Seat No.					Set	Ρ		
	B.Sc. (Biotechnology) (Semester – I) (New) (CBCS) Examination: March/April-2023 ENGLISH (COMPULSORY)							
Day & Time	Day & Date: Tuesday, 18-07-2023 Max. Marks: 40 Time: 09:00 AM To 11:00 AM							
Instr	uctior	<b>is:</b> 1) All question 2) Figures to	ns are compulsory. the right indicate full	marks				
Q.1	Multi 1)	ple choice ques Mahatma Gand and bone. a) Gaya c) Delhi	stions: hi said, "Within ten m	niles ra b) d)	idius of you will see skin Puri Mumbai	08		
	2)	Payeng's Fores accidentally. a) dogs c) elephants	t got disclosed, wher	h a her b) d)	d of wild entered into it monkeys boars			
	3)	In the city the gr a) spinning w c) horses	randmother of Khush heel	b) d)	Singh kept herself busy with the cows neighbours			
	4)	Tagore emphas a) intolerance c) hatred	ized that a man need	ds b) d)	to conquer one's freedom. patience haste			
	5)	Love came to _ a) Fantasy c) Fame	asking for the	queer b) d)	o of the flowers. Flora Futura			
	6)	When the father a) playing c) dancing	<sup>-</sup> went to his son's ro	om, th b) d)	e son was slumbering painting			
	7)	The word 'prote a) -ly c) -ion	ct' requires a	as a su b) d)	iffix to form a meaningful word. -ship -ful			
	8)	' <u>He</u> went to his t sentence is a) a verb c) a pronoun	father's office yestero 	day.' T b) d)	he underlined word in the an adjective a modal			

### Q.2 Answer any four of the following.

- a) What factics were used by Mahatma Gandhi for making Khadi popular?
- b) How did Jadav Payeng begin his work at Maioli Island?
- c) Describe the tragic end of Khushwant Singh's "The Portrait of a Lady".
- d) How did Rabindranath Tagore want God to help him?
- e) Describe the process which gave birth to the Lotus.
- f) What is the symbolic meaning of the title "The Toys" of the poem by Coventry Patmore?
- **Q.3** a) Write a detailed note on the process of communication.

#### OR

- b) What are the seven features of effective communication?
- **Q.4** Define intrapersonal skills and write a detailed note on them.

10

10

12

## Seat No.

### B.Sc. (Biotechnology) (Semester - I) (New) (CBCS) Examination: March/April-2023 CHEMISTRY (Paper - I) (BT1102)

Day & Date: Wednesday, 19-07-2023 Time: 09:00 AM To 11:00 AM

Instructions: 1) All questions are compulsory.

- 2) Draw neat diagrams and give equations wherever necessary.
- 3) Figures to the right indicate full marks.
- 4) Use of logarithmic table and calculator is allowed.

#### Q.1 **Multiple Choice Questions.**

- chemical bond was described by Kossel and Lewis. 1)
  - Metallic bond b) Polar covalent bond a) c) Coordinate bond Ionic and Covalent bond d)

#### \_ introduced the concept of hybridization. 2) London

- Pauling a)
- Sidgwick Alexander C) d)
- 3) The p-orbital is in the shape of a \_\_\_\_
  - b) Sphere a)
  - C) Pear-shaped lobe d) None of the mentioned
- 4) compound releases heat when dissolved in water.
  - Barium chloride b) Ammonium chloride a) Lead chloride d) Calcium chloride C)
- 5) \_ is a colligative property.
  - Relative lowering of fluid pressure a)
  - Decrease in boiling point b)
  - Decrease in freezing point c)
  - Change in volume after mixing d)

6) The process of reverse osmosis is also known as \_\_\_\_

- Hyper-filtration b) Double-filtration a)
- c) Double-osmosis d) Hyper-osmosis
- 7) \_ is not a direct factor affecting the rate of a reaction. b) Presence of catalyst
  - Temperature a)
  - Order of reaction c) d) Molecularity
- Buffer solution is destroyed when \_\_\_\_ 8)
  - addition of weak base a)
  - addition of weak acid C)

#### Answer any four of the following. Q.2

- Define Atomic mass. a)
- Write a short note on solution. b)
- c) Write a short note on buffer.
- Define molarity. d)
- Define rate constant. e)
- Define valency. **f**)

- b) addition of strong acid or base
- d) addition of a salt

**08** 

SLR-QC-2

**08** 

Max. Marks: 40

b)

Dumbbell

#### Write short note on any two of the following. Q.3 Describe Modern periodic law. a) Write a note on covalent bonds with suitable examples. b) Write a note on Dipole moment. c) Q.4 Answer any two of the following. Write a note on elevation in boiling point. a) Write a note on solubility & factors affecting solubility. b)

Write a note on normality, molality with example. C)

#### Q.5 Answer any one of the following.

- Explain Hybridization and describe in detail SP3 hybridization with respect a) to C2H4, CH4.
- What is PH and Buffer? Explain Henderson equation for acidic and basic b) buffers with derivation.

80

80

80

	B.S	c. (E	Biotechnolog	y) (Semester - March/Apr	- I) (N ril-20	lew) (CBCS) Examination: 23	
			Bioc	hemistry (Pap	er - I	I) (BT1103)	
Day 8 Time	& Date : 09:00	e: Thu 0 AM	ursday, 20-07-2 To 11:00 AM	023		Max. Mark	s: 40
Instr	uctior	ns:1) 2) 3) 4)	All questions a Draw neat diag Figures to the Use of logarith	re compulsory. grams and give eq right indicate full n mic table and calc	luatior narks. culator	ns wherever necessary. r is allowed.	
Q.1	Multi	iple d	hoice questio	ns:			08
	1)	a) c)	compositio a sugar + a ph a base + a ph	n of nucleoside. hosphate posphate	b) d)	a base + a sugar a base + a sugar + phosphate	
	2)	a)	the solubili Soluble	ty of lipids in wate	r. b)	Partially soluble	
		C)	Insoluble		d)	Partially insoluble	
	3)	a) c)	following is Vitamin D Vitamin C	not a fat-soluble	vitami b) d)	n. Vitamin K Vitamin A	
	4)	Lipo a) b) c) d)	polysaccharide Gram positive Gram negative Both Gram po None of these	is found in cell was bacteria bacteria sitive negative bac	all of _ cteria		
	5)	Gro a) c)	up of adjacent i Phosphodiesto Ionic bond	nucleotides are joi er bond	ned b b) d)	y Peptide bond Covalent bond	
	6)	Pep a) c)	tide bond is a _ Covalent bond Metallic bond	 I	b) d)	Ionic bond Hydrogen bond	
	7)	a) c)	is the nature Vitamin Carbohydrate	of an enzyme.	b) d)	Lipid Protein	
	8)	a) c)	Number of h 1 3	ydrogen bonds be	etweei b) d)	n guanine and cytosine. 2 4	
Q.2	Ansv a) b) c) d) e) f)	<b>ver a</b> Defir Write Write Defir Defir Defir	ny four of the ne storage lipid. e a short note o e a short note o ne Peptide bond ne titration curve ne essential Am	following. n water soluble vit n hypervitaminosis l. e. ino acid.	tamins s.	3.	08

### Seat No.

# SLR-QC-3

Set P

#### Q.3 Write short notes on any two of the following Describe structure of B-form of DNA. a) Write a note on properties of amino acids. b) Write a note on membrane lipids. C) Q.4 Answer any Two of the following. 80 Write a note on zwitter ion. a) Write a note on structure and nomenclature of nucleotides. b) Write a note on physiological role of fat-soluble vitamins. C) 08 Q.5 Answer any one of the following

- What is carbohydrate? Explain its classification in details with example. a)
- What is Protein? Explain its levels in details with example. b)

# Seat B.Sc. (Semester - I) (New) (CBCS) Examination: March/April-2023

Day & Date: Friday, 21-07-2023 Time: 09:00 AM To 11:00 AM

No.

2) Draw neat diagrams and give equations wherever necessary. 3) Figures to the right indicate full marks. 4) Use of logarithmic table and calculator is allowed. (At. Wts.: H=1, C=12, O=16, N= 14, Na =23, Cl = 35.5)

**Instructions:** 1) All questions are compulsory.

#### Q.1 Multiple choice questions.

\_\_\_\_\_ bonding forms in liquid water as the hydrogen atoms of one water 1) molecule are attracted towards the oxygen atom of a neighboring water molecule.

BIOTECHNOLOGY **Biophysics (Paper-I) (BT1104)** 

- a) Hydrogen b) Covalent
- c) Strong d) Permanent
- 2) is the substance that is being dissolved in the solution.
  - a) Solute b) Solvent c) Water d) gas
- 3) is a molecule that is attracted to water molecules and tends to be dissolved by water. b) Hydrophile
  - a) Hydrophobe
  - c) Nucleophile d) Electrophile
- 4) \_ is called the "universal solvent".
  - a) Alcohol Oil b) c) Petrol d) Water
- The least random state of the water system is: 5)
  - a) Ice liquid water b)
    - c) Steam d) randomness is same
- 6) Generally, is defined as a measure of randomness or disorder of a system.
  - a) hydrogen bond b) entropy
  - c) ionic bond d) hydrophobic bond
- 7) is an example of Ligand-receptor interaction.
  - a) oxygen-hemoglobin binding
  - b) Na-Cl binding
  - c) Electrostatic binding
  - d) Van der Waal's binding
- 8) In \_\_\_\_\_type of binding, the first molecule makes it harder, not easier, for the second one' to bind.
  - a) cooperative binding
  - c) mutual binding

- b) anti-cooperative binding
- d) free binding

Max. Marks: 40

**08** 

Q.2	2 Answer any four of the following.				
	a)	Define solvent.			
	b)	Explain in brief - H-bonding.			
	c)	Explain Hydrophobes with an example.			
	d)	Write first law of thermodynamics.			
	e)	Define entropy.			
	f)	What is a ligand in Ligand-receptor interaction?			
Q.3	Writ	e short notes on any two of the following.	08		
	a)	Discuss physicochemical properties of water.			
	b)	Differentiate between Hydrophiles and Hydrophobes.			
	c)	Explain in detail second law of thermodynamics.			
Q.4	Ans	wer any Two of the following.	08		
	a)	Write a note on Specific Roles of Water in Structure and Function			
	b)	Explain MWC model.			
	c)	Differentiate between cooperative binding and anti-cooperative binding			
Q.5	Ans	wer any one of the following.	08		
	a)	Give a detailed account on Protein Hydration: Secondary Structure of			
	L)	Discuss Lizzard recenter interaction, any reachementation hinding			

**b)** Discuss Ligand-receptor interaction: oxygen-hemoglobin binding

	C)	Cutting	a)	Homogenization	
	Mos a) c)	t organelles in a eukaryotic cell a cell wall nucleus	re fou b) d)	nd in the cytoplasm capsul	
	Sing a) c)	le membrane bound organelle is lysosome Golgi apparatus	b) d)	 mitochondrion rough endoplasmic reticulum	
	ln pr a) c)	okaryotic cells, ribosomes are 70 S 60S + 40S	b) d)	80 S 50S + 40S	
	A a) c)	is a simple, single-celled (un Eukaryotic cell Animal cell	icellul b) d)	ar) organism. Plant cell Prokaryotic cell	
	The a) c)	fluid mosaic model of plasma me Singer and Nicolson Devson	mbraı b) d)	ne was proposed by Meselson and Stahl Robertson	
	The a) c)	basic protein of microtubule is Tubulin Motor protein	b) d)	Myosin Actin	
	Golg a) c)	ji body is absent in Yeast Bacteria and blue green algae	b) d)	Plant Amphibians	
ISV	<b>ver a</b> Desc Give What Write Expla	ny four of the following. ribe prophase I in Meiosis. significance of Apoptosis. is metastasis? the difference between Mitochon ain types of cancer.	idria a	ind chloroplast.	08

### Seat No.

B.Sc. (Semester - I) (New) (CBCS) Examination: March/April-2023 BIOTECHNOLOGY Cell Biology (Paper – II) (BT1105)

Day & Date: Saturday, 22-07-2023 Time: 09:00 AM To 11:00 AM

Instructions:1) All questions are compulsory.

- 2) Draw neat diagrams and give equations wherever necessary.
- 3) Figures to the right indicate full marks.
- 4) Use of non-storage calculator is allowed.

#### Q.1 Multiple choice questions:

- 1) Cell fractionation involve 3 steps: Extraction, \_\_\_\_\_ and Centrifugation.
  - Crushing a) Filtration b) . . . . :

### 3)

- 4)

# 7)

8)

#### Q.2 Ar

- a)
- b)
- c)
- d)
- e)



Set

Max. Marks: 40

Ρ

80

Q.3	Writ a) b) c)	e short notes on any two of the following Describe structure of Lysosomes. Add a note on different types of chromosome based on centromere. Write on Carcinogenesis.	08
Q.4	Ans a) b) c)	wer any Two of the following. Describe structure of Nucleus. Add a note on Cell cycle. Add a note on cell fractionation.	08
Q.5	Ans a) b)	wer any one of the following Write in detail stages in Mitosis and its importance in cell growth. Describe structure and functions of Microtubules.	80

	B.Sc. (Semester - I) (New) (CBCS) Examination: March/April-2023 BIOTECHNOLOGY (Paper – I) Animal Physiology (BT1106)						
Day a Time	& Date : 09:0	e: Sur 0 AM	nday, 23-07-2023 To 11:00 AM		Max	. Marks: 40	
Instr	uctio	n <b>s:</b> 1) 2) 3) 4)	All questions are compulse Draw neat diagrams and g Figures to the right indicate Use of non-storage calcula	ory. jive equati e full mark ator is allo	ons wherever necessary. s. wed.		
Q.1	Mult 1)	iple C The a) b) c) d)	Choice Questions. (8 out of enzymes present in pancre Amylase, Trypsinogen, Pe Trypsinogen, Lipase, Amyl Peptidase, Pepsin, Amylas Maltase, Amylase, Trypsin	of 8) eatic juice ptidase, R lase, Proc se, Rennin logen, Pep	are ennin arboxypeptidase osin	08	
	2)	a) c)	Plasma protein is respor Fibrinogen Serum amylase	nsible for b b) d)	lood coagulation. Globulin Albumin		
	3)	DNA a) c)	is not present in an enucleated ovum a mature spermatozoa	b) d)	hair root mature RBCs		
	4)	The a) c)	small intestine has three pa Duodenum Larynx	arts. The fi b) d)	rst part is called Oesophagus Mouth cavity		
	5)	Corp a) c)	ous luteum is the source of LH Estrogen	secretion b) d)	of Estradiol Progesterone		
	6)	FSH a) c)	is produced by Thyroid gland Ovary	b) d)	Anterior pituitary gland Testis		
	7)	In a) c)	part of the respiratory Alveoli Larynx	system, g b) d)	aseous exchange takes pla Pharynx Trachea	ce.	
	8)	a) c)	of the following is not inc Cloaca Ureters	luded in th b) d)	ne excretory system of huma Kidneys Urethra	ans.	
Q.2	Ansv a) b) c) d)	wer th Write Expla Draw Write	ne following. (4 out of 5) about Saliva. ain cardiac cycle. neat labeled diagram of Te about Oxygen Dissociatior	estis. n Curve.		08	

e) Draw neat labeled diagram of Nerve Cell.

Set P

SLR-QC-6

### Seat No.

Q.3	Wrii a) b) c)	<b>te short notes on any two of the following.</b> Explain Mechanism of working of Heart. Describe Female reproductive System. Write about Synapse.	08
Q.4	Ans a) b) c)	wer the following. (2 out of 3) Add a note on Transport of $O_2$ and $CO_2$ during respiration. Explain function of Bowman capsule and Malphigian body. Add a note on Mechanism of Coagulation of Blood.	08
Q.5	Ans a) b)	<b>wer the following. (1 out of 2)</b> Write in detail about Endocrine gland and their hormones. Explain in detail Mechanism of digestion.	80

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B.Sc. (Biotechnology) (Semester - I) (New) (CBCS) Examination: March/April-2023							:	
			Develop	omental Bio	logy (Pa	per-II) (BT110	)7)	
Day 8 Time:	Date 09:00	: Moi ) AM	nday, 24-07-2 To 11:00 AM	2023 1		. , ,	, Max. Ma	rks: 40
Instru	iction	is: 1) 2) 3) 4)	All questions Draw neat c Figures to th Use of non-	s are compulso liagrams where ne right indicat storage calcula	ory. ever nece: e full marl ator is allo	ssary. s. wed.		
Q.1	Multi 1)	<b>ple C</b> Cavi a) c)	<b>Choice Ques</b> ty present in Antrum Blastocoel	tions (8 out o side the fully fo	<b>f 8).</b> ormed gas b) d)	trula is known as Gastrocoel spongocoel	\$	08
	2)	a) c)	type of cle Holoblastic Complete	avage were ol	bserved in b) d)	bird eggs. Meroblastic Equal Holoblas	tic	
	3)	Durii encii a) c)	ng early gast rcled by infol Involution Epiboly	rulation ded cells.	is infoldir_ b) d)	ng of cell layer to Invagination Emboly	form a cavity	
	4)	Ten a) c)	spermatogoi 20 60	nia produce	sperr b) d)	ns after spermato 40 80	ogenesis.	
	5)	<i>thali</i> a) c)	gene is cc ana. LEAFY Rb	nsidered as F	loral meris b) d)	tem identity in <i>A</i> cry nif	rabidopsis	
	6)	In ar a) c)	ngiosperms, Photosynthe Support	flower is modif esis	ied leaf he b) d)	elpful for Reproduction Transport of wa	ater	
	7)	In ar a) c)	ngiospermic   Archesporiu Sporogenou	olants, anthers m is cell	are deriv b) d)	ed from ce Parietal Epidermis	ells.	
	8)	In flo a) c)	owering plant Haploid Triploid	s, primary end	losperm n b) d)	ucleus (PEN) is _ Diploid tetrapioid	·	
Q.2	Ansv a) b) c)	<b>ver th</b> Defin Defin Defin	ne following e amphimixis e spawning. e epiboly	<b>(4 out of 5).</b> S.				08

- c) d) Write a note on globular stage embryo in plants. Draw neat labeled diagram of embryo sac in plants
- e)

SLR-QC-7 Set P

# Seat No

Define epiboly.

### Q.3 Write Short Notes (2 out of 3).

- a) Describe process of gastrulation with suitable example.
- b) Explain process of spermatogenesis with neat labeled diagram.
- c) Write different type of cleavage.

### Q.4 Answer the following (2 out of 3).

- a) Describe mechanism of double fertilization in angiosperms.
- **b)** Describe process of seed development in flowering plants with neat labeled diagram.
- c) Describe process of embryo sac development in angiosperms with neat labeled diagram.

### Q.5 Answer the following (1 out of 2).

- a) Describe ABC model of flower development Arabidopsis.
- **b)** Describe process of fertilization in humans with neat labeled diagram.

### 08

**08** 

#### 08

Seat		
No.		
I	3.Sc. (Biotechnol	ogy) (Se

### B.Sc. (Biotechnology) (Semester - I) (New) (CBCS) Examination: March/April-2023 Ecology (Paper - I) (BT1108)

Day & Date: Tuesday, 25-07-2023 Time: 09:00 AM To 11:00 AM

Instructions: 1) All questions are compulsory.

2) Figures to the right indicates full marks.

3) Draw neat & well labelled diagram wherever necessary

#### Q.1 Fill in the blanks by choosing correct alternatives. Edaphic factors include \_\_\_\_\_. 1) a) Air b) Water Plant C) d) Soil 2) \_\_\_\_\_ consume dead and decaying organic matter obtained from producer and consumers. a) Autotrophs b) Heterotrophs Carnivores d) Saprotrophs C) 3) Using light energy and mineral, \_\_\_\_\_ prepare food energy. Primary Consumers b) Carnivores a) secondary Consumers d) Producers C) 4) \_ is top carnivore. b) Elephant a) Frog Snake d) Eagle C) 5) Present in higher concentration in atmosphere. Nitrogen b) Carbon a) Oxygen d) Sulphur c) 6) The thickness of troposphere is about above earth surface. 11km 21 km b) a) C) 10km d) 38km \_ is living part of earth. 7) a) Hydrosphere b) Biosphere Lithosphere d) Atmosphere c) \_ deals with study of Interaction of living and non living things. 8) Ecosystem b) Ecology a) Topology d) Environment C) Q.2 Answer the following questions briefly. (any four) Define hydrosphere. a) Define heterotrophs. b) Define primary productivity. c) Define natural resources. d) Define endangered species. e)

f) Define estuarine.

Set P

Max. Marks: 40

# SLR-QC-8

08

80

80

80

80

Q.3	Write notes on any two of the following.				
	a)	Structure of ecosystem			

- **b)** Composition of atmosphere
- **c)** Hot spot

### Q.4 Write notes on any two of the following.

- a) Structure and function of Forest ecosystem
- **b)** Energy flow in the ecosystem
- c) Save Western Ghat

### Q.5 Answer any one of the following.

- a) Define biogeochemical cycle and explain both carbon and nitrogen cycle.
- b) Explain in detail Conservation and its types.

