+E_f) / KT}}$

6) The Miller indices of the plane parallel to x and y axes are

a) (1 0 0)

b) (0 1 0)

c) (0 0 1)

d) (1 1 1)

7) The co-ordination number for BCC crystal structure is

a) 12

b) 8

c) 6

d) 5

### SECTION – II

8) The innermost region of the optical fibre is called

a) Cladding

b) Sheath

c) Core

d) Coating

9) Energy released per fission of a  ${}_{92}\text{U}^{235}$  nucleus is nearly

a) 200 eV

b) 200 MeV

c) 20 eV

d) 20 MeV

10) The chirality of zigzag CNT is

a) (a, 0)

b) (a, a)

c) (a, b)

d) (b, 0)

11) The grating constant is given by the equation

a) no. of lines per cm

b) no. of lines per inch

c)  $2.54/\text{no. of lines per cm}$

d)  $1/\text{no. of lines per cm}$

12) In Laurentz's half shade polarimeter, the half part of Laurentz's plate is of \_\_\_\_\_ and half is of \_\_\_\_\_

a) quartz, calcite

b) calcite, tourmaline

c) glass, calcite

d) glass, quartz

13) Stimulate absorption process is mathematically represented by equation

a)  $A + h\gamma \rightarrow A^*$

b)  $A^* + h\gamma \rightarrow 2h\gamma + A$

c)  $A^* \rightarrow A + h\gamma$

d)  $A^* + h\gamma \rightarrow A + h\gamma$

14) The fractional refractive index change ( $\Delta$ ) is given by

a)  $\Delta = n_1 - n_2$

b)  $\Delta = n_2 - n_1$

c)  $\Delta = (n_1 - n_2)/n_1$

d)  $\Delta = (n_2 - n_1)/n_1$



Seat No.	
----------	--

**F.E. (Part – II) (CBCS) Examination, 2018  
ENGINEERING PHYSICS**

Day and Date : Wednesday, 23-5-2018  
Time : 10.00 a.m. to 1.00 p.m.

Marks : 56

**Instructions :** 1) Make suitable assumptions, if **necessary**.  
2) Figures to the **right** indicate **full marks**.

SECTION – I

2. Attempt **any five** of the following : **15**
- a) Define the terms (1) valance band (2) conduction band (3) forbidden band.
  - b) Define co-ordination number and obtain its values for SC, BCC and FCC crystals.
  - c) State the basic requirements for acoustically good hall.
  - d) State the properties of ultrasonic waves.
  - e) Explain in detail Bragg's Law.
  - f) A current of 50 A is established in a slab of Cu 0.5 cm thick and 2 cm wide. The slab is placed in a magnetic field B of 1.5 T. The magnetic field is perpendicular to the plane of the slab and to the current. The free electron concentration in copper is  $8.4 \times 10^{28}$  electron/m<sup>3</sup>. What will be the magnitude of Hall voltage across the width of the slab ?
  - g) Calculate the mass of proton moving with a velocity 0.8 C. the rest mass of a proton is  $1.67 \times 10^{-27}$  kg.
3. Define symmetry elements in a crystal ? Explain the various types of symmetry elements present in a cubic crystal. **5**

OR

Derive the expression for relativistic mass variation to show  $m = \frac{m_0}{\sqrt{1 - \frac{v^2}{c^2}}}$ .

**Set R**



4. Attempt **any two** of the following : 8
- a) Explain effect of impurity concentration on Fermi level.
  - b) Define atomic packing factor. Calculate packing factor for SC, BCC and FCC.
  - c) Explain detection methods of ultrasonic waves.
  - d) State fundamental postulates of special theory of relativity. Explain “Time dilation” phenomenon with mathematical expression.

### SECTION – II

5. Attempt **any five** of the following : 15
- a) Explain positive and negative crystals.
  - b) Define : (i) Population inversion (ii) Pumping (iii) Metastable state.
  - c) Explain with neat diagram structure of optical fiber.
  - d) Explain the types of carbon nano tubes with diagrams.
  - e) Explain with diagram (i) Spontaneous emission (ii) Stimulated emission.
  - f) The numerical aperture of an optical fiber is 0.5 and the core refractive index is 1.54. Find the refractive index of the cladding.
  - g) Calculate specific rotation, if the plane of polarization is rotated through  $22^\circ$  length of tube is 20 cm and concentration of sugar solution is 20%.
6. Obtain the expression for acceptance angle, numerical aperture and fractional refractive index change of an optical fiber. 5

OR

Explain the main features of the design and working of a nuclear fission reactor.

7. Attempt **any two** of the following : 8
- a) Define resolving power of an optical instrument. Derive an expression for the resolving power of a plane diffraction grating.
  - b) Write a note on : Semiconductor LASER.
  - c) Explain theory of plane diffraction grating.
  - d) Explain : (i) Proton – Proton cycle, (ii) Carbon Nitrogen cycle.



Seat No.	
----------	--

Set	S
-----	---

**F.E. (Part – II) (CBCS) Examination, 2018  
ENGINEERING PHYSICS**

Day and Date : Wednesday, 23-5-2018  
Time : 10.00 a.m. to 1.00 p.m.

Max. Marks : 70

- Instructions :** 1) Make suitable assumptions, *if necessary*.  
2) Figures to the **right** indicate **full** marks.  
3) Q. No. **1** is **compulsory**. It should be solved in **first 30 minutes** in Answer Book Page No. **3**. **Each** question carries **one** mark.  
4) **Answer MCQ/Objective type questions on Page No. 3 only. Don't forget to mention, Q.P. Set (P/Q/R/S) on Top of Page.**

- Constants :** 1) Avogadro's no.,  $N = 6.02 \times 10^{26}/k.mol.$   
2) Velocity of light,  $c = 3 \times 10^8 m/sec.$   
3) Charge of electron,  $e = 1.6 \times 10^{-19} C.$

**MCQ/Objective Type Questions**

Duration : 30 Minutes

Marks : 14

**SECTION – I**

1. Choose the correct answer : **(14×1=14)**

- 1) The co-ordination number for BCC crystal structure is  
a) 12                      b) 8                      c) 6                      d) 5
- 2) Optimum reverberation time for music is  
a) 0.5 to 1 second                      b) 0 to 1 second  
c) 1 to 2 second                      d) above 5 second
- 3) Sound waves having the following frequencies are audible to human beings  
a) 5 Hz                      b) 27000 Hz                      c) 5000 Hz                      d) 50000 Hz
- 4) Length contraction equation is given by

a)  $L = L_0 \sqrt{1 - \frac{v^2}{c^2}}$

b)  $L = L_0(1 - v^2/c^2)$

c)  $L = L_0 \sqrt{1 + \frac{v^2}{c^2}}$

d)  $L = L_0 \sqrt{1 - \frac{c^2}{v^2}}$

P.T.O.



- 5) Semiconductor materials are of \_\_\_\_\_ group elements.  
 a) 3<sup>rd</sup>                      b) 4<sup>th</sup>                      c) 5<sup>th</sup>                      d) 6<sup>th</sup>
- 6) The fermi direct distribution function is given by
- a)  $f(E) = \frac{1}{1 + e^{(E-E_f) / KT}}$                       b)  $f(E) = \frac{1}{1 - e^{(E-E_f) / KT}}$   
 c)  $f(E) = \frac{1}{1 + e^{(E+E_f) / KT}}$                       d)  $f(E) = \frac{1}{1 - e^{(E+E_f) / KT}}$
- 7) The Miller indices of the plane parallel to x and y axes are  
 a) (1 0 0)                      b) (0 1 0)                      c) (0 0 1)                      d) (1 1 1)

## SECTION – II

- 8) The fractional refractive index change ( $\Delta$ ) is given by  
 a)  $\Delta = n_1 - n_2$                       b)  $\Delta = n_2 - n_1$                       c)  $\Delta = (n_1 - n_2)/n_1$                       d)  $\Delta = (n_2 - n_1)/n_1$
- 9) The innermost region of the optical fibre is called  
 a) Cladding                      b) Sheath                      c) Core                      d) Coating
- 10) Energy released per fission of a  ${}_{92}\text{U}^{235}$  nucleus is nearly  
 a) 200 eV                      b) 200 MeV                      c) 20 eV                      d) 20 MeV
- 11) The chirality of zigzag CNT is  
 a) (a, 0)                      b) (a, a)                      c) (a, b)                      d) (b, 0)
- 12) The grating constant is given by the equation  
 a) no. of lines per cm                      b) no. of lines per inch  
 c) 2.54/no. of lines per cm                      d) 1/no. of lines per cm
- 13) In Laurentz's half shade polarimeter, the half part of Laurentz's plate is of \_\_\_\_\_ and half is of \_\_\_\_\_  
 a) quartz, calcite                      b) calcite, tourmaline  
 c) glass, calcite                      d) glass, quartz
- 14) Stimulate absorption process is mathematically represented by equation  
 a)  $A + h\gamma \rightarrow A^*$                       b)  $A^* + h\gamma \rightarrow 2h\gamma + A$   
 c)  $A^* \rightarrow A + h\gamma$                       d)  $A^* + h\gamma \rightarrow A + h\gamma$



Seat No.	
----------	--

**F.E. (Part – II) (CBCS) Examination, 2018  
ENGINEERING PHYSICS**

Day and Date : Wednesday, 23-5-2018  
Time : 10.00 a.m. to 1.00 p.m.

Marks : 56

**Instructions :** 1) Make suitable assumptions, if **necessary**.  
2) Figures to the **right** indicate **full marks**.

SECTION – I

2. Attempt **any five** of the following : **15**
- a) Define the terms (1) valance band (2) conduction band (3) forbidden band.
  - b) Define co-ordination number and obtain its values for SC, BCC and FCC crystals.
  - c) State the basic requirements for acoustically good hall.
  - d) State the properties of ultrasonic waves.
  - e) Explain in detail Bragg's Law.
  - f) A current of 50 A is established in a slab of Cu 0.5 cm thick and 2 cm wide. The slab is placed in a magnetic field B of 1.5 T. The magnetic field is perpendicular to the plane of the slab and to the current. The free electron concentration in copper is  $8.4 \times 10^{28}$  electron/m<sup>3</sup>. What will be the magnitude of Hall voltage across the width of the slab ?
  - g) Calculate the mass of proton moving with a velocity 0.8 C. the rest mass of a proton is  $1.67 \times 10^{-27}$  kg.
3. Define symmetry elements in a crystal ? Explain the various types of symmetry elements present in a cubic crystal. **5**

OR

Derive the expression for relativistic mass variation to show  $m = \frac{m_0}{\sqrt{1 - \frac{v^2}{c^2}}}$ .

**Set S**



4. Attempt **any two** of the following : **8**
- a) Explain effect of impurity concentration on Fermi level.
  - b) Define atomic packing factor. Calculate packing factor for SC, BCC and FCC.
  - c) Explain detection methods of ultrasonic waves.
  - d) State fundamental postulates of special theory of relativity. Explain “Time dilation” phenomenon with mathematical expression.

### SECTION – II

5. Attempt **any five** of the following : **15**
- a) Explain positive and negative crystals.
  - b) Define : (i) Population inversion (ii) Pumping (iii) Metastable state.
  - c) Explain with neat diagram structure of optical fiber.
  - d) Explain the types of carbon nano tubes with diagrams.
  - e) Explain with diagram (i) Spontaneous emission (ii) Stimulated emission.
  - f) The numerical aperture of an optical fiber is 0.5 and the core refractive index is 1.54. Find the refractive index of the cladding.
  - g) Calculate specific rotation, if the plane of polarization is rotated through  $22^\circ$  length of tube is 20 cm and concentration of sugar solution is 20%.
6. Obtain the expression for acceptance angle, numerical aperture and fractional refractive index change of an optical fiber. **5**

OR

Explain the main features of the design and working of a nuclear fission reactor.

7. Attempt **any two** of the following : **8**
- a) Define resolving power of an optical instrument. Derive an expression for the resolving power of a plane diffraction grating.
  - b) Write a note on : Semiconductor LASER.
  - c) Explain theory of plane diffraction grating.
  - d) Explain : (i) Proton – Proton cycle, (ii) Carbon Nitrogen cycle.



Seat No.	
----------	--

**F.E. (Part – II) (CBCS) Examination, 2018  
ENGINEERING CHEMISTRY**

Day and Date : Friday, 25-5-2018  
Time : 10.00 a.m. to 1.00 p.m.

