Punyashlok Ahilyadevi Holkar Solapur University, Solapur



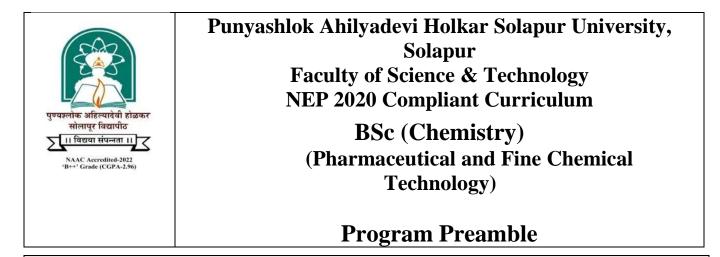
Name of the Faculty: Science & Technology

NEP 2020

Syllabus: Chemistry (Pharmaceutical and Fine Chemical Technology)

Name of the Course: B.Sc. II (Sem. III & IV)

(Syllabus to be implemented from June 2025)



The Bachelor of Science (BSc) in Chemistry is a comprehensive and dynamic program designed to provide students with a deep understanding of the fundamental principles of Chemistry, along with the practical skills required to apply this knowledge in various scientific and technological contexts. Aligned with the vision of the National Education Policy (NEP) 2020, the program offers a flexible, multidisciplinary, and learner-centric curriculum that encourages critical thinking, innovation, and holistic development. The BSc Chemistry program spans four years, with each year offering a progressively advanced curriculum designed to build a strong foundation in Chemistry while allowing for specialization and interdisciplinary learning. The curriculum is structured around several key components:

- 1. **Major Courses:** These core courses form the backbone of the program, providing in-depth knowledge and understanding of essential Chemistry concepts, theories, and methodologies. Students will engage with topics ranging from Chemical Kinetics, Gaseous State, VBT, MOT, Thermodynamics, Name reactions, Coordination Chemistry, Photochemistry, Nuclear Chemistry etc. ensuring a robust and comprehensive education in the discipline.
- Minor Courses: Students have the opportunity to choose minor courses from related or distinct disciplines, promoting an interdisciplinary approach to learning. This flexibility allows students to complement their Chemistry education with insights from fields such as mathematics, Physics or microbiology, zoology, Botany, Geology for enhancing their versatility and broadening their career prospects.
- 3. **Open Electives/General Electives:** The program encourages intellectual exploration beyond the core discipline by offering a wide range of elective courses. These electives enable students to pursue their interests in diverse subjects, fostering creativity, critical thinking, and a well-rounded educational experience.
- 4. Vocational and Skill Enhancement Courses: Practical skills and technical proficiency are integral to the program, with vocational and skill enhancement courses providing hands-on experience in areas such as Water and soil analysis, Fertilizer and food analysis. These courses are designed to prepare students for immediate employment and equip them with the tools necessary for career advancement in various scientific and technological fields.
- 5. Ability Enhancement Courses (AEC), Indian Knowledge System (IKS), and Value Education Courses (VEC): In alignment with NEP 2020, the program integrates courses that emphasize the Indian Knowledge System, ethical values, and life skills. These courses foster a deep appreciation for India's rich cultural heritage, while also developing essential communication and ethical decision-making skills that are vital for personal and professional growth.
- 6. Field Projects/Internships/Apprenticeships/Community Engagement Projects/On-Job Training: To bridge the gap between theoretical knowledge and real-world applications, the program includes opportunities for field projects, internships, apprenticeships, and community engagement. These experiences provide students with practical insights, problem-solving abilities, and exposure to professional environments, enhancing their readiness for careers in Chemistry and related fields.
- 7. **Research Methodology and Research Projects:** Research is a critical component of the BSc Chemistry program, with students acquiring skills in research methodology, data collection, analysis, and scientific inquiry. By engaging in independent research projects, students are encouraged to develop innovative solutions to complex scientific problems, preparing them for advanced studies and research oriented careers.

Multiple Entry and Multiple Exit Options

In accordance with the NEP 2020, the BSc Chemistry program incorporates a Multiple Entry and Multiple Exit framework, offering students the flexibility to enter or exit the program at various stages. This approach ensures that students can tailor their educational journey according to their personal and professional goals, with options to earn certificates, diplomas, or degrees based on the duration of study completed.

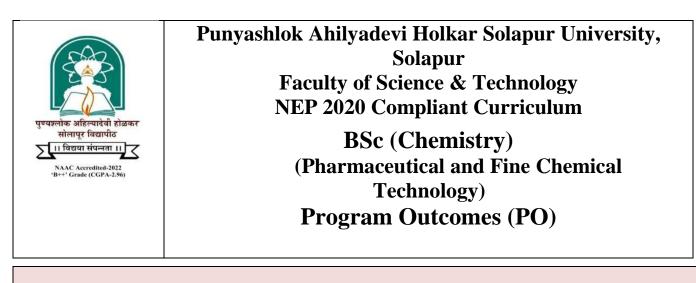
Year 1: Upon completion of the first year, students may exit with a Certificate in Chemistry (Pharmaceutical and Fine Chemical Technology).

• Year 2:

After two years, students may choose to exit with a **Diploma in Chemistry** (**Pharmaceutical and Fine Chemical Technology**).

- Year 3: Completion of the third year qualifies students for a BSc Degree in Chemistry(Pharmaceutical and Fine Chemical Technology).
- Year 4: The fourth year offers an advanced curriculum with a focus on research, allowing students to graduate with an Honors Degree in Chemistry(Pharmaceutical and Fine Chemical Technology).

Eligibility for B.Sc. II Chemistry: The candidate passing the B.Sc. Part I course OR having ATKT or Repeater student will be eligible to take admission



Students graduating from the Bachelor of Science in Chemistry program will be able to:

Major Courses:

- **PO1**: Demonstrate in-depth knowledge and understanding of core concepts, theories, and methodologies in the chosen major discipline.
- **PO2**: Apply disciplinary knowledge to solve complex problems, analyze data, and make informed decisions in professional and research contexts.

Minor Courses:

• **PO3**: Acquire complementary knowledge and skills from a related or distinct discipline, enhancing interdisciplinary understanding and versatility.

Open Electives/General Electives:

• **PO4**: Explore diverse subjects beyond the core discipline, fostering a broad-based education and cultivating critical thinking and creativity.

Vocational and Skill Enhancement Courses:

• PO5: Gain hands-on experience and technical proficiency in specific vocational areas,

preparing for immediate career opportunities.

Ability Enhancement Courses (AEC), Indian Knowledge System (IKS), and Value Education Courses (VEC):

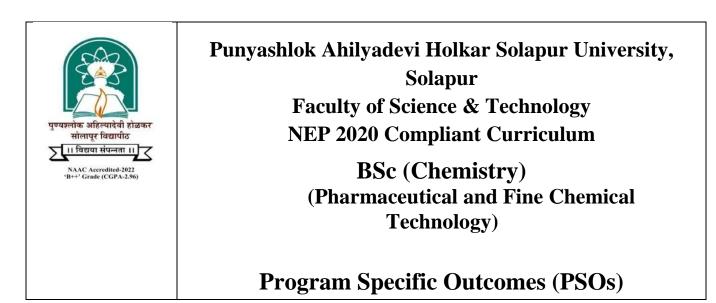
- **PO6**: Understand and appreciate the rich heritage of the Indian Knowledge System, integrating traditional wisdom with modern education.
- **PO7**: Develop ability enhancement skills like communication and life skills along with ethical values, social responsibility, and a strong sense of citizenship, contributing positively to society.

Field Projects/Internship/Apprenticeship/Community Engagement Projects/ On Job Training/ Internship/Apprenticeship:

• **PO8**: Apply theoretical knowledge to real-world situations through field projects, internships, community engagement and On job Training for gaining practical experience and problem-solving skills.

Research Methodology and Research Project:

• **PO9**: Acquire research skills, including data collection, analysis, and interpretation, fostering a scientific approach to problem-solving to develop independent research projects handling capabilities.



Students graduating from BSc (Chemistry) in Pharmaceutical and Fine Chemical Technology will able to :

PSO1. Understand basic principles of Organic, Physical, Inorganic and Analytical Chemistry.

PSO2. Apply principles of chemistry, pharmaceutics, and technology to design, synthesize,

analyze, and formulate pharmaceutical compounds and drug delivery systems.

PSO3: Demonstrate the ability to design, scale-up, and optimize chemical processes for the

production of fine chemicals and active pharmaceutical ingredients (APIs) while ensuring safety, cost-efficiency, and environmental sustainability.

PSO4: Utilize advanced analytical tools and techniques (such as HPLC, GC-MS, NMR, UV-Vis spectroscopy) for the characterization, quality control, and stability assessment of chemical and pharmaceutical products.

PSO5. Solve problems in thermodynamics, electrochemistry, analytical chemistry, spectroscopy, and photochemistry etc.

PSO6.Capable of conducting scientific research, interpreting data critically, and fostering innovation and entrepreneurship in the field of pharmaceuticals and fine chemicals.

4- Ye	ar Mult			irst Year str		EP-2020 Appr	oved in For AC M	eeting on 18/04/2024 ence (Honors)/(Honors v	with Reso	earch)
Level/	Sem.		Faculty			Vocational	Ability	Field Project/	Credits	Cumulati
Difficulty		Maj	or	Minor	Open Elective	and Skill Enhancemen		RP/CC/Internship/Appre nticeship/ Community		ve Credit:
		DSC	DSE		GE/ OE	t Courses (SEC/VSC)	IKS, VEC	Engagement & Services		
4.5	I	DSC1-1			GE1/ OE1(2)	SEC1 (2)	L1-1(2)		22	
100-200		(2+2)# DSC2-1 (2+2)#					IKS (2) VEC1(2) (Indian Constitution		22	44 UG
		DSC3-1					And Democracy)			Certificat (44)
	Ш	(2+2)# DSC1-2			GE2/ OE2(2)	SEC 2 (2)	L1-2(2)			(44)
		(2+2)# DSC2-2					VEC2(2) (Environmental Studies)	CC1 (2)	22	
		(2+2)# DSC3-2 (2+2)#								
	: Award	(2+2)# of UG Certific	ate in Majo	r with 44 cr	redits and an a	additional 4 c	redits core NSQ	F course/ Internship OR C	Continue	with Major
nd Minor	ш	DSC1-3		DSC2-3	050 (050/0)	VSC1 (2) (DSC1)			22	
5.0/20		(2+1) DSC1-4		DSC-2-4	GE3 / OE3(2)	VSC2(2) (DSC2)	L2-1 (2)	CC2 (2)		44 UG
ŀ	IV	(2+1) DSC1-5		(2+1) DSC2-5		VSC3 (2)			22	Diploma (88)
		(2+1) DSC1-6		DSC2-6	GE4/ OE4 (2)	VSC4(2)	L2 -2(2)	FP1/CEP1(2)		
xit option	: Award	(2+1) of UG Diplom	a in Maior w	(2+1) /ith 88 cred	lits and an add	(DSC2)	lits core NSOF o	ourse/ Internship OR Con	tinue with	Maior
5.5/300	v	DSC1-7 (3+2) DSC1-8 (3+2) DSC1-9 (3+2)	DSE1-1 (2+1) or DSE1-2 (2+1)			VSC3 (2) (Hands on Training related to DSE)	IKS 2 (2) (related to major subject)	-	22	44 UG degre (132)
Ì	VI	DSC1-10 (3+2) DSC1-11 (3+2)	DSE1-3 (2+1) or DSE1-4 (2+1)			VSC4 (2) (Hands on Training related to DSE)		FP2/CEP2/OJT1 (2)	22	
		DSC1-12 (3+2)		1	1				400	-
	Total Credi ts 3 Yrs		6	12 +8# 20	08	16	16	08	132	
xit option	Credi ts 3 Yrs	(3+2)		20				08	132	
xit option 6.0/40 0	Credi ts 3 Yrs : Award	(3+2) 66-8#	in Major wi	20 th 132 Cree Research	dits OR Contin			08		
6.0/40	Credi ts 3 Yrs	(3+2) 66-8# of UG degree DSC1-13 (4+2) DSC1-14	in Major wi	20 th 132 Cree	dits OR Contin				22	44 UG
6.0/40	Credi ts 3 Yrs : Award	(3+2) 66-8# of UG degree DSC1-13 (4+2)	in Major wi	20 th 132 Cree Research Methodolo	dits OR Contin			08 OJT/In-house Project/ Internship/ Apprenticeship (4)	22	

		OR								
6.0/40 0	VII	DSC1-13 (4) DSC1-14 (4)	DSE1-5 (4)	Research Methodolo gy (4)				Research Project (6)	22	44 UG Honours
	VIII	DSC1-15 (4+2) DSC1-16 (4+2)	DSE1-6 (4)					Research Project (6)	22	with research Degree in Main faculty
	Total 4 Yrs	86-8#	14	16+8#	08	16	16	20	176	(176)

#Out of the three major courses in the first year, one major (comprising 4 credits for the 1st semester and 4 credits for the 2nd semester) will transition into a minor starting from the second year. Consequently, 8 credits will be reallocated from the major course credit count and added to the minor credit count, thereby meeting the requisite credit criteria for the minor as stipulated in the guidelines.

