

Seat No.	
-----------------	--

Day & Date: Thursday, 16-05-2024
Time: 11:00 AM To 02:00 PM

Max. Marks: 80

Instructions: 1) All questions are compulsory.
2) Figures to the right indicate full marks.

16

- 1) A place where objects of interest of common man as well as scholars are housed is called ____.

a) Garden b) Park
c) Museum d) Library
- 2) The ____ museum was the first museum established in Mumbai.

a) Bhaudaji Lad b) Nehru Science Center
c) Kavasaji Jahangir Hall d) Prince of Wales
- 3) An essential structure at the entrance of museum building is ____.

a) Steps b) Ramp
c) Decorative tiles d) Steps & Ramps
- 4) Salarjung Museum is located at ____.

a) Bangalore b) Bhopal
c) Hyderabad d) Raipur
- 5) Collection of coins is called ____.

a) Lithographic collections b) Palaeographic collections
c) Numismatic collections d) Iconographic collections
- 6) Madhubani Paintings are from ____.

a) Uttar Pradesh b) Bihar
c) West Bengal d) Gujarat
- 7) Which of the following is a subordinate office of Ministry of Culture, Government of India?

a) Archeological Survey of India b) National Archives, New Delhi
c) National Museum, New Delhi d) National Culture Fun
- 8) What is the present name of the Prince of Wales Museum, Mumbai?

a) City Museum of Mumbai
b) Sivaji Museum
c) Chatrapati Shivaji Vasta Sangrahalaya
d) Maharashtra Museum
- 9) CECA in ICOM-CECA stand for ____.

a) Committee for Education and Cultural Action
b) Council for Education and Cultural Activities
c) Committee for Education and Cultural Affairs
d) Committee for Education and Creative Activities
- 10) Who was the founder of Asiatic Society, Calcutta?

a) Prof. R.D. Bhandarkar b) Sir. William Jones
c) Sir. Asutosh Mukherji d) Lord Curzon

- 11)** Who established Archeological Survey of India?
a) A. Cunningham b) A. Kumaraswamy
c) Sir. John Marshal d) Lord Curzon
- 12)** Seating arrangement for the visitors in the museum is always _____.
a) Between the galleries b) First floor
c) Ground floor d) Museum campus
- 13)** Tale tell clock is used in the museum for the purposes of _____.
a) Gallery visit b) Security
c) Visitor survey d) Job control
- 14)** Musion temples of the Goddesses were at _____.
a) River banks b) Forest
c) Village d) City
- 15)** Photographic slides are best stored in _____.
a) Card board boxes
b) Plastic slide covers
c) Acid-free paper sleeves in a hanging file in cabinet
d) Card board trays in a cabinate
- 16)** What is the status of National Museum?
a) Private Museum b) Municipal Museum
c) State Government Museum d) Central Government Museum

Q.2 Write Short Answer. (Any Four)

16

- Economic importance of museums.
- Gift method
- Cultural importance of Museum.
- Museum Movements in 20th century
- Conservation of stone objects
- The origin of Museum

Q.3 Answer the following Question. (Any Two)

16

- Describe the Indian Museum at Kolkata.
- Explain the concept of Museum.
- Origin of museum in ancient period
- Write the information Harappa gallery of national Museum. development.

Q.4 Answer the following questions in Detail. (Any One)

16

- a)** Review the development of museums in India after independence.

OR

- b) What is Museum? Explain the state museums in India.**

Q.5 Answer the following Question in detail.

16

Elaborate the importance of Indira Gandhi Rashtriy Manav Sangrahalay (IGRMS), Bhopal.

Seat No.	
----------	--

Display Techniques and Exhibition Principles (DIM102)

Max. Marks: 80

Instructions: 1) All questions are compulsory.
2) Figures to the right indicate full marks.