Max. Marks : 70

**Instructions :** i) Q. No. 1 is **compulsory**. It should be solved in **first 30 minutes** in Answer Book Page No. 3. **Each** question carries **one** mark.

ii) **Answer MCQ/Objective type questions on Page No. 3 only. Don't forget to mention, Q.P. Set (P/Q/R/S) on Top of Page.**

**MCQ/Objective Type Questions**

Duration : 30 Minutes

Marks : 14

1. Choose correct option :

**14**

- 1) Chloride content is determined by
  - a) Complexometric titration
  - b) Iodometric titration
  - c) Mohrs method
  - d) EDTA method
- 2) \_\_\_\_\_ is used as oxygen carrier catalyst.
  - a)  $Mg(OH)_2$
  - b)  $Fe(OH)_2$
  - c)  $Mn(OH)_2$
  - d)  $Ca(OH)_2$
- 3) \_\_\_\_\_ is not as green solvent.
  - a) Supper critical  $CO_2$
  - b)  $H_2O$
  - c)  $C_6H_6$
  - d)  $H_2O_2$
- 4) Rate of corrosion is maximum in \_\_\_\_\_ medium.
  - a) Acidic
  - b) Basic
  - c) Neutral
  - d) Aqueous
- 5) Good lubricant should have
  - a) Low aniline point
  - b) High cloud point
  - c) High flash point
  - d) Low oiliness
- 6) In corrosion cathodic metal get
  - a) Protected
  - b) Corroded
  - c) Decomposed
  - d) Activated
- 7) Unstable oxide film formation takes place in \_\_\_\_\_ metal.
  - a) Gold
  - b) Molybdenum
  - c) Sodium
  - d) Aluminium
- 8) Bakelite is formed by combination of formaldehyde and
  - a) Phenol
  - b) Formic acid
  - c) Methyl alcohol
  - d) Benzene



- 9) The process of vulcanization makes rubber  
a) Hard                      b) Soft                      c) More elastic                      d) None of these
- 10) Number of gram equivalent solute present in 1 liter solution is called  
a) Normality                      b) Molality                      c) Molarity                      d) Mole fraction
- 11) An example of primary fuel is  
a) Natural gases                      b) Petrol  
c) Wood charcoal                      d) Coke
- 12) Higher calorific value of fuel assume that it  
a) Contains  $H_2O$  in liquid form  
b) Contains  $H_2O$  in vapor form  
c) Ignore  $H_2O$  in vapor form  
d) Contains  $H_2O$  in both liquid and vapor form
- 13) Which of the following gas can not be used as carrier gas in GC ?  
a) Nitrogen                      b) Argon                      c) Oxygen                      d) All of these
- 14) The main constituent of glass is  
a)  $CaO$                       b)  $SiO_2$                       c)  $Al_2O_3$                       d) Boron
-



Seat No.	
----------	--

**F.E. (Part – II) (CBCS) Examination, 2018  
ENGINEERING CHEMISTRY**

Day and Date : Friday, 25-5-2018  
Time : 10.00 a.m. to 1.00 p.m.

Marks : 56

- Instructions :** 1) Attempt **all** questions.  
2) Draw neat diagram wherever necessary.  
3) Figures to **right** indicate **full** marks.

SECTION – I

2. A) Attempt **any two** : **8**

- a) Explain hydrogen evolution mechanism of wet corrosion.
- b) Describe the greener pathway for manufacture of indigo.
- c) A sample of water on analysis was found to contain following impurities in mg/lit.

Impurities	Amount	Mole.wt
Mg (HCO <sub>3</sub> ) <sub>2</sub>	20 mg/lit	146
Ca(HCO <sub>3</sub> ) <sub>2</sub>	14 mg/lit	162
CaSO <sub>4</sub>	16 mg/lit	136
MgCl <sub>2</sub>	10 mg/lit	95

Calculate the temporary, permanent and total hardness of water.

B) Attempt **any two** : **6**

- a) Define lubricant. Write functions of lubricant.
- b) Define :
  - i) Fire point
  - ii) Viscosity index
  - iii) Pour point
- c) Define reverse osmosis. Explain the process of reverse osmosis with advantages.

3. A) Attempt **any two** : **8**

- a) Describe any four principles of green chemistry.
- b) Explain mechanism of thin film lubrication.
- c) Explain Anodic protection method of corrosion.

**Set P**



- B) Attempt the following : 6
- Explain factors influencing rate of corrosion.
  - In an acid value determination experiment 6 gm of an oil sample required 3.1 ml N/10 KOH solution for neutralization to phenolphthalein end point, calculate acid value of oil sample.

## SECTION – II

4. A) Attempt **any two** : 8
- Define glass. Explain manufacture of glass by tank furnace.
  - Explain construction, working of bomb calorimeter used for measurement of calorific value of fuel.
  - A sample of coal contains C = 81.5%, O = 9.5%, H = 6%, S = 1.6%, N = 0.4%, Ash = 1.0%, latent heat of steam = 587 kcal/kg, calculate HCV and LCV of coal sample.

- B) Attempt the following : 6
- Explain thermosetting and thermosoftening plastics.
  - Define alloy. Write any five purposes of alloying.
  - What is the weight of AgNO<sub>3</sub> required to prepare 0.05N in 500 ml and 0.05 M in 700 ml aqueous solution. (Molecular weight of AgNO<sub>3</sub> = 170).

5. A) Attempt **any two** : 8
- Explain refining process of crude oil.
  - Explain transfer molding process for molding of plastic into articles.
  - Define fuel. Write characteristics of good fuel.

- B) Solve the following : 6
- Draw neat and labeled diagram of GLC.
  - 62.5 gm vinyl chloride was polymerized to form polymer of molecular weight 18000, calculate degree of polymerization.
- $$n\text{CH}_2 = \text{CHCl} \longrightarrow \text{---}(\text{---CH}_2 - \text{CHCl}\text{---})_n\text{---}$$
- Vinyl chloride Polyvinyl chloride

OR

- B) Solve the following : 6
- Define glass transition temperature, melting temperature and degree of polymerization.
  - A polymer has following population  
 10 molecules have molecular weight each 6000  
 15 molecules have molecular weight each 8000  
 20 molecules have molecular weight each 15000  
 30 molecules have molecular weight each 16000  
 Calculate its number average molecular weight.



Seat No.	
----------	--

Set 

Q
---

**F.E. (Part – II) (CBCS) Examination, 2018  
ENGINEERING CHEMISTRY**

Day and Date : Friday, 25-5-2018  
Time : 10.00 a.m. to 1.00 p.m.

Max. Marks : 70

**Instructions :** i) Q. No. 1 is **compulsory**. It should be solved in **first 30 minutes** in Answer Book Page No. 3. **Each** question carries **one** mark.

ii) **Answer MCQ/Objective type questions on Page No. 3 only. Don't forget to mention, Q.P. Set (P/Q/R/S) on Top of Page.**

**MCQ/Objective Type Questions**

Duration : 30 Minutes

Marks : 14

1. Choose correct option :

14

- 1) Bakelite is formed by combination of formaldehyde and
  - a) Phenol
  - b) Formic acid
  - c) Methyl alcohol
  - d) Benzene
- 2) The process of vulcanization makes rubber
  - a) Hard
  - b) Soft
  - c) More elastic
  - d) None of these
- 3) Number of gram equivalent solute present in 1 liter solution is called
  - a) Normality
  - b) Molality
  - c) Molarity
  - d) Mole fraction
- 4) An example of primary fuel is
  - a) Natural gases
  - b) Petrol
  - c) Wood charcoal
  - d) Coke
- 5) Higher calorific value of fuel assume that it
  - a) Contains  $H_2O$  in liquid form
  - b) Contains  $H_2O$  in vapor form
  - c) Ignore  $H_2O$  in vapor form
  - d) Contains  $H_2O$  in both liquid and vapor form
- 6) Which of the following gas can not be used as carrier gas in GC ?
  - a) Nitrogen
  - b) Argon
  - c) Oxygen
  - d) All of these
- 7) The main constituent of glass is
  - a) CaO
  - b)  $SiO_2$
  - c)  $Al_2O_3$
  - d) Boron

P.T.O.



- 8) Chloride content is determined by  
a) Complexometric titration                      b) Iodometric titration  
c) Mohrs method                                      d) EDTA method
- 9) \_\_\_\_\_ is used as oxygen carrier catalyst.  
a)  $\text{Mg}(\text{OH})_2$                       b)  $\text{Fe}(\text{OH})_2$                       c)  $\text{Mn}(\text{OH})_2$                       d)  $\text{Ca}(\text{OH})_2$
- 10) \_\_\_\_\_ is not as green solvent.  
a) Supper critical  $\text{CO}_2$                       b)  $\text{H}_2\text{O}$   
c)  $\text{C}_6\text{H}_6$     d)  $\text{H}_2\text{O}_2$
- 11) Rate of corrosion is maximum in \_\_\_\_\_ medium.  
a) Acidic                      b) Basic                      c) Neutral                      d) Aqueous
- 12) Good lubricant should have  
a) Low aniline point                                      b) High cloud point  
c) High flash point    d) Low oiliness
- 13) In corrosion cathodic metal get  
a) Protected                      b) Corroded                      c) Decomposed                      d) Activated
- 14) Unstable oxide film formation takes place in \_\_\_\_\_ metal.  
a) Gold                                      b) Molybdenum                      c) Sodium                      d) Aluminium
-



Seat No.	
----------	--

**F.E. (Part – II) (CBCS) Examination, 2018  
ENGINEERING CHEMISTRY**

Day and Date : Friday, 25-5-2018  
Time : 10.00 a.m. to 1.00 p.m.

Marks : 56

- Instructions :** 1) Attempt **all** questions.  
2) Draw neat diagram wherever necessary.  
3) Figures to **right** indicate **full** marks.

SECTION – I

2. A) Attempt **any two** : **8**

- a) Explain hydrogen evolution mechanism of wet corrosion.
- b) Describe the greener pathway for manufacture of indigo.
- c) A sample of water on analysis was found to contain following impurities in mg/lit.

Impurities	Amount	Mole.wt
Mg (HCO <sub>3</sub> ) <sub>2</sub>	20 mg/lit	146
Ca(HCO <sub>3</sub> ) <sub>2</sub>	14 mg/lit	162
CaSO <sub>4</sub>	16 mg/lit	136
MgCl <sub>2</sub>	10 mg/lit	95

Calculate the temporary, permanent and total hardness of water.

B) Attempt **any two** : **6**

- a) Define lubricant. Write functions of lubricant.
- b) Define :
  - i) Fire point
  - ii) Viscosity index
  - iii) Pour point
- c) Define reverse osmosis. Explain the process of reverse osmosis with advantages.

3. A) Attempt **any two** : **8**

- a) Describe any four principles of green chemistry.
- b) Explain mechanism of thin film lubrication.
- c) Explain Anodic protection method of corrosion.

**Set Q**



- B) Attempt the following : 6
- Explain factors influencing rate of corrosion.
  - In an acid value determination experiment 6 gm of an oil sample required 3.1 ml N/10 KOH solution for neutralization to phenolphthalein end point, calculate acid value of oil sample.

## SECTION – II

4. A) Attempt **any two** : 8
- Define glass. Explain manufacture of glass by tank furnace.
  - Explain construction, working of bomb calorimeter used for measurement of calorific value of fuel.
  - A sample of coal contains C = 81.5%, O = 9.5%, H = 6%, S = 1.6%, N = 0.4%, Ash = 1.0%, latent heat of steam = 587 kcal/kg, calculate HCV and LCV of coal sample.

- B) Attempt the following : 6
- Explain thermosetting and thermosoftening plastics.
  - Define alloy. Write any five purposes of alloying.
  - What is the weight of AgNO<sub>3</sub> required to prepare 0.05N in 500 ml and 0.05 M in 700 ml aqueous solution. (Molecular weight of AgNO<sub>3</sub> = 170).

5. A) Attempt **any two** : 8
- Explain refining process of crude oil.
  - Explain transfer molding process for molding of plastic into articles.
  - Define fuel. Write characteristics of good fuel.

- B) Solve the following : 6
- Draw neat and labeled diagram of GLC.
  - 62.5 gm vinyl chloride was polymerized to form polymer of molecular weight 18000, calculate degree of polymerization.
- $$n\text{CH}_2 = \text{CHCl} \longrightarrow \text{---}(\text{---CH}_2 - \text{CHCl}\text{---})_n\text{---}$$
- Vinyl chloride Polyvinyl chloride

OR

- B) Solve the following : 6
- Define glass transition temperature, melting temperature and degree of polymerization.
  - A polymer has following population  
 10 molecules have molecular weight each 6000  
 15 molecules have molecular weight each 8000  
 20 molecules have molecular weight each 15000  
 30 molecules have molecular weight each 16000  
 Calculate its number average molecular weight.



SLR-TC – 10

Seat No.	
----------	--

Set **R**

**F.E. (Part – II) (CBCS) Examination, 2018  
ENGINEERING CHEMISTRY**

Day and Date : Friday, 25-5-2018  
Time : 10.00 a.m. to 1.00 p.m.