	B.S	c. (Biotechnology) (Semester- I) (New) (CBCS) Examination: March/April-2023	:
		Biotechnology in Human Welfare (Paper – II) (BT1109)	
Day Time	& Date : 09:00	: Wednesday, 26-07-2023 Max. Ma ) AM To 11:00 AM	rks: 40
Instr	uctior	<ul> <li>s: 1) All questions are compulsory.</li> <li>2) Figures to the right indicates full marks.</li> <li>3) Draw neat &amp; well labelled diagram wherever necessary.</li> </ul>	
Q.1	Choo 1)	ese correct alternative for the following Rosalind Franklin also known as	08
		<ul><li>a) Dark leady of RNA</li><li>b) Light leady of DNA</li><li>c) Light leady of Nucleic Acid</li><li>d) Dark leady of DNA</li></ul>	
	2)	Ascariasis is a disease caused by the parasitic roundworma) Entamoeba histolyticab) Ascaris lumbricoidesc) parasitic roundwormsd) Plasmodium parasites	
	3)	Bt brinjal is product of Technique.a) Replicationb) Fertilizationc) Genetic engineeringd) Mutation	
	4)	The process of introduction of weakened pathogen into human body is called a) Vaccination b) Attenuation	
		c) Immunization d) Vaccine reduction	
	5)	The name of the first transgenic cow wasa)Dollyb)Maryc)Elled)Rosie	
	6)	Boosting the intake of can help women trying to conceivea) Potassiumb) Folic acidc) Lycopened) Nicke	
	7)	Maximum number of transgenic animal is of a) cow b) mice c) pig d) fish	
	8)	White revolution also known asa) Operative foodb) Operation foodc) Preparation foodd) Production milk	
Q.2	Ansv a) b) c) d)	<b>ver the following questions briefly. (any four)</b> Define Biotechnology. Define Nanotechnology. Define In vitro fertilization. Define Green revolution.	08

Name any 4 National Institutes of Biotechnology in India. f)

SLR-QC-9

Set P

Seat No.

Q.3	Wri a) b) c)	te notes on any two of the following. Karry Mullis contribution in biotechnology. Introduction and objective of Yellow revolution. Golden rice production technique and its advantages.	08
Q.4	Wri a) b) c)	te notes on any two of the following. Importance of Medicinal plants in therapeutics. Methods and significance of Transgenic cattle. Vermitechnology and its importance.	08
Q.5	Ans a) b)	swer any one of the following. Explain in detail Active and passive immunity mechanism. Give brief note on biotechnology and interdisciplinary scope.	08

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<b>Dtechno</b> Lit ay, 18-07	March/Apri ENGLISH (COM terary Voyage (BT 2-2023	· I) (( I-20) PUL 101	DId) (CBCS) Examinatio 23 SORY) / BT20101) Max.	n: Marks	: 80
12:00 PN question gure to rig	<i>I</i> Is are compulsory. ght indicate full marks.				
e the con Vhat perce ime of the a) one - c) one - Vhat is th a) Miling c) Mala The schoo a) a hos b) a put c) a big d) a tem	rrect alternatives from entage of the population essay? third tenth e name of the river island g ng of was attached to spital and the nurses ta polic library and the libra ger school and the tea nple and the priest of the	n the on in d) d) and w b) d) aught arian chers ne ter	e given options. India was poverty stricken at one - fourth one - sixth where Payeng began his work Mishing None of these them taught them s there taught them mple taught them	the ?	10
The poet i Not pray to a) a dou c) a dar	s in state of m o be sheltered from Da ubtful ngerous	ind w anger b) d)	/hen he wrote this poem "Let l s" a horrid a confident	Me	
The conflic a) as the c) the q	ct for the honour of e king of flowers ueen of flowers	b) d)	between rose and lily. the queen of nature the stateliest flower		
he boy in a) the s c) on ac	the poem "The Toys" peaker of the poem damant child	is b) d)	a motherless child a naughty little fellow		

B.Sc. (Bic

Seat No.

Day & Date: Tuesda Time: 09:00 AM To

Instructions: 1) All 2) Fig Q.1 A) Choos 1) V ti а С 2) V Т 3) 4) Т Ν Т 5) Т 6) 7) The last component of any successful communication is \_\_\_\_\_. Receiving Decoding a) b) c) Acknowledging d) Feedback Which of the following is a communication channel? 8) Mobile technology Zoom conferencing a) b) Courier service d) All the above c) 9) Please wait the bus stop. me (Use appropriate preposition to complete the sentence) a) for, in b) for, at for, with d) at, for C)

		<ul> <li>10) Green team ways (numbered) by Blue team [use suitable prefixes with the words]</li> <li>a) uppumbered</li> <li>b) out numbered</li> </ul>	
		c) disnumbered d) none of the Above	
	В)	<ul> <li>Answer the following questions in one sentence.</li> <li>1) What is the relation between economics and religion in the essay 'The Birth of Khadi'?</li> <li>2) In which year, Jadav Payeng got the country's highest civilian award 'Padma shri'?</li> <li>3) What did the grandmother desire to do on her deathbed?</li> <li>4) In which year Tagore's ground breaking work 'Gitanjali' was published?</li> <li>5) Who sung praises for the flowers in the poem 'The Lotus'?</li> <li>6) What kind of coins did the father discover?</li> </ul>	16
Q.2	Answ 1) 2) 3) 4) 5) 6) 7) 8) 9) 10) 11) 12)	er the following questions in brief 30-40 words. (8 out of 12) What is the importance of khadi in the context of the freedom struggle? How is environmental conservation crucial for the future? Draw, a character sketch of 'grandmother' in the essay 'The portrait of a Lady'? Discuss the poet's state of mind in the poem. 'Let Me Not pray to be sheltered from Dangers'? Write down the summary of poem "The Lotus". What is the significance of the toys in the poem? Explain Gandhi's talk on religion. Draw a character sketch of Jadav Payeng and his grand work. What is the significance of sparrows in the story "The Portrait of a Lady"? Write a note on the principles of effective communication. What is communication? Explain. Explain the soft skill 'Intrapersonal skill'	6
Q.3	A)	<ul> <li>Write down the answer of any two of the following.</li> <li>1) How is untouchability related to the essay "The Birth of Khadi"?</li> <li>2) What were some of the problems faced by Jadav?</li> <li>3) What is the significance of the sparrows?</li> </ul>	0
	B)	Write short notes0Write down the summary 'The Toys'.	16
Q.4	A)	<ul> <li>Write down the answers of any two of the following.</li> <li>1) What is the receiver's role in the process of communication.</li> <li>2) What are the barriers of communication breakdown?</li> <li>3) Explain the concept of 'Intrapersonal skills'.</li> </ul>	8
	B)	Prepare a narrative essay on your first day experience of college.	)8
Q.5	Write a) b) c)	down the answers of any two of the following.1Prepare a descriptive essay on a Local Park.1How would you improve your communication and make it effective?1What is 'message' in a communication process?1	6

	в.	Sc. (Biotechnology) (Semester- March/Apr	·I) (( il-2(	Old) (CBCS) Exami 123	nation:
		BIOCHEMISTRY (Pa	per	– I) (BT102)	
Day & Time	& Date : 09:0	e: Wednesday, 19-07-2023 0 AM To 11:00 AM			Max. Marks: 40
Instr	uction	<b>ns:</b> 1) All questions are compulsory			
matri		<ul><li>2) Figures to the right indicate full i</li><li>3) Draw neat &amp; well labeled diagra</li></ul>	mark m w	s. herever necessary.	
Q.1	Multi	iple Choice Questions.			08
<b>_</b>	1)	Tripeptide are made up of Ar	nino	acids.	
	-,	a) 2	b)	3	
		c) 4	d)	5	
	2)	, is also known as blood auger	,		
	2)		ь)	elleroeo	
		a) glucose	d)	maltose	
			u)	manuse	
	3)	is example of fat-soluble vita	mins		
		a) Vitamin A	b)	Vitamin B1	
		c) Vitamin C	d)	Vitamin B12	
	4)	alcohol is most commonly for	und	n waxes.	
		a) cetyl	b)	Glycerol	
		c) ethanol	d)	Methanol	
	5)	is basic amino acid.			
	-	a) Glycine	b)	Lysine	
		c) Proline	d)	Aspartic acid	
	6)	protein is known as transport	t pro	tein.	
	,	a) Hemoglobin	b)	Casein	
		c) Collagen	d)	Immunoglobulin	
	7)	Glycolinids contain in additio	n to	alcohol and fatty acids	
	•,	a) nucleic acid	b)	carbohvdrate	
		c) metal ion	d)	phosphoric acid	
	0)				
	8)		nits.	Fructooo	
		a) Glucose c) Mannose	d)	Sucrose	
			u)		
Q.2	Ansv	wer the following questions briefly.	(Anv	/ Four)	08
	a) [	Define carbohydrate and give its one e	xam	ple.	
	b) \	Write a note on structure and function	of fa	, tty acids.	
	c)́∖	What is the difference between fat solu	ble	and water-soluble vitam	nins?
	d) (	Give an account on activation energy.			
	ດ໌ ເ	Enlist the biological functions of biotin			

# Seat No.

- e) Enlist the biological functions of biotin.
- f) Define enzymes with its one example.

Set P

Q.3	<ul> <li>Write notes on any two of the following.</li> <li>a) Classification of enzymes</li> <li>b) Glycoproteins and their biological functions</li> <li>c) Source, requirement, Role of: Thiamine pyrophosphate.</li> </ul>	08
Q.4	<ul> <li>Write notes on any two of the following.</li> <li>a) Enzyme specificity: types &amp; theories</li> <li>b) Forces responsible for A and Z DNA</li> <li>c) Starch and glycogen</li> </ul>	08
Q.5	<ul> <li>Answer any one of the following.</li> <li>a) Explain different level of structural organization of proteins.</li> <li>b) Write a note on function and classification of lipids.</li> </ul>	08

Seat No.			Set	Ρ
	B.S	Sc. (Biotechnology) (Semester – I) (Old) (CBC March/April-2023 Metabolism (Paper - II) (BT103)	CS) Examination:	
Day 8 Time:	Date 09:00	e: Thursday, 20-07-2023 0 AM To 11:00 AM	Max. Marks	: 40
Instru	uction	<ul> <li>ns:1) All questions are compulsory.</li> <li>2) Draw neat diagrams and give equations whereve</li> <li>3) Figures to the right indicate full marks.</li> <li>4) Use of logarithmic table and calculator is allowed.</li> </ul>	r necessary.	
Q.1	Multi 1)	iple choice questions:Name the energy source of the brain during starvationa) Fatb) Proteinc) Ketone bodiesd) Lipids	?	08
	2)	The end product of purine catabolism in man isa)Inosineb)Hypoxantlc)Xanthined)Uric acid	 nine	
	3)	The coenzyme required for all transamination is derive a) Pyridoxine (vitamin B6) b) Riboflavin c) Thiamin d) Vitamin B	ed from 12	
	4)	Where does oxidative phosphorylation take place?a)Ribosomesb)Nucleusc)Mitochondriad)Cell membre	orane	
	5)	<ul> <li>Hormones</li> <li>a) Act as coenzyme</li> <li>b) Act as enzyme</li> <li>c) Influence synthesis of enzymes</li> <li>d) Belong to B-complex group</li> </ul>		
	6)	Which substrate is used in the last step of glycolysis?a)Glyceraldehyde 3-phosphateb)Pyruvatec)Phosphoenol pyruvated)1, 3-bisph	osphoglycerate	
	7)	What is lipolysis? a) Hydrolysis of triacylglycerol b) Formation c) Breakdown of ketone bodies d) Formation	of lipids of ketone bodies	
	8)	Using written convention which one of the following second complimentary to TGGCAGCCT? a) ACCGTCGGA b) ACCGUC c) AGGCTGCCA d) TGGCTCO	equences is GGA GGA	

		SLR-QC	;-12
Q.2	Ans a) b) c) d) e) f)	swer any four of the following. Define glycogenesis. Write a short note on nucleotide. Write a short note on deamination. Draw neat labelled diagram of mitochondria. Define hormones. Give the examples of purely glucogenic amino acids.	08
Q.3	Wri a) b) c)	te short notes on any two of the following Mention the sources of purine and pyrimidine synthesis. Write a note on regulation of carbohydrate and Proteins by hormones. Write a note on glycogenolysis.	08
Q.4	Ans a) b) c)	swer any Two of the following. Write a note on regulation of glycolysis. Write a note on inhibitors and uncouplers. Describe in details about transamination with mechanism.	08
Q.5	Ans a) b)	swer any one of the following With neat labelled diagram describe 3D model of ATP synthase complex with ATP generation. Describe in details the Kreb's cycle	08

**b)** Describe in details the Kreb's cycle.

Seat		
No.		
	B.Sc. (Biotechno	_ ology) (

### B.Sc. (Biotechnology) (Semester - I) (Old) (CBCS) Examination: March/April-2023 Cell Biology – I (Paper – I) (BT104)

Day & Date: Friday, 21-07-2023 Time: 09:00 AM To 11:00 AM

Instructions: 1) All questions are compulsory. 2) Figures to the right indicate full marks. 3) Draw neat labeled diagrams and give equations wherever necessary. 4) Use of algorithmic table and calculator is allowed. Q.1 Choose the correct alternatives from the options. \_\_\_\_\_ is responsible for starch biosynthesis and storage. 1) a) Tonoplast Amyloplast b) c) Cytoplast d) Elaioplast 2) Actin filaments are polymer of \_\_\_\_\_. Globular actin a) Tubulin dimer b) c) Albumin d) Lamin 3) Fluid mosaic model of plasma membrane is proposed by \_\_\_\_\_. a) Watson & Crick Singer & Nicholson b) Tatum & Lederberg c) Jacob & Monad d) 4) \_\_\_\_ is an example of passive transport. a) simple diffusion Na-K pump b) c) Proton pump d) calcium pump 5) Packaging of proteins is the function of \_ a) RER SER b) c) Golgi apparatus Mitochondria d) 6) Lysosomes were first discovered by a) Camillo Golgi b) Christian de Duve c) Robertson d) T. H. Morgan \_\_\_\_\_ is known as minus end directed microtubule associated motor 7) protein. a) Kinesin b) Dynein Myosin c) Actin d) 8) is responsible for synthesis of lipids. a) Ribosome b) Golgi apparatus Lysosomes c) ER d) Q.2 Answer any four of the following. Define cell fractionation. a) What are intrinsic proteins? b) Enlist functions of cytoskeleton. C) Define osmosis. d) Enlist functions of RER. e)

f) Define centriole.

SLR-QC-13



- 08

Max. Marks: 40

08

Q.3	Wri a) b) c)	te short notes on any two of the following. Describe structure of typical animal cell. Describe structure and function plasma membrane. Describe structure and functions of actin filaments.	08
Q.4	Ans a) b) c)	swer any two of the following. Describe structure, types and functions of lysosomes. Describe different types of active transport with suitable examples. Describe structure and functions of microtubules.	08
Q.5	Ans a) b)	swer any one of the following. Describe ultra-structure and function of SER & RER. Describe ultra-structure and function of Golgi apparatus.	08

# Set

Cell Biology – II (BT105) Day & Date: Saturday, 22-07-2023

Time: 09:00 AM To 11:00 AM

Seat

No.

Instructions: 1) All questions are compulsory.

2) Draw neat diagrams and give equations wherever necessary.

B.Sc. (Semester – I) (Old) (CBCS) Examination: March/April-2023 **BIOTECHNOLOGY** (Paper - II)

3) Figures to the right indicate full marks.

#### Q.1 Multiple choice questions:

- 1) \_\_\_\_ is the site on a ribosome that is occupied by the growing polypeptide chain.
  - P site (peptidyl site) a) b) A site
  - C) B site d) C site

2) Beta-oxidation of fatty acids takes place in \_\_\_\_\_

- Mitochondria Chloroplast a) b) C) Cytoplasm **Nucleus** d)
- are distinctive structures within the chloroplast formed by the stacking 3) of the thylakoid membranes.
  - F1 elements b) Cytoskeleton a)
  - c) Grana d) Matrix
- 4) are holes running through the nuclear envelope that regulate traffic of proteins and nucleic acids between the nucleus and the cytoplasm.
  - Nuclear pores b) Desmosomes a)
  - **Tight junctions** d) C) Synapses
- is the period of the cell division cycle during which the cell divides. 5)
  - A phase b) B phase a)
  - C phase C) d) M phase

6) type of cell division found in somatic cells.

- Mitosis a) b) Meiosis C)
  - Mutation Transformation d)

is the cell organelle concerned with aerobic respiration. 7)

- Mitochondrion Nucleus b) a)
- Cytoplasm d) Chloroplast C)
- 8) are heavily glycosylated proteins that contribute to the extracellular matrix. Keratin
  - a) Tubulin b)
  - Globulin c) d) Proteoglycans

Max. Marks: 40

**08** 

Q.2	Ans a) b) c) d) e) f)	wer the following questions briefly. (Any Four) Draw neat labeled ultrastructure of 80s ribosome. Define meiosis. What is mitochondrial matrix? Define chromosomes. Define cell synchrony. What is cell adhesion?	08
Q.3	Writ	e notes on any two of the following	08
	a)	Structure of chromosome	
	b)	Function of ribosome	
	c)	Extracellular matrix	
Q.4	Writ	e notes on any two of the following	08
	a)	Ultrastructure of chloroplast	
	b)	Cell synchrony and its applications	
	c)	Carcinogenesis and agents promoting carcinogenesis	
Q.5	Ans	wer any one of the following	08
	a)	Explain in detail cell division by Mitosis.	
	b)	Give a detailed account on Structures and functions of mitochondria.	

# B.Sc. (Semester - I) (Old) (CBCS) Examination: March/April-2023

### Developmental Biology - I (BT106) Day & Date: Sunday, 23-07-2023

Time: 09:00 AM To 11:00 AM

Seat No.

Instructions: 1) All questions are compulsory.

2) Draw neat diagrams and give equations wherever necessary.

**BIOTECHNOLOGY** (Paper – I)

- 3) Figures to the right indicate full marks.
- 4) Use of logarithmic table and calculator is allowed.

#### Q.1 Fill in tire blank by choosing correct alternatives.

- Spermatogenesis occurs in \_\_\_\_\_ of testis. 1)
  - Fallopian tube b) seminiferous tubule a)
  - C) **Ovaries** d) Uterus

#### After a sperm has penetrated an ovum in the process of fertilization, entry 2) of further sperms is prevented by .

- condensation of volk a)
- development of the vitelline membrane b)
- formation of the fertilization membrane c)
- development of the pigment coat d)

#### 3) Spermatogenesis occurs in \_\_\_\_\_ of testis.

- Fallopian tube b) seminiferous tubule a)
- d) uterus C) **Ovaries**
- 4) The nutritive medium for the ejaculated sperms is given by \_\_\_\_\_.
  - fallopian tube a)
- b) uterine lining d) vaginal fluid

c) seminal fluid

5)

- Implantation is the process of \_\_\_\_\_
  - a) Attachment of blastocyst to the uterine wall
  - Egg-movement b)
  - Degeneration of egg C)
  - d) Egg fertilization

#### 6) is the solid, compact mass of cells.

- b) uterine lining fallopian tube a) c)
  - seminal fluid d) vaginal fluid
- The process by which fertilized egg divides is known as \_\_\_\_\_. 7)
  - Cleavage b) Oogenesis a)
  - C) Regeneration d) Invagination
- 8) are formed from mesoderm.
  - a) Heart, blood, bones, notochord
  - Heart, blood, muscles, liver b)
  - Notochord, blood, liver, muscles C)
  - Liver, heart, bones, blood d)

Max. Marks: 40

**08** 

Q.2	Ans a) b) c) d) e) f)	wer the following questions briefly. (any four) Define the term oogenesis. Which steps are included in mechanism of fertilisation? What is gastrula? What is emboly? Give the names of essential and non-essential floral whorls. What is the effect of increased temperature on plant growth?	08
Q.3	Writ a) b) c)	e notes on any two of the following. Spermatogenesis. Types of eggs on the basis of amount and location of yolk with example. Theories of aging.	08
Q.4	Writ a) b) c)	e notes on any two of the following Fate map in early embryo. Shoot patterning. Effect of claimatric changes on plant development.	08
Q.5	Ans a) b)	<b>wer any one of the following.</b> Define fertilisation and describe the process of gastrulation in chick. Describe in detail parthenogenesis.	08

### B.Sc. (Biotechnology) (Semester - I) (Old) (CBCS) Examination: March/April-2023 (Paper - II) **Developmental Biology - II (BT107)**

Day & Date: Monday, 24-07-2023 Time: 09:00 AM To 11:00 AM

Seat No.

Instructions: 1) All questions are compulsory.

- 2) Draw neat labeled diagrams and give equations wherever necessary.
- 3) Figures to the right indicate full marks.
- 4) Use of logarithmic table and calculator is allowed.