Structure as per NEP-2020

B. Sc. II (Chemistry) (Pharmaceutical and Fine Chemical Technology)

Level	Sem	Ma	jor	Min	or	VSC/ SEC	OE/GE	AEC	CC	Total Credits	Cumulative Credits
		Т	P	Т	Р	BLC				Cicuits	Cicuits
		2	1	2	1	OE-1	VSC1 (2)	L2-1(2)	CC2-2	22	
	III	2	1	2	1	/GE-1 (2)	(DSC1)				
							VSC2 (2) (DSC2)				
5.0		2	1	2	1	OE-2	VSC 3	L2-2 (2)	FP1/	22	44
	IV		_				(DSC1)		CEP1		
		2	1	2	1	/GE-2 (2)	VSC4				
							(DSC2)				
S.No.	Cours	se Ty	vpe w	ith c	burse	Paper Titl	e				Credit
1	code	Dao	11.0					•			2
1.	Major						-III (Organic Che	emistry)			2
2.	Practi			n DSC	21-3	Practical Lab – III					1
3.	Major					Chemistry IV (Pharmaceutical and Fine Chemicals -I)				2	
4.	Practi			nDSC	1-4P		Practical Lab – IV				1
5	Minor					General Chemistry-I (General Physical Chemistry)				2	
6.	Practi			nDSC	2-3	General Chemistry Practical Lab – I				1	
7	Minor							eral Pharmaceution	cal Chemistr	y)	2
8	Practi			nDSC	2-4P	General Chemistry Practical Lab – II				1	
9	GE-3/	OE-3				Chemistry for Competitive Examination-I				2	
10	VSC1						l on DSC major				2
11	VSC2					VSC based on DSC minor			2		
12	AEC	I L2-1	1								2
13	CC2 (2)			CC2					2		
						Total					22
14	Major	DSC	1 -5			Chemistry-V (Inorganic Chemistry)					2
15	Practi	cal ba	used o	nDSC	1 -5P	Practical L	ab – V				1
16	Major	DSC	1-6			Chemistry	-VI (Pharmaceu	tical and Fine Ch	emicals -II)		2
17	Practi	cal ba	used o	n DSC	C1-6P	Practical L	ab – VI				1

18	Minor DSC2-5	General Chemistry-III (General Organic Chemistry)	2
19	Practical based onDSC2-5P	General Chemistry Practical Lab – III	1
20	Minor DSC2-6	General Chemistry-IV (General Analytical and Industrial Chemistry)	2
21	Minor DSC2-6P	General Chemistry Practical Lab – IV	1
22	GE-4/ OE-4	Chemistry for Competitive Examination-II	2
23	VSC3	VSC based on DSC major	2
24	VSC4	VSC based on DSC minor	2
25	AEC II		2
26	FP1/CEP1	FP1/CEP1	2
		Total	22
		Grand Total	44

Abbreviations:

OE: Generic/ Open Electives VSEC: Vocational Skill and Skill Enhancement Courses SEC: Skill Enhancement Courses AEC: Ability Enhancement Courses FP: Field projectsCC: Co-curricular CoursesRP: Research ProjectIKS: Indian Knowledge System

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*Teaching Scheme		*Examination Scheme
Lectures:02 Hours/w	eek, 02 Credits	UA:30 Marks
		CA: 20 Marks

Course Preamble: This course is designed as a major. This course consists of two chapters. First unit includes introduction, principle, and applications of UV spectroscopy and stereochemistry covers geometrical as well as conformational isomerism. Second unit comprises nomenclature, structure and reactivity, and chemical reactions of Aldehydes, ketones and carboxylic acids. This course will help students to understand the basics concepts of organic chemistry.

	Course Objectives:						
•	To learn about the basic concepts of UV spectroscopy, with its role in structure identification						
•	Students should be able to understand the geometrical isomerism in oxime and confirmational isomerism						
•	To learn R & S as well as E & Z nomenclature system						
•	To study aldehyde and ketone including important name reactions of carbonyl compounds						
•	To learn different carboxylic acids like monocarboxylic acid, hydroxy acid, unsaturated acid and dicarboxylic acid including their methods of preparation, chemical reactions.						
-	Course Outcomes: After completion of the course students will be able to						
CO1:	Understand concept of UV-visible spectroscopy						
CO2:	Learn about the possible electronic transitions						
CO3:	Learn about instrumentation and calculations of λ_{max}						
CO4:	Recognize the geometrical isomers of ketoxime and aldoxime						
CO5:	Detect R & S configuration						
CO6:	Understand various name reactions associated to aldehyde and ketone						
CO7:	Learn about various carboxylic acid in detail						
Unit I:							
1	A. Spectroscopic Methods: Ultra-Violet (UV) absorption (08)						
1.1	Introduction to Spectroscopy, Beer – Lambert law (mathematical derivation not expected), Types of electronic transitions						
1.2	Terms used in UV spectroscopy: Chromophore, Auxochrome, Bathochromic Hypsochromic, Hypochromic and Hyperchromic shifts						
1.3	Effect of conjugation on position of UV and visible bands.						

1.4	Calculation of max by Woodward-Fieser rules for conjugated dienes and enones.						
1.5	Applications of UV spectroscopy – Determination of structure and stereochemistry						
1.5	(cis and trans) Spectral problems based on UV. (Spectroscopic charts will not be supplied)						
1.6	Spectral problems based on UV. (Spectroscopic charts will not be supplied)						
2	B. Stereochemistry (07)						
0.1	Geometrical isomerism: Introduction, Geometrical isomerism in aldoximes and						
2.1	ketoximes, configuration of ketoximes-						
	Beckmann transformation (Mechanism & Proof are not expected) configuration of						
2.2	aldoximes.						
	Conformational Isomerism: Introduction, conformation of ethane and n-butane and						
2.3	their representation by using Saw-Horse, Fischer (Dotted Wedge line) and						
	Newmann's projection formulae.						
2.4	Conformational analysis of ethane and n-butane with the help of energy profile						
2.4	diagrams.						
2.5	Nomenclature – D & L, R & S, E & Z systems						
Unit II:	r r						
3	A. Aldehydes and Ketones (07)						
	Introduction, Nomenclature, structure and reactivity of the carbonyl group						
3.1	Mechanism of nucleophilic additions to carbonyl group.						
	Study of following reactions with mechanism and applications						
3.2	1) Aldol condensation (base catalyzed),						
3.3	2) Perkin Reaction						
3.4	3) Cannizzaro's Reaction						
3.5	4) Knoevenagel Reaction						
3.6	5) Benzoin Condensation						
3.7	6) Grignard Reaction						
4	B. Carboxylic acids (08)						
4	B. Carboxylic acids (08) Monocarboxylic acids: Introduction. Methods of formation of Halo acids, di- and						
4.1	Monocarboxylic acids: Introduction. Methods of formation of Halo acids, di- and						
	Monocarboxylic acids: Introduction. Methods of formation of Halo acids, di- and trichloroacetic acid by HVZ reaction, substitution reactions of monochloroacetic acid						
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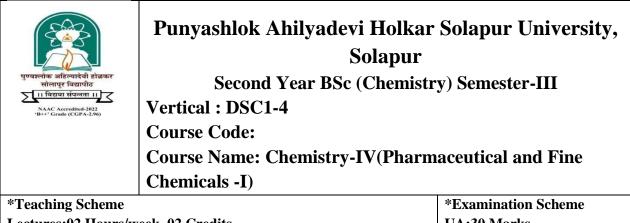
4	Organic Chemistry by Morrison – Boyd.
5	Spectroscopic methods in Organic Chemistry by Williams and Fleming. Mc
6	Stereochemistry of Organic Compounds by E.L. Eliel. Orient Longman.
7	Stereochemistry of Organic Compounds by P.S. Kalsi. New Age International Ltd.
8	A Guide Book to Mechanism in Organic Chemistry by Peter Sykes.
9	Advanced Organic Chemistry, structure, reactions and mechanism by Jerry March. Mc Graw Hill Kogakusha, Ltd.
10	Spectroscopy of Organic Compounds by P.S. Kalsi.
11	Absorption spectroscopy of Organic molecules by V.M. Parikh.
12	College Organic Chemistry Part I & II by G.R. Chatwal.
13	Stereochemistry by Nasi Puri.
14	Organic synthesis by Smith.

yourenia sikerutai kisaar kienyt fazırda MAC Accredited-2022 YB++ Grade (CCFA-2,96)	Sola	Iolkar Solapur University, apur emistry) Semester-III III (Organic Chemistry)
*Teaching Scheme		*Examination Scheme
Practical:02Hours/w	eek, 01Credit	UA: 15 Marks
		CA: 10 Marks

Course Preamble: Chemistry practical is one of the core courses in the Chemistry curriculum. This course provides an in-depth understanding of the qualitative analysis. By applying theoretical knowledge for hands on practicals will help students to develop practical skills in analyzing and optimizing the organic chemistry concepts.

	Course Objectives:
•	To develop practical skills in basic and conceptual Organic Chemistry.
•	To gain practical knowledge by applying the experimental methods to correlate with the
	theory.
•	Determine the functional groups of molecules by qualitative analysis.
•	Study the volumetric estimation of compound quantitatively
•	Gain the knowledge of preparation of derivatives of organic compounds.
	Course Outcomes: After completion of the course students will be able to
	On successful completion of this practical course student will be able to:
•	Understand practical skills.
•	Correlate theoretical concepts with experiments.

•	Identify organic compounds using qualitative analysis.
•	Quantify the organic compounds using volumetric estimation.
•	Prepare the organic compounds quantitatively
	List of Experiments
Sr. No.	A) Organic Qualitative Analysis: (Any four compounds)
	Identification of at least four organic compounds with reactions including two from acids, two from phenols, one from bases and one from neutrals. Acids: phthalic acid, salicylic acid, Succinic acid Phenols: α- naphthol, p-nitrophenol, o-nitrophenol Bases: m-nitroanilines, N, N-dimethylaniline Neutral: Urea, carbon tetrachloride, ethyl methyl ketone. Note: A systematic study of an organic compound involves the following operations which should be taught in details with reactions in the determination of elements and functional group. 1) Preliminary tests and physical examination 2) Determination of type 3) Determination of physical constant 4) Detection of elements 5) Determination of functional group 6) A search into the literature 7) Special test if any 8) Summary 9) Result.
	Reference Books:
1	Practical Organic Chemistry by A.I. Vogel.
2	Hand book of Organic qualitative analysis by H.T. Clarke.
3	A laboratory Hand Book of Organic qualitative analysis and separation by V.S. Kulkarni. Dastane Ramchandra & Co.
4	Practical Organic Chemistry by F.G. Mann and B.C. Saunders. Low – priced Text Book. ELBS. Longman.
5	Experiments in General Chemistry by C.N.R. Rao. Affiliated East-West Press Pvt. Ltd. Delhi.
6	Advanced Practical Organic Chemistry by N.K. Vishnoi. Vikas Publishing House Private Limited.
7	Comprehensive Practical Organic Chemistry Qualitative Analysis by V.K. Ahluwalia, Sunita Dhingra. University Press. Distributor-Orient Longman Ltd.
8	Practical Chemistry – Physical – Inorganic – Organic and Viva – voce by Balwant Rai Satija. Allied Publishers Private Limited.
9	Experimental organic chemistry by J. R. Norris, published by Sarup and sons, Delhi
10	Advanced practical chemistry by J. Singh, L. D. S. Yadav, R. K. P. Singh, I. R. Siddiqui et.al, Pragati Prakashan.



*Examination Scheme
UA:30 Marks
CA: 20 Marks

Course Preamble: This major course consists of two units. Unit-I has one chapter named as Overview of Pharmaceutical Industry. Unit-II has two chapters namely Introduction to Heavy and Fine Chemicals and Pharmacological screening of herbal drugs. These chapters mainly focus on the various aspects of Pharmaceutical and Fine Chemical technology.