Max. Marks : 70

**Instructions :** i) Q. No. 1 is **compulsory**. It should be solved in **first 30 minutes** in Answer Book Page No. 3. **Each** question carries **one** mark.

ii) **Answer MCQ/Objective type questions on Page No. 3 only. Don't forget to mention, Q.P. Set (P/Q/R/S) on Top of Page.**

**MCQ/Objective Type Questions**

Duration : 30 Minutes

Marks : 14

1. Choose correct option :

14

- 1) Good lubricant should have
  - a) Low aniline point
  - b) High cloud point
  - c) High flash point
  - d) Low oiliness
- 2) In corrosion cathodic metal get
  - a) Protected
  - b) Corroded
  - c) Decomposed
  - d) Activated
- 3) Unstable oxide film formation takes place in \_\_\_\_\_ metal.
  - a) Gold
  - b) Molybdenum
  - c) Sodium
  - d) Aluminium
- 4) Bakelite is formed by combination of formaldehyde and
  - a) Phenol
  - b) Formic acid
  - c) Methyl alcohol
  - d) Benzene
- 5) The process of vulcanization makes rubber
  - a) Hard
  - b) Soft
  - c) More elastic
  - d) None of these
- 6) Number of gram equivalent solute present in 1 liter solution is called
  - a) Normality
  - b) Molality
  - c) Molarity
  - d) Mole fraction
- 7) An example of primary fuel is
  - a) Natural gases
  - b) Petrol
  - c) Wood charcoal
  - d) Coke

P.T.O.



- 8) Higher calorific value of fuel assume that it
- a) Contains  $H_2O$  in liquid form
  - b) Contains  $H_2O$  in vapor form
  - c) Ignore  $H_2O$  in vapor form
  - d) Contains  $H_2O$  in both liquid and vapor form
- 9) Which of the following gas can not be used as carrier gas in GC ?
- a) Nitrogen
  - b) Argon
  - c) Oxygen
  - d) All of these
- 10) The main constituent of glass is
- a)  $CaO$
  - b)  $SiO_2$
  - c)  $Al_2O_3$
  - d) Boron
- 11) Chloride content is determined by
- a) Complexometric titration
  - b) Iodometric titration
  - c) Mohrs method
  - d) EDTA method
- 12) \_\_\_\_\_ is used as oxygen carrier catalyst.
- a)  $Mg(OH)_2$
  - b)  $Fe(OH)_2$
  - c)  $Mn(OH)_2$
  - d)  $Ca(OH)_2$
- 13) \_\_\_\_\_ is not as green solvent.
- a) Supper critical  $CO_2$
  - b)  $H_2O$
  - c)  $C_6H_6$
  - d)  $H_2O_2$
- 14) Rate of corrosion is maximum in \_\_\_\_\_ medium.
- a) Acidic
  - b) Basic
  - c) Neutral
  - d) Aqueous
-



Seat No.	
----------	--

**F.E. (Part – II) (CBCS) Examination, 2018  
ENGINEERING CHEMISTRY**

Day and Date : Friday, 25-5-2018  
Time : 10.00 a.m. to 1.00 p.m.

Marks : 56

- Instructions :** 1) Attempt **all** questions.  
2) Draw neat diagram wherever necessary.  
3) Figures to **right** indicate **full** marks.

SECTION – I

2. A) Attempt **any two** : **8**

- a) Explain hydrogen evolution mechanism of wet corrosion.
- b) Describe the greener pathway for manufacture of indigo.
- c) A sample of water on analysis was found to contain following impurities in mg/lit.

Impurities	Amount	Mole.wt
Mg (HCO <sub>3</sub> ) <sub>2</sub>	20 mg/lit	146
Ca(HCO <sub>3</sub> ) <sub>2</sub>	14 mg/lit	162
CaSO <sub>4</sub>	16 mg/lit	136
MgCl <sub>2</sub>	10 mg/lit	95

Calculate the temporary, permanent and total hardness of water.

B) Attempt **any two** : **6**

- a) Define lubricant. Write functions of lubricant.
- b) Define :
  - i) Fire point
  - ii) Viscosity index
  - iii) Pour point
- c) Define reverse osmosis. Explain the process of reverse osmosis with advantages.

3. A) Attempt **any two** : **8**

- a) Describe any four principles of green chemistry.
- b) Explain mechanism of thin film lubrication.
- c) Explain Anodic protection method of corrosion.

Set R



- B) Attempt the following : 6
- Explain factors influencing rate of corrosion.
  - In an acid value determination experiment 6 gm of an oil sample required 3.1 ml N/10 KOH solution for neutralization to phenolphthalein end point, calculate acid value of oil sample.

## SECTION – II

4. A) Attempt **any two** : 8
- Define glass. Explain manufacture of glass by tank furnace.
  - Explain construction, working of bomb calorimeter used for measurement of calorific value of fuel.
  - A sample of coal contains C = 81.5%, O = 9.5%, H = 6%, S = 1.6%, N = 0.4%, Ash = 1.0%, latent heat of steam = 587 kcal/kg, calculate HCV and LCV of coal sample.

- B) Attempt the following : 6
- Explain thermosetting and thermosoftening plastics.
  - Define alloy. Write any five purposes of alloying.
  - What is the weight of AgNO<sub>3</sub> required to prepare 0.05N in 500 ml and 0.05 M in 700 ml aqueous solution. (Molecular weight of AgNO<sub>3</sub> = 170).

5. A) Attempt **any two** : 8
- Explain refining process of crude oil.
  - Explain transfer molding process for molding of plastic into articles.
  - Define fuel. Write characteristics of good fuel.

- B) Solve the following : 6
- Draw neat and labeled diagram of GLC.
  - 62.5 gm vinyl chloride was polymerized to form polymer of molecular weight 18000, calculate degree of polymerization.
- $$n\text{CH}_2 = \text{CHCl} \longrightarrow \text{---}(\text{---CH}_2 - \text{CHCl}\text{---})_n\text{---}$$
- Vinyl chloride Polyvinyl chloride

OR

- B) Solve the following : 6
- Define glass transition temperature, melting temperature and degree of polymerization.
  - A polymer has following population  
 10 molecules have molecular weight each 6000  
 15 molecules have molecular weight each 8000  
 20 molecules have molecular weight each 15000  
 30 molecules have molecular weight each 16000  
 Calculate its number average molecular weight.



Seat No.	
----------	--

**F.E. (Part – II) (CBCS) Examination, 2018  
ENGINEERING CHEMISTRY**

Day and Date : Friday, 25-5-2018  
Time : 10.00 a.m. to 1.00 p.m.

Max. Marks : 70

**Instructions :** i) Q. No. 1 is **compulsory**. It should be solved in **first 30 minutes** in Answer Book Page No. 3. **Each** question carries **one** mark.

ii) **Answer MCQ/Objective type questions on Page No. 3 only. Don't forget to mention, Q.P. Set (P/Q/R/S) on Top of Page.**

**MCQ/Objective Type Questions**

Duration : 30 Minutes

Marks : 14

1. Choose correct option :

**14**

- Number of gram equivalent solute present in 1 liter solution is called
  - Normality
  - Molality
  - Molarity
  - Mole fraction
- An example of primary fuel is
  - Natural gases
  - Petrol
  - Wood charcoal
  - Coke
- Higher calorific value of fuel assume that it
  - Contains  $H_2O$  in liquid form
  - Contains  $H_2O$  in vapor form
  - Ignore  $H_2O$  in vapor form
  - Contains  $H_2O$  in both liquid and vapor form
- Which of the following gas can not be used as carrier gas in GC ?
  - Nitrogen
  - Argon
  - Oxygen
  - All of these
- The main constituent of glass is
  - CaO
  - $SiO_2$
  - $Al_2O_3$
  - Boron
- Chloride content is determined by
  - Complexometric titration
  - Iodometric titration
  - Mohr's method
  - EDTA method
- \_\_\_\_\_ is used as oxygen carrier catalyst.
  - $Mg(OH)_2$
  - $Fe(OH)_2$
  - $Mn(OH)_2$
  - $Ca(OH)_2$



- 8) \_\_\_\_\_ is not as green solvent.
- a) Supper critical  $\text{CO}_2$                       b)  $\text{H}_2\text{O}$   
c)  $\text{C}_6\text{H}_6$                                       d)  $\text{H}_2\text{O}_2$
- 9) Rate of corrosion is maximum in \_\_\_\_\_ medium.
- a) Acidic                      b) Basic                      c) Neutral                      d) Aqueous
- 10) Good lubricant should have
- a) Low aniline point                      b) High cloud point  
c) High flash point                      d) Low oiliness
- 11) In corrosion cathodic metal get
- a) Protected                      b) Corroded                      c) Decomposed                      d) Activated
- 12) Unstable oxide film formation takes place in \_\_\_\_\_ metal.
- a) Gold                      b) Molybdenum                      c) Sodium                      d) Aluminium
- 13) Bakelite is formed by combination of formaldehyde and
- a) Phenol                      b) Formic acid  
c) Methyl alcohol                      d) Benzene
- 14) The process of vulcanization makes rubber
- a) Hard                      b) Soft                      c) More elastic                      d) None of these
-



Seat No.	
----------	--

**F.E. (Part – II) (CBCS) Examination, 2018  
ENGINEERING CHEMISTRY**

Day and Date : Friday, 25-5-2018  
Time : 10.00 a.m. to 1.00 p.m.

Marks : 56

- Instructions :** 1) Attempt **all** questions.  
2) Draw neat diagram wherever necessary.  
3) Figures to **right** indicate **full** marks.

SECTION – I

2. A) Attempt **any two** : **8**

- a) Explain hydrogen evolution mechanism of wet corrosion.
- b) Describe the greener pathway for manufacture of indigo.
- c) A sample of water on analysis was found to contain following impurities in mg/lit.

Impurities	Amount	Mole.wt
Mg (HCO <sub>3</sub> ) <sub>2</sub>	20 mg/lit	146
Ca(HCO <sub>3</sub> ) <sub>2</sub>	14 mg/lit	162
CaSO <sub>4</sub>	16 mg/lit	136
MgCl <sub>2</sub>	10 mg/lit	95

Calculate the temporary, permanent and total hardness of water.

B) Attempt **any two** : **6**

- a) Define lubricant. Write functions of lubricant.
- b) Define :
  - i) Fire point
  - ii) Viscosity index
  - iii) Pour point
- c) Define reverse osmosis. Explain the process of reverse osmosis with advantages.

3. A) Attempt **any two** : **8**

- a) Describe any four principles of green chemistry.
- b) Explain mechanism of thin film lubrication.
- c) Explain Anodic protection method of corrosion.

**Set S**



- B) Attempt the following : 6
- Explain factors influencing rate of corrosion.
  - In an acid value determination experiment 6 gm of an oil sample required 3.1 ml N/10 KOH solution for neutralization to phenolphthalein end point, calculate acid value of oil sample.

## SECTION – II

4. A) Attempt **any two** : 8
- Define glass. Explain manufacture of glass by tank furnace.
  - Explain construction, working of bomb calorimeter used for measurement of calorific value of fuel.
  - A sample of coal contains C = 81.5%, O = 9.5%, H = 6%, S = 1.6%, N = 0.4%, Ash = 1.0%, latent heat of steam = 587 kcal/kg, calculate HCV and LCV of coal sample.

- B) Attempt the following : 6
- Explain thermosetting and thermosoftening plastics.
  - Define alloy. Write any five purposes of alloying.
  - What is the weight of AgNO<sub>3</sub> required to prepare 0.05N in 500 ml and 0.05 M in 700 ml aqueous solution. (Molecular weight of AgNO<sub>3</sub> = 170).

5. A) Attempt **any two** : 8
- Explain refining process of crude oil.
  - Explain transfer molding process for molding of plastic into articles.
  - Define fuel. Write characteristics of good fuel.

- B) Solve the following : 6
- Draw neat and labeled diagram of GLC.
  - 62.5 gm vinyl chloride was polymerized to form polymer of molecular weight 18000, calculate degree of polymerization.
- $$n\text{CH}_2 = \text{CHCl} \longrightarrow \text{---}(\text{---CH}_2 - \text{CHCl}\text{---})_n\text{---}$$
- Vinyl chloride Polyvinyl chloride

OR

- B) Solve the following : 6
- Define glass transition temperature, melting temperature and degree of polymerization.
  - A polymer has following population  
 10 molecules have molecular weight each 6000  
 15 molecules have molecular weight each 8000  
 20 molecules have molecular weight each 15000  
 30 molecules have molecular weight each 16000  
 Calculate its number average molecular weight.

Seat No.	
----------	--

Set **P**

**F.E. (Part - II) (Old – CGPA) Examination - 2018**  
**BASIC ELECTRONICS AND COMPUTER PROGRAMMING**

Day and Date: Friday, 18-05-2018  
 Time : 10.00 a.m. to 1.00 p.m.