#### Q.1 Fill in the blanks by choosing correct alternatives (eight)

- The process in which the three germ layers form is called \_\_\_\_\_ 1) b)
  - a) fertilization
    - c) gastrulation
- 2) Gametogenesis occurs in \_\_\_\_\_.
  - a) gonads
  - c) ovaries d) stomach
- 3) Egg development without fertilization is known as
  - a) Parthenogenesis
  - c) Gametogenesis
- 4) \_ is an embryonic stage which consists of a solid, compact mass of cells.
  - b) Blastula a) Morula
  - c) Blastocyst d) ICM
- When the first Cleavage furrow divides the Zygote completely into two. it is 5)
  - a) Meroblastic cleavage
  - c) Equatorial cleavage
  - \_\_\_\_ is the characterizes ageing.
  - a) increase in the consumption of oxygen
    - b) increased anabolism
    - c) increased metabolic activity
    - d) decrease in the metabolic activity
- 7) Degenerative changes take place during
  - a) ageing only

6)

- b) metamorphosis only
- c) both in ageing and metamorphosis
- d) parthenogenesis
- 8) is formed during gastrulation.
  - Gill a) c) Heart

- b) Vitelline membrane
- d) Archenteron

Max. Marks: 40

SLR-QC-16

**08** 

- testis

b) Radial cleavage

d) Holoblastic cleavage

- d) Oogenesis

- Metagenesis b)

- organogenesis d)
- b)

cleavage

		SLF	R-QC-16
Q.2	Ans a) b) c) d) e) f)	swer the following questions briefly (any four) Define the term spermatogenesis. What is fertilisation? What is epiboly? What is blastula? Name the genes involved in floral patterning. What is the effect of increased CO <sub>2</sub> on plant growth?	08
Q.3	Wri a) b) c)	<b>te notes on any two of the following.</b> Oogenesis. Patterns of cleavage with neat labeled diagram. Teratogenesis	08
Q.4	Wri a) b) c)	<b>te notes on any two of the following.</b> Types of morphogenetic movement. Root patterning. Life cycle of <i>Arabidopsis thaliana.</i>	08
Q.5	Ans a)	swer any one of the following. With neat labelled diagram describe the process of gastrulation in chi	<b>08</b> ck.

**b**) Describe in detail asexual reproduction.

	B.2	с. (В	- Semester) (Semester) March/Apri	י) (י 1-20	Old) (CBCS) Examination:	
			Chemical Science (P	ape	er - I) (BT108)	
Day & Time	& Date : 09:00	: Tue ) AM	esday, 25-07-2023 To 11:00 AM		Max. Marks:	: 40
Instru	uction	is: 1) 2) 3) 4)	All questions are compulsory. Draw neat diagrams and give eq Figures to the right indicate full n Use of non-storage calculator is	uati nark allov	ons wherever necessary. s. wed.	
Q.1	Multi	ple C	Choice Questions. (8 out of 8)			08
	1)	pH c a) c)	of neutral salt is 4 7	b) d)	5 10	
	2)	The a) c)	number of unpaired electrons in ( 0 2	O₂m b) d)	nolecule is 1 3	
	3)	The a) c)	two carbon atoms in acetylene ar Sp <sup>3</sup> hybridized sp hybridized	e b) d)	Sp <sup>2</sup> hybridized Unhybridized	
	4)	The	Henderson Hasselbalch equation	n exp	plains the relationship between	
		a) c)	pH and pOH pH and pKa	b) d)	pH and logKa pOH and pKa	
	5)	filled	of the following elements has 2 I	2 she	ells, and both are completely	
		a) c)	 Helium Calcium	b) d)	Neon Boron	
	6)	Meth	nane molecule is hybridize	d.		
		a) c)	sp2 sp1	d)	sp3 sp4	
	7)	a) c)	is the other name for group 18 Noble gases Alkali earth metals	th el b) d)	ements. Alkali metals Halogens	
	8)	a) c)	the molality of a dilute aqueous 0.0050 0.00330	s 0.0 b) d)	02 N H₃PO₄ solution. 0.0200 0.0067	
Q.2	Ansv a)	<b>ver th</b> Name	ne following. (4 out of 5)	al b	oiling points	08

- Name any two compounds having equal boiling points. What were the criteria used by Mendeleev in creating his Periodic Table? a) b)
- Describe any two characteristics of ideal solution. C)
- What is the effect of temperature on vapour pressure? d)
- Describe noble gas elements. e)

Set Ρ

### Seat No.

.

Q.3	Writ a) b) c)	e Short Notes. (2 out of 3) Describe the hybrization in ethane and methane briefly. Write a note on activation energy. Define dipole moment, give its significance.	08
Q.4	Answer the following. (2 out of 3)		08
	a)	Write a note on integrated rate equation for first order reactions.	
	b)	Explain in detail osmotic pressure and its measurement.	
	c)	Define solution, add a note on types of solution.	
Q.5	Answer any one of the following.		08
_	a)	Write the colligative property that is used to identify the molecular mass of macromolecules.	
	b)	Write a note on intramolecular forces in biomolecules.	

## Seat No.

### B.Sc. (Biotechnology) (Semester- I) (Old) (CBCS) Examination: March/April-2023 Biophysics (Paper – II) (BT109)

Day & Date: Wednesday, 26-07-2023 Time: 09:00 AM To 11:00 AM

**Instructions:** 1) All questions are compulsory.

- 2) Draw neat diagrams and give equations wherever necessary.
- 3) Figures to the right indicates full marks.

### Q.1 Choose correct alternative for the following

- 1) \_\_\_\_\_ of the following is not a property of water.
  - a) It can dissolve ionic and polar molecules
  - b) It has a high surface tension
  - c) Hydrogen bonds exist only in the solid state
  - d) The solid state is less dense than the liquid state
- 2) \_\_\_\_\_ of the following ion is a structure breaker.

a)	$H^+$	b)	$F^{-}$
c)	$Na^+$	d)	$K^+$

- 3) Protein hydration is very important for
  - a) three-dimensional structure and activity
  - b) protein destabilization
  - c) protein denaturation
  - d) protein crystallization
- 4) The entropy of an isolated system can never \_\_\_\_
  - a) decrease b) increase
  - c) be zero d) be understood
- 5) The \_\_\_\_\_ model describes the allosteric transitions of proteins made up of identical subunits.
  - a) SWISS b) MWC c) REM d) DCML
- 6) Hemoglobin has \_\_\_\_\_ binding sites for oxygen.
  - a) Six b) Five c) Four d) Two
- 7) Calorific value of good can be determined by \_\_\_\_
  - a) Haldane oximeter b) Douglas bag
    - c) Bomb Calorimeter d) Gibbs ioniser
- 8) \_\_\_\_\_ of the following is not a hydrophobic material.
  - a) Waxes b) Fats
    - c) Oil d) Sugar

Max. Marks: 40

08



Set

Q.2	Ans a) b) c) d) e) f)	swer the following questions briefly. (any four) Hydrophobic interactions Secondary Structure of protein MWC model Anti-cooperative binding Concept of free energy Concept of Ligand	08
Q.3	Wri a) b) c)	te notes on any two of the following Write a note on physico-chemical properties of water. Write a note on the Influence of Ions on water Structure-breaking. Write a note on negative entropy change in living system.	08
Q.4	Wri a) b) c)	te notes on any two of the following Explain Scatchard plot Describe the interaction between oxygen-hemoglobin binding Write a notes on Bomb calorimetry	08
Q.5	Ans a)	swer any one of the following Define Thermodynamics? Explain Energy generation & energy transfer processes in biochemical reactions.	80

processes in biochemical reactions.b) Explain the roles of water in maintaining the structure and function of protein.
			March/Apri ENGLISH (C Communication S	l-20 Com kill	23 ip.) (BT1201)
Day & Time	& Date : 12:00	: Mo PM	nday, 19-06-2023 To 02:00 PM		Max
Instr	uction	i <b>s:</b> 1) 2)	All questions are compulsory. Figures to the right indicate full r	nark	S.
Q.1	Choc 1)	o <b>se tl</b> Who a) c)	he correct alternative from the g according to the author has only John Rockefeller B. Russell	give one b) d)	n options. year of schooling? Jay Gould Sir Henry
	2)	Rab Gita a) c)	indranath Tagore won the Nobel njali in 1911 1913	, Priz∉ b) d)	e for Literature for his book 1912 1914
	3)	In th pers a) c)	e age of Monarchy, who gets ma conal interests? The People The Countries	nipu b) d)	lated to achieve their own The Ministers The King
	4)	Who a) c)	has lynched the lakes? The poet Vehicles	b) d)	Factories Humans
	5)	How a) c)	old is Pope believed to be when 11 12	he v b) d)	vrote 'Ode on Solitude'? 13 14
	6)	Wha a) c)	at does the poet wish to hear from Marriage plans His family	the b) d)	lover in the poem – 'Reme His work Future plans

B.Sc. (Biotechnology) (Semester - II) (New) (CBCS) Examination:

Seat

No.

# 7)

Gloomy d) Thought C)

#### Use past tense form in the following sentence. 8)

We \_\_\_\_\_ (go) to Mumbai last year.

- a) gone b) was go
- c) went d) was going

Set

# SLR-QC-19

ax. Marks: 40

Ρ

- ember'?
- Choose the correct synonyms for the word Dark.
- a) Dirty b) Light

# Q.2 Write the answers in short. (Any Four)

- a) What opinion does the author have of the education system of his time?
- **b)** What is the true sense of freedom?
- c) Discuss the theme of the poem 'Our Earth Will Not Die' in your words.
- d) Why is the poet giving so much emphasis on solitude in the poem and what does it mean to him?
- e) Discuss the tone of compassion used by the poet in the poem Remember?
- f) What kind of people can achieve the true essence of freedom?

# Q.3 Answer the following questions. (Any One)

- a) Write a letter to your father requesting him to send 5000/- as your class trip is going on to visit South India. Mention the details of four tour and places to visit.
- **b)** Write a formal letter to your college librarian as you lost your library card. Request him also to issue a duplicate library card to you. Mention all details of yourself like Name, Class, Roll No and how you lost the card.
- **Q.4** What is interpersonal intelligence? Write a detailed note on interpersonal intelligence and how to improve them.

12

10

Seat No.						Set	Ρ
	B.Sc	<b>. (B</b> i	iotechnolc M	ogy) (Semester March/Ap etabolism (Pap	- II) (  ril-20 er — I	New) (CBCS) Examination: 23 ) (BT1202)	
Day 8 Time:	Date 12:00	e: Tue ) PM	esday, 20-06 To 02:00 PN	-2023 /		Max. Marks: 4	40
Instru	uction	<b>is:</b> 1) 2) 3)	All question Draw neat of Figures to t	s are compulsory. diagrams and give on he right indicate ful	equati I mark	ons wherever necessary. s.	
Q.1	Multi 1)	<b>ple c</b> Nitro a) c)	hoice ques ogen at posit Glutamine Glycine	tions. ion 3 of pyrimidine	nucleo b) d)	otide comes from Glutamate Aspartate	<b>D8</b>
	2)	Glut a) c)	amine is con amino trans Glutamate o	iverted glutamate a sferase dehydrogenase	nd NH b) d)	l4 by glutaminase glutamate hydratase	
	3)	a) c)	is the unc 2,4 dinitropl Cyanide	oupler of oxidative henol	phosp b) d)	horylation. CO H₂S	
	4)	a) c)	has the hi O₂ Cyt C	ighest redox potent	ial. b) d)	NAD Cyt a3	
	5)	a) c)	is the site outer mitocl Matrix	for electron transp hondrial membrane	ort cha b) d)	ain. inner mitochondrial membrane Inter membrane space	
	6)	In a) c)	glucose TCA cycle Glycolysis	e is converted into p	byruva b) d)	ite. Gluconeogenesis Glycogenolysis	
	7)	Com a) b) c) d)	oplex I of ET cytochrome cytochrome succinate d NADH-Q ox	S is also known as oxidase bc1 complex ehydrogenase com kidoreductase	plex		
	8)	a) c)	is a meas Enthalpy Entropy (S)	ure of the degree o	of rand b) d)	omness or disorder of a system. Gibbs Free energy Conservation energy	
Q.2	Ansv a) b)	<b>ver a</b> Write Defin	ny four of the a note on re e uncouplers	ne following. edox reaction. s with one example			80

- c) What is the energetics of glycolysis?d) Give the reaction for conversion of acetyl co-A into malonyl co-A.
- e) Enlist the enzymes involved in urea cycle.
- f) Give the function of aminopterin.

Q.3	Writ a) b) c)	<b>te short notes on any two of the following.</b> Enzymatic reactions of gluconeogenesis Breakdown of triacylglycerol Salvage pathway	08
Q.4	Ans a) b) c)	wer any Two of the following. Write a note on redox potential. Give an account on components of electron transport chain. Describe biosynthesis of cholesterol.	08
Q.5	Ans a) b)	wer any one of the following. Explain in detail β-oxidation of palmitic acid. Write a note on enzymatic reaction and regulation of TCA cycle.	08

Seat			
No.		Set P	
	B.Sc	c. (Biotechnology) (Semester – II) (New) (CBCS) Examination: March/April-2023 Enzymology (Paper – II) (BT1203)	
Day 8 Time:	Date 12:0	e: Wednesday, 21-06-2023 Max. Marks: 40 0 PM To 02:00 PM	0
Instru	uctio	<ul> <li>ns: 1) All questions are compulsory.</li> <li>2) Draw neat diagrams and give equations wherever necessary.</li> <li>3) Figures to right indicate full marks.</li> </ul>	
Q.1	Mult 1)	iple choice questions:       0         Oxidation reduction reaction is carried out by enzyme.       0         a) Transferase       b) Ligase         c) Lyase       d) Oxidoreductase	B
	2)	Discovered the term enzymes. a) Kuhne b) Pasteur c) Sumner d) Buchner	
	3)	A complete catalytically active enzyme with its coenzyme is calleda) holoenzymeb) apoenzymec) apoproteind) cofactor	
	4)	<ul> <li>value is substrate concentration at half-maximal velocity.</li> <li>a) [s]</li> <li>b) [P]</li> <li>c) km</li> <li>d) Vmax</li> </ul>	
	5)	Lock and key model were proposed by in 1890.a) Henrib) Miachelis and Mentenc) Emil Fischerd) Daniel Koshland	
	6)	The energy required to attain transition state is referred to as a) Gibbs free energy b) Activation energy c) Standard free energy change d) pH	
	7)	The study of rates of chemical reactions that are catalyzed by enzymes isreferred to asa) first order reaction kineticsb) zero order reaction kineticsc) chemical kineticsd) enzyme kinetics	
	8)	In method, the enzyme is bound to a suitable adsorbent materialrendering it immobile.a) Adsorptionb) Covalent bindingc) Entrapmentd) Membrane confinement	
Q.2	Ansv 1) 2) 3) 4)	ver any four of the following08Write a note on enzyme active site.08Define simple enzyme with one example.08What is the function of transferase enzyme?08Give the definition of optimum pH.08	B

- 5) Enlist the significance of Km.6) Define isoenzymes.

Q.3	<ul> <li>Write short notes on any two of the following.</li> <li>1) Isoenzymes of lactate dehydrogenase.</li> <li>2) Applications of enzyme immobilization.</li> <li>3) Non-genetic regulation of enzyme activity</li> </ul>	08
Q.4	<ul> <li>Answer any two of the following.</li> <li>1) Write a note on trivial system of nomenclature and classification.</li> <li>2) Give an account on Lineweaver Burk plot.</li> <li>3) Describe allosteric enzymes.</li> </ul>	08
Q.5	<ul> <li>Answer any one of the following</li> <li>1) Explain in detail Michaelis-Menten equation</li> <li>2) Write a note on enzyme classification with example.</li> </ul>	08

# Seat No.

### B.Sc. (Biotechnology) (Semester - II) (New) (CBCS) Examination: March/April-2023 Cell Physiology (Paper - I) (BT1204)

Day & Date: Thursday, 22-06-2023 Time: 12:00 PM To 02:00 PM

# Instructions: 1) All questions are compulsory.

- 2) Figures to the right indicate full marks.
- 3) Draw neat diagrams and give equations wherever necessary.
- 4) Use of logarithmic table and calculator is allowed.

#### Choose the correct alternatives from the options. Q.1

1) Plasma membrane is act as \_\_\_\_\_.

c) Freely permeable

a) Impermeable

- b) Selectively permeable d) Transparent
- 2) \_\_\_\_ acts as primary messenger molecule.
  - a) Ca++ b) IP3
  - c) cAMP Insulin d)

#### 3) \_\_\_\_\_ in an example of calcium-independent CAM.

- a) Cadherins Selectins b)
- c) Integrins d) IgSF CAMs
- is described as the directed migration of cells towards a 4) chemoattractant. b) Chemotaxis
  - a) Cell adhesion
    - d) Attraction c) Ligation
- 5) is the process by which solutes are moved along a concentration gradient across a cell membrane.
  - a) simple diffusion b) active transport
  - c) Proton pump d) Na-K ATPase pump

#### Enterocyte having microvilli meant for \_\_\_\_ 6)

- a) secretion b) excretion c) absorption d) conduction of nerve impulse
- 7) \_\_\_\_\_ is known as communicating junctions.
  - a) gap junctions b) tight junctions
  - d) Zonula adherens c) Zonula occludens
- 8) In cell uptakes extracellular material bound to cell surface receptors.
  - a) phagocytosis c) receptor mediated endocytosis
    - b) pinocytosis d) exocytosis

.

08

SLR-QC-22

Max. Marks: 40

#### Define neurotransmitter. a) b) What signaling molecule? c) What is neuron? Define osmosis. d) Enlist functions of ER. e) Define sporulation in bacteria. **f)** 80 Q.3 Write short notes on any two of the following. a) Describe mechanism of nerve impulse transmission. b) Describe process and significance of quorum sensing in bacterial cells. c) Explain structure and functions of cells in digestive system. Q.4 Answers any two of the following. 08 Write about endocytosis with suitable examples. a) b) Describe various types of active transport mechanisms across cell membrane. Write a note on stress response in bacterial cells. c) **08** Q.5 Answers any one of the following. Describe mechanism of signal transduction with suitable example. a) Write an essay on different types of cell adhesion molecules. b)

Q.2 Answers any four of the following.

		<ul><li>2) Figures to the right indicate full marks.</li><li>3) Draw neat &amp; well labeled diagram wherever necessary.</li></ul>
Q.1	Choo 1)	ose the correct alternative from the given option.Southern blotting is also known as blotting.a) DNAb) Proteinc) RNAd) Lipid
	2)	Chromatography is method for separation of compounds.a) Mechanicalb) Physicalc) Biologicald) Chemical
	3)	During autoclave temperature used is a) 100 °C b) 90 °C c) 121 °C d) 95 °C
	4)	Wavelength range used for colorimeter is To         a) 100, 200       b) 200, 300         c) 300, 400       d) 400, 700
	5)	pH of Separating gel is         a) 8.3       b) 5.3         c) 2.3       d) 7.3
	6)	fluorescent dye used for detection of nucleic acid during electrophoresis. a) ANS b) EtBr c) CBB d) Riboflavin
	7)	According to beers law light absorbed is directly proportional toa) Path lengthb) Viscosityc) Concentrationd) Density
	8)	Biosensors are used in food industry toa) detect mustard gasb) determine fatuguec) detect acid alcohold) sense taste
Q.2	Ansv a) b) c)	<b>wer any four of the following.</b> Define electrophoresis. Enlist the applications of colorimeter. Enlist the applications of CT SCAN.

# **Bioinstrumentation (Paper - II) (BT1205)**

Instructions: 1) All questions are compulsory.

Day & Date: Friday, 23-06-2023

Time: 12:00 PM To 02:00 PM

Seat

No.

# B.Sc. (Biotechnology) (Semester - II) (New) (CBCS) Examination: March/April-2023

Max. Marks: 40

### Q

- d) Write a note on immuno blotting.
- Define chromatography. e)
- Define Lamberts Law. **f**)

**08** 

# SLR-QC-23 Set

Ρ

Q.3	Writ a) b) c)	<b>e notes on any two of the following.</b> Explain western blotting. Discuss maintenance of hot air oven. Describe TLC.	08
Q.4	Writ	e notes on any two of the following	08
	a)	Describe 2-D gel electrophoresis.	
	b)	Describe principle of MRI SCAN.	
	c)	Give a brief account on thermometric biosensors.	
Q.5	Ans a) b)	wer any one of the following. Explain in detail GM counter. Explain instrumentation of visible spectroscopy.	08

			i lant i nysiology	(i apci	1) (011200)	
Day Time	& Dat : 12:0	e: Sa 00 PM	turday, 01-07-2023 1 To 02:00 PM			Max. Ma
Instr	uctio	ns: 1 2 3	) All questions are compulsor ) Figures to the right indicate ) Draw neat & well labelled d	ry. full mai iagram	ks. wherever necessary.	
Q.1	Fill	in the	blanks by choosing correc	ct alterr	natives.	
<b>_</b>	1)	Cell	s organize to form	or anom		
	• ,	a)	Cellulose	b)	Organelle	
		c)	Tissues	d)	Organ system	
	2)	In _ dea	phase of growth curv th rate.	e, rate o	of cell division is high a	as per cell
		a)	lag	b)	loa	
		c)	stationary	d)	decline	
	3)	Trar	nspiration is regulated by the	movem	ents of	
	,	a)	Parenchyma cells	b)	Guard cells	
		c)	Epithelial cells	d)	DNA	
	4)	Plar a) b) c) d)	nt tissue are broadly classified Meristematic and Permaner Simple and Complex tissue Xylem and Phloem root cell and stem cell	d as nt tissue		
	5)		are made up of living cel	ls which	are elongated and th	ick at the
		corr	Collonchyma	b)	Paranchyma	
		a)	Sclerenchyma	(U	raidiluiyiila maristamatic tissua	
		0)	oberenonyma	u)	mensiemane ussue	

B.Sc. (Biotechnology) (Semester - II) (New) (CBCS) Examination: March/April-2023

Movements of solvent from high to low concentration is called \_\_\_\_\_.

b)

d)

b)

d)

b)

d)

is site for light reaction of photosynthesis.

imbibition

**Xylem** 

Stroma

Thylakoid membrane

Root

evaporation

Set No.