	Course Objectives:	
•	To introduce and define the terms pharmaceutical chemicals and fine chemicals, including their classifications and distinctions.	
•	To identify the major uses of pharmaceutical and fine chemicals in healthcare, agriculture, biotechnology, and other fields.	
•	To know the aspects of various dosage forms.	
•	To provide an overview of Heavy and Fine Chemicals.	
	Course Outcomes: After completion of the course students will be able to	
CO1:	Explain overview of pharmaceutical Industry	
CO2:	Explain Perspectives of Medicinal and Pharmaceutical Chemistry	
CO3:	Explain role of Pharmacology and importance of Phyto-constituents Pharmaceutical Industry.	
CO4:	Describe aspects of various dosage forms	
CO5:	Describe role of biotechnology in Pharmaceutical Industry	
Unit 1:		
1.	Overview of Pharmaceutical Industry (15)	
1.1	Introduction to Drugs, pro-drugs and biotransformation of drugs	
1.2	Introduction and classification of pharmaceutical dosage forms and routes of drug administration,	
1.3	drug binding, drug toxicity and drug addiction	
	some important terms used in chemistry of drugs : Pharmacodynamics, pharmacokinetic	
1.4	(drug adsorption, metabolism, distribution and elimination)	
1.5	Biological and medical terms used in the study of drugs	

Unit II:		
2.	Introduction to Heavy and Fine Chemicals (05)	
2.1	Introduction, commercial classification of chemicals	
2.2	Classification of heavy and fine chemicals	
2.3	The Fine Chemical Industry: Fine Chemical/Custom Manufacturing Companies, Contract Research Organizations and Laboratory Chemical Suppliers.	
2.4	The Heavy Chemical Industry	
2.5.	Organic and Inorganic chemicals.	
3.	Pharmacological screening of herbal drugs:(10)	
3.1	Introduction,	
3.2	Evaluation of herbal drugs for antidiabetic, hepatoprotective, cardiovascular, antifertility, antioxidant, anticancer, antimalarial, anticonvulsant, anti- inflammatory, analgesic, antipyretic and antiulcer properties.	
	Reference Books	
1.	Principles of Pharmacology, HL Sharma, KK Sharma, Paras Medical Publisher	
2.	An introduction to pharmaceutical sciences: Production, chemistry, techniques, and technology, Jiben Roy, Woodhead Publishing Series in Biomedicine.	
3.	Real World Drug Discovery: A Chemist's Guide to Biotech and Pharmaceutical Research,	
	Robert M. Rydzewski, Elsevier Science (2008)	
4.	Dewick P.M., Medicinal Natural Products- A Biosynthetic Approach, 2nd edition/2002, John Wiley & Sons Ltd	
5.	Pharmaceutical Dosage Form And Drug Delivery Systems, Howard C. Ansel, Nicholas G. Popovich, Lord V. Alien, 6th edition, 1995,	
6.	Remington - The Science And Practice Of Pharmacy (Vol.1& 2), David B. Troy, 21st edition, 2006, Lippincott Williams & Wilkins	
7.	PK Gupta, Elements of biotechnology, 2nd ed, Rastogi Publications (2015)	

प्रण्यस्तोक अदिल्यावेवी होळकर सोलायूर विद्यापीठ €िा विद्याया संपन्ला ।।) NAC Accredited-022 '8++' Grade (CGPA-2.96)		Holkar Solapur University, lapur
		Chemistry) Semester-III
	Vertical : DSC1-4P	•
	Course Code:	
	Course Name: Chemistry-Pr	ractical Lab-IV
	(Pharmaceutical and Fine Cl	hemicals -I)
*Teaching Scheme		*Examination Scheme
Lectures:02 Hours	week 01Credit	UA: 15 Marks

Lectures:02 Hours/week, 01Credit	UA: 15 Marks CA: 10 Marks

Course Preamble: Pharmaceutical and Fine Chemical Chemistry practical is one of the core courses in the Chemistry program. This course offers a comprehensive understanding of the practical concepts in Pharmaceutical and Fine Chemical Technology. Theoretical aspects and practical's correlation that will be beneficial to grow practical skills.

	Course Objectives:
•	To acquire the practical skills.
•	To study Limit Test of different compounds.
•	To study Preparation and standardization of compounds.
•	To get knowledge about how to perform assay of the compounds.
•	To get knowledge about identification test involved in pharmacopoeia.
	Course Outcomes: After completion of the course students will be able to
CO1:	Understand the practical skills of preparations.
CO2:	Perform Limit Test of different compounds.
CO3:	To perform Preparation and standardization of compounds.
CO4:	Understand various steps involved in assay of compounds.
CO5:	Understands about identification test involved in pharmacopoeia.
1	Limit Test of the following (Any two)
	(1) Chloride (2) Sulphate (3) Iron (4) heavy metals
2	Preparation and standardization of (Any Two) (1) Sodium hydroxide (2) Sulphuric acid (3) Sodium thiosulfate (4) Potassium permanganate (5) Ceric ammonium sulphate III
3	Assay of the following compounds along with Standardization of Titrant (Any Three)
	(1) Ammonium chloride by acid base titration(2) Ferrous sulphate by by redox titration(3) Copper sulphate by Iodometry

	(4) Calcium gluconate by complexometry	
	(5) Hydrogen peroxide by Permanganometry	
	(6) Sodium benzoate by non-aqueous titration	
	(7) Sodium Chloride by precipitation titration	
4	Identification tests for Anions and Cations as per Indian Pharmacopoeia (Any	
	Two)	
5	OR Any relevant practical can be considered	
	Reference Books	
1.	A.H. Beckett & J.B. Stenlake's, Practical Pharmaceutical Chemistry Vol I & II, Stahlone Press of University of London y.	
2.	A.I. Vogel, Text Book of Quantitative Inorganic analysis	
3.	P. Gundu Rao, Inorganic Pharmaceutical Chemistry	
4.	Bentley and Driver's Textbook of Pharmaceutical Chemistry.	
5.	John H. Kennedy, Analytical chemistry principles.	
6.	Indian Pharmacopoeia	



Punyashlok Ahilyadevi Holkar Solapur University, Solapur Second Year BSc (Chemistry) Semester-III Vertical : DSC2-3 Course Code: Course Name: General Chemistry-I (General Physical Chemistry)

*Teaching Scheme Lectures:02 Hours/week, 02 Credits *Examination Scheme UA:30 Marks CA: 20 Marks

Course Preamble: This course is designed as a minor. This course consists of four chapters. They are basic mathematics required for chemistry, distribution law, thermodynamics and Ionic equilibria. This course will help students to understand the basics concepts of physical chemistry.

	Course Objectives:	
•	To acquaint with the basic mathematics required to understand the concepts in physical chemistry	
•	To know the fundamental concepts in thermodynamics	
•	To study the concept of ionization in aqueous solution,	
•	To study pH, buffers and various applications of it	
	Course Outcomes: After completion of the course students will be able to	
CO1:	To know about the graph plotting	
CO2:	To estimate the slope and intercept	
CO3:	To understand Carnot cycle	
CO4:	To understand Nernst distribution law	
CO5:	To derive the expression for distribution law	
CO6:	To explain the concept of ionization of electrolytes with emphasis on weak acid and	
	base and hydrolysis of salt.	
Unit I:	15L	
1	Mathematical concepts (09)	
1.1	Graphical representation: Graph paper, co-ordinates of a point, equation of straight line and intercept, plotting of graph based on experimental data.	
1.2	Derivative: Rules of differentiation (without proof) pertaining to algebraic and exponential functions. Examples related to chemistry.	
1.3	Integration: Types of integration, Rules of Integration (without proof) pertaining to	
	algebraic and exponential functions. Examples related to chemistry	
1.4	Numerical Problems not expected	

2	Thermodynamics (06)	
2.1	Spontaneous and non spontaneous processes, Second law of thermodynamics and it's statements.	3
2.2	Carnot's Theorem (Heat engine), Carnot cycle and its efficiency.	
2.3	Numerical Problems	
Unit II	15L	
3	Distribution Law (08)	
3.1	Introduction	
3.2	Nernst distribution law, its limitations and modification with respect to association and dissociation of solute in one of the solvents	
3.3	Applications of distribution law in	
	i. Process of extraction (derivation expect)ii. Determination of solubility	
	iii. Distribution indicators	
	iv. Determination of molecular weight	
3.4	Numerical problems expected	
4	Ionic equilibria (07)	
4.1	Strong, moderate and weak electrolytes, degree of ionization, factors affecting degree of ionization, ionization constant and ionic product of water. Ionization of weak acids and bases, pH scale, common ion effect; dissociation constants of mono and diprotic acids.	s
4.2	Salt hydrolysis-calculation of hydrolysis constant, degree of hydrolysis and pH for different salts.	
4.3	Buffer solutions; derivation of Henderson equation and its applications.	
4.4	Solubility and solubility product of sparingly soluble salts	
	Reference Books	
1	Experimental Physical Chemistry by A. Findlay Longman.	
2	Advanced Experimental Chemistry Vol. I Physical by J.N. Gurtu and R. Kapoor S. Chand & Co.	
3	Experiments in Physical Chemistry by R.C. Das & B. Behra. Tata McGraw Hill.	
4	Experiments in Physical Chemistry by J.C. Ghosh, Bharati Bhavan.	
5	Practical book of Physical Chemistry – by Nadkarni Kothari Lawande. Bombay Popular Prakashan.	
6	Experiments in Chemistry by D.V. Jahagirdar.	

प्रण्याश्लोक अहिल्यादेवी होळकर सोलापुर विद्यापीठ राषित्रिया संचनना सोर् सिन्दर सरलांसान-2022 ?b+* Grade (CGPA-2:96)	Punyashlok Ahilyadevi Holkar Solapur Second Year BSc(Chemistr Vertical : DSC2-3P Course Code: Course Name: General Chemistry-I (General Physical Ch	y) Semester-III Practical-I
		*Examination Scheme
Lectures:02 Hours/w	veek, UI Creans	UA:15 Marks CA: 10 Marks

Course Preamble: A general Physical Chemistry practical is a laboratory course offered to the students. This course includes general physical chemistry practicals. These practicals will enhance the practical skills of the students.

	Course Objectives:	
•	To enhance practical skills of the students	
•	To understand the basic concepts of physical chemistry	
•	To know about the plotting of graph based on the data	
	Course Outcomes: After completion of the course students will be able to	
CO1:	To plot the graphs on the basis of data provided	
CO2:	To determine the slopes and intercepts from the graph	
CO3:	To understand the concept of buffers	
CO4:	To understand the concept of buffer mechanism	
CO5:	To know about the pH	
	General physical chemistry practicals	
1	To Plot of a graph from the given experimental data and to determine the slope and Intercept of the graph (at least 2 experiments)	
2	To study the effect of addition of HCl/NaOH on pH to the solutions of acetic acid, sodium acetate and their mixtures.	
3	To prepare buffer solutions (at least 5) of different pH values of Sodium acetate-acetic acid buffer and to determine the pKa of acetic acid	
4	To preparation of buffer solutions (at least 5) of different pH values of	
	Ammonium chloride-ammonium hydroxide buffer and to determine the pK_b of the	
	weak ammonium hydroxide	
5	Viscosity : To determine the percentage composition of a given liquid mixture by	
	viscosity method. (Density data be given)	

6	Refractometry: To determine the specific and molar refractions of given liquid(benzene, toluene and xylene) by Abbe's refractometer
7	Refractometry: To determine the refractive of series of solutions of salt and
	determine the concentration of salt in a given solution
8	Surface Tension: To determine the surface tension of methyl acetate, ethyl acetate,
	n-hexane and chloroform and hence to calculate atomic parachors of C, H, Cl.
	Reference Books
1	Experimental Physical Chemistry by A. Findlay Longman.
2	Advanced Experimental Chemistry Vol. I Physical by J.N. Gurtu and R. Kapoor S. Chand & Co.
3	Experiments in Physical Chemistry by R.C. Das & B. Behra. Tata McGraw Hill.
4	Experiments in Physical Chemistry by J.C. Ghosh, Bharati Bhavan.
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6	Experiments in Chemistry by D.V. Jahagirdar.



Punyashlok Ahilyadevi Holkar Solapur University, Solapur Second Year BSc (Chemistry) Semester-III Vertical : DSC2-4 Course Code: Course Name: General Chemistry-II (General Pharmaceutical Chemistry)

*Teaching Scheme Lectures:02 Hours/week, 02 Credits *Examination Scheme UA:30 Marks CA: 20 Marks

Course Preamble: This course is designed as a minor. This course consists of three chapters. They are Safety & Hazard Analysis, distribution law, Introduction to drug intermediates and Fundamentals of Analytical Chemistry. This course will help students to understand the basics concepts of chemistry.