16

- 1) The special device to display costumes is called _____.?

a) Podium b) Hanger

c) Mannequin d) Costume stand
- 2) Solander boxes are used for storage of ____.

a) Coins

b) Terracottas

c) Manuscripts, prints and drawings, etc.

d) Costumes
- 3) Which of the following provisions you will make for visually impaired visitors?

a) Ramps b) Braille labels & Large print text

c) Audio-guides d) B and C
- 4) Fry test is used for assessing ____.

a) Legibility of text b) Readability of text

c) Comprehensibility of text d) Aesthetic appearance of labels
- 5) Which one of the following is not a dynamic interpretation technique?

a) Sound guides b) Film/Video/Slide-tape

c) Photographs d) Computer based interactions
- 6) Match the items in List-I with items in List-II.

List -I	List-II
a) UV Light	i) Celsius
b) Intensity of light	ii) Nanometer
c) Wavelength	iii) Microwatt per lumen
d) Temperature	iv) Lux

Codes:

(a) (b) (c) (d)	
a) (iii) (ii) (iv) (i)	b) (iv) (iii) (i) (ii)
c) (iii) (iv) (ii) (i)	d) (ii) (iv) (i) (iii)
- 7) _____ presentations in museums are more effective.

a) Dioramic b) Graphic

c) Show case d) Exhibition
- 8) The journal "Studies in Museology" is published by ____.

a) Museums Associations of India b) Bharat Kala Bhavan, Varanasi

c) University of Calcutta d) M.S. University of Baroda
- 9) Insect traps can help in ____.

a) Monitoring insect activity b) Attracting insects

c) Killing insects d) All of the above

- 10) The radiation that our eye detect is _____.
 - a) UV
 - b) IR
 - c) Light
 - d) All of the above
- 11) Photographic slides are best stored in _____.
 - a) Card board boxes
 - b) Plastic slide covers
 - c) Acid-free paper sleeves in a hanging file in cabinet
 - d) Card board trays in a cabinet
- 12) The ideal temperature for Museum exhibits is between _____.
 - a) 18 °C - 30 °C
 - b) 18 °C - 22 °C
 - c) 10 °C -15 °C
 - d) 30 °C - 40 °C
- 13) Text and pictures presentation techniques are also called as _____.
 - a) 3-D presentation
 - b) Graphic presentation
 - c) Virtual presentation
 - d) Digital presentation
- 14) Objects/specimens are _____.
 - a) The secondary medium of communication in Museums
 - b) The only medium of communication in Museums
 - c) The primary medium of communication
 - d) None of the above
- 15) Museum show-case labels are easiest to read by most visitors are placed at the height between _____.
 - a) 2.0 - 2.5 meter's
 - b) 0.5 - 1 meter
 - c) 1.00 - 1.5 meter
 - d) 2.5 - 3.00 meter
- 16) 'Pepper's Ghost' is a show case _____.
 - a) Which depicts two pictures/ models at right angles divided by a glass by switching the light from one to the other is called
 - b) Which displays working Model's
 - c) Which show objects in their context
 - d) Small show cases with miniature objects

Q.2 Write Short Answer. (Any Four)**16**

- a) Use of Fluorescent light
- b) Mobile Exhibition
- c) Watch & Ward Staff
- d) Museum Publications
- e) Labels for Antiquities
- f) Table Showcase

Q.3 Answer the following Question. (Any Two)**16**

- a) State the loan facilities for exhibits?
- b) Briefly talk about Museum Storage.
- c) Write in brief the technique of Ventilation.
- d) Discuss the various modes of collection for museum.

Q.4 Answer the following questions in Detail. (Any One)**16**

- a) Examine critically the essential ingredients of Museum Architecture with plans & sketches.

OR

- b) What measures should be adopted by museum to attract different types of Visitors?

Q.5 Answer the following Question in detail.

Explain the different techniques & methods of displaying the objects.

Seat No.	
----------	--

**P.G. Diploma in Museology (Semester - I) (CBCS) Examination:
March/April-2024**

Preservation of Museum objects (DIM103)

Day & Date: Tuesday, 21-05-2024

Max. Marks: 80

Time: 11:00 AM To 02:00 PM

Instructions: 1) All questions are compulsory.
2) Figures to the right indicate full marks.