Plant Physiology (Paper - I) (BT1206) Max. Marks: 40

SLR-QC-24

80

Answer the following questions briefly. (any four) Define photorespiration. 1)

Cytoplasm

- Define symbiotic nitrogen fixation. 2)
- Define guttation. 3)

a) osmosis

a) Phloem

Shoot

C)

C)

a)

C)

diffusion

6)

7)

8)

Q.2

4) Define vegetative phase of plant life cycle.

The primary site of water absorption is

Chloroplast membrane

- 5) Define macronutrient with example.
- Define triple response. 6)

Set

Q.3	Wri 1) 2) 3)	<b>te notes on any two of the following.</b> Explain in detail dorsi-ventral anatomy of leaf. Explain in detail role and deficiency symptoms of micronutrient. Explain in detail photosystem.	08
Q.4	Wri 1) 2)	<b>te notes on any two of the following.</b> Explain in detail structure and function of plant cell. Write note on physiological role and mode of action of gibberellins.	08
	3)	Explain in non-cyclic photophosphorylation.	08
Q.5	Ans	swer any one of the following	
	1)	Explain in detail shoot and root apical meristem and its histological organization.	
	2)	Explain in detail nitrogen fixation, reduction and ammonification in nitrogen	

2) Explain in detail nitrogen fixation, reduction and ammonification in nitrogen metabolism.

& Date : 12:00	: Sur ) PM	nday, 02-07-2023 To 02:00 PM			Max. Marks:	40
uction	s: 1) 2) 3)	All questions are compulsory. Figures to the right indicate full r Draw neat & well labelled diagra	nark ms v	s. wherever necessary.		
Fill ir 1)	<b>the</b> Cult a) c)	blanks by choosing correct alt ure freshly prepared from isolated Organ culture Cell line	erna d tiss b) d)	<b>atives.</b> sue is known as Primary culture Histotypic Culture		08
2)	The a) c)	following are methods of steriliza Dry heat sterilization Sterilization by filters	tion b) d)	except Autoclaving Laminar airflow		
3)	a) b) c) d)	is one of the limitations of an Disposal of biohazards is not ea Cultured cells are not easy to sto Both None	nima sy ore	l tissue culture.		
4)	Anin a) b) c) d)	nal tissue culture is Growth and maintenance of anir Growth and selling of animal cel only maintenance of animal cells All	nal c Is S	ells		
5)	pH c a) c)	of culture medium is initially contro presence of CO2 addition of bases	olled b) d)	by presence of bicarbona None of these	ate buffer	
6)	In ar mea a) b) c)	nimal cell culture, particularly mar ins uptake of new genetic material phenotypic modifications of cells both (a) and (b)	nma ; in c	lian cell culture, transfo ulture	ormation	

Seat No.

### B.Sc. (Biotechnology) (Semester - II) (New) (CBCS) Examination: March/April-2023 Tissue Culture (Paper-II) (BT1207)

Day & Time:

Instru

### Q.1

- 4
  - ouffer
- ation 6
  - d) release of genetic information
- In ATC the number of times that the culture has been sub-cultured is called 7) as .
  - Saturation density a)
    - b) Split ratio Generation number d) Passage number
- During the growth of animal cells, it is important to keep cells in \_\_\_\_\_ 8) phase of the growth curve.
  - a) decline b) stationary d) Log C) lag



C)



SLR-QC-25

Q.2	Ans 1) 2) 3) 4) 5) 6)	wer the following questions briefly. (any four) Define cell growth. Define agar. Define secondary cell culture. Define cold trypsinization. Define collagenase. Define plasma.	08
Q.3	Writ 1) 2) 3)	<b>te notes on any two of the following.</b> Explain in detail CO <sub>2</sub> incubator. Explain in detail physiochemical properties of media. Explain in detail application of animal tissue culture.	08
Q.4	Writ 1) 2) 3)	<b>te notes on any two of the following.</b> Explain principle working of Laminar air flow. Explain in detail agar gel method. Explain cell line identification by isozyme method.	08
Q.5	Ans 1)	wer any one of the following. Explain in detail secondary and transformed cell line establishment.	08

Explain in detail becondary and transformed con interconduction
 Explain in detail methods used for mechanical separation of cell.

08

B.Sc. (Biotechnology) (Semester - II) (New) (CBCS) Examination: March/April-2023 Computer Science (Paper – I) (BT1208)

Day & Date: Monday, 03-07-2023 Time: 12:00 PM To 02:00 PM

Seat No.

Instructions: 1) All questions are compulsory.

- 2) Draw neat diagrams and give equations wherever necessary.
- 3) Figures to the right indicate full marks.

#### Q.1 Rewrite the sentence by using correct option.

- A feature of MS office that saves the document automatically after certain 1) interval is called . b) Save As
  - Save a)
  - Auto Save d) Backup c)
- 2) Internet is
  - A worldwide interconnected network of computers which use a a) common protocol to communicate with one another
  - A worldwide network of computers b)
  - An interconnected network of computers c)
  - A local computer network d)

3) The application used for creating presentations \_\_\_\_\_

- MS Access b) MS Word a)
- MS Excel d) MS PowerPoint C)
- The following form \_\_\_\_\_ the computer stores its data in memory. 4)
  - Hexadecimal form a)
  - c) Binary form
- 5) The \_\_\_\_\_ Unit performs the mathematical operations for CPU.
  - Control unit a) b) ALU
  - Storage unit c)
- 6) The physical components of a computer are called \_\_\_\_\_
  - Software a) b) Hardware
  - C) ALU d) CPU

7) is the father of Modern digital computer. b) Charles Babbage

- Charles Newman a)
  - Henry Babbage d) Henry Luce
- is an example of pointing device. 8) Mouse
  - b) Pointer a) Cursor d) HDMI port C)
- Q.2 Answer the following questions. (any four)
  - Define Hardware and Software. a)
  - What is number system in Computer System? b)
  - Uses of Microsoft office c)
  - Define Computer. d)
  - Function of ALU e)

c)

Function of Central Processing Unit **f**)

SLR-QC-26



08

- d) Decimal form

- b) Octal form

d) Input unit

### Q.3 Solve. (any two)

- a) Internet with its Uses.
- **b)** Explain MS-Office PowerPoint.
- c) Define Operating System. Explain different functions of operating system.

### Q.4 Write note on. (any two)

- a) Write a note on basics of electronic mail, creation and accessing the e-mail?
- b) Explain Input output devices in detail.
- c) Explain write a note on History and characteristics of computer?

### Q.5 Answer any one of the following.

- a) What is a MS-Office? Explain the process of creating chart in Excel.
- b) Explain in detail Computer Organization with suitable diagram?

80

**08** 

Sea	t	Sot P
No.		Set F
	B.S	c. (Biotechnology) (Semester - II) (New) (CBCS) Examination:
		Biostatistics (Paper-II) (BT1209)
Day	& Da	te: Tuesday, 04-07-2023 Max. Marks: 40
Time	: 12:(	00 PM To 02:00 PM
Instr	uctic	ons: 1) All questions are compulsory. 2) Figures to the right indicate full marks
		3) Draw neat diagrams and give equations wherever necessary.
Q.1	Cho	oose the correct alternatives from the options. 08
	1)	The arithmetical average of a number of observations is called
		a) Mean b) Median c) Range d) Mode
	2)	correlates highest correlation between variables.
	,	a) $r = +0.25$ b) $r = +0.5$
		c) $r = -0.75$ d) $r = +2$
	3)	is not a measure of central tendency.
		a) Mean b) Mode c) Range d) Median
	4)	The name of the table is called .
	,	a) Body b) Title
	-	c) Footnote d) Stub
	5)	is a graph containing frequencies in the form of vertical rectangles. a) Joint
		c) Area d) Histogram
	6)	When cumulative frequencies are plotted on a graph then the frequency
		curve obtained is called
		a) Ogive curve b) Polygon
	7)	c) Distribution d) Interval
	()	a) Frequency
		c) Measure of central tendency d) Tabulation
	8)	is the father of Biostatistics.
	•	a) Newton b) Sir Francis Galton
		c) vv. Gosset d) R. Fisher
Q.2	Ans	wer the following question briefly. (Any Four) 08
	a)	Write any four applications of Biostatistics. Write merits of Mode
	c)	Compute the mean: 67,69,66,68,72,63,76,65,70,74.

- Define 'regression' and give an example. Define Median. Give an example. Define arithmetic mean with formula. d)
- e)́
- **f**)

# Q.3 Write notes on any TWO of the following.

- a) Write and explain parts of table.
- b) Write a short note on measures of dispersion.
- c) Write various areas and scope of Biostatistics in detail.

### Q.4 Write notes on any TWO of the following.

- a) Define probability and explain related terms.
- **b)** Describe brief account on Hypothesis testing.
- c) Write and explain Diagrammatic and Graphical representation of data.

### Q.5 Answers any ONE of the following.

- a) Find the standard deviation for the following distribution: 11,12,13,14,15,16,17,18,19,20,21.
- **b)** Calculate the coefficient of correlation between x and y.

Х	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1
у	6	7	8	4	9	2	1	5	10	3

**08** 

08

B.Sc.	. (Bio	otechnology) (Semester March/Ap ENGLISH Literary Voyage (I	- II) ril-2 (Co 3T2	(Old) (CBCS) Examination: 2023 mp.) 01/BT20201)
Day & Dat Time: 12:0 Instructio	e: Mo 0 PM <b>ns:</b> 1) 2	nday, 19-06-2023 To 03:00 PM ) All questions are compulsory ) Figures to the right indicate	/. full n	Max. Marks: 80 narks.
Q.1 A)	Ansv prov 1)	wer the following questions rided. What was the author reading Harm'? a) Novels c) Biographies	by ( in th b) d)	choosing correct option10ne prose 'Does Education DoAutobiographies Poetry
	2)	<ul><li>What is required for discretio</li><li>a) Good jokes</li><li>c) Eloquence</li></ul>	n in b) d)	speech in the essay 'Of Discourse'? Good words and order Virtue
	3)	Who plays the huge role and a) Intrigue c) Hope	affe b) d)	cts the entire Country? Monarchy Calumny
	4)	<ul> <li>According to the poet, the ea</li> <li>a) Maltreated by human be</li> <li>b) A victim of various accide</li> <li>c) On the point of extinction</li> <li>d) Heavily loaded with villai</li> </ul>	rth is ings ents 1 nish	s elements
	5)	How old is pope believed to b a) 11 c) 13	be w b) d)	hen he wrote "Ode on Solitude"? 12 14
	6)	<ul><li>What kind of place is the poe</li><li>a) Loud place</li><li>c) Silent place</li></ul>	t go b) d)	ing to in the poem? Market place Dull place
	7)	Identify the correct synonym a) Proposal c) Thought	from b) d)	the given options "Idea". Plan None of the above

Seat No.

SLR-QC-28

Set P

06

16

- 8) Fill in the blanks with the past tense forms of the verbs given within the brackets.
  - 'The Mechanic \_\_\_\_\_ (repair) the car.
  - a) will repaired b) was repaired
  - c) repaired d) repair
- 9) The outline of a presentation includes \_\_\_\_\_.
  - a) acknowledgment
  - b) probable questions
  - c) an introduction, body and conclusion
  - d) None of the above
- 10) P.P.T Presentation means \_\_\_\_\_
  - a) Power Point Presentation
  - b) Power Presentation
  - c) Point Power Presentation
  - d) None of the above

### B) Answer the following questions in one word/one sentence.

- 1) Which sort of person asks troublesome questions in the essay 'Of Discourse'?
- 2) What benefit could be derived from Struggle of youth?
- 3) What kind of people can achieve the true essence of freedom?
- 4) What is described as septic daggers?
- 5) Which literary era did Alexander Pope write it?
- 6) What does the poet wish to hear from the lover?

### Q.2 Answer the following questions in brief. (Eight out of Twelve)

- 1) What is author's purpose in discussing discourse?
- 2) What is the relation between education and virtue?
- 3) What kind of people can achieve the true essence of freedom?
- 4) What opinion does the author present to the people in India of that time regarding freedom?
- 5) What are the common factors among men of eminence?
- 6) What is the author's purpose in discussing discourse?
- 7) Discuss and write the theme of the poem "Our Earth Will Not Die"?
- 8) Write down the summary of the poem "Ode on Solitude".
- 9) Discuss the tone of compassion used by the poet in the poem "Remember".
- **10)** Write down the process of paneer in milk factory.
- **11)** Prepare a presentation on your favourite social worker.
- 12) Write down the importance of the soft skill "Interpersonal intelligence".

Q.3	A)	Write 1)	<b>down the answers of any two briefly.</b> Describing the reaching process of Pune to Mahabaleshwar by	10
		2)	Define and explain the use of power point presentation in today's advanced digital learning school / college.	
	B)	Prepa	are a presentation on your own college and its facilities.	06
~ .	,			
Q.4	A)	1)	Read the following advertisement and write a job application letters. MATOSHREE UMABAI ENGLISH MEDIUM SCHOOL	12
			Wanted Teacher Qualification - M.A. B.Ed Experience - Min 1 year Interested candidates send CV and application at Indiaumabaischool@gmail.com.	
		3) 4)	Explain the soft skill "Interpersonal Intelligence". Write down the process of making pizza. How to make it within 15 minutes.	
	B)	Expla	in power point presentation and its importance.	04
Q.5	Write a) b) c)	e dow State felt th 1) M 2) S 3) G Write langu Write from	three such situations from your professional life when you have the following emotions. Mad Sad Glad down the process of making sugar in factory in your own hage. down the process of reaching the vegetable market in your city your home.	16

# Seat

No.

# B.Sc. (Biotechnology) (Semester - II) (Old) (CBCS) Examination: March/April-2023

Mammalian Physiology – I (Paper – I) (BT202)

Day & Date: Tuesday, 20-06-2023 Time: 12:00 PM To 02:00 PM

Instructions: 1) All questions are compulsory.

- 2) Draw neat diagrams and give equations wherever necessary.
- 3) Figures to the right indicate full marks.
- 4) Use of logarithmic table and calculator is allowed.

#### Q.1 **Multiple Choice Questions.**

Bile helps in \_\_\_\_\_. 1)

a)

- Digestion of proteins a)
- Emulsification of fats c)
- 2) Asthma is caused due to inflammation of \_\_\_\_
  - bronchi and bronchioles a)
  - trachea C)
- 3) Which of the following is not correct regarding esophagus? Thick

  - Passes through neck C)
- The study of joints is known as \_ 4)
  - Archaeology a)
  - Syndesmology C)
- 5) Heart beat initiates from \_\_\_\_
  - Purkinji fibers a)
  - Bundle of HIS c)
- 6) What type of tissue is cartilage?
  - Muscular b) Epithelial a) d) Nervous
  - Connective c)

#### In human being the duration of cardiac cycle is \_\_\_\_ 7)

- a) 0.008 sec b) 0.5 sec d) 8 sec
- C) 0.8 sec
- 8) What does food provide for us?
  - a) Energy and water
  - Energy and nitrogen c)

#### Q.2 Answer any four of the following.

- Define Peristalsis. a)
- Write a short note on Alveoli. b)
- Write a short note on Pancreatic Juice. C)
- What is tricuspid valve? d)
- Define cardiac output. e)
- Write a short note on Larynx. **f**)

- b) Energy and organic material
- d) Only energy

**08** 

b) Breaking down of nucleic acids

# d) Phagocytosis

SLR-QC-29



**08** 

- d) pharynx
- b) alveoli

- b) Long tube
- Extends he study d)

b) Osteology

d) Arthrology

- b) SA node
- d) Auriculo ventricular node

Max. Marks: 40

# Q.3 Write short note on any two of the following.

- a) How are lipid digested?
- **b)** Write a note on cardiac output.
- c) Give the composition of intestinal juice and bile.

# Q.4 Answer any two of the following.

- a) Explain mechanism of correlation of blood.
- **b)** Give schematic representation of Oxygen dissociation curve.
- c) List out the types of joints in body along with its location.

### Q.5 Answer any one of the following.

- a) Describe in detail about digestion, absorption and assimilation of carbohydrate.
- **b)** Describe the process of hematopoiesis, explain in detail about plasma protein along with its role.

80

80

Seat No.							Set	Ρ
	B.S	с. (Е	Biotechno	logy) (Semeste March/A	er - II) (0 pril-202	DId) (CBCS) Exam 23 apor - II) (BT203)	ination:	
Day & Time:	Date 12:00	e: We D PM	dnesday, 21 To 02:00 PM	-06-2023 //	у - п (га	aper - 11) (B1203)	Max. Marks	: 40
Instru	iction	<b>is:</b> 1) 2) 3)	All question Draw neat Figures to t	is are compulsory. & well labeled diag he right indicate fu	gram whe	erever necessary.		
Q.1	Fill ir 1)	n the a) c)	blanks by c brings b afferent arte coronary sin	<b>choosing correct</b> lood towards Bow eriole nus	<b>alternat</b> man's ca b) d)	i <b>ves (eight):</b> psule. efferent arteriole coronary vein		08
	2)	Fish a) c)	es excrete n urea ammonia	itrogenous waste	product i b) d)	n the form of uric acid trimethylamine oxide		
	3)	acro a) c)	is a sign ss a synaps hormone vitamin	aling molecule see e.	creted by b) d)	a neuron to affect and neurotransmitter secondary messenge	other cell er	
	4)	a) c)	$\underline{\qquad}_{\alpha}$ cells of i $_{\beta}$	slets of langerhan	s secrete b) d)	es glucagon hormone. $\delta$ $\gamma$		
	5)	a) c)	cells res Thyrotrophs Somatotrop	ponsible for secre s hs	tion of A( b) d)	CTH. Corticotrophs Gonadotrophs		
	6)	a) c)	receptor Olfactory Somatosen	s responsible dete sory	ection of t b) d)	aste. Gustatory Baroreceptors		
	7)	Cus a) b) c) d)	hings diseas hyposecreti hyposecreti hypersecre hypersecre	e is caused due to on of thyrocalcitor on of TSH tion of TSH tion of ACTH	o nin			
	8)	a) c)	is hyper Insulin ADH	glycemic hormone	in huma b) d)	ns. Glucagon TSH		
Q.2	Ansv a) b) c) d)	<b>ver tł</b> Give Defin Defin Enlis	ne following structure of le ureotelism le neurotrans t names and	<b>J questions briefl</b> Bowman's capsule smitter. functions of stero	<b>y (any fo</b> e. id hormo	pur) nes.		08

- e) Write a note on glucagon.f) Give account on olfactory receptors.

### Q.3 Write notes on any two of the following.

- a) Explain mechanism of generation and conduction of nerve impulse.
- b) Describe mechanism of action of insulin hormone.
- c) Describe structure and function of adenohypophysis.

### Q.4 Write notes on any two of the following.

- a) Explain mechanism of muscle contraction and relaxation.
- **b)** Give account on structure and function of thyroid gland.
- c) Give an account on hyper and hypo secretion of insulin and glucagon.

### Q.5 Answer any one of the following.

- a) Describe structure and function of human eye.
- **b)** Describe mechanism of urine formation with neat labeled diagram.