	Course Objectives:	
•	To understand the types of chemical, physical, and biological hazards encountered in pharmaceutical and fine chemical industries.	
•	To learn about proper safety protocols, personal protective equipment (PPE), and emergency response strategies.	
•	To study common examples of drug intermediates and their synthetic pathways.	
•	To introduce fundamental analytical techniques such as Normality, Molarity, molality and Mole fraction, weight fraction	
	Course Outcomes: After completion of the course students will be able to	
CO1:	Identify potential workplace hazards and apply appropriate safety measures.	
CO2:	Explain the significance of drug intermediates in the pharmaceutical supply chain.	
CO3:	Understand basic synthesis routes and safety considerations for intermediates.	
CO4:	Gain hands-on experience with standard analytical instruments and methods.	
Unit I:	15L	
1	Safety & Hazard Analysis	
1.1	Introduction: Safety program, engineering ethics, accident and loss statistics, acceptable risk, public perception.	
1.2	Material safety data sheet (msds), storage, handling and use of hazardous chemicals, occupational health hazards.	
1.3	Toxicology: How toxicants enter & eliminate from biological system.	
1.4	Industrial hygiene: Government regulations, identification, evaluation and control	
1.5	Fires and explosions: The fire triangle, distinction between fire and explosions;	
Unit II		

2	Introduction to drug intermediates : 10L	
2.1	Drug intermediates: Active pharmaceutical ingredient (API), Characteristics, importance and Examples.	
2.2	 2 .Synthesis and uses of the following i) p-Acetyl amino benzenesulphonyl chloride from Aniline ii) Epichlorohydrine from propene iii) Ethambutol iv) Mebendazole v) Miconazole vi) Diazepam. 	
3	Fundamentals of Analytical Chemistry05L	
3.1	Basic principle of titrimetric analysis and classification	
3.2	Concept of primary and secondary standard, Preparation and dilution of reagents/solutions	
3.3	Normality, Molarity, molality and Mole fraction, weight fraction, % composition by weight and by volume. Use of $N_1V_1 = N_2V_2$ formula	
3.4	Preparation of ppm level solutions from source materials (salts), conversion factors, density and specific gravity of solutions	
	Reference Books	
1	Fundamental of industrial safety & Health –volume-1 by Dr. K.U.Mistry	
2	Real World Drug Discovery: A Chemist's Guide to Biotech and Pharmaceutical Research, Robert M. Rydzewski, Elsevier Science (2008).	
3	Pharmaceutical Dosage Form And Drug Delivery Systems, Howard C. Ansel,	
	Nicholas G. Popovich, Lord V. Alien, 6th edition, 1995,	
4	Fundamental of industrial safety & Health –volume-2 by Dr. K.U.Mistry	
5	Practical book of Physical Chemistry – by Nadkarni Kothari Lawande. Bombay Popular Prakashan.	
6	Experiments in Chemistry by D.V. Jahagirdar.	

प्रण्यक्रलेक अतिल्यावेवी तोठकर सोलापुर विद्यापीठ राषिद्याया संपन्नता । रि अत्य C Accredited-3922 'B++' Grade (CGPA-2.96)	Punyashlok Ahilyadevi Holkar Solapur Second Year BSc(Chemistr Vertical :DSC-2-4P Course Code: Course Name: General Chemistry-P (General Pharmaceutical Chemistry	y) Semester-III Practical Lab- II
*Teaching Scheme		*Examination Scheme
8		UA: 15 Marks

CA: 10 Marks

Course Preamble: This is minor course designed for the students to improve the analytical practical skills. It also provides opportunity to the students for laboratory work to inculcate the experiential learning.

	Course Objectives:	
•	To develop practical skills in basic and conceptual Organic Chemistry.	
•	To gain practical knowledge by applying the experimental methods to	
	correlate with the theory.	
٠	To Gain the knowledge of preparation of derivatives of organic compounds.	
•	To explore separation process of metal form the alloy.	
	Course Outcomes: After completion of the course students will be able	
	to	
CO1:	Understand practical skills.	
CO2:	Correlate theoretical concepts with experiments.	
CO3:	Prepare the organic compounds quantitatively	
CO4:	Understand the type of reaction involved in the preparation.	
CO5:	Acquire skills in determination of viscosity of the given liquids	
CO6:	Acquire skills in determination of refractive indices of the given liquids	
	Drug Analysis: (Any Two)	
	Systematic qualitative testing of organic drugs involving solubility determination, melting point and/or boiling point, detection of elements and functional groups.	
	Organic Chemistry	
	 Preparations of derivatives of organic compounds (Any Three) i) Nitration of aromatic nitro hydrocarbon ii) Oximes of aldehydes & ketones iii) Picrate Aromatic hydrocarbon iv) Oxalate of amide v) Nitrate of amide 	

	Inorganic Chemistry
	Semi-micro Qualitative Analysis : (Any Three)
	Cations : Co ⁺⁺ , Al ⁺⁺⁺ , Fe ⁺⁺⁺ , Mn ⁺⁺
	Anions : Cl^- , Br^- , I^- , SO_4^{2-} , NO_3^- , CO_3^{2-}
	Reference Books
1.	Advanced Inorganic Analysis by Agrawal and Keemti Lal Pragati Prakashan
2.	Practical Inorganic Chemistry by Shikha Gulati, JL Sharma, Shagun Manocha CBS Publishers and Distributors Pvt Ltd
3.	Practical Inorganic Chemistry by Samir Kumar Maji, Books & Allied (P) Ltd.
4.	Practical Organic Chemistry by A.I. Vogel.
5.	Hand book of Organic qualitative analysis by H.T. Clarke.
6.	A laboratory Hand Book of Organic qualitative analysis and separation by V.S. Kulkarni. Dastane Ramchandra & Co.
7.	Experiments in General Chemistry by C.N.R. Rao. Affiliated East-West Press Pvt. Ltd. Delhi.
8.	Experimental Physical Chemistry by Rajbhoj and Chondhekar, Anjali Pub.
9.	Advanced Experimental Chemistry Vol. I Physical by J.N. Gurtu and R. Kapoor S. Chand & Co.
10.	Experiments in Physical Chemistry by R.C. Das & B. Behra. Tata McGraw Hill.

पुण्यप्रलोक अहिल्यादेवी होळकर सोलापुर विद्यापीठ राषितरवा संपल्तता । अटि Accredited-2022 'B++' Grade (CGPA-2.96)	Sol	Holkar Solapur University, lapur hemistry) Semester-III E/OE-3 (Chemistry for
*Teaching Scheme		*Examination Scheme
Lectures:02 Hours/week, 02 Credits UA:30		UA:30 Marks
		CA: 20 Marks

Course Preamble: Chemistry-GE/OE-3 is one of the courses in the Chemistry curriculum. This course provides basic knowledge of chemistry required for competitive examination. This course consists of four chapters which covers the topics like Structure of atom, Concept of matter and chemical classification of matter, Chemical bonding and Carbon Compounds.

	Course Objectives:	
•	To know basic structure of atom	
•	To understand various atomic models	
•	To know about quantum numbers	
•	To understand the chemical bonding	
	Course Outcomes: After completion of this course, the students are able to	
CO1:	Understand the atomic models	
CO2:	Know different quantum numbers	
CO3:	Understand types of chemical bonding	
CO4:	Understand the IUPAC nomenclature	
CO5:	Understand the chemical reactions of carbon compounds	
Unit I		
1	Structure of atom: 8L	
1.1	Introduction, Dalton's atomic model, Thomson's atomic model, Rutherford	
	nuclear model of atom, Bohr's stable orbit atomic model	
1.2	Structure of atom: Proton, neutron and electron, Distribution of electron	
1.3	\mathcal{O}	
	exclusion principle.	
1.4	Atomic number, Atomic mass, Isotopes, Isobar, Isotone	
1.5	Quantum numbers.	
2	Concept of matter and chemical classification of matter:7L	
2.1	Introduction, State of matter, Characteristics of solid, liquid and gas,	
	Critical temperature, pressure and volume, Change of state of matter,	
2.2	Chemical classification of matter: Element, Compound, Mixture, Types of	
	element, compound and mixture.	
2.3	Types of solution, Concentration of Solution: Percentage by weight,	
	Percentage by volume Mole fraction, ppm, Molarity, Normality and	
	Molality.	
Unit II		
3	Chemical bonding: 7L	

3.1	Introduction, Valency, Octet Rule,	
3.2	Types of bonding: Ionic bond and Covalent bond,	
3.3	Types of covalent bond: sigma and pi bond, Polarity of covalent bond,	
	Dipole moment,	
3.4	Co-ordinate bond, Metallic bond, van der Waals force, Hydrogen bond	
4	Carbon Compounds: 8L	
4.1	Carbon, Allotropes of carbon, non-crystalline/amorphous forms of carbon,	
	Carbon monoxide and carbon dioxide,	
4.2	Hydrocarbons: basic organic compounds, Methane	
4.3	Bonds in carbon compound, Catenation, Isomerism, Classification of	
	hydrocarbon	
4.4	Functional groups in carbon compounds, IUPC nomenclature	
4.5	Chemical reactions of carbon compounds.	
	Reference Books:	
1	General Chemistry- C. N. R. Rao	
2	Organic Chemistry - Pine	
3	Essentials of Physical Chemistry- Puri, Sharma and Pathania	
4	Inorganic Chemistry- Puri, Sharma and Pathania	
5	Essentials of Physical Chemistry- Bahl and Tuli	
6	Advanced Physical Chemistry- Gurudeep Raj	
7	General Science- Bhaske, Bhaske Publication	
8	Science- All in One- Dr. Monali Salunkhe, Deepstambh Prakashan	

प्रवासनोक अतित्वादेवी तोखकर सोलापुर विद्यापीठ राषिद्यया संचलता ।। NAC Accredited-2022 'B++' Grade (CGPA-2.96)	Punyashlok Ahilyadevi Ho Solaj Second Year BSc(Che Vertical :VSC1 Course Code: Course Name: Chemistry-Prac (Organic Chemistry + (Pharma Chemicals-I)	pur emistry) Semester-III etical Lab-III and IV
*Teaching Scheme		*Examination Scheme
		UA:30 Marks CA: 20 Marks

Course Preamble: Organic and Pharmaceutical Chemistry practicals is one of the core courses in the Chemistry program. This course offers a comprehensive understanding of the practical concepts in Organic and Pharmaceutical chemistry. The students will get hands-on training on preparation of compounds.

	Course Objectives:
•	To develop practical skills in basic and conceptual Organic Chemistry.
•	To gain practical knowledge by applying the experimental methods to correlate with
	the theory.
•	To get idea about various Pharmaceutical preparations.
•	To determine various counts of blood.
	Course Outcomes: After completion of the course students will be able to
CO1:	Understand practical skills.
CO2:	Correlate theoretical concepts with experiments.
CO3:	Prepare the organic compounds quantitatively
CO4:	Prepare various Pharmaceutical preparations.
CO5:	Determine counts of blood.
	Organic Chemistry
	Organic Quantitative Analysis: Organic Preparations (Any Four) 1. Preparation of phthalimide from phthalic anhydride.
	 Preparation of p-bromo acetanilide from acetanilide. Preparation of m-dinitrobenzene from nitrobenzene using NaNO₂ and conc. H₂SO₄.
	4. Preparation of acetanilide from aniline using acetic acid and anhydrous zinc chloride.
	5. Preparation of p-nitro ethyl benzoate from p-nitrobenzoic acid
	Pharmaceutical Chemistry

	Preparation (Any Three)	
	1. Aromatic waters	
	2. Spirits	
	3. Tinctures	
	4. Extracts	
	5. Creams	
	Determination of (Any Two)	
	(1) Hemoglobin content of Blood.	
	(2) Bleeding time & Clotting time.	
	(3)Determination of (a) Blood Pressure. (b) Blood group	
	OR Any relevant practical can be considered	
	Reference Books	
1	Practical Organic Chemistry by A.I. Vogel.	
2	Hand book of Organic qualitative analysis by H.T. Clarke.	
3	A laboratory Hand Book of Organic qualitative analysis and separation by V.S. Kulkarni. Dastane Ramchandra & Co.	
4	Practical Organic Chemistry by F.G. Mann and B.C. Saunders. Low – priced Text Book. ELBS. Longman.	
5	Experiments in General Chemistry by C.N.R. Rao. Affiliated East-West Press Pvt. Ltd. Delhi.	
6	Inorganic Preparations – Alexander King George Allen & Unwind Ltd.	
7	Quantitative Inorganic Chemistry – A.I. Vogel.	
8	Practical Chemistry – Physical – Inorganic – Organic and Vice-voce by Balwant	
	Rai Satija. Allied Publishers Pvt. Ltd.	
9	Basic Concepts in Analytical Chemistry – S.M. Khopkar.	
10	Vogel's Text Book of Quantitative Inorganic Analysis – Bassett, Denny, Jeffery Mendham.	

पुण्यस्रलोक अहिल्यावेवी होठकर सुण्यस्रलोक अहिल्यावेवी होठकर संतलपुर विद्यापीठ रा। विद्यया संपन्नता । रि MAC Accredited-3022 'BH+' Grade (CGPA-2.96)	Punyashlok Ahilyadevi Holkar Solapur University, Solapur Second Year BSc(Chemistry) Semester-III Vertical :VSC2-P Course Code:	
	Course Name: Chemistry-Practical Lab-I and II (General	
	Physical +General Pharmaceutical Chemistry)	
*Teaching Scheme		*Examination Scheme

*Teaching Scheme	*Examination Scheme
Lectures:02 Hours/week, 02 Credits	UA: 30 Marks
	CA: 20 Marks

Course Preamble: This is minor course designed for the students to improve the analytical practical skills. It also provides opportunity to the students for laboratory work to inculcate the experiential learning.