Q.1 Choose the correct Alternative:

16

- 1) Paper pulp method is used in treatment of _____.
 a) Water logged wood b) Stone objects
 c) Metal objects d) Glass objects
- 2) National Research Laboratory for conservation of cultural property is located at _____.
 a) Lucknow b) Delhi
 c) Bhopal d) Kolkata
- 3) Insect traps can help in _____.
 a) Monitoring insect activity b) Attracting insects
 c) Killing insects d) All of the above
- 4) Which chemical is used to remove grease stain from archival materials?
 a) Oxalic Acid b) Trichloroethylene
 c) Methylated spirit d) Formalin
- 5) _____ technique is used in Museums for Preservation of Biological specimens.
 a) Freeze drying b) Plastination
 c) Electrolysis d) Embalming
- 6) Which chemical is used from removal of insoluble salts from terracotta objects?
 a) Sodium chloride b) Ammonia
 c) Acetic acid d) Hydrochloric acid
- 7) Technique of dry preservation of plants is called _____.
 a) Freeze drying b) Planetarium
 c) Aquarium making d) Herbarium making
- 8) _____ is used as a Solvent.
 a) Acetone b) PVA
 c) Caustic soda d) Ammonia
- 9) _____ is a museum worker who Prepares 'stuffed' birds & animals.
 a) Taxidermist b) Docent
 c) Conservator d) Lab assistant
- 10) Which chemical is used as bleaching agent for manuscripts?
 a) Trichloro Ethylene b) Chloraminn
 c) Pyridine d) Ammonium solutions

- 11)** Which chemical Ammonia is used from removal of insoluble salts from ____?
a) Stone objects b) Terracotta objects
c) Metal objects d) Shell objects
- 12)** The main environmental factor responsible for the deterioration of metal is _____.
a) Temperature b) Relative Humidity
c) Light d) Air Pollution
- 13)** Which one of the followings is used for bleaching?
a) Formalin b) Mercuric Chloride
c) Hydrogen Peroxide d) Alcohol
- 14)** Maps can be repaired by _____.
a) Linen baked paper b) Japanese tissue paper
c) Chinese paper d) Hand made paper
- 15)** Match the items in List-I with item in List-II:
- | List-I | List-II |
|-----------------|-------------------------------------|
| a) Borax | i. Determination of acid and alkali |
| b) Litmus paper | ii. Measuring R.H. |
| c) Hygrometer | iii. Adhesives |
| d) Epoxy resin | iv. Neutralizing agent |
- Codes:
a) i ii iii iv b) iv i ii iii
c) iii ii iv i d) ii i iv iii
- 16)** Hydrogen Peroxide is used for ____?
a) Cleaning b) Colouring
c) Bleaching d) Freez drying

Q.2 Write Short Answer. (Any Four)

16

- Preservation of lead & iron objects
- What is epoxy coating?
- Method of removing patina on objects.
- Types of papers used in Conservation
- Measures of humidity control
- Clay pack treatment.

Q.3 Answer the following Questions. (Any Two)

16

- Explain the role of conservation expert in preservation & conservation?
- What is technique of preserving bone objects?
- Describe the policies of monitoring microorganisms in museum.
- Write in brief the Sand blasting technique.

Q.4 Answer the following questions in Detail. (Any One)

16

- a) Examine the climatology, deterioration factors & explain the method of preserving different objects.

OR

- b) Explain the methods of preserving different plants & animals with suitable examples.**

Q.5 Answer the following Question in detail.

16

What are organic materials? Write in detail about preservation of various organic materials.

Seat No.	
----------	--

Set **P**

**P.G. Diploma in Museology (Semester - II) (New) (CBCS) Examination:
March/April-2024**

Principal & Laws for Museum (DIM201)

Day & Date: Friday, 17-05-2024

Max. Marks: 80

Time: 11:00 AM To 02:00 PM

Instructions: 1) All questions are compulsory.
2) Figures to the right indicate full marks.