Max. Marks: 70

- Instructions:** 1) Q. No. 1 is **compulsory**. It should be solved in **first 30 minutes** in Answer Book Page No. 3. **Each** question carries **one** mark.  
 2) **Answer MCQ/Objective type questions on Page No. 3 only.**  
 3) Figures to the **right** indicates **maximum** marks.  
 4) Assume **suitable** data if necessary.

**MCQ/Objective Type Questions.**

Duration: 30 Minutes

Marks:14

**SECTION – I**  
**(BASIC ELECTRONICS)**

Q.1 Choose the correct answer.

07

- 1) See back effect is observed in \_\_\_\_\_.  
 a) LVDT  
 b) Strain gauge  
 c) RTD  
 d) Thermocouple
- 2) The average value of half wave rectifier is \_\_\_\_\_.  
 a) 0.159Vm  
 b) 0.318Vm  
 c) 0.637Vm  
 d) 0.707Vm
- 3) Zener diode can be used as \_\_\_\_\_.  
 a) Regulator  
 b) Filter  
 c) Amplifier  
 d) Oscillator
- 4) Material used for LED is \_\_\_\_\_.  
 a) GaAs  
 b) CdSe  
 c) PbS  
 d) None of above
- 5) The \_\_\_\_\_ impurity is called as donor impurity.  
 a) trivalent  
 b) tetravalent  
 c) pentavalent  
 d) none of these
- 6) \_\_\_\_\_ can be used in camera for determining light intensity.  
 a) LED  
 b) Diode  
 c) Transistor  
 d) LDR
- 7) Transistor connected in common base configuration has \_\_\_\_\_.  
 a) high input and low output resistance  
 b) low input and low output resistance  
 c) high input and high output resistance  
 d) low input and high output resistance



<b>Seat No.</b>	
---------------------	--

**F.E. (Part - II) (Old - CGPA) Examination - 2018**  
**BASIC ELECTRONICS AND COMPUTER PROGRAMMING**

Day and Date: Friday, 18-05-2018

Max. Marks: 56

Time: 10.00 a.m. to 1.00 p.m.

**Instructions:** 1) Figures to the **right** indicates **maximum** marks.  
 2) Assume **suitable** data if necessary.

**Section – I**  
**(Basic Electronics)**

- Q.2 Solve any four.** **16**
- 1) Explain working of transistor as a switch.
  - 2) Explain capacitor filter with suitable diagrams.
  - 3) Prove that NAND and NOR are Universal Gates.
  - 4) Explain photo electric pick up in detail.
  - 5) Subtract using 2's complement.  
 $(512)_8 - (345)_8$
- Q.3 Solve any two.** **12**
- 1) Explain full wave bridge rectifier with suitable diagram and derive expression for ripple factor, efficiency.
  - 2) State and prove the DeMorgan's Theorem.
  - 3) Explain CE configuration I/P and O/P characteristics with suitable diagrams.

**SECTION - II**  
**(Computer Programming)**

**Q.4 Attempt any four.** **16**

- 1) What is flowchart? Draw a flowchart to check whether number is negative or positive.
- 2) Explain entry controlled loop and exit controlled loop in 'C' language.
- 3) Explain different string library functions.
- 4) Write a 'C' program to display the following output.  
1  
1 2  
1 2 3  
1 2 3 4  
1 2 3 4 5
- 5) What is pointer? Explain the use of \* and & in pointers.

**Q.5 Attempt any two.** **12**

- a) Explain different operators used in C language with example.
- b) Write a menu driven program in 'C' language which calculates
  - 1) Area of circle
  - 2) Area of triangle
  - 3) Area of square
- c) Explain call by value and call by reference in a function with example.



SLR-TC – 528

Seat No.	
----------	--

Set **P**

T.E. (Part – I) (All Branches) (CGPA) Examination, 2018

**SOCIOLOGY**

**Introduction to Sociology (Self Learning) HSS**

Day and Date : Saturday, 12-5-2018

Max. Marks : 50

Time : 10.00 a.m. to 12.00 noon

- Instructions :** 1) Figures to the **right** indicate **full** marks.  
2) Q. No. 1 is **compulsory**. It should be solved in Answer Book Page No. 3. **Each** question carries **one** mark.  
3) **Answer MCQ/Objective type questions on Page No. 3 only. Don't forget to mention, Q.P. Set (P/Q/R/S) on Top of Page.**

**MCQ/Objective Type Questions**

Marks : 10

1. Choose the correct answer :

**(10×1=10)**

- 1) Which of the following are not the characteristics of caste system ?  
a) Inequality      b) Hierarchy      c) Exclusion      d) Openness
- 2) Which of the following is the demographic factor of social change ?  
a) Migration-immigration      b) Technological innovation  
c) Smart city      d) None of the above
- 3) Sociology has been derived from the latin word “societus” and “logas” which means  
a) friend or companion and science  
b) society and laws  
c) sociability and science  
d) society and science
- 4) Social change is responsible for  
a) social progress      b) social evolution  
c) social disorganisation      d) all the above
- 5) Which of the following will not be considered as primary group ?  
a) Family      b) Peer group  
c) Neighbourhood      d) Crowd
- 6) Social movements essentially need  
a) Social action      b) Collective mobilization  
c) Leadership      d) All the above

P.T.O.



- 7) What is the long form of SEZ ?
- a) Special Earth Zone                      b) Special Economic Zone  
c) Special Equality Zone                  d) Social Economic Zone
- 8) Which of the following is not the example of renewable energy ?
- a) Wind energy    b) Solar energy    c) Coal energy    d) Bio energy
- 9) Who generally sets the standard for style of living in urban areas ?
- a) Middle class urbanities                  b) Urban elites  
c) Slum-dwellers                              d) Migrants
- 10) Who has been a pioneer of India against corruption movement ?
- a) Anna Hazare                                b) Medha Patkar  
c) Sundarlal Bahuguna                      d) J.P. Narayan
-



Seat No.	
-------------	--

**T.E. (Part – I) (All Branches) (CGPA) Examination, 2018**  
**SOCIOLOGY**  
**Introduction to Sociology (Self Learning) HSS**

Day and Date : Saturday, 12-5-2018  
Time : 10.00 a.m. to 12.00 noon

Marks : 40

**Instructions :** I) Attempt **any 4** from the following questions.  
II) Figures to the **right** indicate **full** marks.

2. What is social movement ? Elucidate the significance of environmental movements in India. **10**
  3. Define social institution and explain the characteristics of nuclear family. **10**
  4. Define social change. Explain changes that happened after mobile revolution in India. **10**
  5. Whether Industrialization leads to endangering environment ? Discuss. **10**
  6. What are the problems of high population density states ? **10**
  7. What is caste ? Discuss the changing nature of caste system in India. **10**
-





SLR-TC – 528

Seat No.	
----------	--

Set **Q**

T.E. (Part – I) (All Branches) (CGPA) Examination, 2018

SOCIOLOGY

Introduction to Sociology (Self Learning) HSS

Day and Date : Saturday, 12-5-2018

Max. Marks : 50

Time : 10.00 a.m. to 12.00 noon

- Instructions :** 1) Figures to the **right** indicate **full** marks.  
2) Q. No. 1 is **compulsory**. It should be solved in Answer Book Page No. 3. **Each** question carries **one** mark.  
3) **Answer MCQ/Objective type questions on Page No. 3 only. Don't forget to mention, Q.P. Set (P/Q/R/S) on Top of Page.**

**MCQ/Objective Type Questions**

Marks : 10

1. Choose the correct answer :

(10×1=10)

- 1) Who generally sets the standard for style of living in urban areas ?
  - a) Middle class urbanities
  - b) Urban elites
  - c) Slum-dwellers
  - d) Migrants
- 2) Who has been a pioneer of India against corruption movement ?
  - a) Anna Hazare
  - b) Medha Patkar
  - c) Sundarlal Bahuguna
  - d) J.P. Narayan
- 3) What is the long form of SEZ ?
  - a) Special Earth Zone
  - b) Special Economic Zone
  - c) Special Equality Zone
  - d) Social Economic Zone
- 4) Which of the following is not the example of renewable energy ?
  - a) Wind energy
  - b) Solar energy
  - c) Coal energy
  - d) Bio energy
- 5) Which of the following are not the characteristics of caste system ?
  - a) Inequality
  - b) Hierarchy
  - c) Exclusion
  - d) Openness
- 6) Which of the following is the demographic factor of social change ?
  - a) Migration-immigration
  - b) Technological innovation
  - c) Smart city
  - d) None of the above

P.T.O.



- 7) Sociology has been derived from the latin word “societus” and “logas” which means
- a) friend or companion and science
  - b) society and laws
  - c) sociability and science
  - d) society and science
- 8) Social change is responsible for
- a) social progress
  - b) social evolution
  - c) social disorganisation
  - d) all the above
- 9) Which of the following will not be considered as primary group ?
- a) Family
  - b) Peer group
  - c) Neighbourhood
  - d) Crowd
- 10) Social movements essentially need
- a) Social action
  - b) Collective mobilization
  - c) Leadership
  - d) All the above
-



Seat No.	
----------	--

**T.E. (Part – I) (All Branches) (CGPA) Examination, 2018**  
**SOCIOLOGY**  
**Introduction to Sociology (Self Learning) HSS**

Day and Date : Saturday, 12-5-2018  
Time : 10.00 a.m. to 12.00 noon

Marks : 40

**Instructions :** I) Attempt **any 4** from the following questions.  
II) Figures to the **right** indicate **full** marks.

2. What is social movement ? Elucidate the significance of environmental movements in India. **10**
  3. Define social institution and explain the characteristics of nuclear family. **10**
  4. Define social change. Explain changes that happened after mobile revolution in India. **10**
  5. Whether Industrialization leads to endangering environment ? Discuss. **10**
  6. What are the problems of high population density states ? **10**
  7. What is caste ? Discuss the changing nature of caste system in India. **10**
-





SLR-TC – 528

Seat No.	
----------	--

Set **R**

T.E. (Part – I) (All Branches) (CGPA) Examination, 2018

SOCIOLOGY

Introduction to Sociology (Self Learning) HSS

Day and Date : Saturday, 12-5-2018

Max. Marks : 50

Time : 10.00 a.m. to 12.00 noon

- Instructions :** 1) Figures to the **right** indicate **full** marks.  
2) Q. No. 1 is **compulsory**. It should be solved in Answer Book Page No. 3. **Each** question carries **one** mark.  
3) **Answer MCQ/Objective type questions on Page No. 3 only. Don't forget to mention, Q.P. Set (P/Q/R/S) on Top of Page.**

**MCQ/Objective Type Questions**

Marks : 10

1. Choose the correct answer :

(10×1=10)

- 1) Which of the following will not be considered as primary group ?
  - a) Family
  - b) Peer group
  - c) Neighbourhood
  - d) Crowd
- 2) Social movements essentially need
  - a) Social action
  - b) Collective mobilization
  - c) Leadership
  - d) All the above
- 3) Who generally sets the standard for style of living in urban areas ?
  - a) Middle class urbanities
  - b) Urban elites
  - c) Slum-dwellers
  - d) Migrants
- 4) Who has been a pioneer of India against corruption movement ?
  - a) Anna Hazare
  - b) Medha Patkar
  - c) Sundarlal Bahuguna
  - d) J.P. Narayan
- 5) Sociology has been derived from the latin word “societus” and “logas” which means
  - a) friend or companion and science
  - b) society and laws
  - c) sociability and science
  - d) society and science

P.T.O.



- 6) Social change is responsible for
- a) social progress
  - b) social evolution
  - c) social disorganisation
  - d) all the above
- 7) Which of the following are not the characteristics of caste system ?
- a) Inequality
  - b) Hierarchy
  - c) Exclusion
  - d) Openness
- 9) Which of the following is the demographic factor of social change ?
- a) Migration-immigration
  - b) Technological innovation
  - c) Smart city
  - d) None of the above
- 9) What is the long form of SEZ ?
- a) Special Earth Zone
  - b) Special Economic Zone
  - c) Special Equality Zone
  - d) Social Economic Zone
- 10) Which of the following is not the example of renewable energy ?
- a) Wind energy
  - b) Solar energy
  - c) Coal energy
  - d) Bio energy
-



Seat No.	
----------	--

**T.E. (Part – I) (All Branches) (CGPA) Examination, 2018**  
**SOCIOLOGY**  
**Introduction to Sociology (Self Learning) HSS**

Day and Date : Saturday, 12-5-2018  
Time : 10.00 a.m. to 12.00 noon

Marks : 40

**Instructions :** I) Attempt **any 4** from the following questions.  
II) Figures to the **right** indicate **full** marks.