	Course Objectives:
•	To develop practical skills in basic and conceptual Organic Chemistry.
•	To gain practical knowledge by applying the experimental methods to
	correlate with the theory.
•	To Study the volumetric estimation of compound quantitatively
	Course Outcomes: After completion of the course students will be able to
CO1:	Understand practical skills.
CO2:	Correlate theoretical concepts with experiments.
CO3:	Quantify the organic compounds using volumetric estimation.
CO4:	Determine the rate of chemical reactions
	Physical Chemistry
1.	 Chemical Kinetics (Any Three) 1. To study the hydrolysis of methyl acetate in presence of HCl and H₂SO₄ and to determine the relative stength of acids. 2. To study the effect of acid strength (0.5M and 0.25M HCl) on hydrolysis of an ester. 3. To study the reaction between K₂S₂O₈ and KI (unequal concentration) 4. To study the reaction between KBrO₃ and KI (equal concentrations)
	Pharmaceutical Chemistry
	 Estimations (Any Three) 1. Determination of Iodine value. 2. Determination of Saponification value and unsaponifiable matter. 3. Determination of ester value. 4. Determination of Acid value. 5.Estimation of acetone 6.Estimation of nitro group from m-nitroaniline OR Any relevant practical can be considered

	Reference Books
1.	Advanced Inorganic Analysis by Agrawal and Keemti Lal Pragati Prakashan
2.	Practical Inorganic Chemistry by Shikha Gulati, JL Sharma, Shagun Manocha CBS Publishers and Distributors Pvt Ltd
3.	Practical Inorganic Chemistry by Samir Kumar Maji, Books & Allied (P) Ltd.
4.	A laboratory Hand Book of Organic qualitative analysis and separation by V.S. Kulkarni. Dastane Ramchandra & Co.
5.	Practical Organic Chemistry by F.G. Mann and B.C. Saunders. Low – priced Text Book. ELBS. Longman.
6.	Experiments in General Chemistry by C.N.R. Rao. Affiliated East-West Press Pvt. Ltd. Delhi.
7.	Advanced Practical Organic Chemistry by N.K. Vishnoi. Vikas Publishing House Private Limited.
8.	Comprehensive Practical Organic Chemistry Qualitative Analysis by V.K. Ahluwalia, Sunita Dhingra. University Press. Distributor-Orient Longman Ltd.
9.	Advanced Experimental Chemistry Vol. I Physical by J.N. Gurtu and R. Kapoor S. Chand & Co.
10.	Experiments in Physical Chemistry by R.C. Das & B. Behra. Tata McGraw Hill.



Punyashlok Ahilyadevi Holkar Solapur University, Solapur

Second Year BSc (Chemistry) Semester-III

Vertical : AEC

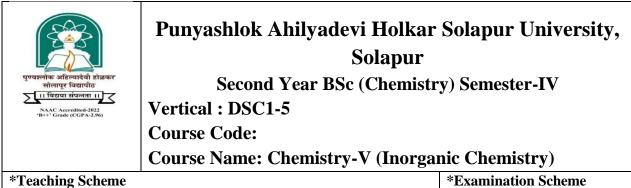
Course Code: ENG-101

Course Name: English for Communication-Paper-I

*Teaching Scheme	*Examination Scheme
Lectures:02 Hours/week, 02 Credits	UA:30 Marks
	CA: 20 Marks

प्रपदस्तोक अहित्यावेची तोठकत सुप्रपदस्तोक अहित्यावेची तोठकत सोलापुर विद्यापीठ ▶ 1 विद्या संचलनता ।) NAC Accredited-2022 :b++ ² Grade (CGPA-2-39)	Sol	Code:	
*Teaching Scheme Lectures:02 Hours/v	veek, 02 Credits	*Examination Scheme UA:30 Marks CA: 20 Marks	

Semester IV



*Teaching Scheme	*Examination Scheme
Lectures:02 Hours/week, 02 Credits	UA:30 Marks
	CA: 20 Marks

Course Preamble: This major course consists of two units. Unit-I has one chapter named as coordination chemistry. Unit-II has two chapters namely chelation and study of d-block elements. These chapters mainly focus on the various aspects of coordination chemistry and physicochemical properties of d-block elements.

	Course Objectives:
•	To take review of the Co-ordination Chemistry, Chelation and study of d-block elements.
•	To provide basic knowledge about the co-ordination Chemistry, Chelation and study of d-block elements.
•	To discusses the periodicity in properties with reference to the d block.
•	To get an idea about horizontal similarity in a period in addition to vertical similarity in a group.
	Course Outcomes: After completion of the course students will be able to
CO1:	Understand definition and formation of co-ordinate covalent bond.
CO2:	Understand the IUPAC nomenclature of co-ordination compounds
CO3:	Understand the important properties valence bond theory of transition metal complexes.
CO4:	Understand the terms, ligand, denticity of ligands, chelate, coordination number and use standard rules to name coordination compounds.
CO5:	Understand chelate classification and its structure and applications
CO6:	Understand Position of d-block elements in periodic table, and Comparison of 1st transition series with 2nd & 3rd transition series
Unit 1:	
2.	Co-ordination Chemistry (15)
1.1	Definition and formation of co-ordinate covalent bond in BF_3 : NH_3 and in $[NH_4]$.
1.2	Distinction between double salt and complex salt,
1.3	Werner's theory : A. Postulates of theory
	 B. Applications of theory: Theory applied to cobalt amine viz; a] CoCl₃.6NH₃ b] CoCl₃.5NH₃, c] CoCl₃.4NH₃, d] CoCl₃.3NH₃ C. Limitations

	Description of terms –a] ligand, b]co-ordination number,		
	c] co-ordination sphere, d]effective atomic number,		
	e] Geometrical isomerism and optical isomerism in co-ordination		
1.4	compounds for $CN = 4$ and $CN = 6$.		
1.5	IUPAC nomenclature of co-ordination compounds,		
	Valence bond theory of transition metal complexes.		
	A .Introduction		
	B. Postulates of VBT/ basic concepts of VBTC. Role of transition metal in the formation of complex		
	D. Stepwise process of formation of complex : Salient features		
1.6	E. Applications : High spin and low spin complexes w.r.t. $CN = 4$ and $CN = 6$. F. Limitations of Valence bond theory.		
Unit II:			
2.	Chelation (05)		
2.1			
	A brief introduction w.r.t. ligand, chelating agent, chelation and metal chelate.		
2.2	Structural requirements of chelate formation.		
2.3	Difference between metal chelate and metal complex.		
2.4	Classification of chelating agents (with specific illustrations of bidentate chelating agent).		
2.5.	Applications of chelation w.r.t. chelating agents: EDTA and DMG.		
2			
3.	Study of d-block elements(10)		
3. 3.1	Study of d-block elements (10) Introduction,		
3.1	Introduction,		
3.1 3.2	Introduction, Position of d-block elements in periodic table,		
3.1 3.2 3.3	Introduction, Position of d-block elements in periodic table, Names & electronic configuration of 1 ^{st,} 2 nd & 3 rd three transition series. General Characteristics of 3 d-block elements w.r.t. – a) oxidation state b) colour c) Magnetic behavior (spin only formula)		
3.1 3.2 3.3	Introduction, Position of d-block elements in periodic table, Names & electronic configuration of 1 ^{st,} 2 nd & 3 rd three transition series. General Characteristics of 3 d-block elements w.r.t. –		
3.1 3.2 3.3	Introduction, Position of d-block elements in periodic table, Names & electronic configuration of 1 ^{st,} 2 nd & 3 rd three transition series. General Characteristics of 3 d-block elements w.r.t. – a) oxidation state b) colour c) Magnetic behavior (spin only formula)		
3.1 3.2 3.3 3.4	Introduction, Position of d-block elements in periodic table, Names & electronic configuration of 1 ^{st,} 2 nd & 3 rd three transition series. General Characteristics of 3 d-block elements w.r.t. – a) oxidation state b) colour c) Magnetic behavior (spin only formula) d) catalytic properties and e) tendency to form complexes.		
3.1 3.2 3.3 3.4	Introduction, Position of d-block elements in periodic table, Names & electronic configuration of 1 ^{st,} 2 nd 3 rd three transition series. General Characteristics of 3 d-block elements w.r.t. – a) oxidation state b) colour c) Magnetic behavior (spin only formula) d) catalytic properties and e) tendency to form complexes. Comparison of 1st transition series with 2nd& 3rd transition series w.r.t. – a) electronic configuration b) reactivity		
3.1 3.2 3.3 3.4	Introduction, Position of d-block elements in periodic table, Names & electronic configuration of 1 ^{st,} 2 nd & 3 rd three transition series. General Characteristics of 3 d-block elements w.r.t. – a) oxidation state b) colour c) Magnetic behavior (spin only formula) d) catalytic properties and e) tendency to form complexes. Comparison of 1st transition series with 2nd& 3rd transition series w.r.t. – a) electronic configuration b) reactivity c) stability of oxidation state		
3.1 3.2 3.3 3.4	Introduction, Position of d-block elements in periodic table, Names & electronic configuration of 1 ^{st,} 2 nd 3 rd three transition series. General Characteristics of 3 d-block elements w.r.t. – a) oxidation state b) colour c) Magnetic behavior (spin only formula) d) catalytic properties and e) tendency to form complexes. Comparison of 1st transition series with 2nd& 3rd transition series w.r.t. – a) electronic configuration b) reactivity c) stability of oxidation state d) magnetic behavior and		
3.1 3.2 3.3 3.4	Introduction, Position of d-block elements in periodic table, Names & electronic configuration of 1 ^{st,} 2 nd & 3 rd three transition series. General Characteristics of 3 d-block elements w.r.t. – a) oxidation state b) colour c) Magnetic behavior (spin only formula) d) catalytic properties and e) tendency to form complexes. Comparison of 1st transition series with 2nd& 3rd transition series w.r.t. – a) electronic configuration b) reactivity c) stability of oxidation state		
3.1 3.2 3.3 3.4	Introduction, Position of d-block elements in periodic table, Names & electronic configuration of 1 ^{st,} 2 nd & 3 rd three transition series. General Characteristics of 3 d-block elements w.r.t. – a) oxidation state b) colour c) Magnetic behavior (spin only formula) d) catalytic properties and e) tendency to form complexes. Comparison of 1st transition series with 2nd& 3rd transition series w.r.t. – a) electronic configuration b) reactivity c) stability of oxidation state d) magnetic behavior and e) stability of complexes (Brief account only)		
3.1 3.2 3.3 3.4	Introduction, Position of d-block elements in periodic table, Names & electronic configuration of 1 ^{st,} 2 nd & 3 rd three transition series. General Characteristics of 3 d-block elements w.r.t. – a) oxidation state b) colour c) Magnetic behavior (spin only formula) d) catalytic properties and e) tendency to form complexes. Comparison of 1st transition series with 2nd& 3rd transition series w.r.t. – a) electronic configuration b) reactivity c) stability of oxidation state d) magnetic behavior and e) stability of complexes (Brief account only)		
3.1 3.2 3.3 3.4	Introduction, Position of d-block elements in periodic table, Names & electronic configuration of 1 ^{st,} 2 nd & 3 rd three transition series. General Characteristics of 3 d-block elements w.r.t. – a) oxidation state b) colour c) Magnetic behavior (spin only formula) d) catalytic properties and e) tendency to form complexes. Comparison of 1st transition series with 2nd& 3rd transition series w.r.t. – a) electronic configuration b) reactivity c) stability of oxidation state d) magnetic behavior and e) stability of complexes (Brief account only)		
3.1 3.2 3.3 3.4 3.5 8.	Introduction, Position of d-block elements in periodic table, Names & electronic configuration of 1 ^{st,} 2 nd & 3 rd three transition series. General Characteristics of 3 d-block elements w.r.t. – a) oxidation state b) colour c) Magnetic behavior (spin only formula) d) catalytic properties and e) tendency to form complexes. Comparison of 1st transition series with 2nd& 3rd transition series w.r.t. – a) electronic configuration b) reactivity c) stability of oxidation state d) magnetic behavior and e) stability of complexes (Brief account only) Reference Books Concise Inorganic Chemistry by J.D. Lee ELBS 4th & 5th Edn. Basic Inorganic Chemistry by F.A. Cotton, G.Wilkinson and P.L. Gaus Wiley. Concepts and Models of Inorganic Chemistry by B. Douglas. D.Mc. Daniel and J.		
3.1 3.2 3.3 3.4 3.5 8. 9. 10.	Introduction, Position of d-block elements in periodic table, Names & electronic configuration of 1 ^{st,} 2 nd 3 rd three transition series. General Characteristics of 3 d-block elements w.r.t. – a) oxidation state b) colour c) Magnetic behavior (spin only formula) d) catalytic properties and e) tendency to form complexes. Comparison of 1st transition series with 2nd& 3rd transition series w.r.t. – a) electronic configuration b) reactivity c) stability of oxidation state d) magnetic behavior and e) stability of complexes (Brief account only) Reference Books Concise Inorganic Chemistry by J.D. Lee ELBS 4th & 5th Edn. Basic Inorganic Chemistry by F.A. Cotton, G.Wilkinson and P.L. Gaus Wiley. Concepts and Models of Inorganic Chemistry by B. Douglas. D.Mc. Daniel and J. Alexander, John Wiley.		
3.1 3.2 3.3 3.4 3.5 8. 9.	Introduction, Position of d-block elements in periodic table, Names & electronic configuration of 1 ^{st,} 2 nd 3 rd three transition series. General Characteristics of 3 d-block elements w.r.t. – a) oxidation state b) colour c) Magnetic behavior (spin only formula) d) catalytic properties and e) tendency to form complexes. Comparison of 1st transition series with 2nd& 3rd transition series w.r.t. – a) electronic configuration b) reactivity c) stability of oxidation state d) magnetic behavior and e) stability of complexes (Brief account only) Reference Books Concise Inorganic Chemistry by J.D. Lee ELBS 4th & 5th Edn. Basic Inorganic Chemistry by F.A. Cotton, G.Wilkinson and P.L. Gaus Wiley. Concepts and Models of Inorganic Chemistry by B. Douglas. D.Mc. Daniel and J.		