Q.1 Multiple choice questions:**16**

- 1) _____ is the first key principle of Museums.
 - a) To organize exhibitions
 - b) To participate in activities
 - c) To interpret & promote heritage
 - d) To collect objects
- 2) CECA in ICOM-CECA stand for _____.
 - a) Committee for Education and Cultural Action
 - b) Council for Education and Cultural Act
 - c) Committee for Education and Cultural Affairs
 - d) Committee for Education and Creative Activities
- 3) The Ancient Monuments and Archaeological Sites & Remains Act was enacted in _____.
 - a) 1878
 - b) 1958
 - c) 1947
 - d) 1864
- 4) The journal "Studies in Museology" is published by _____.
 - a) Museums Associations of India
 - b) Bharat Kala Bhavan, Varanasi
 - c) University of Calcutta
 - d) The M.S. University of Baroda
- 5) CC in ICOM-CC stands for _____.
 - a) Committee for Conservation
 - b) Council for Conservation
 - c) Committee for Cultural Collections
 - d) Committee for Curational Care
- 6) Who was the first President of Museums Association of India?
 - a) V.S. Aggrawal
 - b) Moti Chandra
 - c) K.N. Dikshit
 - d) Grace Morley
- 7) _____ of the following is not a committee of ICOM.
 - a) CECA
 - b) ICOMOS
 - c) CIDOC
 - d) ICOFOM
- 8) Match the following abbreviations in List - I with List - II:

List - I		List - II	
a) COSTUME	i) International Committee for Regional Museums		
b) ICR	ii) International Committee for Museum and Collection of Costumes		
c) MPR	iii) International Committee for Marketing and Public Relations		
d) UMAC	iv) International Committee for University Museums and Collections		

Codes: (a) (b) (c) (d)

 - a) ii i iii iv
 - b) iii ii iv i
 - c) iv iii ii i
 - d) i ii iv i

- 9) In 2010 _____ was amended.
 - a) AMASR Act
 - b) AMPA Act
 - c) TTA Act
 - d) AAT Act
- 10) Documentation centre of UNESCO & ICOM was established in _____.
 - a) Paris
 - b) Maldives
 - c) Berlin
 - d) Chicago
- 11) _____ functions under the provisions of AMASR Act.
 - a) Museum Association of India
 - b) State Organization of Museums
 - c) National Museum
 - d) Archaeological Survey of India
- 12) _____ act was passed by government of India in 1878.
 - a) Archaeological Sites & Remains Act
 - b) Antiquity & Art Treasure Act
 - c) Indian Treasure Trove Act
 - d) Ancient Monuments & Remains
- 13) _____ is the president of ICOM, India,
 - a) Dineshchandra Agarwal
 - b) Ambika Patel
 - c) Subrato Chakavarti
 - d) K. Chandrashekhara
- 14) The Treasure Trove act was came into force during the reign of _____.
 - a) Lord Mayo
 - b) Lord Litton
 - c) Lord Cornwallis
 - d) Lord Curzon
- 15) The headquarter of Museum Association of India is at _____.
 - a) Lucknow
 - b) Noida
 - c) Bhopal
 - d) New Delhi
- 16) _____ are known as Museum Standards.
 - a) Public trust & Accountability
 - b) Collections Stewardship
 - c) Mission & Planning Education
 - d) All of these

Q.2 Write Short Answer. (Any Four)**16**

- a) Role of MAI for museum growth in India
- b) What is museum according to ICOM?
- c) Difference between vintage & antique
- d) Various definitions of museum
- e) Executive committee of UNESCO & ICOM
- f) Why ICOM is known as global network of museum

Q.3 Answer the following Question. (Any Two)**16**

- a) What is heritage law in India?
- b) Write the regional organizations of ICOM.
- c) Discuss the role of UNESCO in the development of museum.
- d) What is considered as antique in India?

Q.4 Answer the following questions in detail. (Any One)**16**

- a) Elaborate the laws concerning Ancient Sites & Archaeological Remains.

OR

- b) Describe in detail about Legislations Concerning Museums.