2. What is social movement ? Elucidate the significance of environmental movements in India. **10**
  3. Define social institution and explain the characteristics of nuclear family. **10**
  4. Define social change. Explain changes that happened after mobile revolution in India. **10**
  5. Whether Industrialization leads to endangering environment ? Discuss. **10**
  6. What are the problems of high population density states ? **10**
  7. What is caste ? Discuss the changing nature of caste system in India. **10**
-





SLR-TC – 528

Seat No.	
----------	--

Set **S**

T.E. (Part – I) (All Branches) (CGPA) Examination, 2018

**SOCIOLOGY**

**Introduction to Sociology (Self Learning) HSS**

Day and Date : Saturday, 12-5-2018

Max. Marks : 50

Time : 10.00 a.m. to 12.00 noon

- Instructions :** 1) *Figures to the right indicate full marks.*  
2) *Q. No. 1 is compulsory. It should be solved in Answer Book Page No. 3. Each question carries one mark.*  
3) *Answer MCQ/Objective type questions on Page No. 3 only. Don't forget to mention, Q.P. Set (P/Q/R/S) on Top of Page.*

**MCQ/Objective Type Questions**

Marks : 10

1. Choose the correct answer :

**(10×1=10)**

- 1) Sociology has been derived from the latin word “societus” and “logas” which means
  - a) friend or companion and science
  - b) society and laws
  - c) sociability and science
  - d) society and science
- 2) Social change is responsible for
  - a) social progress
  - b) social evolution
  - c) social disorganisation
  - d) all the above
- 3) Which of the following will not be considered as primary group ?
  - a) Family
  - b) Peer group
  - c) Neighbourhood
  - d) Crowd
- 4) Social movements essentially need
  - a) Social action
  - b) Collective mobilization
  - c) Leadership
  - d) All the above
- 5) What is the long form of SEZ ?
  - a) Special Earth Zone
  - b) Special Economic Zone
  - c) Special Equality Zone
  - d) Social Economic Zone
- 6) Which of the following is not the example of renewable energy ?
  - a) Wind energy
  - b) Solar energy
  - c) Coal energy
  - d) Bio energy

P.T.O.



- 7) Who generally sets the standard for style of living in urban areas ?  
a) Middle class urbanities                      b) Urban elites  
c) Slum-dwellers                                      d) Migrants
- 8) Who has been a pioneer of India against corruption movement ?  
a) Anna Hazare                                      b) Medha Patkar  
c) Sundarlal Bahuguna                              d) J.P. Narayan
- 9) Which of the following are not the characteristics of caste system ?  
a) Inequality                      b) Hierarchy                      c) Exclusion                      d) Openness
- 10) Which of the following is the demographic factor of social change ?  
a) Migration-immigration                      b) Technological innovation  
c) Smart city                                      d) None of the above
-



Seat No.	
----------	--

**T.E. (Part – I) (All Branches) (CGPA) Examination, 2018**  
**SOCIOLOGY**  
**Introduction to Sociology (Self Learning) HSS**

Day and Date : Saturday, 12-5-2018  
Time : 10.00 a.m. to 12.00 noon

Marks : 40

**Instructions :** I) Attempt **any 4** from the following questions.  
II) Figures to the **right** indicate **full** marks.

2. What is social movement ? Elucidate the significance of environmental movements in India. **10**
  3. Define social institution and explain the characteristics of nuclear family. **10**
  4. Define social change. Explain changes that happened after mobile revolution in India. **10**
  5. Whether Industrialization leads to endangering environment ? Discuss. **10**
  6. What are the problems of high population density states ? **10**
  7. What is caste ? Discuss the changing nature of caste system in India. **10**
-





SLR-TC – 529

Seat No.	
----------	--

Set	P
-----	---

**T.E. (All Branches) (Part – I) (CGPA) Examination, 2018  
SELF LEARNING – HSS – PROFESSIONAL ETHICS & HUMAN VALUES**

Day and Date : Saturday, 12-5-2018  
Time : 10.00 a.m. to 12.00 Noon

Max. Marks : 50

- Note :** 1) Q. No. 1 is **compulsory**. It should be solved in Answer Book Page No. 3. **Each** question carries **one** mark.  
2) **Answer MCQ/Objective type questions on Page No. 3 only. Don't forget to mention, Q.P. Set (P/Q/R/S) on Top of Page.**  
3) Figures to **right** indicate **full** marks.

**MCQ/Objective Type Questions**

Marks : 10

1. Choose the correct answer :

(10×1=10)

1) Breaking the law is called as

- |          |                     |
|----------|---------------------|
| A) Crime | B) Punishment       |
| C) Value | D) All of the above |

2) CSR means

- |                                    |                                  |
|------------------------------------|----------------------------------|
| A) Corporate Social Responsibility | B) Cooperation and Society Right |
| C) Class Social Representative     | D) None of the above             |

3) Kohlberg is related to

- |                      |               |
|----------------------|---------------|
| A) Moral development | B) Motivation |
| C) Team work         | D) Values     |

4) In SWOT, T represents

- |              |                      |
|--------------|----------------------|
| A) Team work | B) Threats           |
| C) Theory    | D) None of the above |

5) IPR stands for

- |                              |                                |
|------------------------------|--------------------------------|
| A) Intelligent Persons Right | B) Intellectual Property Right |
| C) Industrial Persons Right  | D) None of the above           |

P.T.O.



- 6) Rights theory is related to
- A) Motivation
  - B) Ethics
  - C) Leadership
  - D) Team building
- 7) Patent is given to
- A) Product
  - B) Service
  - C) Art
  - D) None of the above
- 8) Unity of thoughts, word, honest deeds and open mindedness is called as
- A) Ethics
  - B) Integrity
  - C) Moral
  - D) None of the above
- 9) Any occupation/job that requires expertise, skill, knowledge, self regulation and concerned service to the public is called as
- A) Ethics
  - B) Leadership
  - C) Profession
  - D) None of the above
- 10) FMEA, F stands for
- A) Fatigue
  - B) Force
  - C) Failure
  - D) None of the above
-



Seat No.	
----------	--

**T.E. (All Branches) (Part – I) (CGPA) Examination, 2018  
SELF LEARNING – HSS – PROFESSIONAL ETHICS & HUMAN VALUES**

Day and Date : Saturday, 12-5-2018  
Time : 10.00 a.m. to 12.00 Noon

Marks : 40

**Note :** 1) Answer **any four full** questions from the **remaining**.  
2) Figures to **right** indicate **full** marks.  
3) Make suitable assumptions, if required and state them **clearly**.

2. Explain collective bargaining in detail. 10
  3. Define ethics, moral and human values. Explain the objectives of studying these issues. 10
  4. What is safety ? Explain the various factors that influence the perception of risk. 10
  5. What is professional ethics ? Why to study this ? Explain engineering ethics. 10
  6. Explain the risk benefit analysis. 10
-





SLR-TC – 529

Seat No.	
----------	--

Set	Q
-----	---

**T.E. (All Branches) (Part – I) (CGPA) Examination, 2018  
SELF LEARNING – HSS – PROFESSIONAL ETHICS & HUMAN VALUES**

Day and Date : Saturday, 12-5-2018  
Time : 10.00 a.m. to 12.00 Noon

Max. Marks : 50

- Note :** 1) Q. No. 1 is **compulsory**. It should be solved in Answer Book Page No. 3. **Each** question carries **one** mark.  
2) **Answer MCQ/Objective type questions on Page No. 3 only. Don't forget to mention, Q.P. Set (P/Q/R/S) on Top of Page.**  
3) Figures to **right** indicate **full** marks.

**MCQ/Objective Type Questions**

Marks : 10

1. Choose the correct answer :

(10×1=10)

- 1) Any occupation/job that requires expertise, skill, knowledge, self regulation and concerned service to the public is called as  
A) Ethics  
B) Leadership  
C) Profession  
D) None of the above
- 2) FMEA, F stands for  
A) Fatigue  
B) Force  
C) Failure  
D) None of the above
- 3) Patent is given to  
A) Product  
B) Service  
C) Art  
D) None of the above
- 4) Unity of thoughts, word, honest deeds and open mindedness is called as  
A) Ethics  
B) Integrity  
C) Moral  
D) None of the above
- 5) Breaking the law is called as  
A) Crime  
B) Punishment  
C) Value  
D) All of the above

P.T.O.



- 6) CSR means
    - A) Corporate Social Responsibility
    - B) Cooperation and Society Right
    - C) Class Social Representative
    - D) None of the above
  - 7) Kohlberg is related to
    - A) Moral development
    - B) Motivation
    - C) Team work
    - D) Values
  - 8) In SWOT, T represents
    - A) Team work
    - B) Threats
    - C) Theory
    - D) None of the above
  - 9) IPR stands for
    - A) Intelligent Persons Right
    - B) Intellectual Property Right
    - C) Industrial Persons Right
    - D) None of the above
  - 10) Rights theory is related to
    - A) Motivation
    - B) Ethics
    - C) Leadership
    - D) Team building
-



Seat No.	
-------------	--

**T.E. (All Branches) (Part – I) (CGPA) Examination, 2018  
SELF LEARNING – HSS – PROFESSIONAL ETHICS & HUMAN VALUES**

Day and Date : Saturday, 12-5-2018  
Time : 10.00 a.m. to 12.00 Noon

Marks : 40

**Note :** 1) Answer **any four full** questions from the **remaining**.  
2) Figures to **right** indicate **full** marks.  
3) Make suitable assumptions, if required and state them **clearly**.

2. Explain collective bargaining in detail. 10
  3. Define ethics, moral and human values. Explain the objectives of studying these issues. 10
  4. What is safety ? Explain the various factors that influence the perception of risk. 10
  5. What is professional ethics ? Why to study this ? Explain engineering ethics. 10
  6. Explain the risk benefit analysis. 10
-





SLR-TC – 529

Seat No.	
-------------	--

Set	<b>R</b>
-----	----------

**T.E. (All Branches) (Part – I) (CGPA) Examination, 2018**  
**SELF LEARNING – HSS – PROFESSIONAL ETHICS & HUMAN VALUES**

Day and Date : Saturday, 12-5-2018  
Time : 10.00 a.m. to 12.00 Noon

Max. Marks : 50

- Note :** 1) Q. No. 1 is **compulsory**. It should be solved in Answer Book Page No. 3. **Each** question carries **one** mark.  
2) **Answer MCQ/Objective type questions on Page No. 3 only. Don't forget to mention, Q.P. Set (P/Q/R/S) on Top of Page.**  
3) Figures to **right** indicate **full** marks.

**MCQ/Objective Type Questions**

Marks : 10

1. Choose the correct answer :

(10×1=10)

1) IPR stands for

- A) Intelligent Persons Right  
C) Industrial Persons Right

- B) Intellectual Property Right  
D) None of the above

2) Rights theory is related to

- A) Motivation  
C) Leadership

- B) Ethics  
D) Team building

3) Any occupation/job that requires expertise, skill, knowledge, self regulation and concerned service to the public is called as

- A) Ethics  
C) Profession

- B) Leadership  
D) None of the above

4) FMEA, F stands for

- A) Fatigue  
C) Failure

- B) Force  
D) None of the above

5) Kohlberg is related to

- A) Moral development  
C) Team work

- B) Motivation  
D) Values

P.T.O.



- 6) In SWOT, T represents
- A) Team work
  - B) Threats
  - C) Theory
  - D) None of the above
- 7) Breaking the law is called as
- A) Crime
  - B) Punishment
  - C) Value
  - D) All of the above
- 8) CSR means
- A) Corporate Social Responsibility
  - B) Cooperation and Society Right
  - C) Class Social Representative
  - D) None of the above
- 9) Patent is given to
- A) Product
  - B) Service
  - C) Art
  - D) None of the above
- 10) Unity of thoughts, word, honest deeds and open mindedness is called as
- A) Ethics
  - B) Integrity
  - C) Moral
  - D) None of the above
-



Seat No.	
-------------	--

**T.E. (All Branches) (Part – I) (CGPA) Examination, 2018  
SELF LEARNING – HSS – PROFESSIONAL ETHICS & HUMAN VALUES**

Day and Date : Saturday, 12-5-2018  
Time : 10.00 a.m. to 12.00 Noon

Marks : 40

**Note :** 1) Answer **any four full** questions from the **remaining**.  
2) Figures to **right** indicate **full** marks.  
3) Make suitable assumptions, if required and state them **clearly**.