80

**08** 

Seat No.			Set	Ρ
		B.Sc. (Biotechnology) (Semeste Examination: March/A Plant Physiology - I (Pape	∍r - II) (Old) (CBCS) \pril-2023 ∋r - I) (BT204)	
Day 8 Time:	& Date 12:0	e: Thursday, 22-06-2023 0 PM To 02:00 PM	Max. Marks	: 40
Instru	uction	<ul> <li>ns: 1) All questions are compulsory.</li> <li>2) Draw neat diagrams and give equation 3) Figures to the right indicate full marks 4) Use of logarithmic table and calculate</li> </ul>	ons wherever necessary. s. or is allowed.	
Q.1	Choo 1)	ose the correct alternatives from the optThe Meristem present at the Apex of the pa)Lateral Meristemb)b)c)Apical Meristemd)	<b>ion.</b> Jant called Intercalary meristem All of the Above	08
	2)	In Collenchyma intracellular Space are ge a) Absent b) c) Small d)	nerally. Present Large	
	3)	The cells of Parenchyama tissues area) Elongatedb)c) Vacuolatedd)	 Vacuole Absent Compactly arranged	
	4)	Woody part of plants contains relatively le more water a) True b)	ss water while soft parts contain False	
	5)	The amount of water lost by plants due to a) 90% b) c) 40% d)	transpiration is 20% 50%	
	6)	Loss of water from plant in the form of wat a) Surface Tension b) c) Ascent of sap d)	er vapour is called Cohesion Transpiration	
	7)	What are lenticelsa) Epidermal Structureb)c) Opening in the barkd)	A waxy layer Channel to transfer water	
	8)	Identify a Micronutrient for Plants amongs a) Potassium b) c) Iron d)	t the following. Phosphorus Sulphur	
Q.2	Ansv a) b) c) d) e)	wer any four of the following. Write types of Meristematic Tissues. Draw the Primary Structure of Shoot. Define Transpiration. Define Plant Water Relation. Write note on Stomata.		08

\_

Q.3	Wri <sup>;</sup> a) b) c)	te short notes on any two of the following. Describe types of complex permanent tissue. Describe Diffusion and Imbibitions'. Describe the deficiency of Phosphorus in plant.	08
Q.4	Ans a) b) c)	wer any two of the following. Write detail note on Shoot Apical Meristem. Write detail note on Primary Structure of Root. Write note on water absorption pathway with diagram.	08
Q.5	Ans a) b)	<b>wer any one of the following.</b> Write detail mechanism of stomata opening and closing. Describe the detail mechanism of uptake of nutrient.	08

Max. Marks: 40

# Seat No.

# B.Sc. (Biotechnology) (Semester - II) (Old) (CBCS) Examination: March/April-2023 Plant Physiology (Paper - II) (BT205)

Day & Date: Friday, 23-06-2023 Time: 12:00 PM To 02:00 PM

**Instructions:** 1) All questions are compulsory.

- 2) Draw neat diagrams and give equations wherever necessary.
- 3) Figures to the right indicate full marks.

#### Q.1 Choose the correct alternatives from the options.

- is a system of photoreactions that absorbs maximally far-red light 1) (700 nm), oxidizes plastocyanin and reduces ferredoxin.
  - a) Photosystem I b) Photosystem II
  - c) Phyllotaxy d) Phytate
- \_ is the process by which plants use sunlight, water, and carbon 2) dioxide to create oxygen and energy in the form of sugar.
  - Respiration a)

C)

c)

c)

- b) Photosynthesis d) Perspiration
- 3) is uptake of atmospheric  $O_2$  with a concomitant release of  $CO_2$  by illuminated leaves.
  - a) Photorespiration

Transpiration

- b) Photosynthesis d) Perspiration
- Transpiration c)
- 4) is the process by which atmospheric nitrogen is converted to ammonia or nitrate.
  - a) Photorespiration Transpiration
- b) Photosynthesis
- d) Nitrogen Fixation
- 5) \_ is a biochemical process for concentrating CO2 at the carboxylation site of rubisco and found in the family Crassulaceae.
  - Crassulacean acid metabolism b) Calvin cycle a)
  - Glycolysis d) C4 pathway C)
- 6) is the state in which a living seed will not germinate even if all the necessary environmental conditions for growth are met.
  - seed dormancy a) C)
    - b) seed germination growth and development d) Differentiation
- is a biological response to the length and timing of day and night, 7) making it possible for an event to occur at a particular time of year.
  - a) Photoperiodism
    - b) seed germination growth and development d) Differentiation
- 8) In some species, the cold temperature is a requirement for flowering, the concept is known as \_\_\_\_\_.
  - photoperiodism a)
  - c) nitrogen fixation
- b) Vernalization
- d) CAM

Q.2	Ans	swer the following questions briefly. (any four)	08
	a)	Differentiate between Photosystem I and Photosystem II.	
	b)	What is chlorophyll?	
	C)	Define compensation point in plants.	
	d)	In which molecular forms is atmospheric nitrogen converted to by the	
		mechanism of nitrogen fixation?	
	e)	Enlist plant growth hormones.	
	f)	Define seed germination.	
03	Wri	te notes on any two of the following	08
Q.0	a)	Photosynthesis nigments	00
	a) h)	Nitrogen fixation	
	c)	Growth curve	
	0)	Clowin curve	
Q.4	Wri	te notes on any two of the following.	08
	a)	Concept of two photo systems	
	b)	Concept of photo-periodism and vernalization	
	c)	Photophosphorylation	
0.5	Δng	swer any one of the following	08
Q.0	2) 2	Give a detailed account on Calvin cycle	00
	h)	Discuss in detail Physiological role and mode of action-auxing and	
	5)	cvtokinins.	

y a ne	& Dat : 12:0	e: Saturday, 01-07-2023 00 PM To 02:00 PM		Ma
str	uctio	<ul> <li>ans: 1) All questions are compulso</li> <li>2) Figures to the right indicate</li> <li>3) Draw neat diagrams and g</li> </ul>	ory. e full mai ive equa	rks. tions wherever necessary.
1	Mult	tiple choice question.		
	1)	a) Ear c) Eye	b) d)	Brain Body
	2)	Any computer of computer you c a) Hardware c) Storage	an see a b) d)	and touch is Software Peripheral
	3)	<ul><li> is the chief of Microsoft.</li><li>a) Babbage</li><li>c) Bill Clinton</li></ul>	b) d)	Bill Gates Tim Lee
	4)	RAM stands for a) Random Origin Money c) Read Only Memory	b) d)	Random Only Memory Random Access Memory
	5)	Which of the following is not a bi a) 001 c) 202	nary nur b) d)	nber? 101 110
	6)	Excel files have a default extens a) Xls c) Wk1	ion of b) d)	Xlw 123
	7)	You organize files by storing the a) Archives c) Indexes	m in b) d)	Folders Lists
	8)	WWW stands for a) World Wide Wizard c) Wide World Web	b) d)	World Wide Web World Wide Wonder
2	Ans a)	wer any four of the following. What is meant by Database?		

### B.Sc. (Biotechnology) (Semester - II) (Old) (CBCS) Examination: March/April-2023 Computer (Paper – I) (BT206)

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# **Q.1**

# Q.2

- Define- Software. b)
- Write types of computer. C)
- d) Define- browser.
- Write examples of input and output devices of system. e)
- What is the function of search engine? f)

x. Marks: 40

80



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Q.3	Writ 1) 2) 3)	e short notes on any two of the following. Write brief account on introduction and history of computer. Explain types of software with examples. Write and explain computer features and application in details.	08
Q.4	Ans 1) 2) 3)	wer any two of the following. Write brief account on Computer organization. Write and explain number system with examples. Write brief account on generation of computers.	08 08
Q.5	Ans a) b)	<b>wer any one of the following.</b> Write a brief account on MS-Office and its products. Describe in detail operating system with its types.	

	B.Sc. (Biotechnology) (Semester - II) (Old) (CBCS) Examination: March/April-2023 Biostatistics (Denser, III) (DT207)									
Day o Time	& Date : 12:0	BIOSTATISTICS (Paper - II) (В 1207) e: Sunday, 02-07-2023 Max. Marks: 0 PM To 02:00 PM	40							
Instr	uctior	<ul> <li>ns: 1) All questions are compulsory.</li> <li>2) Figures to the right indicate full marks.</li> <li>3) Draw neat labelled diagrams must be drawn wherever necessary.</li> </ul>								
Q.1	Choo 1)	ose the correct alternative. The mean of the data a, a, a, a will be a) Zero b) a c) 2 d) 4	08							
	2)	<ul> <li>The mean of the square deviation about mean is known as</li> <li>a) Mean b) Variance</li> <li>c) Median d) Standard Deviation</li> </ul>								
	3)	If sum of 20 values is 300 then mean of the data is a) 15 b) 30 c) 20 d) 300								
	4)	When "n" is an odd number then median is defined asa) Middle valueb) Median of two middle valuesc) Sum of the valuesd) most repeated value								
	5)	The most frequent occurring observation is a) Mean b) Median c) Mode d) SD								
	6)	is not measures of central tendency. a) Correlation b) Mode c) Mean d) Median								
	7)	<ul> <li> is considered the founding father of biostatistics.</li> <li>a) Fischer</li> <li>b) Karl Pearson</li> <li>c) Francis Galton</li> <li>d) Francis Bacon</li> </ul>								
	8)	The name of the table is calleda) Bodyb) titlec) footnoted) stub								
Q.2	Ansv 1) 2) 3) 4) 5)	wer any four of the following. What is meant by Primary data and give its example? State merits of Mean. Explain properties of Median. Define Mean deviation with example. Define 'cumulative frequency distribution' and give an example.	08							

Compute the coefficient of range for data 36, 19, 75, 61, 71, 35, 23, 8, 54. 6)

SLR-QC-34 Set P

# Seat No.

# Q.3 Write short notes on any Two of the following.

- 1) Explain applications of biostatistics.
- 2) Write a brief account on classification of Measures of central tendency.
- 3) Write various parts of table and its definitions.

# Q.4 Answer any Two of the following.

# 1) Draw histogram from following data:

Marks	0-10	10-20	20-30	30-40	40-50	50-60	60-70
No. of Students	05	07	10	15	13	10	06

# 2) Calculate mean from the following data:

Marks	10-20	20-30	30-40	40-50	50-60	60-70	70-80
No. of Students	10	18	20	26	30	28	18

# **3)** Find out the median for following data:

Marks	0-10 10-20		20-30	30-40	40-50
Frequency	22	38	46	34	20

# Q.5 Answer any one of the following.

1) Calculate standard deviation and variance for following data:

Wages in Rs.	55-65	65-75	75-85	85-95	95-105	105-115	115-125
No. of Workers	10	12	15	20	14	7	2

2) Write brief account on ANOVA.

08

**08** 

			Animal Tissue C	ulture (Pa	per - I) (BT208)	
Day & Date: Monday, 03-07-2023 Time: 12:00 PM To 02:00 PM						
	Instruc	ctions: 1 2 3 4	) All questions are compu ) Draw neat diagrams and ) Figures to the right indic ) Use of logarithmic table (At. Wts.: H=1, C=12, O	Ilsory. d give equati cate full mark and calculat =16, N=14, I	ons wherever necessary. s. or is allowed. \a=23, Cl=35.5)	
	Q.1	Multiple				
	1	l) Two a) c)	important enzymes used Trypsin and pectinase Cellulase and trypsin	for disaggre b) d)	gation of animal tissue ar Collagenase and pectina Collagenase and trypsin	
	2	2) Cryc a) c)	preservation is carried ou -196 °C -96 °C	ut at the temp b) d)	perature of 196 °C 96 °C	
	3	<b>3)</b> Who a) c)	is regarded as the father Harrison Ross	r of tissue cu b) d)	ture? Arnold Roux	
	<b>4)</b> Optimum p a) 5.3-7 c) 7.2-7		mum pH required for the 5.3-7.0 7.2-7.4	growth of ma b) d)	mmalian cells is 6.5-7.0 8.1-8.9	
	5	<b>5)</b> Whice a)	ch of these is used in raft Lens paper	culture? b)	Rayon acetate sheet	

- Both a) and b)
- C) d) None of these
- Which stain is often added to the cell suspension before viable counting? 6)

B.Sc. (Biotechnology) (Semester - II) (Old) (CBCS) Examination: March/April-2023

- Trypan blue b) Gram stain a)
- Crystal violet d) Fluorescein C)

\_ technique is well known in forensic science but is gradually adopted 7) as a standard reference technique for cell line identity in culture collection.

- DNA fingerprinting a) MTT assay
- d) LDH assay
- Which chemical is used in chemical blockade of cell in M phase for cell 8) synchronization?
  - a) Colchicine

c)

- Liquid nitrogen C)
- b) Aspirin d) BSS
- b) Karvotyping

imal tissue are \_\_

Max. Marks: 40

**08** 

Set

- SLR-QC-35

- se and pectinase se and trypsin

Seat No.

Q.2	Answer any four of the following.					
	a)	Define serum.				
	b)	What is cell synchronization?				
	c)	Define animal tissue culture.				
	d)	Define primary cell culture.				
	e)	Define sterilization.				
	f)	Write the applications of animal cell culture.				
Q.3	Write short notes on any two of the following. a) Flow cytometry					
	b)	Serum with its importance in animal tissue culture medium				
	c)	Cell counting and monitoring methods				
Q.4	Answer any Two of the following.					
	a)	Explain the plasma clot technique for organ culture.				
	b)	Define trypsinization. Explain the methods Warm trypsinization.				
	C)	identification.				
Q.5	Answer any one of the following.					
	a)	Draw the diagram of animal tissue culture laboratory design and explain about it in brief.				

**b)** Explain in detail any two indirect methods of cell determination.

Seat No.

# B.Sc. (Biotechnology) (Semester - II) (Old) (CBCS) Examination: March/April-2023 Plant Tissue Culture (Paper – II) (BT209)

Day & Date: Tuesday, 04-07-2023 Time: 12:00 PM To 02:00 PM

Instructions: 1) All questions are compulsory.

- 2) Figures to the right indicate full marks.
- Draw neat diagrams and give equations wherever necessary.

#### Q.1 Choose the correct alternatives from the options.

- is the Father of tissue culture. 1)
  - a) Bonner b) Laibach
    - c) Haberlandt d) Gautheret
- 2) The formation of embryoids from the pollen grains in the tissue culture medium is due to \_\_\_\_ b) Test tube culture
  - a) Organogenesis
  - c) Double fertilization d) Cellular totipotency
- 3) Synthetic seeds are produced by the encapsulation of somatic embryos with \_.
  - a) Sodium acetate c) Sodium chloride
- plant part is free from the attack of the virus. 4)
  - a) Stem b) Root
  - c) Meristem d) Leaves
- 5) \_\_\_ chemicals are most widely used for protoplast fusion.
  - a) Mannitol
  - c) Sorbitol
- 6) \_\_\_\_ is function of auxin in tissue culture.
  - a) inducing shoot b) root initiation
  - c) cell death d) seed dormancy

The most common solidifying agent used in micropropagation is \_\_\_\_\_. 7)

- a) agar c) mannan
- 8) Cybrids are
  - a) nuclear hybrids
  - b) hybrid plants derived from cross pollination
  - c) cytoplasmic hybrids
  - d) cytological hybrids

- b) Sodium nitrate
- d) Sodium alginate



d) Mannol

d) starch

SLR-QC-36

Set

Max. Marks: 40

08

b) dextran

b) Polyethylene glycol
### Define plant tissue culture. a) b) Define totipotency. C) Define organogenesis. Define transgenic plants. d) Define callus. e) Define haploid plants. **f)** Write short notes on any TWO of the following. 80 Q.3 a) Culture media composition and their significance. b) Define sterilization and explain types of sterilization. c) Somatic embryogenesis. Q.4 Write notes on any TWO of the following. 80 Cell suspension culture and its application. a) b) Methods in production of hybrid. Production and advantages of golden rice transgenic plant. c) Q.5 Answers any ONE of the following.

- Explain in detail steps in micropropagation with diagrammatic representation. a)
- Explain in detail isolation, gene transfer, fusion and culture of protoplast. b)

Q.2 Answers any FOUR of the following.

## SLR-QC-36 **08**

### Day & Date: Monday, 03-07-2023 Time: 09:00 AM To 11:00 AM Instructions: 1) All questions are compulsory. 2) Draw neat diagrams and give equations wherever necessary. 3) Figures to the right indicate full marks. 4) Use of logarithmic table and calculator is allowed. Multiple choice questions. In \_\_\_\_\_ the typical Mendelian dihybrid ratio is changed to 9:4:3. Complementary gene action b) Supplementary gene action a) Inhibitory gene action Mutualistic gene interaction C) d) B. Ephrussi was first discovered Petite mutants in the \_\_\_\_ a) Arabidopsis thaliana b) Saccharomyces cerevisae E. coli c) d) Zea mays \_ is known as Bleeder disease or Royal disease. Hemophilia b) Colorblindness a) Hypertrichosis d) Night blindness C) Transformation naturally found in \_\_\_\_\_ a) E. coli b) \_\_ is known as fertility factor and actively involved in conjugation process of bacterial cells. 'Ti' plasmids b) 'F' plasmids a) pBR322 d) pUC18 c)

c)	D. pneumoniae	d)	M	
		is known as fartility factor an	d activ	

- \_ discovered the process of transduction in bacteria. 6)
  - a) A. Hershey and M. Chase
  - J. Lederberg and N. Zinder c)
- 7) Extranuclear genes are located on organelles like \_\_\_\_
  - lysosomes & chloroplast a)
  - b) lysosomes & plasmids Ribosomes & chloroplast d) mitochondria & chloroplast C)
- 8) In linkage mapping, the distance between two genes is measured in terms of
  - Centimorgan a)
  - Metre C)
- Answer the following questions briefly. (any four) Q.2
  - Define test cross. a)
  - What are X liked genes? b)
  - What is red and green colorblindness? c)
  - Define supplementary gene action. d)
  - Define co-dominance. e)
  - Define Complementation test. **f**)

Max. Marks: 40

**08** 

- Thermus aquaticus
- lycobacterium tuberculosis

b) J. Lederberg and E. Tatum

d) Avery, MacLeod and McCarthy

- B.Sc. (Biotechnology) (Semester III) (New) (CBCS)

Seat No.

Q.1

1)

2)

3)

4)

5)

Examination: March/April-2023 **GENETICS - I (BT301)** 

SLR-QC-37

- b) base pairs
- kilo base pairs d)

Q.3	Write a) b) c)	e notes on any two of the following. Describe mechanism of sex determination in animate with suitable examples. Describe process of conjugation in bacteria with neat labeled diagram. Explain process of physical and linkage gene mapping.	08
Q.4	, Writa a) b) c)	e notes on any two of the following. Write about types and significance of linkage. Describe law of independent assortment with suitable example. Describe Y linked inheritance with any two suitable examples.	08
Q.5	Ansv a) b)	wer any one of the following. Describe mechanism of cytoplasmic inheritance with any two suitable examples. Write process of specialized transduction in bacteria.	08

Seat No.

## B.Sc. (Biotechnology) (Semester - III) (New) (CBCS) Examination: March/April-2023 Genetics - II (BT302)

Day & Date: Tuesday, 04-07-2023 Time: 09:00 AM To 11:00 AM

Instructions: 1) All questions are compulsory.

- 2) Figures to the right indicate full marks.
- 3) Draw neat labeled diagrams and give equations wherever necessary.
- 4) Use of logarithmic table and calculator is allowed.

#### Choose the correct alternatives from the options. Q.1

- 1) SINES stand for \_\_\_\_\_.
  - a) Short interspersed Nuclear sequences
  - b) Small interspersed Nuclear sequences
  - c) Small interrelated Nuclear sequences
  - d) Short interrelated Nuclear sequences
- Polytenic structure of the polytene chromosome is caused by the process 2) of .
  - a) Mitosis
  - c) Meiosis d) Polyploidy
- 3) Transposable elements were first discovered by \_\_\_\_\_ in 1958.
  - a) Barbara McClintock b) H.J. Muller
  - c) T.H. Morgan d) G.J. Mendel
- 4) The individuals having one chromosome extra to diploid genome are called .
  - a) Nullisomv
  - c) Tetrasomy
- The "X" Chromosome is placed in \_\_\_\_\_ of the Human Karyotype Analysis. 5)
  - b) Group E a) Group B
  - c) Group C d) Group D

The proportion of different alleles of a gene present in a mendelian 6) population is \_\_\_\_\_.

- a) Gene pool
- c) Genotype Frequency
- 7) is considered as sex chromosomal disorder.
  - a) Nightblindness b) Thalassemia
  - c) Turner syndrome d) Down's syndrome

8) Traits show continuous variations are referred as

a) Genetic disorder

c) Qualitative traits

- b) phenotypic variations
- d) quantitative traits

b) Gene Frequency

d) Gemetic pool

- b) Trisomy
- d) Monosomy



SLR-QC-38

Max. Marks: 40

08

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Q.2	An a) b) c) d) e) f)	swer the following questions briefly. (Any Four) Define euchromatin. What mutagens? What is polyploidy? Define micro satellite DNA. Define Gene pool. Define mean.	08
Q.3	Wr a) b) c)	ite notes on any Two of the following. Describe multiple factor hypotheses with suitable example. Describe structure of X and Y chromosomes. Explain structural aberrations in chromosomes.	08
Q.4	Wr a) b) c)	ite notes on any Two of the following, Write about mechanism transposition of DNA transposons. Describe various factors affecting gene frequency in Mendelian population. Describe effect of the environment on quantitative traits.	08
Q.5	An a)	swers any One of the following. Describe numerical aberrations in chromosomes.	80

a) Describe numerical aberrations in chromosomes.b) Write process of meiosis with neat labeled diagram.