12.	Inorganic Chemistry by Puri and Sharma (S. Chand & Co.)
13.	Inorganic Chemistry by Agrawal.
14.	Inorganic Chemistry by D.E. Shriver, P.W. Atkins and C.H. Longford, Oxford.
15.	Selected topics in Inorganic Chemistry : Madan, Malik Tuli, S. Chand & Company.
16.	Vogel's Text Book of Quantitative Inorganic Analysis–Bassett, Denny, Jeffery Mendham.

प्रियक्तीक अहित्यादेवी होळकर मुण्यक्तीक अहित्यादेवी होळकर सालापुर विद्यापीठ र्रा!!सिद्या संपनन्ता गोर्ट् MAC Accredited-822 '8++' Grade (CGPA-2.96)	Ritering Second Year BSc(Chemistry) Semester-IV In Targent ridge-ring 11 Internet transmission NAAC Accredited-2022 Vertical : DSC1-5 P	
*Teaching Scheme *		*Examination Scheme
Lectures:02 Hours/week, 01 Credits		UA:15 Marks
		CA: 10 Marks

Course Preamble: Inorganic Chemistry practical is one of the core courses in the Chemistry program. This course offers a comprehensive understanding of the practical concepts in Inorganic chemistry. Theoretical aspects and practical's correlation that will be beneficial to grow practical skills.

	Course Objectives:
•	To acquire the practical skills
•	To Review the gravimetric analysis
•	To get knowledge about steps in gravimetric analysis
•	To acquire the process involved in gravimetric analysis
	Course Outcomes: After completion of the course students will be able to
CO1:	Understand the practical skills of preparations.
CO2:	Know methods and various combination of chemicals.
CO3:	Understand the different properties of precipitation.
CO4:	Understand various steps involved in gravimetric analysis.
CO5:	Understand precipitation process in gravimetric analysis.
	Gravimetry (Any three)

1.	Gravimetric estimation of Fe as Fe ₂ O ₃ from a solution containing ferrous	
	ammonium sulphate and free sulphuric acid.	
3.	Gravimetric estimation of Ba as BaSO ₄ from a solution containing barium chloride	
	and free hydrochloric acid.	
4.	Gravimetric estimation of Ca as CaO from the given solution containing calcium	
	carbonate and hydrochloric acid.	
5.	Gravimetric estimation of zinc as zinc pyrophosphate from the given solution	
	containing	
	zinc sulphate, and free sulphuric acid.	
6.	Gravimetric estimation of manganese as manganese ammonium phosphate from	
	the given solution containing manganese sulphate and free sulphuric acid.[For the gravimetric experiments, stock solution should be given in the range	
	of 10 to 15 cm ³ and asked to dilute to 100 cm ³ (or the stock solution should be given in the range of 20 to 30 cm ³ and asked to dilute to 250 cm ³). Use 50 cm ³ of this diluted solution for estimation.]	
	Reference Books	
7.	Inorganic Preparations – Alexander King George Allen & Unwind Ltd.	
8.	Quantitative Inorganic Chemistry – A.I. Vogel.	
9.	Practical Chemistry – Physical – Inorganic – Organic and Vice-voce by Balwant	
	Rai Satija. Allied Publishers Pvt. Ltd.	
10.	Basic Concepts in Analytical Chemistry – S.M. Khopkar.	
11.	Vogel's Text Book of Quantitative Inorganic Analysis – Bassett, Denny, Jeffery Mendham.	

पुण्यश्लोक अहिल्यादेवी होळकर सोलायुर विद्यापीठ ▶ि विद्यार संपनला सो NAC Accredited-2022 'B++' Grade (CGPA-2.96)	Punyashlok Ahilyadevi Holkar Solapur University, Solapur Second Year BSc (Chemistry) Semester-IV Vertical : DSC1-6 Course Code: Course Name: Chemistry-VI (Pharmaceutical and Fine Chemicals -II)	
*Teaching Scheme		*Examination Scheme
Lectures:02 Hours/week, 02 Credits UA:30 Marks		UA:30 Marks
		CA: 20 Marks
Course Preamble: Pharmaceutical and Fine Chemicals is one of the major courses in the		

Course Preamble: Pharmaceutical and Fine Chemicals is one of the major courses in the Chemistry curriculum. This course helps in understanding the fundamental principles of Pharmaceutical and Fine Chemical technology; including Industrial Pharmacy, Heterocyclic chemistry of drugs, Overview of Basics of Human Anatomy and Physiology.

	Course Objectives:

•	To understand the principles and processes involved in the large-scale manufacturing of various pharmaceutical dosage forms (tablets, capsules, injectable, etc.).		
•	To provide foundational knowledge of the structure and function of major organ systems in the human body.		
•	To relate how anatomy and physiology are essential for understanding drug action, absorption, distribution, and metabolism.		
•	To introduce the structure, classification, and synthesis of heterocyclic compounds, especially those with pharmaceutical relevance (e.g., pyridine, imidazole, quinoline).		
	Course Outcomes: After completion of the course students will be a	able to	
CO1:	To describe the steps involved in the production of common dosage forms.		
CO2:	To gain knowledge of process controls, quality assurance, and regulatory standards in pharmaceutical manufacturing.		
CO3:	To describe key body systems (e.g., cardiovascular, digestive, nervous, respiratory) and their roles.		
CO4:	To apply this knowledge when designing and evaluating dosage forms for targeted drug delivery.		
CO5:	CO5: To understand the significance of heterocycles in drug discovery and desig		
CO6:	To develop the ability to interpret heterocyclic reaction mechanisms and their pharmaceutical applications.		
Unit 1:	Industrial Pharmacy	15 L	
1.1	Manufacturing techniques of different solid dosage forms, like tablets, capsules powders and granules		
1.2	Testing techniques and compliance for different solid oral dosage forms.		
1.3	Machinery requirements.		
1.4	Manufacturing techniques and formulation concepts for different semisolid dosage forms including emulsions, suspensions, ointments, lotions, creams and suppositories.		
Unit II		15L	
2	Heterocyclic chemistry of drugs	8 L	
2.1 General methods of synthesis, properties and applications of drugs containing five, six membered and fused heterocylces such as: Pyrazoline, triazole, 4-thiazolidinone, purine, quinoline, acridine. Synthesis of few representative d containing these heterocyclic nucleus.		, 4-	
3. Overview of Basics of Human Anatomy and Physiolog		7L	
3.1	Definitions of Anatomy, Physiology, Histology, Biochemistry, Homoeostasis, Health, Disease, Toxicity, Safety, Genotoxicity, etc.		
3.2Overview of different systems that make the human body.			
	Defense a Deeler		
1	Reference BooksFoye's Principles of Medicinal Chemistry, 7th Ed, Thomas L. Lemke, David A. Williams, Victoria F. Roche, S. William Zito, Wolters Kluwer, 2012.		

2	Wilson and Gisvold's Textbook of Organic Medicinal and Pharmaceutical Chemistry, Charles Owens Wilson, Lippincott Williams & Wilkins, 2004.		
3	Basic Concepts in Medicinal Chemistry, Marc W. Harrold and Robin M. Zavod, American Society of Health-System Pharmacists, 2013.		
4	Unit Operations and Processes- P. H. Groggins.		
5	Unit Operations I and II- P.P. Kale- Pune Vidyarthigruh Prakashan		
6	6 Medicinal Chemistry, Ashutosh Kar, New Age International		
7	Ansel's Pharmaceutical Dosage Forms and Drug Delivery Systems, Loyd Allen and Howard C. Ansel, Lippincott Williams & Wilkins, 2013.		
8	Pharmaceutical Preformulation and Formulation: A Practical Guide from Candidate Drug Selection to Commercial Dosage Form, Mark Gibson, CRC Press, 2016		
9	Remington: The Science and Practice of Pharmacy, David B. Troy, Paul Bering, Lippincott Williams & Wilkins, 2006		
10	The Theory and Practice of Industrial Pharmacy, Herbert Lieberman and Leon Lachman, CBS Publishers, 2013		
11	Heterocyclic Chemistry" by J.A. Joule and K. Mills.		
12	The Chemistry of Heterocycles: Structure, Reactions, Syntheses, and Applications" by Theophil Eicher and Siegfried Hauptmann		
13	Heterocyclic Chemistry" by Raj K. Bansal		

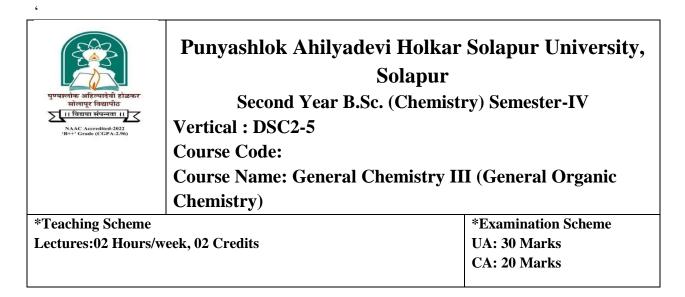
لللله برستور بر بر بر بر بر بر بر بر بر ب	Solapur Second Year BSc(Chemistry Vertical :DSC1-6P Course Code:	Second Year BSc(Chemistry) Semester-IV ertical :DSC1-6P ourse Code: ourse Name: Chemistry –VI (Pharmaceutical and Fine	
*Teaching Scheme		*Examination Scheme	
Lectures:02 Hours/w	UA: 15 Marks		
	CA: 10 Marks		

Course Preamble: Pharmaceutical and Fine Chemical Chemistry practical is one of the core courses in the Chemistry program. This course offers a comprehensive understanding of the practical concepts in Pharmaceutical and Fine Chemical Technology. Theoretical aspects and practical's correlation that will be beneficial to grow practical skills.

Course Objectives:

•	To acquire the practical skills.	
•	To study estimation of different drugs.	
•	To study Morphological Identification of drugs.	
•	To get knowledge about how to perform assay of the compounds.	
•	To get knowledge about identification test involved in pharmacopoeia.	
	Course Outcomes: After completion of the course students will be able to	
CO1:	Understand the practical skills of preparations.	
CO2:	Estimate different drugs.	
CO3:	Understand Morphological Identification of drugs	
CO4:	Understand various steps involved in assay of compounds.	
CO5:	Understands about identification test involved in pharmacopoeia.	
1	Estimations:(Any Three)	
	1. Determination of the amount of magnesium hydroxide in a commercial sample of milk of magnesia.	
	2. Estimation of aspirin (Acid-Base titration)	
	3. Estimation Ibuprofen in the given sample (Back titration method)	
	4. Estimation of acetic acid in a sample of vinegar (Titrimetry)	
	5. To estimate the concentration of paracetamol in a given tablet formulation using UV spectrophotometric methods.	
	6. To extract and estimate the caffeine content using UV spectrophotometry or by volumetric analysis.	
2	Morphological Identification of the following drugs: (Any Two)	
	Ispaghula, Senna, Coriander, Fennel, Cardamom, Ginger, Nutmeg, Black Pepper, Cinnamon, Clove, Ephedra, Rauwolfia, Gokhru, Punarnava, Cinchona, Agar.	
3	Gross anatomical studies (Transverse Section) of the following drugs: (Any Two)	
	Ajwain, Datura, Cinnamon, Cinchona, Coriander, Ashwagandha, Liquorice, Clove, Curcuma, Nux vomica, Vasaka	
4	OR Any relevant practical can be considered	
	Reference Books	
1	Pharmaceutical Analysis: A Practical Manual by Randhir Singh Dahiya, Navpreet Kaur, Lalit Kishore, Pharmamed.	
2	A.H. Beckett & J.B. Stenlake's, Practical Pharmaceutical Chemistry Vol I & II, Stahlone Press of University of London y.	