2. Explain collective bargaining in detail. 10
  3. Define ethics, moral and human values. Explain the objectives of studying these issues. 10
  4. What is safety ? Explain the various factors that influence the perception of risk. 10
  5. What is professional ethics ? Why to study this ? Explain engineering ethics. 10
  6. Explain the risk benefit analysis. 10
-





SLR-TC – 529

Seat No.	
----------	--

Set	S
-----	---

**T.E. (All Branches) (Part – I) (CGPA) Examination, 2018  
SELF LEARNING – HSS – PROFESSIONAL ETHICS & HUMAN VALUES**

Day and Date : Saturday, 12-5-2018  
Time : 10.00 a.m. to 12.00 Noon

Max. Marks : 50

- Note :** 1) Q. No. 1 is **compulsory**. It should be solved in Answer Book Page No. 3. **Each** question carries **one** mark.  
2) **Answer MCQ/Objective type questions on Page No. 3 only. Don't forget to mention, Q.P. Set (P/Q/R/S) on Top of Page.**  
3) Figures to **right** indicate **full** marks.

**MCQ/Objective Type Questions**

Marks : 10

1. Choose the correct answer :

(10×1=10)

- 1) Kohlberg is related to
  - A) Moral development
  - B) Motivation
  - C) Team work
  - D) Values
- 2) In SWOT, T represents
  - A) Team work
  - B) Threats
  - C) Theory
  - D) None of the above
- 3) IPR stands for
  - A) Intelligent Persons Right
  - B) Intellectual Property Right
  - C) Industrial Persons Right
  - D) None of the above
- 4) Rights theory is related to
  - A) Motivation
  - B) Ethics
  - C) Leadership
  - D) Team building
- 5) Patent is given to
  - A) Product
  - B) Service
  - C) Art
  - D) None of the above

P.T.O.





Seat No.	
----------	--

**T.E. (All Branches) (Part – I) (CGPA) Examination, 2018  
SELF LEARNING – HSS – PROFESSIONAL ETHICS & HUMAN VALUES**

Day and Date : Saturday, 12-5-2018  
Time : 10.00 a.m. to 12.00 Noon

Marks : 40

**Note :** 1) Answer **any four full** questions from the **remaining**.  
2) Figures to **right** indicate **full** marks.  
3) Make suitable assumptions, if required and state them **clearly**.

2. Explain collective bargaining in detail. 10
  3. Define ethics, moral and human values. Explain the objectives of studying these issues. 10
  4. What is safety ? Explain the various factors that influence the perception of risk. 10
  5. What is professional ethics ? Why to study this ? Explain engineering ethics. 10
  6. Explain the risk benefit analysis. 10
-





SLR-TC – 530

Seat No.	
----------	--

Set 

<b>P</b>
----------

**T.E. (All Branches) (Part – I) (CGPA) Examination, 2018  
ECONOMICS  
(Self Learning – H.S.S.)**

Day and Date : Saturday, 12-5-2018  
Time : 10.00 a.m. to 12.00 noon

Total Marks : 50

- Instructions :** 1) Figures at **right** indicates marks.  
2) Q. No. **1** is **compulsory**. It should be solved in Answer Book on Page No. **3**. **Each** question carries **one** mark.  
3) **Answer MCQ/Objective type questions on Page No. 3 only. Don't forget to mention, Q.P. Set (P/Q/R/S) on Top of Page.**

**MCQ/Objective Type Questions**

Marks : 10

1. Choose the correct alternatives :

- 1) The cost which does not increase with increased production is
  - a) Constant cost
  - b) Marginal cost
  - c) Fixed cost
  - d) Variable cost
- 2) New economic policy was adopted in the year
  - a) 1981
  - b) 1991
  - c) 2000
  - d) 2006
- 3) Which is the common factor influences demand and supply, directly and inversely, respectively ?
  - a) Stock of money in economy
  - b) Price level
  - c) Market fluctuations
  - d) Psychology of people
- 4) Monetary policy aims at
  - a) Increase in industrial production
  - b) Increase in volume of trade
  - c) Price stability
  - d) Cost control
- 5) Which is a general feature of oligopoly market ?

P.T.O.



- a) Free entry and exit                      b) Only one producer  
c) Interdependence of firms              d) Perfect mobility of factor
- 6) Social welfare is maximum when  
a) Prices are increasing  
b) Prices are falling  
c) Prices are constant but goods are not available  
d) Goods are available at affordable prices
- 7) Inflation is effect of  
a) Rise in supply of money              b) Stringency in money supply  
c) Money supply is constant              d) Adequate money with RBI
- 8) Consumption expenditure normally increases when  
a) Income increases  
b) Income decreases  
c) Income constant  
d) Income has no relation with consumption
- 9) Trade cycles can be controlled effectively  
a) By monetary policy alone  
b) By fiscal policy alone  
c) By both policies simultaneously  
d) It cannot be controlled at all
- 10) International trade can be beneficial to countries  
a) Having absolute cost advantage  
b) Having comparative cost advantage  
c) Having both above  
d) Having no cost advantage
-



Seat No.	
-------------	--

**T.E. (All Branches) (Part – I) (CGPA) Examination, 2018  
ECONOMICS  
(Self Learning – H.S.S.)**

Day and Date : Saturday, 12-5-2018  
Time : 10.00 a.m. to 12.00 Noon

Marks : 40

**Instructions :** 1) Attempt **any four** questions out of Q. 2 to Q. 7.  
2) Figures at **right** indicate marks.

2. Explain the role of Govt. in formulating and implementing economic policies and its implementation towards achieving economic welfare. **10**
  3. Explain features of perfect competition and state why it not a reality. **10**
  4. What do you understand by macroeconomic policies of Govt. ? How the national income are increased by such policies ? **10**
  5. “Exercising proper control on economy is major function of Central Bank. How such controls are exercised through monetary policy ? **10**
  6. A business firm aims to maximize profit. How the firms can maximize profit by controlling their costs effectively ? **10**
  7. International trade has become a reality. Having divergent interests how both countries can have advantage from the trade ? **10**
-





SLR-TC – 530

Seat No.	
-------------	--

Set 

Q
---

**T.E. (All Branches) (Part – I) (CGPA) Examination, 2018  
ECONOMICS  
(Self Learning – H.S.S.)**

Day and Date : Saturday, 12-5-2018  
Time : 10.00 a.m. to 12.00 noon

Total Marks : 50

- Instructions :** 1) Figures at **right** indicates marks.  
2) Q. No. **1** is **compulsory**. It should be solved in Answer Book on Page No. **3**. **Each** question carries **one** mark.  
3) **Answer MCQ/Objective type questions on Page No. 3 only. Don't forget to mention, Q.P. Set (P/Q/R/S) on Top of Page.**

**MCQ/Objective Type Questions**

Marks : 10

1. Choose the correct alternatives :

- 1) Trade cycles can be controlled effectively
  - a) By monetary policy alone
  - b) By fiscal policy alone
  - c) By both policies simultaneously
  - d) It cannot be controlled at all
- 2) International trade can be beneficial to countries
  - a) Having absolute cost advantage
  - b) Having comparative cost advantage
  - c) Having both above
  - d) Having no cost advantage
- 3) Inflation is effect of
  - a) Rise in supply of money
  - b) Stringency in money supply
  - c) Money supply is constant
  - d) Adequate money with RBI

P.T.O.



- 4) Consumption expenditure normally increases when
- a) Income increases
  - b) Income decreases
  - c) Income constant
  - d) Income has no relation with consumption
- 5) The cost which does not increase with increased production is
- a) Constant cost
  - b) Marginal cost
  - c) Fixed cost
  - d) Variable cost
- 6) New economic policy was adopted in the year
- a) 1981
  - b) 1991
  - c) 2000
  - d) 2006
- 7) Which is the common factor influences demand and supply, directly and inversely, respectively ?
- a) Stock of money in economy
  - b) Price level
  - c) Market fluctuations
  - d) Psychology of people
- 8) Monetary policy aims at
- a) Increase in industrial production
  - b) Increase in volume of trade
  - c) Price stability
  - d) Cost control
- 9) Which is a general feature of oligopoly market ?
- a) Free entry and exit
  - b) Only one producer
  - c) Interdependence of firms
  - d) Perfect mobility of factor
- 10) Social welfare is maximum when
- a) Prices are increasing
  - b) Prices are falling
  - c) Prices are constant but goods are not available
  - d) Goods are available at affordable prices
-



Seat No.	
----------	--

**T.E. (All Branches) (Part – I) (CGPA) Examination, 2018  
ECONOMICS  
(Self Learning – H.S.S.)**

Day and Date : Saturday, 12-5-2018  
Time : 10.00 a.m. to 12.00 noon

Marks : 40

**Instructions :** 1) Attempt **any four** questions out of Q. 2 to Q. 7.  
2) Figures at **right** indicate marks.

2. Explain the role of Govt. in formulating and implementing economic policies and its implementation towards achieving economic welfare. **10**
  3. Explain features of perfect competition and state why it not a reality. **10**
  4. What do you understand by macroeconomic policies of Govt. ? How the national income are increased by such policies ? **10**
  5. “Exercising proper control on economy is major function of Central Bank. How such controls are exercised through monetary policy ? **10**
  6. A business firm aims to maximize profit. How the firms can maximize profit by controlling their costs effectively ? **10**
  7. International trade has become a reality. Having divergent interests how both countries can have advantage from the trade ? **10**
-





SLR-TC – 530

Seat No.	
-------------	--

Set 

R
---

**T.E. (All Branches) (Part – I) (CGPA) Examination, 2018  
ECONOMICS  
(Self Learning – H.S.S.)**

Day and Date : Saturday, 12-5-2018  
Time : 10.00 a.m. to 12.00 noon

Total Marks : 50

- Instructions :** 1) Figures at **right** indicates marks.  
2) Q. No. 1 is **compulsory**. It should be solved in Answer Book on Page No. 3. **Each** question carries **one** mark.  
3) **Answer MCQ/Objective type questions on Page No. 3 only. Don't forget to mention, Q.P. Set (P/Q/R/S) on Top of Page.**

**MCQ/Objective Type Questions**

Marks : 10

1. Choose the correct alternatives :

- 1) Which is a general feature of oligopoly market ?
  - a) Free entry and exit
  - b) Only one producer
  - c) Interdependence of firms
  - d) Perfect mobility of factor
- 2) Social welfare is maximum when
  - a) Prices are increasing
  - b) Prices are falling
  - c) Prices are constant but goods are not available
  - d) Goods are available at affordable prices
- 3) Trade cycles can be controlled effectively
  - a) By monetary policy alone
  - b) By fiscal policy alone
  - c) By both policies simultaneously
  - d) It cannot be controlled at all

P.T.O.



- 4) International trade can be beneficial to countries
    - a) Having absolute cost advantage
    - b) Having comparative cost advantage
    - c) Having both above
    - d) Having no cost advantage
  - 5) Which is the common factor influences demand and supply, directly and inversely, respectively ?
    - a) Stock of money in economy
    - b) Price level
    - c) Market fluctuations
    - d) Psychology of people
  - 6) Monetary policy aims at
    - a) Increase in industrial production
    - b) Increase in volume of trade
    - c) Price stability
    - d) Cost control
  - 7) The cost which does not increase with increased production is
    - a) Constant cost
    - b) Marginal cost
    - c) Fixed cost
    - d) Variable cost
  - 8) New economic policy was adopted in the year
    - a) 1981
    - b) 1991
    - c) 2000
    - d) 2006
  - 9) Inflation is effect of
    - a) Rise in supply of money
    - b) Stringency in money supply
    - c) Money supply is constant
    - d) Adequate money with RBI
  - 10) Consumption expenditure normally increases when
    - a) Income increases
    - b) Income decreases
    - c) Income constant
    - d) Income has no relation with consumption
-



Seat No.	
-------------	--

**T.E. (All Branches) (Part – I) (CGPA) Examination, 2018  
ECONOMICS  
(Self Learning – H.S.S.)**

Day and Date : Saturday, 12-5-2018  
Time : 10.00 a.m. to 12.00 noon

Marks : 40

**Instructions :** 1) Attempt **any four** questions out of Q. 2 to Q. 7.  
2) Figures at **right** indicate marks.

2. Explain the role of Govt. in formulating and implementing economic policies and its implementation towards achieving economic welfare. **10**
  3. Explain features of perfect competition and state why it not a reality. **10**
  4. What do you understand by macroeconomic policies of Govt. ? How the national income are increased by such policies ? **10**
  5. “Exercising proper control on economy is major function of Central Bank. How such controls are exercised through monetary policy ? **10**
  6. A business firm aims to maximize profit. How the firms can maximize profit by controlling their costs effectively ? **10**
  7. International trade has become a reality. Having divergent interests how both countries can have advantage from the trade ? **10**
-





SLR-TC – 530

Seat No.	
----------	--

Set 

S
---

**T.E. (All Branches) (Part – I) (CGPA) Examination, 2018  
ECONOMICS  
(Self Learning – H.S.S.)**

Day and Date : Saturday, 12-5-2018  
Time : 10.00 a.m. to 12.00 noon

Total Marks : 50

- Instructions :** 1) Figures at **right** indicates marks.  
2) Q. No. **1** is **compulsory**. It should be solved in Answer Book on Page No. **3**. **Each** question carries **one** mark.  
3) **Answer MCQ/Objective type questions on Page No. 3 only. Don't forget to mention, Q.P. Set (P/Q/R/S) on Top of Page.**

**MCQ/Objective Type Questions**

Marks : 10

1. Choose the correct alternatives :

- 1) Which is the common factor influences demand and supply, directly and inversely, respectively ?
  - a) Stock of money in economy
  - b) Price level
  - c) Market fluctuations
  - d) Psychology of people
- 2) Monetary policy aims at
  - a) Increase in industrial production
  - b) Increase in volume of trade
  - c) Price stability
  - d) Cost control
- 3) Which is a general feature of oligopoly market ?
  - a) Free entry and exit
  - b) Only one producer
  - c) Interdependence of firms
  - d) Perfect mobility of factor

P.T.O.