					• (-
Day Time	& Date : 09:0	e: We 0 AM	ednesday, 05-07-2023 I To 11:00 AM		
Instr	ructior	<b>1s:</b> 1 2 3	) All questions are compulsory. ) Figures to the right indicate fu ) Draw neat labelled diagrams	III mark must b	:s. e drawr
Q.1	Mult	iple (	Choice Questions.		
	1)	Wh a) c)	o developed the system of antis Robert Koch Joseph Lister	septic s b) d)	urgery Louis Elie M
	2)	Wh a) c)	o proposed five kingdom classi Ernst Haeckel R. H. Whittaker	fication b) d)	s? France Rober
	3)	Edv a) c)	vard Jenner introduced vaccina Small pox Cholera	tion ag b) d)	ainst Cow p Polio
	4)	Wh a) c)	ich of the following type of micr Yeast Helminth	oorgan b) d)	ism is p Virus Algae

5) Which of the following is acellular organism?

- Virus b) Bacterium a)
- Protozoa C) d) Fungus
- 6) The size and number of bacteria cells are increased in the \_\_\_\_\_.
  - Lag phase d) Stationary Phase C)
- A slippery outer covering in some bacteria that protects them from 7) phagocytosis by host cell is called as \_\_\_\_\_.
  - Cell wall a) b) Flagella
  - Peptidoglycan Capsule c) d)
- 8) Infectious protein is characteristics of \_
  - Satellite viruses b) Viroids a) d) Gemini viruses
  - prions c)

Exponential

a)

- Q.2 Answer the following questions briefly. (Any four)
  - Write in short contribution of Alexander Fleming and Elie Metchnikoff. 1)
  - Define Species, Strain and Taxa. 2)
  - 3) Define Viroids and Prions.
  - Write in short about Algae and give its examples. 4)
  - Give difference between Capsule and Slime layer. 5)
  - Write in short about Batch culture. 6)

B.Sc. (Biotechnology) (Semester - III) (New) (CBCS) Examination: March/April-2023 General Microbiology – I (BT303)

Seat No.

n wherever necessary.

## (

## ?

- Pasteur
  - etchnikoff
  - - esco Redi
    - rt Hooke
      - )OX

b) Acceleration

- photosynthetic?

Max. Marks: 40

**08** 

**08** 

Q.3	Writ 1) 2) 3)	te notes on any two of the following. Write note on Contribution of Louis Pasteur in Microbiology. Write note on Rule of Bacterial Nomenclature. Write in short Size shape and arrangement in bacteria.	08
Q.4	Ans 1) 2) 3)	wer any two of the following. Define bacterial Growth and Explain concept of Growth Curve. Explain structure and function of flagella. Give general characteristics of Archaebacteria.	08
Q.5	Ans 1) 2)	wer any one of the following. Explain difference between eukaryotic and Prokaryotic organisms. Explain classification of microorganisms on the basis of Carbon and Energy.	08

## Seat No. B.Sc. (Biotechnology) (Semester - III) (New) (CBCS) Examination: March/April-2023 General Microbiology - II (BT304)

Day & Date: Thursday, 06-07-2023 Time: 09:00 AM To 11:00 AM

Instructions: 1) All questions are compulsory. 2) Figures to the right indicates full marks. 3) Draw neat diagrams and give questions wherever necessary. Q.1 Multiple choice questions. 1)

- is the mordant used in Gram staining.
- Crystal violet Safranin a) b) Acid- alcohol d) lodine c)
- 2) For observation of stained bacteria \_\_\_\_\_ objective of compound microscope is used.
  - a) 4x b) 10x
  - 40x 100x c) d)
- 3) The dye eosinate of methylene blue belongs to which group?
  - Acidic dve Basic dve a) b)
  - Neutral dye Oxazine dye C) d)
- 4) Which of the following is used as a solidifying agent for media?
  - Beef extract Peptone b) a) Yeast extract
  - d) c) Agar
- 5) Production of acetoin is detected by \_ test.
  - Indol b) Methyl Red a) Voges Prauskaeur d) Citrate c)
- 6) Which of the following is a rich source of B vitamins? Peptone a)
  - Yeast extract b)
  - Beef extract d) Agar c)

7) In pour-plate method, the medium should be maintained at what temperature?

- 37 degree C b) 67 degree C a) C)
  - 45 degree C d) 0 degree C

8) Nichrome loop wire is used in which of the following techniques?

- Pour-plate a) b)
- Spread-plate Roll-tube technique c) d)

### Q.2 Answer the following questions briefly (any four)

- Write in short about objective and condenser of compound microscope. a)
- Define natural media and synthetic media with one example. b)
- Define lyophilisation and give its importance. C)
- Write in short about the negative staining. d)
- Explain starch hydrolysis test. e)
- Give difference between dye and stain. **f)**

Max. Marks: 40

**08** 

SLR-QC-40



Q.3	<ul> <li>Write notes on any two of the following.</li> <li>a) Explain principle and working of Compound microscope.</li> <li>b) Write note on various components of microbial media.</li> <li>c) Explain standard plate count of bacteria.</li> </ul>	08
Q.4	<ul> <li>Attempt any two of the following.</li> <li>a) Explain mechanism of simple staining.</li> <li>b) Explain IMViC test.</li> <li>c) Explain maintenance and preservation of pure culture.</li> </ul>	08
Q.5	<ul> <li>Answer any one of the following.</li> <li>a) Describe in detail about the different methods of isolation of bacteria.</li> <li>b) Explain mechanism of gram staining.</li> </ul>	08

Seat	
No.	

## B.Sc. (Biotechnology) (Semester - III) (New) (CBCS) Examination -March/April - 2023 Plant Biotechnology - I (BT305)

Day & Date: Friday, 07-07-2023 Time: 09:00 AM To 11:00 AM

Instructions: 1) All questions are compulsory.

- 2) Draw neat diagrams and give equations wherever necessary.
- 3) Figures to the right indicate full marks.

### Q.1 Fill in the blanks by choosing correct alternatives:

- The temperature of the autoclave for sterilization of glasswares is 1) maintained at \_\_\_\_\_ °C.
  - a) 37 b) 27
  - c) 121 d) 4
- is the development or improvement of cultivars using conservatives 2) tools for manipulating the plant genome within the natural genetic boundaries of the species.
  - a) Conevitional plant breeding c) Plant Development
- b) Plant Tissue Culture d) Plant Biotechnology
- Growing cells, tissues, plant organs, or whole plants in nutrient medium, 3) under aseptic conditions is called as
  - a) Contamination b) Culture
  - c) Storage d) Transport
- 4) Interference of microorganisms, which may inhibit the growth of cells or tissues in culture is called as \_\_\_\_\_.
  - a) Necrosis
  - c) Chlorosis
- Culture of embryos excised from immature or mature seeds is known as . 5) b) Callusing
  - a) Micropropagation
  - c) Embryo culture d) Sterilization
- An unorganized proliferatives mass of cells is known as \_\_\_\_\_. 6)
  - a) Organ b) Meristem
  - c) Shoot d) Callus
- \_ is the development of plants from male gemetophytes. 7)
  - a) Protoplast culture c) Micropropagation
- b) Androgenesis d) Callus culture

b) Plant Tissue Culture

- 8) is the technique of creating beneficial environmental conditions for plants or crops, along with automation.
  - a) Greenhouse Technology
  - d) Mushroom technology c) Algal culture

### Answer the following questions briefly (Any Four) Q.2

- What is sterilization? 1)
- 2) Which instruments are commonly used in Tissue Culture laboratory?
- What is embryo rescue? 3)

Max. Marks: 80

08



- b) Apoptosis
- d) Contamination

SLR-QC-41

	4) 5) 6)	Define anther culture. Differentiate between androgenesis and gynogenesis. What is thawing?	
Q.3	Wri	te notes on any two of the following.	08
	1)	Advantages and disadvantages of conventional plant breeding and plant tissue culture.	
	2)	Anther culture	
	3)	Types of Greenhouse Based on Shape.	
Q.4	Wri	te notes on two of the following.	08
	1)	Embryo Culture	
	2) 3)	Gynogenic Haploids	
Q.5	Ans	swer any one of the following.	08
	1)	Give a detailed account on cryopreservation.	
	2)	Discuss basic techniques in Plant Tissue Culture.	

Seat	
No.	

## B.Sc. (Biotechnology) (Semester - III) (New) (CBCS) Examination: March/April-2023 Plant Biotechnology – II (BT306)

Day & Date: Saturday, 08-07-2023 Time: 09:00 AM To 11:00 AM

a)

Instructions: 1) All questions are compulsory.

- 2) Figures to the right indicate full marks.
- 3) Draw neat diagrams and give equations wherever necessary.

b)

#### Q.1 Fill in the blanks by choosing correct alternatives:

- Crown gall disease in plants is caused due to infection of \_\_\_\_\_. 1)
  - Agrobacterium a)
    - TMV d) c)

2) Microprojectile bombardment is also called lipofection

b) electroporation

E. coli

Trichoderma

- C) biolistic d) Agroinfection
- 3) is a technique in which electrical treatment of cells induces transient pores, through which DNA is taken into the cell.
  - Electroporation lipofection b) a)
  - biolistic C) d) Agroinfection
- 4) Conversion of a substance into a product by an organism or an enzyme is called
  - Biodegradation b) a)
  - Bioaugmentation d) C)
- The synthesis of aromatic amino acids in plants occurs by \_\_\_\_\_ pathway. 5)
  - Chemical b) a) C) Endocytic
    - Complement Shikimate d)
- are products of plant metabolism that are not primarily related to 6) growth and reproduction; some of these are used as pharmaceuticals, dyes, pesticides etc.
  - a) Amino acids Secondary metabolites b)
  - c) Antibiotics d) Antibodies
- 7) \_ is the conversion of atmospheric nitrogen (N2) into ammonia and amino acids.
  - Shikimate pathway a) C)
    - Phytoremediation
- b) Nitrogen fixation d) **Biotransformation**
- 8) A fertile plant that carries an introduced gene(s) in its germ line is known as
  - a) Transgenic plant Wild plant

c)

- b) Elite plant
- Tissue cultured plant d)

08

Set

Max. Marks: 40

Biotransformation Bioleaching

Q.2	Ansv 1) 2) 3) 4) 5) 6)	wer the following questions briefly (any Four): Define microinjection. Explain virulence genes with an example. What are hairy roots? Define Biofertilizers. Explain characteristic features of Golden Rice. Define edible vaccines.	08
Q.3	Write 1) 2) 3)	e notes on any Two of the following. Bt cotton Single Cell Proteins Direct method of gene transfer - Particle bombardment	08
Q.4	Write 1) 2) 3)	e notes on any Two of the following. Plant cell culture for production of secondary metabolites. Biocontrol of phytopathogens. Crop improvement, productivity, performance and fortification of agricultural product - Bt brinjal.	08
Q.5	Ansv 1)	<b>wer any One of the following.</b> Explain Mechanism of DNA transfer in Agrobacterium mediated gene transfer.	08

2) Give a detailed account on Biofertilizers.

# B.Sc. (Biotechnology) (Semester - IV) (New) (CBCS) Examination: March/April-2023

Molecular Biology (PAPER - I) (BT401)

Day & Date: Monday, 19-06-2023

Time: 09:00 AM To 11:00 AM

**Instructions:** 1) All questions are compulsory. 2) Draw neat labeled diagrams and give equations wherever necessary. 3) Figures to right indicate full marks.

4) Use of logarithmic table and calculator is allowed.

#### Q.1 Multiple choice question.

- One helical turn of B-DNA comprises \_\_\_\_\_ 1) bp.
  - a) 10 11 b) d) 12 c) 9
- 2) Watson and Crick proposed double helical structure of DNA on the basis of images.
  - a) Radiographic
    - b) X-ray crystallographic d) Electron microscopic c) Fluorescent
- 3) termination codon is known as ochre.
  - a) UGA b) UAG
  - c) AUG d) UAA

4) removes of positive supercoils formed ahead of replication fork. a) DNA primase b) Topoisomerases

- \_ act as replicase in prokaryotic DNA replication. 5)
  - a) DNA Polymerase I

c) DNA helicase

- c) DNA Polymerase III d) DNA Polymerase IV
- 6) Mitochondrial DNA is replicated by \_\_\_\_
  - a) DNA Polymerase  $\alpha$ b) DNA Polymerase β
  - d) DNA Polymerase  $\delta$ c) DNA Polymerase  $\gamma$
- 7) Xeroderma pigmentosum patients have defective \_\_\_\_\_ pathway. b) NER
  - a) BER
  - c) Mismatch repair d) SOS repair
- \_ enzyme removes thymine dimers in photoreactivation repair 8) pathway.
  - a) DNA Glycosylase c) DNA methylase
    - b) Photolyase
      - d) FEN1 endonuclease

d) FEN1 endonuclease

b) DNA Polymerase II

**08** 

Max. Marks: 40

SLR-QC-43

## Seat No.

		SLR-Q	<b>C-43</b>
Q.2	<ul> <li>Answer any for</li> <li>a) Define nu</li> <li>b) Define DN</li> <li>c) What are</li> <li>d) Enlist DN</li> <li>e) Define ho</li> <li>f) Write a no</li> </ul>	our of the following. Icleoside. NA topology. RNA primers? A polymerases in prokaryotes. Imologous recombination. Inte on replisome.	08
Q.3	<ul><li>Write short no</li><li>a) Describe</li><li>b) Describe</li><li>c) Explain o</li></ul>	otes on any two of the following. Watson and Crick model of DNA. structure of tRNA. rganization of DNA in viruses.	08
Q.4	<ul><li>Answer any to</li><li>a) Explain d</li><li>b) Give prop</li><li>c) Rolling circle</li></ul>	<b>wo of the following.</b> ifferent types of DNA damage with suitable examples. perties of genetic code. rcle model of DNA replication.	08
Q.5	Answer any o a) Explain m	ne of the following. The chanism of DNA replication in eukaryotes.	08

**b)** Describe mechanism of BER and NER pathway with neat labeled diagram.

03.0						
<ul> <li>ictions: 1) All questions are compulsory.</li> <li>2) Draw neat diagrams and give equations wherever necessary.</li> <li>3) Figures to the right indicate full marks.</li> </ul>						
Rew 1)	rite t The a)	he following sentences by choo splice site is found in 3' end of exon	b)	g the correct alternative: Within the exon		
2)	In both prokaryotic and eukaryotic cells, the synthesis of protein chains is initiated with					
2)	c)	Methionine	d)	Serine		
5)	is _ a) c)	 Poly G Poly C	b) d)	Poly T Poly A		
4)	a) c)	increases gene expression as TATA box Enhancer	muc b) d)	ch as 200-fold. CAAT box Insulator		
5)	prot a) c)	components of the splicosome ein. U4 U2	b) d)	chinery is recruited by the SR U2AF U6		
6)	ln e a) c)	ukaryotes and bacteria, the most translation control promoter control	com b) d)	mon form of regulation is repressor control transcriptional control		
7)	The a) c)	"S" in the 80S ribosomes stands Svedberg's units Sedimentation coefficient	for _ b) d)	Sulphur-labeled Supersonic		
8)	TFII a) c)	D is a rRNA protein complex	b) d)	endonuclease ribonuclease		
Ansv a) b) c) d)	<ul> <li>Answer Any four of the following:</li> <li>a) Alternative Splicing</li> <li>b) Transcription Factors</li> <li>c) Promotors and Enhancers</li> <li>d) Draw Structure of Ribosome</li> </ul>					

Q.1

B.Sc. (Biotechnology) (Semester - IV) (New) (CBCS) Examination: March/April-2023 Molecular Biology (Paper - II) (BT402)

Day & Date: Tuesday, 20-06-2023 Time: 09:00 AM To 11:00 AM

Instructions

Seat No.

SLR-QC-44

Max. Marks: 40

**08** 



- а
- С
- Т 8)
  - а
  - С
- Q.2 Answe
  - a) AI
  - b) Τr
  - P c)
  - d) D
  - **Fidelity of Translation** e)
  - Amino Acyl t-RNA Synthetases **f**)

#### Write short notes on any two of the following. Q.3 **08** Write a detail note on Post translational modifications. a) Add a note on Trp operon. b) Discuss in detail about mRNA transport. c) Q.4 Answer any two of the following. Define Operon and add a note on Lac operon. a) Write a note on Translation in prokaryotes. b) Add a note on Auxin Signal Transduction and Regulation. C) Answer any One of the following. Q.5 Define Transcription and add a detailed note on Eukaryotic transcription. a) b) What is spliceosome machinery and explain splicing pathway?

80

Max. Marks: 40

Seat	
No.	

### B.Sc. (Biotechnology) (Semester - IV) (New) (CBCS) Examination: March/April-2023 Immunology (Paper - I) (BT403)

Day & Date: Wednesday, 21-06-2023 Time: 09:00 AM To 11:00 AM

### **Instructions:** 1) All questions are compulsory.

- 2) Draw neat diagrams and give equations wherever necessary.
- 3) Figures to the right indicate full marks.
- 4) Use of logarithmic table and calculator is allowed.

### Q.1 Fill in the blanks by choosing correct alternatives.

- 1) Host defenses that are mediated by B cells and T cells following exposure to antigen known as \_\_\_\_\_.
  - a) Adaptive immunity
- b) Native immunity
- c) Innate immunity d) MALT
- Any cell that can process and present antigenic peptides in association with class II MHC molecules called as \_\_\_\_\_.
  - a) Immunity b) Antigen
  - c) Hapten d) Antigen Presenting Cell
- **3)** Any substance (usually foreign) that binds specifically to an antibody or a T-cell receptor, known as \_\_\_\_\_.
  - a) Immunoglobulin
  - c) B cell receptor d) Antibody
- 4) \_\_\_\_\_ is a primary lymphoid organ, in the thoracic cavity, where T-cell maturation takes place.
  - a) Bone marrow
  - c) Spleen

b) Myeloid progenitord) Thymus

b) Antigen

- 5) \_\_\_\_\_ is a small secondary lymphoid organ that contains lymphocytes, macrophages, and dendritic cells and serves as a site for filtration of foreign antigen and for activation and proliferation of lymphocytes.
  - a) Thymus b) Bone marrow
  - c) Spleen d) Lymph node
- 6) \_\_\_\_\_ is a group of genes encoding cell-surface molecules that are required for antigen presentation to T cells and for rapid graft rejection.
  - a) Immunogen b) Epitope
  - c) Hapten d) MHC
- 7) \_\_\_\_\_ are low-molecular-weight proteins that regulate the intensity and duration of the immune response by exerting a variety of effects on lymphocytes and other immune cells that express the appropriate cytokine receptor.
  - a) Cytokinesc) Complement
- b) MHC
- d) Immunoglobulin

	8)	is an effector T cell (usually CD8) that can mediate the lysis of target cells bearing antigenic peptides complexed with a class I MHC melocule			
		a) Helper T cells c) Macrophages d) B cells	locytes		
Q.2	Ans a) b) c) d) e) f)	swer the following questions briefly. (any four) Define hematopoiesis. Write in brief about Macrophage. Define innate immunity. What are complement proteins? What is an immunoglobulin? Explain adjuvant.	08		
Q.3	Wri a) b) c)	<b>ite notes on any two of the following.</b> Mucus membrane Natural Killer Cells Properties of cytokines	08		
Q.4	Wri a) b) c)	<b>ite notes on any two of the following.</b> Programmed Cell Death Immunogenicity Basic structure of an immunoglobulin	08		
Q.5	Ans a) b)	swer any one of the following. Explain in detail - structure and functions of class I MHC mole Give a detailed account on structure and functions of spleen.	08 ecule.		

Seat	
No.	

## B.Sc. (Biotechnology) (Semester - IV) (New) (CBCS) Examination: March/April-2023 Immunology (Paper - II) (BT404)

Day & Date: Thursday, 22-06-2023

Time: 09:00 AM To 11:00 AM

Instructions: 1) All questions are compulsory.

- 2) Draw neat diagrams and give equations wherever necessary.
- 3) Figures to the right indicate full marks.
- 4) Use of logarithmic table and calculator is allowed.