3	A.I. Vogel, Text Book of Quantitative Inorganic analysis
4	P. Gundu Rao, Inorganic Pharmaceutical Chemistry
5	Bentley and Driver's Textbook of Pharmaceutical Chemistry.
6	John H. Kennedy, Analytical chemistry principles.
7	Indian Pharmacopoeia

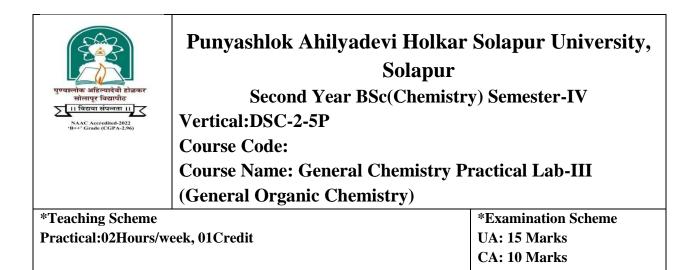


Course Preamble: This course is designed as a minor. This course consists of two chapters. First unit includes basic concepts of alkanes, alkenes and alkynes. Second unit includes aromaticity, alcohols and phenols. This course will help students to understand the basics concepts of organic chemistry.

	Course Objectives:	
•	To study saturated, unsaturated and alicyclic hydrocarbons.	
•	To study the concept of aromaticity, its applications and reactions.	
•	To study the reactions involved in saturated, unsaturated and alicyclic hydrocarbons	
•	To study different types of alcohols and phenols.	
	Course Outcomes: After completion of the course students will be able to	
CO1:	Distinguish between saturated, unsaturated, alicyclic, aromatic and heterocyclic compounds.	
CO2:	To comment on aromaticity of any organic compound and its stability.	
CO3:	Distinguish between dihydric and trihydric alcohols.	
CO4:	Understand the idea of monohydric, dihydric and trihydric phenols.	
Unit 1:	(15)	
1.	Alkanes and Cycloalkanes: (7)	

	Alkanes: Introduction and methods of formation of alkanes with respect to		
1.1	Wurtz reaction, Kolbe reaction, Corey- House reaction and decarboxylation		
	reaction.		
1.2	Mechanism of free radical halogenation of alkanes.		
	Cycloalkanes: Nomenclature, Methods of formation:		
	a) Internal Wurtz reaction		
1.3	b) Distillation of calcium or barium salt of dicarboxylic acid		
1.4 Chemical properties of cyclopropane			
	a) Free radical substitution of chlorine in presence of light.		
1.4	b) Action of HBr and conc. H_2SO_4		
1.4	c) Catalytic reduction by H ₂ /Ni		
2	Alkenes, Dienes and Alkynes(08)		
2.1			
-	Nomenclature of alkenes Methods of formation of alkenes with mechanism		
	a) By dehydration of lower alcohols.		
2.2			
	b) By dehydrohalogenation of lower alkyl halides		
	Chemical reactions of alkenes: Hydrogenation, Electrophilic and free radical additions, Hydroboration, Oxidation, Epoxidation, Ozonolysis, Hydration,		
	Hydroxylation, Oxidation, With KMnO ₄ , Polymerization of alkenes: ethylene		
2.3	and propylene		
2.4	Nomenclature of dienes		
2.5.	Classification of dienes: Isolated, Conjugated and Cumulated dienes		
2.6	Butadiene: Methods of formation, polymerization, 1:2 and 1:4 additions and Diels-Alder reaction		
2.7	Alkynes: Nomenclature, Acidity of alkynes		
2.8	Electrophilic and Nucleophilic addition reactions, Hydroboration, Oxidation		
Unit-II	(15)		
3	Aromaticity and Benzene (07)		
3.1	Aromatic, non-aromatic, antiaromatic and pseudo aromatic compounds		
3.2	Kekule's structure of benzene		
3.3	Resonance structures of benzene		
3.4	Molecular orbital picture of benzene		
3.5	Representation of benzene ring		
3.6	Modern theory of aromaticity. Fundamental Concepts: Delocalisation of electrons, coplanarity and Huckel's (4n+2) π rule. Applications of Huckel's rule to naphthalene, pyrrole and pyridine		
3.7	Mechanism of electrophilic aromatic substitution in benzene w.r.t. nitration, sulphonation, halogenations and Friedel-Craft's reaction: alkylation and acylation		
4	Alcohols and Phenols (08)		
4.1	A) Alcohols:		
	i. Dihydric alcohols : Nomenclature, Methods of formation of ethylene glycol		

	from ethylene, ethylene dibromide and ethylene oxide, physical properties & chemical reactions of ethylene glycol – acidic nature, reaction with hydrogen halide, oxidation – lead acetate, HIO ₄ and nitric acid, Uses of ethylene glycol. Pinacol formation, Pinacol-Pinacolone rearrangement and its mechanism ii. Trihydric alcohols: Nomenclature, Methods of formation of glycerol – from fats and oils physical properties. Chemical reactions of glycerol – reaction with electropositive metals, reaction with hydrogen halide HCl and HI Reaction with conc. nitric acid in presence of conc. sulphuric acid. Reactions with potassium hydrogen sulphate, esterification, oxidation. Uses of glycerol		
4.2	B) Phenols:		
	Introduction, Reactions of phenol (carbolic acid) :		
	1.Acylation and Fries rearrangement		
	2.Ether formation and Claisen rearrangement		
	3.Gattermann Synthesis		
	4.Carboxylation – Kolbe's reaction		
	5.Reimer – Tiemann reaction and its mechanism		
	Reference Books:		
1.	Organic Chemistry: Hendrickson, Cram, Hammond.		
2.	Organic Chemistry: Morrison and Boyd		
3.	Organic Chemistry: Volume I and III. L. Finar		
4.	Organic Chemistry: Pine		
5.	Advanced Organic Chemistry: Sachin kumar Ghosh		
6.	Advanced Organic Chemistry: B. S. Bahl and Arun Bahl		
7.	A Guide book to Mechanism in Organic Chemistry: Peter Sykes		
8.	Textbook of Organic Chemistry: P. L. Sony		
9.	Practical Organic Chemistry: A. I. Vogel		
10.	Advanced Organic Chemistry: Reactions, Mechanism and Structure: Jerry March		
11.	Organic Chemistry: M. R. Jain		
12.	Organic Chemistry: J. M. Shaigel		
13.	Organic Synthesis: Smith		



Course Preamble: General Chemistry Practical is one of the minor practical courses in the Chemistry curriculum. This course provides an in-depth understanding of the Quantitative analysis. Combining the theoretical knowledge with hands on practicals will help students to develop practical skills in analyzing and optimizing the organic chemistry concepts.

	Course Objectives:	
•	To develop practical skills in basic and conceptual Organic Chemistry.	
•	To gain practical knowledge by applying the experimental methods to correlate	
	with the theory.	
•	Gain the knowledge of preparation of derivatives of organic compounds.	
•	To know the type of reaction and mechanism involved in the preparation.	
	Course Outcomes:	
	On successful completion of this practical course student will be able to:	
CO1	Understand practical skills.	
CO2	Correlate theoretical concepts with experiments.	
CO3	Prepare the organic compounds quantitatively	
CO4	Understand the type of reaction and mechanism involved in the preparation.	
	List of Experiments	
	Organic Quantitative Analysis: Organic Preparations (Any Four)	
	1. Preparation of phthalimide from phthalic anhydride.	
	2. Preparation of p-bromo acetanilide from acetanilide.	
 Preparation of m-dinitrobenzene from nitrobenzene using Na conc. H₂SO₄. 		
	4. Preparation of acetanilide from aniline using acetic acid and anhydrous zinc chloride.	
	5. Preparation of p-nitro ethyl benzoate from p-nitrobenzoic acid	

	Reference Books:	
1	Practical Organic Chemistry by A.I. Vogel	
2	Hand book of Organic qualitative analysis by H.T. Clarke	
3	A laboratory Hand Book of Organic qualitative analysis and separation by V.S. Kulkarni. Dastane Ramchandra & Co.	
4	Practical Organic Chemistry by F.G. Mann and B.C. Saunders. Low – priced Text Book. ELBS. Longman	
5	Experiments in General Chemistry by C.N.R. Rao. Affiliated East-West Press Pvt. Ltd. Delhi	
6	Advanced Practical Organic Chemistry by N.K. Vishnoi. Vikas Publishing House Private Limited	
7	Comprehensive Practical Organic Chemistry Qualitative Analysis by V.K. Ahluwalia, Sunita Dhingra. University Press. Distributor-Orient Longman Ltd.	
8	Practical Chemistry – Physical – Inorganic – Organic and Viva – voce by Balwant Rai Satija. Allied Publishers Private Limited.	
9	Experimental organic chemistry by J. R. Norris, published by Sarup and sons, Delhi	
10	Advanced practical chemistry by J. Singh, L. D. S. Yadav, R. K. P. singh, I. R. Siddiqui et.al, Pragati prakashan.	

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*Teaching Scheme		*Examination Scheme

Lectures:02 Hours/week, 02 Credits

*Examination Scher UA:30 Marks CA: 20 Marks

Course Preamble: This course is designed for knowledge of Analytical and Industrial Chemistry. It covers the major theoretical aspects related to inorganic laboratory work and industrial processes.

	Course Objectives:	
•	To get knowledge of Volumetric Analysis.	
•	To understand the Gravimetric Analysis.	
•	• To acquire information about industrial heavy chemicals.	
•	To get information to process involved in Chromatography.	

	Course Outcomes: After completion of the course students will be able to	
CO1:	Acquire knowledge about gravimetric analysis	
CO2:	Acquire knowledge about volumetric analysis	
CO3:	Understand role of theory involved in the laboratory work	
CO4:	Understand the steps involved in the industrial heavy chemicals	
CO5:	Understand the process involved in Chromatography.	
UNIT-I	15L	
A	Volumetric Analysis(07)	
1.	Introduction, Definitions:- Titrant; Titrand, standard solution; Titration Indicator; Equivalence point; Endpoint. Primary standard, Secondary standard. Strength of solution, volumetric analysis & their types.	
2.	Acid Base Titration i) Theory of Acid-Base indicator : A) Colour change Interval B) Theories-Ostwald's theory & Quinoid theory	
	ii) Neutralization curve and choice of indicator for following titrations :A) Strong acid and Strong BaseB) Strong Acid and Weak BaseC) Weak Acid and Strong Base	
В	Gravimetric analysis (08)	
1.	Introduction, Definitions: - Gravimetric analysis, Saturation, Super-saturation, Sol, Gel, Coagulation or Flocculation, Coagulation or Flocculation value, Peptization, Precipitate, Precipitant, Solubility, Aging or digestion, Ignition,	
2.	General steps involved in gravimetry	
3.	Precipitation – A) Physical nature of Precipitate: Gelatinous,Curdy and Crystalline.B) Conditions of Precipitation	
4.	Process of precipitation – A) Nucleation B) Crystal growth C) Digestion	
5.	Co-precipitation and Post precipitation and difference.	
б.	Role of Organic precipitants in gravimetric analysis	
7.	Study of organic precipitants viz. A) DMG, B) Aluminon, C) 8-Hydroxy quinoline.	
8.	Advantages and disadvantages of organic precipitants.	
UNIT-II	15L	
Α	Industrial heavy Chemicals (07)	
1.	Introduction	
2.	Physicochemical Principles & manufacture of following heavy chemicals: i) Ammonia by Haber process ii) Sulphuric acid by contact process	

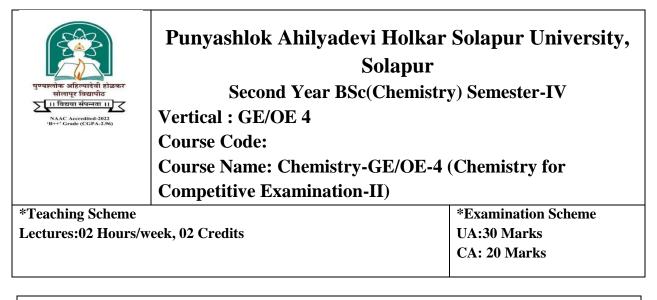
B.	Chromatography (08)	
1	Introduction and General principle of Chromatography	
2	Classification of Chromatography based on nature of stationary and mobile phase.	
3	Paper Chromatography: Principle, Experimental procedure and applications	
4	TLC: Introduction, principle, techniques, Rf value and applications.	
	Reference Books	
1.	Inorganic Preparations – Alexander King George Allen & Unwind Ltd.	
2.	Quantitative Inorganic Chemistry – A.I. Vogel.	
3.	Practical Chemistry – Physical – Inorganic – Organic and Vice-voce by Balwant Rai Satija. Allied Publishers Pvt. Ltd.	
4.	Basic Concepts in Analytical Chemistry – S.M. Khopkar.	
5.	 Vogel's Text Book of Quantitative Inorganic Analysis – Bassett, Denny, Jeffery Mendham. 	