Q.5 Answer the following Question in detail.**16**

Critically examine the significance of International Council of Museums & Museum Association of India & work of other organizations.

Seat No.	
----------	--

**P.G. Diploma in Museology (Semester - II) (New) (CBCS) Examination:
March/April-2024
Methodology in Museology (DIM202)**

Day & Date: Monday, 20-05-2024
Time: 11:00 AM To 02:00 PM

Max. Marks: 80

Instructions: 1) All questions are compulsory.
2) Figures to the right indicate full marks.

Q.1 Select Appropriate Word:

16

- 1) It is the responsibility of the _____ to improve the training of curators.
 - a) Museum
 - b) Curator himself
 - c) Government
 - d) Schools and colleges
- 2) While purchasing objects what should be avoided?
 - a) Objects with proper documents
 - b) Objects from illicit excavations
 - c) Objects without labels.
 - d) Gifts
- 3) What a Museum Curator should not do on hearing fire alarm?
 - a) Raise the alarm immediately
 - b) Evacuate people without panic
 - c) Inform press immediately
 - d) Try to control and extinguish fire
- 4) _____ museums are usually funded by the UGC.
 - a) School
 - b) Private
 - c) University
 - d) State
- 5) Following is not the most important function of the museum.
 - a) Collection
 - b) Preservation
 - c) Exhibition
 - d) Publicity
- 6) De accessioning must precede
 - a) Accessioning
 - b) Cataloguing
 - c) Indexing
 - d) Disposal
- 7) Which of the following is not a source of revenue for museum _____.
 - a) Museum shop
 - b) Grand
 - c) Donations
 - d) Salaries
- 8) The term _____ represents the guardian of a Museum.
 - a) Gallery Assistant
 - b) Curator
 - c) Director
 - d) Security Guard
- 9) Objects are exchanged in a Museum due to _____.
 - a) As it is easy to exchange
 - b) Shortage of storage space
 - c) To avoid over crowding
 - d) To establish contact with other museums
- 10) Maintaining records is the _____ function of a curator.
 - a) Public Relations
 - b) Tourist
 - c) Foreigners Relations
 - d) None of these

- 11) A good curator should also maintain a good _____ for research.
 - a) Library
 - b) Public Relations
 - c) Both of these
 - d) None of These
- 12) Which of the following is a subordinate office of Ministry of Culture, Government of India?
 - a) Archeological Survey of India
 - b) National Archives, New Delhi
 - c) National Museum, New Delhi
 - d) National Culture Fund
- 13) The term _____ has been referred to signify the superior authority concerned with the policy, finance and administration of the museum.
 - a) Governing Body
 - b) A Ministry
 - c) A Local Authority
 - d) A Board of Trustees
- 14) Museums that showcase the culture of tribes and indigenous people are called _____ Museums.
 - a) National
 - b) Science
 - c) Ethnology
 - d) Technology
- 15) CSMVS 'Museum on Wheels' is an example of _____.
 - a) Transport Museum
 - b) Mobile Museum
 - c) Science Museum
 - d) Technology Museum
- 16) The maintenance of physical condition of records is known as _____.
 - a) Collation
 - b) Organisation
 - c) Conservation
 - d) Preservation

Q.2 Write Short Answer. (Any Four)**16**

- a) Finance officer of Museum
- b) Art Purchase Committee
- c) Acquisition of Donation Antiquities.
- d) Taxidermist
- e) Museum Building and other Staff
- f) Exhibit designer of museum.

Q.3 Answer the following Question. (Any Two)**16**

- a) Suggest the suitable Column for a general accession Register.
- b) What measures should be adopted by in a museum to attract different types of visitors.
- c) Write about manifold use of computer in museum services.
- d) Write detailed information about museum security guards.

Q.4 Answer the following Questions in Detail. (Any One)**16**

- a) Elaborate the work of different committees for museum.

OR

- b) Discuss the importance of Museum Finance.

Q.5 Answer the following Question in Detail.**16**

Describe the various documentation methods for museum.