#### Q.1 Choose the correct alternative from the option.

- is a disease caused by HIV that is marked by significant depletion of 1) CD4+ T cells and that results in increased susceptibility to a variety of opportunistic infections and cancers.
  - a) SCID b) AIDS
  - c) Corona d) Monkey pox
- 2) \_ is an immediate type I hypersensitivity reaction, which is triggered by IgE-mediated mast cell degranulation.
  - a) Anaphylaxis b) Prophylaxis
  - SLE c) d) RA
- \_\_\_\_ is an abnormal immune response against self antigens. 3) b) Native immunity
  - a) Innate immunity
    - Acquired immunity d) Autoimmunity C)
- 4) \_ is an antibody that aggregates a soluble antigen, forming a macromolecular complex that yields a visible precipitate.
  - Precipitin b) Epitope a) C)
    - Antigenic determinant Immunogen d)
- 5) Maturation of B-lymphocytes occurs in \_ a)
  - Bone marrow Thymus b)
  - c) GI tract d) Lymph node
- 6) \_ is an antibody class that serves importantly as a receptor on naive B cells. b) IgB
  - a) IgA
  - lgC d) IgD C)
- 7) assay uses of an enzyme-linked antibody and a substrate for quantitating either antibody or antigen.
  - ELISA a) Immunofluorescence b) c) Radioimmunoassay d) Immunodiffusion
- 8) Exaggerated immune response that causes damage to the individual is termed as b) Tolerance
  - a) Autoimmunity
  - c) Hypersensitivity d) Hypertension

Max. Marks: 40

Q.2	Ans <sup>r</sup> a) b) c) d) e) f)	wer the following questions briefly. (any four) What is thymus-dependent antigen? By which pathway is Exogenous antigen processed? Define autoimmunity. Differentiate between active and passive immunization. What is radioimmunoassay? Explain in brief any two Nonspecific immunity to Bacteria.	08
Q.3	Writ a) b) c)	<b>e notes on any two of the following.</b> Primary and secondary immune response T cell – maturation Hemolytic autoimmunity	08
Q.4	Writ a) b) c)	e notes on any two of the following. Live attenuated vaccine. Principles of antigen-antibody interaction Nonspecific immunity to virus.	08
Q.5	Ans <sup>,</sup> a) b)	<b>wer any one of the following.</b> Give a detailed account on ELISA. Explain in detail Processing of Exogenous Antigens - The Endocytic Pathway.	08

Seat No.						Set	Ρ
		B.Sc. (Biote I Anima	echnology) (Seme Examination: Mar al Biotechnology	este ch// (Pa	er - IV) (New) (CBCS) April-2023 per - I) (BT405)	)	
Day 8 Time:	Date 09:00	: Friday, 23-06-2 ) AM To 11:00 A	2023 M		Ν	lax. Marks	: 40
Instru	uction	s: 1) All question 2) Figures to 3) Draw neat	ns are compulsory. the right indicate full r diagrams and give ec	nark Juati	s. ons wherever necessary		
Q.1	Choc 1)	se the correct a Spaces In Betw a) Extra cellu	alternative from the green Cells, Filled With lar Matrix	give	n option.  Serum Muscles		08
	2)	<ul> <li>Ca<sup>2+</sup> Dependen</li> <li>a) Collagen</li> <li>c) Cytoskelet</li> </ul>	t Cell -Cell Adhesion i on	nole b) d)	cule is Cadherins Actin		
	3)	A colorimetric a dye. a) CTT c) MTT	ssay for viable cells h	as b b) d)	een developed by using GTT None of these		
	4)	Embryonic stem a) Pluripotent c) Oligopoten	n cell isolated from bla t it	stula b) d)	a are Multipotent Totipotent		
	5)	Primary cell cult a) Secondary c) Cryoprese	ture is established from cell culture rved cell line	m b) d)	Cell line Excised Tissue		
	6)	The technique in is called a) <i>In vivo</i> fertico c) Embryo tra	n which fertilization ca ilization ansfer	b) d)	d, outside of the mammal <i>In vitro</i> fertilization <i>Ex vivo</i> fertilization	ian body	
	7)	The Retro viral l animals. a) Transgenic c) Knockout	Mediated Gene Trans	fer i b) d)	s responsible to develop Totipotent Chimeric		
	8)	The is a ensuring the sat (LMOs). a) Environme b) GLP protoc c) Cartagena d) Institution I	legally binding global fe transfer, handling a ent release protocol col Protocol on Biosafety level protocol	protend u	ocol that seeks to contrib se of living modified orga	ute to anisms	

-

Q.2	Ans	wer the any four of the following.	80
	a)	Animal cell culture	
	b)	Cell line	
	C)	Adult stem cells	
	d)	In vitro Fertilization	
	e)		
	t)	Iransgenesis	
Q.3	Wri	te short note on any two of the following.	08
	a)	Add a note on establishment of primary cell culture.	
	b)	Write about Genetical manipulation of animal by recombinant retroviral	
		method.	
	c)	Add a note on Embryonic stem cells.	
Q.4	Ans	wer any two of the following.	08
	a)	Explain role of embryo transfer techniques in conservation biology.	
	b)	Describe Genetical manipulation of animal by Pronuclear microinjection	
		method.	
	c)	Write about Cell-Cell Adhesion molecule.	
Q.5	Ans	wer any one of the following.	08
	a)	Describe In vitro Fertilization.	
	h)	Explain use of genetical modified organism and their release in environment	

**b)** Explain use of genetical modified organism and their release in environment.

**08** 

## Set No.

## B.Sc. (Biotechnology) (Semester - IV) (New) (CBCS) Examination: March/April-2023 Animal Biotechnology (PAPER-II) (BT406)

Day & Date: Saturday, 01-07-2023 Time: 09:00 AM To 11:00 AM

Instructions: 1) All questions are compulsory.

- 2) Figures to the right indicate full marks.
- 3) Draw neat and labeled diagrams.

### Q.1 **Multiple Choice Questions.**

a)

- Animals that have had their DNA manipulated to possess and express an 1) extra (foreign) gene are known as
  - b) transgenic animals a)
  - animals C) infected animals d) Bt animals

### Theileriosis is a disease caused by a species of Theileria which is \_\_\_\_\_. 2)

- Nerve borne parasite a)
- A blood borne parasite c)
- 3) disease is called as Transboundary animal disease (TAD). Theileriosis
  - Foot and Mouth b) Bird flu

d)

- Bacterial d) C)
- 4) 95% transgenic animals are \_\_\_\_ b) sheep a)
  - rabbits mice C) pigs d)
- is inventor of gene therapy. 5)
  - French Anderson a) b) G. Mendel
  - C) Morgan d) Robertson
- cell line is used for the production of polio vaccine. 6)
  - Liver cell line Embryonic cell line b) a)
  - Primate kidney cell line d) Endothelial cell line C)
- Monoclonal antibody technology is also known as \_\_\_\_\_. 7)
  - Fusion technology a)
  - Antigen- antibody reaction technology b)
  - Myeloma technology c)
  - d) Hybridoma technology
- is the first transgenic cow. 8)
  - a) Dolly b) Rosie
  - Rubi d) Noori C)

### Answer the any four of the following. Q.2

- Vectors in gene therapy 1)
- 2) Gene therapy
- Monoclonal antibodies 3)
- **Bioethics** 4)
- Cell culture 5)
- 6) Cloning

80

Max. Marks: 40

SLR-QC-48

Skin parasite

b) Digestive system parasite

Q.3	Write short note on any two of the following.				
	1)	Add a note on Transgenic Sheep.			
	2)	Explain importance of biotechnology in Foot and mouth disease.			
	3)	Add a note on pharmaceutical products produced from mammalian cells.			
Q.4	Ans	swer any two of the following.			

- 1) Add a note on Transgenic Bird.
- 2) Write about Bioethics related with use of animals for research and testing.
- 3) Explain importance of biotechnology in Trypanosomiasis.

## Q.5 Answer any one of the following.

- 1) Explain in detail about transgenic mice model for tacking human disease.
- 2) Describe Use of gene therapy to prevent, treat or cure disease.

80

	B.Sc	:. (Bi	otechnology) (Semester - ' March/Apri ENGLIS	V) (I I-20	New) (CBCS) Examination:	
			Business Englis	sh (	BT501)	
Day a Time	& Date : 03:00	e: Sur 0 PM	nday, 02-07-2023 To 05:00 PM	511 (	Max. Marks	: 40
Instr	uctior	<b>is:</b> 1) 2)	All questions are compulsory. Figures to the right indicate full r	nark	S.	
Q.1	Rewi giver 1)	rite th n opt Wha a) c)	<b>he sentence by filling the blank</b> <b>ions.</b> at did Jim sell to buy a gift for Dell His old house Wedding ring	<b>s wi</b> a? b) d)	th the correct answer from the His motorbike Heirloom watch	08
	2)	Wha a) c)	at did Phatik lose? Cycle School text book	b) d)	Pocket Shoes	
	3)	The a) c)	story 'The Homecoming' ends wi Phatik's death from illness Phatik's birth in the hospital	th b) d)	Phatik's death in an accident Phatik's arriving to his village	
	4)	Wha a) c)	at did the poet in 'The Solitary Rea The beauty of the Tiger The girl's song	aper b) d)	' carry in his heart? The boy's beauty The necklace	
	5)	Who a) c)	o snatched the Queen's mirror in ' Her son The King	The b) d)	Queen's Rival'? Her daughter The father	
	6)	Wha a) c)	at did the schoolmaster in the poe Religious books Learning	m 'T b) d)	he Village Schoolmaster' love? Debate Gossiping	
	7)	The a) c)	gate by the watchman. had opened opened	b) d)	was opened has opened	
	8)	lt is a) c)	not easythe meeting. to get rid off to send off	b) d)	to tie up to call off	
Q.2	Write 1) 2) 3) 4)	e ans Why How Desc Why	wer in short. (Any 4 out of 6) was Della sad in the beginning of did Phatik feel arriving at the unc ribe the Reaper in the poem 'The is the Queen unsatisfied in 'The (	the le's l Soli Quee	story 'The Gift of the Magi'? house? itary Reaper'. en's Rival'?	12

- Describe the character of Schoolmaster in the poem 'The Village **5**) Schoolmaster'.
- Where did Della go to buy Jim's gift? 6)

Seat No.

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Seat No.			Set	Ρ
	B.Sc	c. (Biotechnology) (Semester - V) (New) (CBCS) Examina March/April-2023 Bioprocess Technology (BT502)	ation:	
Day 8 Time:	& Date 03:00	e: Monday, 03-07-2023 Ma 0 PM To 06:00 PM	x. Marks	: 80
Instru	uction	<ul><li>ns: 1) All questions are compulsory.</li><li>2) Figures to right indicate full marks.</li></ul>		
Q.1	A) 1)	<ul> <li>Multiple choice questions.</li> <li>Sparger in stirred tank bioreactor helps in</li> <li>a) Better sterility</li> <li>b) Measuring temperature of medium</li> <li>c) Proper mixing of medium</li> <li>d) Proper gas distribution</li> </ul>		10
	2)	The term biomass most often refers toa) Inorganic matterb) Organic matterc) Chemicalsd) Ammonium compounds		
	3)	The Continuous culture is a/an culture system.a) Openb) Closedc) Isolatedd) Semi-closed		
	4)	Which Growth phase is usually longer in continuous culture? a) Log b) Exponential c) Stationary d) Death		
	5)	A common filter medium is the cloth filter generally made ofa) canvasb) synthetic fabricsc) metal or glass fiberd) all of these		
	6)	<ul> <li>What are primary metabolites?</li> <li>a) Synthesized during primary phase of cell growth</li> <li>b) Synthesized during secondary phase of cell growth</li> <li>c) Synthesized during death phase of cell growth</li> <li>d) Synthesized during growth phase of cell</li> </ul>		
	7)	Which of the following is an upstream process?a) Product recoveryb) Product purificationc) Media formulationd) Cell lysis		
	8)	Which of the following is not a product of fermentation? a) Oxygen b) Carbon dioxide c) Ethanol d) Lactate		
	9)	Anaerobic respiration by yeast produces a) CO2 b) Wine and Beer c) Alcohol d) All of the above		

Page **1** of **2** 

	10)	The physical and chemical methods are the type of which of the following treatment?	
		a) Quaternary b) Primary	
		c) Secondary d) Tertiary	
	B)	Answer in One sentence.	06
		<ol> <li>What is Chronological study.</li> <li>Give one example of microbial biomass.</li> <li>What is Inoculum media?</li> <li>Give one example of single cell protein.</li> <li>Mention any one use of recombinant technology in fermentation.</li> <li>What is downstream processing.</li> </ol>	
Q.2	Solv	ve any eight of the following.	16
	1)	With suitable example explain what is bioreactor?	
	2) 3)	What is growth kinetics?	
	4)	What is fermentation media?	
	5)	Name any two-purification technique used in bioprocess technology.	
	6) 7)	What is transformation?	
	8)	What is effluent; give any one example of industrial effluent?	
	9)	Write any two use of lactic acid.	
	10)	Draw a neat labeled diagram of bubble column reactor.	
Q.3	A)	<ul> <li>Attempt any Two of the following.</li> <li>1) Discuss in detail about design and operation of airlift bioreactor.</li> <li>2) Explain about types of microbial culture.</li> <li>3) Explain in detail about ethanol production.</li> </ul>	10
	B)	Attempt the following.	06
		<ol> <li>Add a short note on basic principle components of fermenter.</li> <li>Add a note on downstream processing.</li> </ol>	
Q.4	A)	Attempt any two of the following.	08
		<ol> <li>Discuss in detail about principle of upstream processing.</li> <li>Events in detail about principle of upstream processing.</li> </ol>	
		<ul> <li>2) Explain in detail about amylase production.</li> <li>3) Add a brief note on sterilization of media.</li> </ul>	
	B)	Attempt the following	08
	-,	Describe the use of Computer application in fermentation process control.	
Q.5	Atte	empt any two of the following.	16
	a)	Discuss the construction of photo bioreactor and their application in production processes?	
	b)	Discuss in detail about batch culture with mathematical expression.	
	c)	Describe the role of inoculum and fermentation media in bioprocess technology with suitable example.	

Seat No.

### B.Sc. (Biotechnology) (Semester - V) (New) (CBCS) Examination: March/April-2023 Recombinant DNA Technology (BT503)

Day & Date: Tuesday, 04-07-2023 Time: 03:00 PM To 06:00 PM

#### **Instructions:** 1) All questions are compulsory. 2) Figures to the right indicate full marks. 3) Draw neat labelled diagrams wherever necessary. Q.1 A) Choose the correct alternatives from the options. In the restriction endonuclease *Eco*RI, letter R is used for \_\_\_\_\_ 1) b) strain a) restriction endonuclease c) order of identification genus or species of organism d) Thymidine kinase is a \_\_\_\_\_ enzyme. 2) a) decarboxyl b) polymerase c) phosphotransferase d) dehydrating Cosmids are plasmids that incorporate a segment of DNA. 3) a) bacteriophage $\sigma$ b) bacteriophage $\beta$ c) bacteriophage $\mu$ d) bacteriophage $\lambda$ At the University of California cloning vendor are created. 4) b) pUC a) pBR d) pRB c) pMB DNA as well as RNA are normally visualized from agarose gel by 5) staining with a) ethidium bromide b) methyline blue c) methyl red d) malachite green is the genetically engineered insulin. 6) H-insulin b) Rumulin a) c) Humulin d) R-insulin In the colony hybridization technique, colonies from the master 7) plate are initially transferred to \_\_\_\_\_ a) nitrocellulose filter paper b) agarose gel c) SDS gel d) Replica plate Polymerase used for PCR is extracted from 8) a) Escherichia coli b) Homo sapiens Saccharomyces cerevisiae Thermus aquaticus C) d)

Set F

Max. Marks: 80

SLR-QC-51

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		<ul> <li>9) The chain termination PCR is used for DNA sequencing method.</li> <li>a) Maxam-Gilbert</li> <li>b) Sanger</li> <li>c) Edmans</li> <li>d) Pasteur</li> </ul>	
		<ul> <li>10) has discovered the method of site directed mutagenesis.</li> <li>a) Bostein Shortle</li> <li>b) Craik</li> <li>c) Grait</li> <li>d) Joller Smith</li> </ul>	
	В)	<ul> <li>Fill in the blanks with suitable answer.</li> <li>1) DNA polymerase enzyme is required for</li> <li>2) In the cloning vector pBR, letter p stands for</li> <li>3) Proteins are blotted using the blotting technique.</li> <li>4) The PCR technique was developed by</li> <li>5) Colony hybridization is a method of bacterial colonies with desired genes.</li> <li>6) Creation of mutant proteins with novel properties is called</li> </ul>	06
Q.2	Ans <sup>r</sup> a) b) c) d) e) f) g) h) i) j)	wer the followings (Any Eight): What is ligase? What is shuttle vector? What is transduction? What is immunological screening? What is reverse transcription? What is mutation? What is senescence? What is chimeric protein? What is probe? What is bioreactor?	16
Q.3	A)	<ul> <li>Answer the following. (Any two):</li> <li>1) Explain in brief various enzymes used in rDNA technology with example.</li> <li>2) Write in brief any two DNA transfer techniques.</li> <li>3) Describe in brief principle and applications of Polymerase chain reaction.</li> </ul>	10
	B)	Write short note on Site directed mutagenesis.	06
Q.4	A)	<ul> <li>Answer the following. (Any two):</li> <li>1) Write in short genetic engineering of vaccines.</li> <li>2) Describe in brief Gene shuffling.</li> <li>3) Explain yeast vectors.</li> </ul>	08
	B)	Explain in detail molecular markers.	08

### Q.5 Answer the following. (Any two):

- a) Describe in detail any two vectors used in rDNA technology with example.
- b) Explain in detail any two Screening methods for selection of recombinants.
- c) Write in detail on any one method of DNA sequencing.

**Bioinformatics (BT504)** Max. Marks: 80 Day & Date: Wednesday, 05-07-2023 Time: 03:00 PM To 06:00 PM Instructions: 1) All questions are compulsory. 2) Figures to the right indicate full marks. Draw neat and labeled diagrams wherever necessary. Rewrite the following sentences by using correct alternative. 10 The protein sequence database is GenBank b) ENA a) PMC d) NRL-3D C) The structural database of nucleic acid is NRL-3D PDB a) b) c) GenBank d) NDB \_\_\_ alignment. Needleman-Wunsch algorithm is used for \_\_\_\_\_ a) Global b) Local Pairwise d) Multiple c) MMDB is a database contains 3D structures of Proteins a) b) DNA RNA Proteins, RNA, and DNA C) d) is not a component of Bioinformatics. a) Development of algorithms b) Creation of databases c) Use of tools for the analysis and interpretation DNA/RNA/Protein d) DNA sequencing and structure elucidation DDBJ was established in \_\_\_\_. 1988 b) 1990 a) C) 1982 d) 1979 \_ is a sequence submission tool in EMBL database. a) Banklt b) Webin Sequin SAKURA c) d) \_ is a structure database. **MIPSx** a) NRDB b) OWL CATH c) d)

> Margaret Dayhoff and co-workers Developed 9) \_\_\_\_ scoring Matrices. PAM b)

> > ENSEMBL

BLOSUM a) MAP d) C)

10) dendrogram is used to study the evolutionary time line.

Cardiogram Cladogram b) a) A guide tree d) Phylogram C)

## Set No.

Q.1

A)

1)

2)

3)

4)

5)

6)

7)

8)

B.Sc. (Biotechnology) (Semester - V) (New) (CBCS) Examination: March/April-2023

06

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16

### B) Definition.

- 1) Genscan
  - 2) Boolean operators
  - 3) Phylip
  - 4) Accession Number
- 5) FASTA
- 6) Consensus sequence

### Q.2 Solve any eight of the following.

- a) What is Algorithms? Explain Needleman-Wunsch algorithm.
- **b)** Describe the Scope and applications of bioinformatic.
- c) What is ENTREZ? Mention its applications in Bioinformatics.
- d) Describe PubMed and PubMed Central in brief.
- e) What are alignments? Mention its significance in sequence analysis.
- f) What is Maximum Likelihood? Mention its importance in phylogenetic analysis.
- g) What is GRAVY? Mention its significance.
- **h**) What is Pfam? Write its importance in protein classification.
- i) What is INSDC? Describe its collaborators.
- j) What is NBRF? Mention its role.

#### Q.3 A) Attempt any two of the following. 10 Write a note on Ensembl Genomic database. 1) Write a note on Bibliographic databases -PubMed and, PubMed central. 2) Write a note on Global and Local alignments. 3) **B)** Write a short note on protein secondary structure prediction. 06 Q.4 A) Attempt any Two of the following. **08** Write a note on NCBI and ENTREZ. 1) Describe structure classification databases. 2) Explain multiple alignments tools and applications. 3)

B) Describe Primary Protein sequence databases.

## Q.5 Attempt any Two of the following.

- a) What is database? Explain the principle nucleic acid sequence database.
- **b)** What is phylogeny? Explain the construction of phylogenetic tree using MEGA with parts of phylogeny.
- c) What is homology? Explain the steps involved in homology modeling of protein using SwissModel.

Seat No.

## B.Sc. (Biotechnology) (Sem - V) (New) (CBCS) Examination: March/April-2023

Intellectual Property Rights (BT505)

Day & Date: Thursday, 06-07-2023 Time: 03:00 PM To 06:00 PM

### Instructions :1) All questions are compulsory.

- 2) Draw neat labelled diagrams wherever necessary.
- 3) Figures to right indicate full marks.

#### Q.1 Multiple choice questions. A)

- In IPR means the invention shall not be apparent to a person 1) ordinarily skilled in the field relating to the invention.
  - a) Novelty

c) Nonobviousness

- b) Commercial value d) **Obviousness**
- In IPR, \_\_\_\_\_ is a first requirement for a patent claim to be patentable. 2)
  - a) Patents b) Copyright
  - c) Trademarks d) Novelty
- is adopted in Geneva, Switzerland, in 1952 for protection of 3) copyrights.
  - a) Universal Copyright Convention
  - b) Patent Co-operation Treaty
  - c) TRIPS Agreement
  - d) Intellectual Property Rights: Paris Convention
- of the following is not a type of patenting. 4)
  - a) Utility Patent **Design Patent** b)
  - c) Plant Patent d) Water
- \_\_\_\_ is the action of breaking the terms of a law, agreement, etc. 5)
  - a) File b) Withdraw
  - d) Surrender c) Infringement

6) \_\_\_\_ is a type of intellectual property consisting of a recognizable sign, design, or expression that identifies products or services from a particular source and distinguishes them from others.