- 4) Social welfare is maximum when
- a) Prices are increasing
  - b) Prices are falling
  - c) Prices are constant but goods are not available
  - d) Goods are available at affordable prices
- 5) Inflation is effect of
- a) Rise in supply of money
  - b) Stringency in money supply
  - c) Money supply is constant
  - d) Adequate money with RBI
- 6) Consumption expenditure normally increases when
- a) Income increases
  - b) Income decreases
  - c) Income constant
  - d) Income has no relation with consumption
- 7) Trade cycles can be controlled effectively
- a) By monetary policy alone
  - b) By fiscal policy alone
  - c) By both policies simultaneously
  - d) It cannot be controlled at all
- 8) International trade can be beneficial to countries
- a) Having absolute cost advantage
  - b) Having comparative cost advantage
  - c) Having both above
  - d) Having no cost advantage
- 9) The cost which does not increase with increased production is
- a) Constant cost
  - b) Marginal cost
  - c) Fixed cost
  - d) Variable cost
- 10) New economic policy was adopted in the year
- a) 1981
  - b) 1991
  - c) 2000
  - d) 2006



Seat No.	
----------	--

**T.E. (All Branches) (Part – I) (CGPA) Examination, 2018  
ECONOMICS  
(Self Learning – H.S.S.)**

Day and Date : Saturday, 12-5-2018  
Time : 10.00 a.m. to 12.00 noon

Marks : 40

**Instructions :** 1) Attempt **any four** questions out of Q. 2 to Q. 7.  
2) Figures at **right** indicate marks.

2. Explain the role of Govt. in formulating and implementing economic policies and its implementation towards achieving economic welfare. **10**
  3. Explain features of perfect competition and state why it not a reality. **10**
  4. What do you understand by macroeconomic policies of Govt. ? How the national income are increased by such policies ? **10**
  5. “Exercising proper control on economy is major function of Central Bank. How such controls are exercised through monetary policy ? **10**
  6. A business firm aims to maximize profit. How the firms can maximize profit by controlling their costs effectively ? **10**
  7. International trade has become a reality. Having divergent interests how both countries can have advantage from the trade ? **10**
-





SLR-TC – 531

Seat No.	
----------	--

Set **P**

**T.E. (All Branches) (Part – I) (CGPA) Examination, 2018  
Self Learning (HSS)  
STRESS AND COPING**

Day and Date : Saturday, 12-5-2018  
Time : 10.00 a.m. to 12.00 noon

Max. Marks : 50

- Instructions :** 1) Solve **any 4** from Q. No. 2 to Q. No. 7.  
2) Q. No. 1 is **compulsory**. It should be solved in Answer Book Page No. 3. **Each** question carries **one** mark.  
3) **Answer MCQ/Objective type questions on Page No. 3 only. Don't forget to mention, Q.P. Set (P/Q/R/S) on Top of Page.**

**MCQ/Objective Type Questions**

Marks : 10

1. A) Choose the correct answer :

5

- 1) The word stress is derived from Latin word which means
  - a) Draw tight
  - b) Stimulus
  - c) Force
  - d) Attitude
- 2) Eustress is also known as
  - a) Destructive stress
  - b) Constructive stress
  - c) Imaginative stress
  - d) None of these
- 3) Stress that is not health for organisation or for the individual is known as
  - a) Eustress
  - b) Distress
  - c) Resistance
  - d) None of these

P.T.O.



- 4) Stress is a state of tension experienced by an
  - a) Organisation
  - b) Group
  - c) Individual
  - d) None of these
- 5) Depression, anxiety and moodiness are \_\_\_\_\_ symptoms of stress.
  - a) Medical
  - b) Emotional
  - c) Behavioral
  - d) None of these

B) Match the pairs :

5

**A**

- 1) Role conflict
- 2) Role ambiguity
- 3) Behavioural consequences
- 4) Friends and colleagues
- 5) Psychological consequences

**B**

- 1) Sleeplessness
- 2) Social support
- 3) Uncertainty
- 4) Different roles
- 5) Job dissatisfaction

---



<b>Seat No.</b>	
-----------------	--

**T.E. (All Branches) (Part – I) (CGPA) Examination, 2018  
Self Learning (HSS)  
STRESS AND COPING**

Day and Date : Saturday, 12-5-2018  
Time : 10.00 a.m. to 12.00 noon

Marks : 40

***Instructions :*** Solve **any 4** from Q. No. **2** to Q. No. **7**.

2. Define stress and explain in detail biological and environmental stressors. **10**
  3. Explain the various coping styles to stress. **10**
  4. Elaborate the role of social support in mitigating stress. **10**
  5. Stress management techniques help to manage stress. Elaborate this statement. **10**
  6. Discuss the various consequences of stress. **10**
  7. Explain the historical perspective of stress. **10**
-





SLR-TC – 531

Seat No.	
----------	--

Set **Q**

**T.E. (All Branches) (Part – I) (CGPA) Examination, 2018  
Self Learning (HSS)  
STRESS AND COPING**

Day and Date : Saturday, 12-5-2018  
Time : 10.00 a.m. to 12.00 noon

Max. Marks : 50

- Instructions :** 1) Solve **any 4** from Q. No. 2 to Q. No. 7.  
2) Q. No. 1 is **compulsory**. It should be solved in Answer Book Page No. 3. **Each** question carries **one** mark.  
3) **Answer MCQ/Objective type questions on Page No. 3 only. Don't forget to mention, Q.P. Set (P/Q/R/S) on Top of Page.**

**MCQ/Objective Type Questions**

Marks : 10

1. A) Match the pairs :

5

**A**

- 1) Role conflict
- 2) Role ambiguity
- 3) Behavioural consequences
- 4) Friends and colleagues
- 5) Psychological consequences

**B**

- 1) Sleeplessness
- 2) Social support
- 3) Uncertainty
- 4) Different roles
- 5) Job dissatisfaction

B) Choose the correct answer :

5

- 1) Eustress is also known as
  - a) Destructive stress
  - b) Constructive stress
  - c) Imaginative stress
  - d) None of these

P.T.O.



- 2) Stress is a state of tension experienced by an
    - a) Organisation
    - b) Group
    - c) Individual
    - d) None of these
  
  - 3) The word stress is derived from Latin word which means
    - a) Draw tight
    - b) Stimulus
    - c) Force
    - d) Attitude
  
  - 4) Depression, anxiety and moodiness are \_\_\_\_\_ symptoms of stress.
    - a) Medical
    - b) Emotional
    - c) Behavioral
    - d) None of these
  
  - 5) Stress that is not health for organisation or for the individual is known as
    - a) Eustress
    - b) Distress
    - c) Resistance
    - d) None of these
-



<b>Seat No.</b>	
-----------------	--

**T.E. (All Branches) (Part – I) (CGPA) Examination, 2018  
Self Learning (HSS)  
STRESS AND COPING**

Day and Date : Saturday, 12-5-2018  
Time : 10.00 a.m. to 12.00 noon

Marks : 40

***Instructions*** : Solve **any 4** from Q. No. **2** to Q. No. **7**.

2. Define stress and explain in detail biological and environmental stressors. **10**
  3. Explain the various coping styles to stress. **10**
  4. Elaborate the role of social support in mitigating stress. **10**
  5. Stress management techniques help to manage stress. Elaborate this statement. **10**
  6. Discuss the various consequences of stress. **10**
  7. Explain the historical perspective of stress. **10**
-





SLR-TC – 531

Seat No.	
----------	--

Set **R**

**T.E. (All Branches) (Part – I) (CGPA) Examination, 2018  
Self Learning (HSS)  
STRESS AND COPING**

Day and Date : Saturday, 12-5-2018  
Time : 10.00 a.m. to 12.00 noon

Max. Marks : 50

- Instructions :** 1) Solve **any 4** from Q. No. 2 to Q. No. 7.  
2) Q. No. 1 is **compulsory**. It should be solved in Answer Book Page No. 3. **Each** question carries **one** mark.  
3) **Answer MCQ/Objective type questions on Page No. 3 only. Don't forget to mention, Q.P. Set (P/Q/R/S) on Top of Page.**

**MCQ/Objective Type Questions**

Marks : 10

1. A) Choose the correct answer :

5

- 1) Stress is a state of tension experienced by an
  - a) Organisation
  - b) Group
  - c) Individual
  - d) None of these
- 2) The word stress is derived from Latin word which means
  - a) Draw tight
  - b) Stimulus
  - c) Force
  - d) Attitude
- 3) Depression, anxiety and moodiness are \_\_\_\_\_ symptoms of stress.
  - a) Medical
  - b) Emotional
  - c) Behavioral
  - d) None of these

P.T.O.



- 4) Stress that is not health for organisation or for the individual is known as
  - a) Eustress
  - b) Distress
  - c) Resistance
  - d) None of these
- 5) Eustress is also known as
  - a) Destructive stress
  - b) Constructive stress
  - c) Imaginative stress
  - d) None of these

B) Match the pairs :

5

**A**

- 1) Role conflict
- 2) Role ambiguity
- 3) Behavioural consequences
- 4) Friends and colleagues
- 5) Psychological consequences

**B**

- 1) Sleeplessness
- 2) Social support
- 3) Uncertainty
- 4) Different roles
- 5) Job dissatisfaction

---



<b>Seat No.</b>	
-----------------	--

**T.E. (All Branches) (Part – I) (CGPA) Examination, 2018  
Self Learning (HSS)  
STRESS AND COPING**

Day and Date : Saturday, 12-5-2018  
Time : 10.00 a.m. to 12.00 noon

Marks : 40

***Instructions :*** Solve **any 4** from Q. No. **2** to Q. No. **7**.

2. Define stress and explain in detail biological and environmental stressors. **10**
  3. Explain the various coping styles to stress. **10**
  4. Elaborate the role of social support in mitigating stress. **10**
  5. Stress management techniques help to manage stress. Elaborate this statement. **10**
  6. Discuss the various consequences of stress. **10**
  7. Explain the historical perspective of stress. **10**
-





SLR-TC – 531

Seat No.	
----------	--

Set	S
-----	---

**T.E. (All Branches) (Part – I) (CGPA) Examination, 2018  
Self Learning (HSS)  
STRESS AND COPING**

Day and Date : Saturday, 12-5-2018  
Time : 10.00 a.m. to 12.00 noon

Max. Marks : 50

- Instructions :** 1) Solve **any 4** from Q. No. 2 to Q. No. 7.  
2) Q. No. 1 is **compulsory**. It should be solved in Answer Book Page No. 3. **Each** question carries **one** mark.  
3) **Answer MCQ/Objective type questions on Page No. 3 only. Don't forget to mention, Q.P. Set (P/Q/R/S) on Top of Page.**

**MCQ/Objective Type Questions**

Marks : 10

1. A) Match the pairs :

5

**A**

- 1) Role conflict
- 2) Role ambiguity
- 3) Behavioural consequences
- 4) Friends and colleagues
- 5) Psychological consequences

**B**

- 1) Sleeplessness
- 2) Social support
- 3) Uncertainty
- 4) Different roles
- 5) Job dissatisfaction

B) Choose the correct answer :

5

- 1) Depression, anxiety and moodiness are \_\_\_\_\_ symptoms of stress.
  - a) Medical
  - b) Emotional
  - c) Behavioral
  - d) None of these

P.T.O.



- 2) Stress that is not health for organisation or for the individual is known as
    - a) Eustress
    - b) Distress
    - c) Resistance
    - d) None of these
  - 3) Eustress is also known as
    - a) Destructive stress
    - b) Constructive stress
    - c) Imaginative stress
    - d) None of these
  - 4) The word stress is derived from Latin word which means
    - a) Draw tight
    - b) Stimulus
    - c) Force
    - d) Attitude
  - 5) Stress is a state of tension experienced by an
    - a) Organisation
    - b) Group
    - c) Individual
    - d) None of these
-



<b>Seat No.</b>	
-----------------	--

**T.E. (All Branches) (Part – I) (CGPA) Examination, 2018  
Self Learning (HSS)  
STRESS AND COPING**

Day and Date : Saturday, 12-5-2018  
Time : 10.00 a.m. to 12.00 noon

Marks : 40

***Instructions :*** Solve **any 4** from Q. No. **2** to Q. No. **7**.

2. Define stress and explain in detail biological and environmental stressors. **10**
  3. Explain the various coping styles to stress. **10**
  4. Elaborate the role of social support in mitigating stress. **10**
  5. Stress management techniques help to manage stress. Elaborate this statement. **10**
  6. Discuss the various consequences of stress. **10**
  7. Explain the historical perspective of stress. **10**
-





SLR-TC – 532

Seat No.	
----------	--

Set **P**

**T.E. (All Branches) (Part – I) (CGPA) Examination, 2018  
INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY RIGHTS FOR TECHNOLOGY DEVELOPMENT  
AND MANAGEMENT (Self Learning (HSS))**

Day and Date : Saturday, 12-5-2018  
Time : 10.00 a.m. to 12.00 noon

Max. Marks : 50

- N.B. :** 1) *Q. No. 1 is compulsory. It should be solved in first 20 minutes in Answer Book Page No. 3. Each question carries one mark.*  
2) *Answer MCQ/Objective type questions on Page No. 3 only. Don't forget to mention, Q.P. Set (P/Q/R/S) on Top of Page.*  
3) *Attempt all questions.*  
4) *Figures to the right indicate full marks.*

**MCQ/Objective Type Questions**

Duration : 20 Minutes

Marks : 10

1. Choose the correct answer :

- 1) To apply for a patent, an inventor must
  - a) File an application at a patent office which must comply with formal and technical requirements
  - b) Draft the full specification of the patent they seek, which cannot be later amended
  - c) Demonstrate that their invention works
  - d) None of the above
- 2) All of the following are examples of intellectual property protections EXCEPT
  - a) Copyrights
  - b) Patents
  - c) Contracts
  - d) Trademarks
- 3) Intellectual Property Rights are result of
  - a) Mental work
  - b) Physical work
  - c) Technical work
  - d) Communication

P.T.O.



- 4) No patent shall be granted in respect of an invention relating to
- a) Atomic Energy
  - b) Bio Energy
  - c) Solar Energy
  - d) Wind Energy
- 5) Which of the following is not specifically protected by intellectual property legislation ?
- a) Industrial designs
  - b) Trademarks
  - c) Copyrights
  - d) Trade secrets
- 6) The legislation covering intellectual property right in India for Information Technology is
- a) Information Technology Act 2003
  - b) Information Technology Act 2000
  - c) Information Technology Act 2008
  - d) None of the above
- 7) The first Patent law was enacted in India in the year
- a) 1856
  - b) 1880
  - c) 1905
  - d) 1850
- 8) What is the term of a patent ?
- a) 35 years
  - b) 25 years
  - c) 20 years
  - d) 15 years
- 9) What is copyright meant for
- a) Film work
  - b) Books
  - c) Essay
  - d) All the above
- 10) A person develops a new process for making cheese from milk having low fats and cholesterol. He wishes to protect it. Which form of IPR would be suitable ?
- a) Patent
  - b) Copyright
  - c) Trademarks
  - d) Industrial design
-



Seat No.	
----------	--

**T.E. (All Branches) (Part – I) (CGPA) Examination, 2018  
INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY RIGHTS FOR TECHNOLOGY DEVELOPMENT  
AND MANAGEMENT (Self Learning (HSS))**

Day and Date : Saturday, 12-5-2018  
Time : 10.00 a.m. to 12.00 noon

Marks : 40

***N.B. :*** 1) Attempt ***all*** questions.  
2) Figures to the ***right*** indicate ***full*** marks.

2. What are the essential requirements for granting patent ? Explain in detail. **10**
3. Elaborate the Indian Patent Act, 1970. **10**

OR

3. Explain role of confidentiality and information security in technology development. **10**
4. Write short notes on **any four** : **20**
- 1) Copyrights.
  - 2) Trade secrets.
  - 3) Bio technology and intellectual property.
  - 4) Publication and examination of patent applications.
  - 5) Protection of traditional knowledge.
  - 6) Copyright issues in creative works.





SLR-TC – 532

Seat No.	
----------	--

Set **Q**

**T.E. (All Branches) (Part – I) (CGPA) Examination, 2018  
INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY RIGHTS FOR TECHNOLOGY DEVELOPMENT  
AND MANAGEMENT (Self Learning (HSS))**

Day and Date : Saturday, 12-5-2018  
Time : 10.00 a.m. to 12.00 noon

Max. Marks : 50

- N.B. :** 1) *Q. No. 1 is compulsory. It should be solved in first 20 minutes in Answer Book Page No. 3. Each question carries one mark.*  
2) *Answer MCQ/Objective type questions on Page No. 3 only. Don't forget to mention, Q.P. Set (P/Q/R/S) on Top of Page.*  
3) *Attempt all questions.*  
4) *Figures to the right indicate full marks.*

**MCQ/Objective Type Questions**

Duration : 20 Minutes

Marks : 10

1. Choose the correct answer :

- 1) What is copyright meant for  
a) Film work  
b) Books  
c) Essay  
d) All the above
- 2) A person develops a new process for making cheese from milk having low fats and cholesterol. He wishes to protect it. Which form of IPR would be suitable ?  
a) Patent  
b) Copyright  
c) Trademarks  
d) Industrial design
- 3) The first Patent law was enacted in India in the year  
a) 1856  
b) 1880  
c) 1905  
d) 1850
- 4) What is the term of a patent ?  
a) 35 years  
b) 25 years  
c) 20 years  
d) 15 years

P.T.O.





Seat No.	
----------	--

**T.E. (All Branches) (Part – I) (CGPA) Examination, 2018  
INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY RIGHTS FOR TECHNOLOGY DEVELOPMENT  
AND MANAGEMENT (Self Learning (HSS))**

Day and Date : Saturday, 12-5-2018  
Time : 10.00 a.m. to 12.00 noon

Marks : 40

***N.B. :*** 1) Attempt ***all*** questions.  
2) Figures to the ***right*** indicate ***full*** marks.

2. What are the essential requirements for granting patent ? Explain in detail. **10**
3. Elaborate the Indian Patent Act, 1970. **10**

OR

3. Explain role of confidentiality and information security in technology development. **10**
4. Write short notes on **any four** : **20**
- 1) Copyrights.
  - 2) Trade secrets.
  - 3) Bio technology and intellectual property.
  - 4) Publication and examination of patent applications.
  - 5) Protection of traditional knowledge.
  - 6) Copyright issues in creative works.





SLR-TC – 532

Seat No.	
-------------	--

Set **R**

**T.E. (All Branches) (Part – I) (CGPA) Examination, 2018  
INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY RIGHTS FOR TECHNOLOGY DEVELOPMENT  
AND MANAGEMENT (Self Learning (HSS))**

Day and Date : Saturday, 12-5-2018  
Time : 10.00 a.m. to 12.00 noon

Max. Marks : 50

- N.B. :** 1) *Q. No. 1 is compulsory. It should be solved in first 20 minutes in Answer Book Page No. 3. Each question carries one mark.*  
2) *Answer MCQ/Objective type questions on Page No. 3 only. Don't forget to mention, Q.P. Set (P/Q/R/S) on Top of Page.*  
3) *Attempt all questions.*  
4) *Figures to the right indicate full marks.*

**MCQ/Objective Type Questions**

Duration : 20 Minutes

Marks : 10

1. Choose the correct answer :

- 1) Which of the following is not specifically protected by intellectual property legislation ?
  - a) Industrial designs
  - b) Trademarks
  - c) Copyrights
  - d) Trade secrets
- 2) The legislation covering intellectual property right in India for Information Technology is
  - a) Information Technology Act 2003
  - b) Information Technology Act 2000
  - c) Information Technology Act 2008
  - d) None of the above
- 3) What is copyright meant for
  - a) Film work
  - b) Books
  - c) Essay
  - d) All the above

P.T.O.





Seat No.	
-------------	--

**T.E. (All Branches) (Part – I) (CGPA) Examination, 2018  
INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY RIGHTS FOR TECHNOLOGY DEVELOPMENT  
AND MANAGEMENT (Self Learning (HSS))**

Day and Date : Saturday, 12-5-2018  
Time : 10.00 a.m. to 12.00 noon

Marks : 40

***N.B. :*** 1) Attempt ***all*** questions.  
2) Figures to the ***right*** indicate ***full*** marks.

2. What are the essential requirements for granting patent ? Explain in detail. **10**
3. Elaborate the Indian Patent Act, 1970. **10**

OR

3. Explain role of confidentiality and information security in technology development. **10**
4. Write short notes on **any four** : **20**
  - 1) Copyrights.
  - 2) Trade secrets.
  - 3) Bio technology and intellectual property.
  - 4) Publication and examination of patent applications.
  - 5) Protection of traditional knowledge.
  - 6) Copyright issues in creative works.





SLR-TC – 532

Seat No.	
----------	--

Set **S**

**T.E. (All Branches) (Part – I) (CGPA) Examination, 2018  
INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY RIGHTS FOR TECHNOLOGY DEVELOPMENT  
AND MANAGEMENT (Self Learning (HSS))**

Day and Date : Saturday, 12-5-2018  
Time : 10.00 a.m. to 12.00 noon

Max. Marks : 50

- N.B. :** 1) *Q. No. 1 is compulsory. It should be solved in first 20 minutes in Answer Book Page No. 3. Each question carries one mark.*  
2) *Answer MCQ/Objective type questions on Page No. 3 only. Don't forget to mention, Q.P. Set (P/Q/R/S) on Top of Page.*  
3) *Attempt all questions.*  
4) *Figures to the right indicate full marks.*

**MCQ/Objective Type Questions**

Duration : 20 Minutes

Marks : 10

1. Choose the correct answer :

- 1) Intellectual Property Rights are result of
- |                   |                  |
|-------------------|------------------|
| a) Mental work    | b) Physical work |
| c) Technical work | d) Communication |
- 2) No patent shall be granted in respect of an invention relating to
- |                  |                |
|------------------|----------------|
| a) Atomic Energy | b) Bio Energy  |
| c) Solar Energy  | d) Wind Energy |
- 3) Which of the following is not specifically protected by intellectual property legislation ?
- |                       |                  |
|-----------------------|------------------|
| a) Industrial designs | b) Trademarks    |
| c) Copyrights         | d) Trade secrets |

P.T.O.



- 4) The legislation covering intellectual property right in India for Information Technology is
- a) Information Technology Act 2003
  - b) Information Technology Act 2000
  - c) Information Technology Act 2008
  - d) None of the above
- 5) The first Patent law was enacted in India in the year
- a) 1856
  - b) 1880
  - c) 1905
  - d) 1850
- 6) What is the term of a patent ?
- a) 35 years
  - b) 25 years
  - c) 20 years
  - d) 15 years
- 7) What is copyright meant for
- a) Film work
  - b) Books
  - c) Essay
  - d) All the above
- 8) A person develops a new process for making cheese from milk having low fats and cholesterol. He wishes to protect it. Which form of IPR would be suitable ?
- a) Patent
  - b) Copyright
  - c) Trademarks
  - d) Industrial design
- 9) To apply for a patent, an inventor must
- a) File an application at a patent office which must comply with formal and technical requirements
  - b) Draft the full specification of the patent they seek, which cannot be later amended
  - c) Demonstrate that their invention works
  - d) None of the above
- 10) All of the following are examples of intellectual property protections EXCEPT
- a) Copyrights
  - b) Patents
  - c) Contracts
  - d) Trademarks
-



Seat No.	
-------------	--

**T.E. (All Branches) (Part – I) (CGPA) Examination, 2018  
INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY RIGHTS FOR TECHNOLOGY DEVELOPMENT  
AND MANAGEMENT (Self Learning (HSS))**

Day and Date : Saturday, 12-5-2018  
Time : 10.00 a.m. to 12.00 noon

Marks : 40

***N.B. :*** 1) Attempt ***all*** questions.  
2) Figures to the ***right*** indicate ***full*** marks.

2. What are the essential requirements for granting patent ? Explain in detail. **10**
3. Elaborate the Indian Patent Act, 1970. **10**

OR

3. Explain role of confidentiality and information security in technology development. **10**
4. Write short notes on **any four** : **20**
- 1) Copyrights.
  - 2) Trade secrets.
  - 3) Bio technology and intellectual property.
  - 4) Publication and examination of patent applications.
  - 5) Protection of traditional knowledge.
  - 6) Copyright issues in creative works.