- a) Copyright b) Trademark
- c) Trade secrets d) Geographical indications
- \_ is a sign used on products that have a specific geographical 7) origin and possess qualities or a reputation that are due to that origin.
  - a) Copyright b) Trademark
  - c) Trade secrets d) Geographical indications

consist of the customary rights of farmers to save, use, exchange 8) and sell farm-saved seed and propagating material. a) Farmers' Rights

- b) **Constitutional Rights**
- c) Public offense Sportsmen's rights d)

Max. Marks: 80

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- 9)
- Full form of WIPO \_\_\_\_\_.a) World International Plant Organization

  - b) Wild Indian Predators Occupancy
    c) World Health Organization
    d) World Intellectual Property Organization

		<ul> <li>10) patent is a form of utility patent that covers methods of changing the functionality or characteristics of a material during a particular use.</li> <li>a) Process</li> <li>b) Product</li> <li>c) Patentability criteria</li> <li>d) Pharmaceutical product</li> </ul>	
	B)	<ul> <li>Write the definition of the following.</li> <li>1) Copyright</li> <li>2) Patent</li> <li>3) Intellectual Property Rights</li> <li>4) Trade secrets</li> <li>5) Product patent</li> <li>6) Design patent</li> </ul>	06
Q.2	Solv a) b) c) d) e) f) g) h) i) j)	e any Eight of the following. Write advantages and disadvantages of PBR. What is the TRIPS Agreement, 1994? Explain the trademark with an example. What is GI tagging? Which are non-patentable inventions? What do you mean by PBR? What is Surrender in IPR? What is Revocation of IPR? Explain Berne Convention 1886. Explain the Patentability criteria.	16
Q.3	a)	<ul> <li>Attempt any Two of the following.</li> <li>1) Discuss advantages and disadvantages of IPR.</li> <li>2) Explain Rights of patentee.</li> <li>3) Write about the Patent Co-operation Treaty, 1970.</li> </ul>	10
	b)	Write a short note on Farmers' rights and Discuss procedure for its registration.	06
Q.4	a)	<ul> <li>Attempt any Two of the following.</li> <li>1) Grounds for opposition Working of Patents.</li> <li>2) Procedure for granting a patent and obtaining patents in India.</li> <li>3) Plant variety protection in India.</li> </ul>	08
	b)	Write in detail on Types of patenting.	80
Q.5	Atte a) b)	<b>mpt any Two of the following.</b> Discuss IPRs Policy, Novelty, Utility Inventiveness / Non-obviousness. Discuss Genesis and development - IPR abroad and add a note on TRIPS Agreement, 1994.	16
	c	Discuss Pharmaceutical product and process patent	

c) Discuss Pharmaceutical product and process patent.
	ENGLI	SH	23	
	Literary Mindscap	es –	I (BT601)	
e: Mo D PM	nday, 19-06-2023 To 05:00 PM		Max.	Marks: 40
18:1) 2) 3)	All questions are compulsory. All questions carry equal marks. Figures to the right indicate full m	narks.		
ose t ence	he correct word /Phrase from tl	ne giv	ven options and complete t	the 08
AKS	twopty six	n pris	on for years.	
a) c)		(a (b	thirty two	
0)	Oviale was a set of the devite the	u)		
ivirs	. QUICK Was associated with the _		Old ago Homo	
a) C)	Orphanage	d)	Rotary Club	
0)	is not a dream says John Keat	u) ts in th	ne noem 'Ode to Blindness'	
a)	illusions	b)	ambition	
c)	life	d)	goal	
'My	Last Duchess' is based on histori	cal e	vents involving the	
a)	Duke of Ferrara	b)	Duke of Syberia	
c)	Robert Browning	d)	Ezra Pound	
	was found by Robert which wa	as left	by his wife.	
a)	money	b)	note	
C)	ticket	a)	wallet	_
The	of nature helps in strength	nening	the bond between nature a	nd
a)	cruelty	b)	areenerv	
c)	beauty	d)	ugliness	
The	little lamb followed Mary everywh	nere. (	(Choose the type of adverb)	
a)	adverb of time	b)	adverb of manner	
c)	adverb of place	d)	adverb of frequency	
He	said to her, "What a Cold day!"			
a)	He told her that it was a Cold da	y.		
b)	He exclaimed that it was a Cold	day.		
C)	He exclaimed Sorrfully that it wa	is a C	old day.	

d) He claimed that it was a very Cold day.

#### Write answers in short (Any Four) Q.2

8)

- 1) What did Robert Quick expect from his daughter's after returning from the business trip?
- 2) What did Makar Semyonich want from Aksionov?
- 3) Why the mother feels sad while narrating the story of Sita?

Seat No.

# B.Sc. (Biotechnology) (Semester - VI) (New) (CBCS) Examination: March/April-2023

Day & Date Time: 03:00

Instruction

- Q.1 Choo sente 1)

#### 2)

- 3)
- 4)
- 5)
- 6)

7)

12

SLR-QC-54

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- 4) What are the things of beauty mentioned in the poem?
- 5) What is the poem 'My Last Duchess' about?
- 6) How does Charlotte Bronte ask her readers to look towards life?

#### Q.3 Answer any One of the following Questions.

- 1) How can technology literacy Skills help learners in the future?
- 2) What life skills are needed to become a good leader?
- Q.4 As a Sensitive human being, what measures do you to take to conserve the environment and how will you educate people about the importance of environment?

	D.00	יום) .כ	March/April-2023
			Bio-Analytical Tools (BT602)
Day Time	& Dat : 03:0	e: Tue 00 PM	Max. Marks: 80 To 6:00 PM
Instr	uctio	<b>ns:</b> 1) 2)	All questions are compulsory. Figures to the right indicate full marks.
Q.1	A)	Mult 1)	De choice question.       10         Classical p H meter in chemical or clinical laboratory is made with a glass electrode that is selectively sensitive to concentration?       a)         a)       Na <sup>+</sup> b)       K <sup>+</sup> c)       H <sup>+</sup> d)       OH <sup>-</sup>
		2)	Calibration should be performed with at least buffers that span of range of p H to be measured. a) One b) Two c) Three d) Four
		3)	Na <sub>2</sub> Co <sub>3</sub> . 10 H <sub>2</sub> O is known as a) Baking soda b) Baking powder c) Washing soda d) Bleaching powder
		4)	Farmers neutralize the effect of acidity on soil by adding a) Slaked lime b) Gypsum c) Caustic soda d) Baking soda
		5)	n chromatography, the stationary phase can be supported on a solid. a) Solid or liquid b) Solid only c) Liquid or gas d) Liquid only
		6)	<ul> <li>Gas chromatography can be performed in which of the following way?</li> <li>a) Only in column</li> <li>b) Only on plane surface</li> <li>c) Either in column or on plan surface</li> <li>d) Neither in column nor on plane surface</li> </ul>
		7)	Differential centrifugation is based on the differences in ofbiological particles different sizes.a) Density onlyb) Sedimentation ratec) Massd) None of the above
		8)	Which type of vapor is stored in mercury lamp? a) Mercury vapor b) Hydrogen vapor c) Xe vapor d) Ozone vapor
		9)	Diffraction grating consists of a a) Glass b) Quartz c) Alkyl halide d) All of the above
		10)	on exchange chromatography is used for the separation of a) Polar molecules b) Non polar molecules

B.Sc. (Biotechnology) (Semester - VI) (New) (CBCS) Examination:

SLR-QC-55

None of above

d)

Both of above C)

#### Set Ρ

		SLR-QC-	55
	B)	<ul> <li>Answer in One sentence.</li> <li>1) What are Acids?</li> <li>2) State the principle of vibrational spectrophotometer.</li> <li>3) What is the principle of chromatography?</li> <li>4) Name the polymer used in affinity chromatography.</li> <li>5) Dot- Blot represents which blot method?</li> <li>6) What is HRP?</li> </ul>	06
Q.2	Sol <sup>r</sup> a) b) c) d) e) f) g) h) i) j)	<ul> <li><i>ve</i> any eight of the following.</li> <li>Draw a neat labeled diagram of p H glass electrode.</li> <li>What is Nephalometer? Mention any one use of Nephalometer.</li> <li>Draw a neat labeled diagram of Caloriemeter.</li> <li>Discuss any two uses of turbidometer.</li> <li>What is the function of monochromator in spectrophotometer?</li> <li>Mention any two use of Infra red spectrophotometer.</li> <li>What is the application of ultracentrifuge?</li> <li>Discuss the steps of Northern blotting.</li> <li>What is Counter immune-electrophoresis?</li> <li>State any two application of chromatography.</li> </ul>	16
Q.3	A)	<ul> <li>Attempt any two of the following.</li> <li>1) State the Beer-Lamberts law, with suitable example and application.</li> <li>2) What is the principle of autoradiography; mention its use in biotechnology</li> <li>3) Add a comment on differential-centrifugation.</li> </ul>	10
	B)	<ul> <li>Attempt the following.</li> <li>1) Discuss in short about p H indicators.</li> <li>2) Add a short note on applications of electrophoresis.</li> <li>3) Add a short note on applications of centrifugation.</li> </ul>	06
Q.4	A)	<ul> <li>Attempt any Two of the following.</li> <li>1) Explain working of Southern blotting.</li> <li>2) Add a brief note on Column chromatography.</li> <li>3) What is Dot-Blot technique?</li> </ul>	80
	B)	Attempt the following. Describe the principle and working of UV- Visible spectrophotometer.	08
Q.5	Atte a) b) c)	<b>Performany Two of the following.</b> Add a brief note of thin layer chromatography and its application. Discuss the principle, instrument and application of Gas chromatography. Discuss in detail about native and SDS PAGE electrophoresis its application.	16

	B.S	с. (В	Siotechnology) (Semester - VI) (New) (CBCS) Exar	nination:
			March/April-2023 Genomics and Proteomics (BT603)	
Day Time	& Dat :: 03:0	e: We 00 PM	ednesday, 21-06-2023 To 06:00 PM	Max. Marks: 80
Instr	uctio	<b>ns :1</b> ) (2	) All questions are compulsory. ) Figures to right indicate full marks.	
Q.1	A)	Mult 1)	t <b>iple choice questions.</b> The pH gradient for isoelectric focusing is prepared using a) Anions b) Buffer c) Ampholyte d) Cations	 
		2)	The term "Genomics" was coined by a) Mark Wilkins b) Tom Roderick c) Paulien Hogeweg d) Ben Hesper	
		3)	In humans, is the largest gene. a) dystrophin b) titin c) insulin d) none of these	
		4)	When was coined the term Genomics?a) 1920b) 1930c) 1924d) All of the above	
		5)	The first completed genome sequencing project is ofa) E. colib)H. influenzac) $\emptyset \times 174$ d)D. Melanogaster	
		6)	The International HapMap Project originated ina) October 2002b) October 2000c) March 2020d) May 2002	
		7)	<ul> <li>Rosalind Franklin obtained pattern of DNA helix.</li> <li>a) NMR</li> <li>b) FTIR</li> <li>c) Density gradient centrifugation</li> <li>d) X-ray diffraction</li> </ul>	
		8)	Whole genome shotgun sequencing used for sequencingstrands.a) Sequence specificb) Tandemc) Randomd) None of these	DNA
		9)	Hemophilia also called a) Bleeder's disease b) Patau syndrome c) Royal disease d) Both a and c	
		10)	The Human genome project identified between generation         a) 20,000 - 25,000       b) 1000 - 3000         c) 1,00,000 - 1,50,000       d) None of these	es.

Seat No.

Set P

# SLR-QC-56

SL	R-Q	<b>C-56</b>
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	В)	<ul> <li>Fill in the blanks/Definition/One sentences answer/one word answer/Give the name/predict the product etc.</li> <li>1) Who is considered father of Genomics?</li> <li>2) Name the stain used for separated protein detection in PAGE.</li> <li>3) Full form of MALDI-TOF.</li> <li>4) Molecular taxonomy.</li> <li>5) Name the model plant widely used for genome study.</li> <li>6) Is Plasmodium falciparum a bacteria or protozoan?</li> </ul>	06
Q.2	Solv a) b) c) d) e) f) g) h) i) j)	The any Eight of the following. Define Contiguous DNA sequence. Define genome sequencing. Write about the ENCODE project. Write a note on function of SDS used in SDS-PAGE. Define Genomics. Write applications of proteomics in glycobiology. What is Hemophilia? Which macromolecules are used for phylogenetic analysis? Define Proteomics. Define DNA world.	16
Q.3	a)	<ul> <li>Attempt any Two of the following.</li> <li>1) Analysis of Human genome.</li> <li>2) Write a note on origin of macromolecules.</li> <li>3) Write about the Human Genome Project.</li> </ul>	10
	b)	Short note/Solve. Describe Whole Genome Shot-Gun Sequencing.	06
Q.4	a)	<ul> <li>Attempt any Two of the following.</li> <li>1) Draw a neat and labeled diagram of 2D-PAGE. Write any two applications of 2D-PAGE.</li> <li>2) Describe genetic diversity with its importance.</li> <li>3) Write a note on HapMap project.</li> </ul>	08
	b)	<b>Describe/Explain/Solve.</b> Describe in detail- Applications of Genomics and Proteomics analysis.	08
Q.5	Atte a) b)	<b>mpt any Two of the following.</b> Describe in detail molecular diagnosis of Sickle cell anemia. Write a note on RNA world hypothesis.	16

c) Describe in detail 2-DE gel electrophoresis coupled with mass spectroscopy.

Seat No.		Set F	)			
B.Sc. (Biotechnology) (Semester - VI) (New) (CBCS) Examination: March/April-2023						
Day & E Time: 0	Date: 3:00	Thursday, 22-06-2023 Max. Marks: 8 PM To 06:00 PM	30			
Instruc	tions	<ol> <li>All questions are compulsory.</li> <li>Figures to the right indicate full marks.</li> <li>Draw neat labelled diagrams wherever necessary.</li> <li>Use of log table and calculators is allowed.</li> </ol>				
Q.1 A)	<b>) C</b> 1	hoose the correct alternatives from the options.       1         Paleontologist speculated that of all the organisms that ever lived on earth only % are still alive.       1         a) 1       b) 20         c) 50       d) 90	0			
	2	Radiocarbon dating can help to find the age range of biologicalspecimens no older thana) 50,000yearsb) 100000 yearsc) 500000yearsd) 1000000 years				
	3	The major center of distribution and origin of ores is a) North America b) Asia c) Europe d) Japan				
	4	Equiscabalus is a a) White horse b) wild horse c) Ass d) donkey				
	5	The last common ancestor of human is a) Pan troglodytes b) homo neanderthalensis c) lemuroided d) Dromalosourus				
	6	When did dinosaurs die off?a) 105.1 million yearsb) 65.5million yearsc) 75.5 million yearsd) none of the above				
	7	The oldest mineral discovered so far was which dates back to 4.4 billion years. a) Iron b) Zircon c) Cadmium d) Silicon				
	8	Australopithecus was also known as a) First ape man b) first human c) human baby d) Humanoid				
	9	The primary focus of population genetics isa) Scienceb) species creationc) genetic variationd) genetic drift				

SLR-QC-57

## SLR-QC-57

		<ul> <li>10) Theory of biogenesis is proposed by</li> <li>a) Charles Waluin</li> <li>b) Lamark</li> <li>c) Louis Pasture</li> <li>d) Thales</li> </ul>	
Q.1	B)	<ul> <li>Fill in the blanks with suitable answer.</li> <li>1) Oparin Haldane theory of the evolution of the life.</li> <li>2) is the connecting link between reptiles and birds.</li> <li>3) era is the 'golden age of reptiles.'</li> <li>4) "Ontogeny repeats phylogeny" was proposed by</li> <li>5) hormone is essential for metamorphosis in animal.</li> <li>6) In ail living organisms the structural and functional unit is</li> </ul>	06
Q.2	Ans a) b) c) d) e) f) g) h) i)	wer the followings (Any Eight): Define Darwinism. Define Anagenesis. Define Microevolution. Define Atavistic organs. Define Genetic drift. Define Cro Magnon man. Define Hominoids. Define Parapatric Speciation. Define Races. Define Dryopithecus.	16
Q.3	A)	<ul> <li>Answer the followings (Any two):</li> <li>1) Write in detail Industrial Melanism.</li> <li>2) Explain in detail K-T Mass Extinction.</li> <li>3) Explain about geological time scale</li> </ul>	10
	B)	<b>Short notes on following.</b> JBS Haldane and his contribution in Evolution.	06
Q.4	A)	<ul> <li>Answer the followings (Any two):</li> <li>1) Write in detail universality of genetic code.</li> <li>2) Write in detail why climate is major factor for survival.</li> <li>3) Write in detail Macroevolution.</li> </ul>	08
	B)	<b>Describe the following.</b> Neo-Darwinism	08
Q.5	<b>Ans</b> a) b)	w <b>er the following (Any Two).</b> Explain in detail the evidences of Horse Evolution. Explain in detail why Mitochondria DNA used to study Human origin.	16

c) Explain the role of isolating mechanism in evolution.

Seat No.			Set P
	B.S	c. (I	Biotechnology) (Semester -VI) (New) (CBCS) Examination: March/April-2023
			Environmental Biotechnology (BT605)
Day & Time:	Dat 03:0	e: F 0 Pl	iday, 23-06-2023 Max. Marks: 80 // To 06:00 PM
Instru	ictio	ns:	<ul> <li>All questions are compulsory.</li> <li>Draw neat labelled diagrams wherever necessary.</li> <li>Figures to right indicate full marks.</li> <li>Use of log table and calculators is allowed.</li> </ul>
Q.1	A)	<b>Mu</b> 1)	tiple choice questions.10Deforestation may reduce the chance ofa) Frequent landslidesb) Erosion of soilc) Rainfalld) Frequent cyclones
		2)	Soil erosion can be prevented bya) Afforestationb) Overgrazingc) Increasing birds populationd) Removal of vegetation
		3)	Which of the following is the cleanest fossil fuel? a) Natural gas b) Petrol c) Petrolium d) Coal
		4)	<ul> <li>A process using microbes to convert toxic industrial waste to less toxic or non-toxic compound is called</li> <li>a) Precipitation b) Complement fixation</li> <li>c) Bioconvention d) Bioremediation</li> </ul>
		5)	The bioremediation process involve the uses of plants to degradepollutants isa) Compositingb) Biopilec) Phytoremediationd) Land farming
		6)	Which of the following is most common bacteria used for bioleaching?a) Spirillumb) Coccusc) Bacillusd) Streptococcus
		7)	Microbialcatalyzed redox reaction leads to metal a) Mobilization b) Immobilization c) Reduction d) Oxidation
		8)	Radioactivity is a form ofa) Water pollutionb) Air pollutionc) Environmental pollutiond) Noise pollution
		9)	When did the environment protection act come into force?a) 01 April 1986b) 01 March 1986c) 01 May 1986d) 19 November 1986
		10)	Which of the following Gases is not included in Biogas? a) Methane b) Hydrogen sulfide

c) Carbon dioxide d) Water Vapour SLR-QC-58

# Seat No.

### SLR-QC-58

	В)	<ul> <li>Fill in the blank/Definition/One sentence answer/ One word answer/</li> <li>Give the name/Predict the product etc.</li> <li>1) Fire wood</li> <li>2) Mycoremediation</li> <li>3) Cynobacteria</li> <li>4) Full form of EPA</li> <li>5) Kerostene</li> <li>6) Nucler waste</li> </ul>	06
Q.2	Solv 1) 2) 3) 4) 5) 6) 7) 8) 9) 10)	ve any Eight of the following. Coal and gas Heavy metals Parafin wax Fungal biofertilizer Biofertilizer Define bioleaching Examples of petrolium products Corn starch Azospirillum Bioremdiation of lignin	16
Q.3	A)	<ul> <li>Attempt any Two of the following.</li> <li>1) Write a note on microbial hydrogen production.</li> <li>2) Write a note on copper bioleaching.</li> <li>3) Role of fungal and algal biofertilizer.</li> </ul>	10
	B)	Short note/Solve. Define bioleaching and micro-organisms used in bioleaching.	06
Q.4	A)	<ul> <li>Attempt any Two of the following.</li> <li>1) Write a note on treatment of municipal waste water.</li> <li>2) Describe brief on production of biogas.</li> <li>3) Write a role of symbiotic nitrogen fixing bacteria in the enrichment of soil.</li> </ul>	80
	B)	<b>Describe/Explain/Solve.</b> Concept of bioremediation and importance of bioremediation.	80
Q.5	Atte a)	empt any Two of the following. Describe in detail agriculture and food industry waste to produce alcohol & gasohol.	16
	מ) כ)	Describe in detail methods of treatment of industrial effluents. Describe in detail genetically modified microbes, plants and animals.	