पुण्यस्तीक अहिल्यादेवी होठकर संलापुर विद्यापीठ राषित्रयस संयन्तना ।। ХАА Сектейна:922 'B++' Grade (CGPA-296)	Punyashlok Ahilyadevi Holkar Solapur Second Year BSc(Chemistr Vertical : DSC2-6P Course Code: Course Name: General Chemistry P (General Analytical and Industrial C	y) Semester-IV ractical Lab-IV
*Teaching Scheme		*Examination Scheme
Lectures:02 Hours/week, 01 Credit UA: 15 Marks		UA: 15 Marks
		CA: 10 Marks

Course Preamble: This is major course designed for the students to develop the practical skills. It also provides prospect to the students for laboratory work to train the investigational learning.

	Course Objectives:	
•	To acquire the basic skills titrimetric analysis	
•	To analyze the given fertilizers	
•	To analyze the commercial sample	
•	To determine the elements or compound present in the commercial samples.	
	Course Outcomes: After completion of the course students will be able to	
CO1:	To prepare the standard solutions	

CO2:	To do the analysis of given fertilizer samples.		
CO3:	To understand the method used to determine amount from the commercial samples.		
CO4:	To comprehend the sample preparation for titrimetric analysis.		
	Volumetric Analysis (Any four)		
1.	Analysis of commercial vinegar – To determine the percentage of acetic acid		
	is a given commercial sample of vinegar.		
2.	To prepare standard solution of calcium chloride from calcium carbonate and determine the total hardness of given water sample.		
3.	Determination of Chemical Oxygen Demand of the given sample of		
5.			
	industrial effluent by dichromate method.		
4.	Fertilizer analysis: To determine the percentage of nitrogen present in a		
	given sample of nitrogenous fertilizer.		
5.	Quality control – To determine percentage purity of soda ash in the given		
	sample.		
	Reference Books		
1	Inorganic Preparations – Alexander King George Allen & Unwind Ltd.		
2	Quantitative Inorganic Chemistry – A.I. Vogel.		
3	Practical Chemistry – Physical – Inorganic – Organic and Vice-voce by		
4	Balwant Rai Satija. Allied Publishers Pvt. Ltd.		
5	Basic Concepts in Analytical Chemistry – S.M. Khopkar.		
6	Vogel's Text Book of Quantitative Inorganic Analysis – Bassett, Denny, Jeffery Mendham.		



Course Preamble: Chemistry-GE/OE-4 is one of the courses in the Chemistry curriculum. This course provides basic knowledge of chemistry required for competitive examination. This course consists of four chapters which covers the topics like Periodic table, metals and non-metals, acids, bases and salt, and chemical reactions.

	Course Objectives	
	Course Objectives:	
•	To know the structure of periodic table	
•	To understand the properties of elements	
•	To know basics of metals and non-metals	
•	To understand the chemical reactions	
	Course Outcomes: After completion of the course students will be able	
CO1:	To know the basic structure of periodic table	
CO2:	To understand the periodic trends of properties in modern periodic table	
CO3:	To understand the physical properties of metals and non-metals	
CO4:	To know theories of acids and bases	
CO5:	To write the balanced chemical reactions	
Unit I	15L	
1	Periodic table: 07	
1.1	Introduction	
1.1	Doberiener's triads, Newlands law of octaves	
1.2	Mendeleev's periodic table, Merits and demerits of Mendeleev's periodic	
1.5	table	
1.4	Modern periodic table: Groups and periods, Groups and electronic	
1.1	configuration, Periods and electronic configuration,	
1.5	Periodic trends in modern periodic table	
1.6	-	
•	s-block elements, p-block elements, d-block elements and f-block elements.	
<u>2</u> 2.1	Metals and Non-metals: 08 Classification of elements Motel Non-metal and Metalloid	
	Classification of element: Metal, Non-metal and Metalloid.	
2.2	Metal: Physical properties, chemical properties and uses.	
2.3 2.4	Non-metal: Physical properties, chemical properties and uses.	
2.4	Metalloids: Physical properties, chemical properties and uses.	
2.5	Uses of Noble gas elements Metallurgy: Introduction, Occurrence of metal,	
2.0	1) Concentration of ore 2) Extraction of metal	
Unit II		
	15L	
3	Acids, Bases and Salts: 07	
3.1	Introduction	
3.2	Arrhenius theory of acids and bases	
3.3	Classification of Acid and Bases: 1) Organic acid and mineral acid 2)	
	strong and weak acids, bases and alkali 3) Dilute and concentrated acids	
	and bases.	
3.4	Basicity and acidity,	
3.5	Concentration of acid and base, pH of solution	
3.6	Domestic and laboratory indicators, Universal indicators	
3.7	Reactions of acid and bases and Uses of some selected acid and bases	
3.8	Ionic compounds and electrical conductivity	
3.9	Salts, Types of salts: acidic, basic and neutral salts, Some important salts	
3.10	Buffer solutions	
4	Chemical Reactions: 08	
4.1	Chemical reactions, Writing of chemical reactions	
4.1		
4.1	Types of chemical reaction:	

	Neutralization reaction.	
4.3	Endothermic and Exothermic Reactions	
4.4	Factors affecting on rate of reaction:	
	1) Nature of reactant 2) Size of the Particles of Reactants 3) Concentration of the reactants 4) Temperature of the Reaction 5) Catalyst.	
	Reference Books:	
1	General Chemistry- C. N. R. Rao	
2	Organic Chemistry - Pine	
3	Essentials of Physical Chemistry- Puri, Sharma and Pathania	
4	Inorganic Chemistry- Puri, Sharma and Pathania	
5	Essentials of Physical Chemistry- Bahl and Tuli	
6	Advanced Physical Chemistry- Gurudeep Raj	

पुण्यश्लोक अहिल्यादेवी होळकर सोलापुर विद्यापीठ रा। विद्यास प्राप्तन्ता । । र NAA Correlies-3022 B+++ Grade (CGPA-2.56)	Second Year B Vertical :VSC3 Course Code: Course Name: Chemist	levi Holkar Solapur University, Solapur Sc(Chemistry) Semester-IV ry-Practical Lab-V and VI Pharmaceutical and Fine
*Teaching Schem	2	*Examination Scheme
Lectures:02 Hours/week, 02 Credits		UA:30 Marks
		CA: 20 Marks

Course Preamble: This is VSC based on DSC major course designed for the students to develop the practical skills. It also delivers vision to the students for laboratory effort to train about the new learnings.

	Course Objectives:	
•	To gain practical knowledge by applying the experimental methods to correlate with the theory.	
•	To prepare Inorganic complex compounds	
•	To prepare and identify inorganic compounds practical yields	
	Course Outcomes: After completion of the course students will be able	
CO1:	Understand practical skills.	
CO2:	Correlate theoretical concepts with experiments.	

CO3:	Semi-micro Qualitative Analysis of cations and anions.		
CO4:	Prepare inorganic complex compounds		
Ι	Inorganic Chemistry Practicals		
	INORGNAIC PREPARATION (Any three).		
	1.Preparation of Nickel ammonium sulphate		
	2.Preparation of tetramminecopper(II) sulphate		
	3.Preparation of chloropentamminecobalt(III) chloride		
	4.Preparation of hexamminenickel (II) chloride		
	5.Preparation of ammonium ferric sulphate		
II	Semi-micro Qualitative Analysis : (Any Three)		
	Cations : Co ⁺⁺ , Al ⁺⁺⁺ , Fe ⁺⁺⁺ , Mn ⁺⁺ , Zn ⁺⁺ , Ni ⁺⁺ , Ba ⁺⁺ , Ca ⁺⁺ , Mg ⁺⁺ , NH ₄ ⁺ , K ⁺		
	Anions : Cl ⁻ , Br ⁻ , I ⁻ , SO ₄ ²⁻ , NO ₃ ⁻ , CO ₃ ²⁻		
III	Study of various systems with the help of charts, models or specimens (Any Three)		
	 (a) Skeleton system part I-axial skeleton. (b) Skeleton system part II- appendicular skeleton. c) Cardiovascular system. (d) Respiratory system. (e) Digestive system. (f) Urinary system. (g) Nervous system. (h) Reproductive system 		
	Reference Books		
1.	Advanced Inorganic Analysis by Agrawal and Keemti Lal Pragati Prakashan		
2.	Practical Inorganic Chemistry by Shikha Gulati, JL Sharma, Shagun Manocha, CBS Publishers And Distributors Pvt Ltd		
3.	Practical Inorganic Chemistry (Paperback, Dr. L. Rakesh Sharma)		
4.	Introduction to Semimicro Qualitative Analysis Paperback – 26 October 2004 by Theodore Brown H. LeMay, Bruce Bursten, Catherine Murphy, Patrick Woodward, Matthew Stoltzfus Pearson; 8th edition (26 October 2004)		
5.	Textbook of semimicro inorganic qualitative analysis (English, Paperback, Dr. K. Nagaraj) Notion Press		
6.	Inorganic Preparations – Alexander King George Allen & Unwind Ltd.		
7.	Quantitative Inorganic Chemistry – A.I. Vogel.		
8.	Practical Chemistry – Physical – Inorganic – Organic and Vice-voce by Balwant		
	Rai Satija. Allied Publishers Pvt. Ltd.		
9.	Basic Concepts in Analytical Chemistry – S.M. Khopkar.		
10.	Vogel's Text Book of Quantitative Inorganic Analysis – Bassett, Denny, Jeffery Mendham.		

11.	Text books Goyal, R. K, Natvar M.P, and Shah S.A, Practical anatomy, physiology and biochemistry, latest edition, Publisher: B.S Shah Prakashan, Ahmedabad.
12.	Reference books Ranade VG, Text book of practical physiology, Latest edition, Publisher: PVG, Pune Anderson Experimental Physiology, Latest edition.

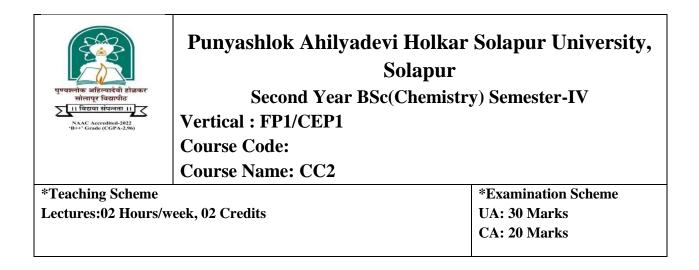
पुण्यस्वीक अहिव्यावेवी होठकर संत्वापुर विद्यापीठ रा विद्यापीठ स्वित्या संकलता ।। स्वत्य संकलता ।। स्वत्य संकलता ।।	Punyashlok Ahilyadevi Holk Solapu Second Year BSc(Chemi Vertical :VSC4 Course Code: Course Name: Chemistry-Practic (General Organic + Analytical an	r (stry) Semester-IV (al Lab-III and IV
*Teaching Scheme		*Examination Scheme
Lectures:02 Hours/week, 02 Credits		UA: 30 Marks
		CA: 20 Marks

Course Preamble: This is VSC based on DSC minor course designed for the students to excel the practical skills. It also delivers vision to the students for laboratory effort to train about the new learnings.

	Course Objectives:		
•	To gain practical knowledge by applying the experimental methods to correlate		
	with the theory.		
•	Gain the knowledge of preparation of derivatives of organic compounds.		
•	To know the type of reaction involved in the preparation.		
•	To analyze the commercial sample		
•	To determine the elements or compound present in the commercial samples.		
	Course Outcomes: After completion of the course students will be able to		
CO1:	Understand practical skills.		
CO2:	Correlate theoretical concepts with experiments.		
CO3:	Prepare the organic compounds quantitatively		
CO4:	Understand the type of reaction involved in the preparation.		
CO5:	Understand the method used to determine amount from the commercial samples.		
CO6:	Comprehend the sample preparation for titrimetric analysis.		

	Organic Chemistry	
	Preparations of derivatives of organic compounds (Any Four)	
	i) Nitration of aromatic nitro hydrocarbonii) Oximes of aldehydes & ketones	
	iii) Picrate Aromatic hydrocarboniv) Oxalate of amide	
	v) Nitrate of amide	
	Analytical and Industrial Chemistry	
	(Any four)	
1.	Determination of percentage of magnesium in the given sample of talcum powder	
2.	Determination of titrable acidity in the given sample of milk	
3.	Separation and identification of drugs by TLC technique.	
4.	Conductometric titration of mixture of acids with a strong base	
5.	Demonstration of UV-Visible Spectrophotometer.	
6.	Demonstration of HPLC,GC-MS.	
7.	Interpretation of NMR spectra of any one compound	
	Reference books	
1.	Practical Inorganic Chemistry by Shikha Gulati, JL Sharma, Shagun Manocha, CBS Publishers And Distributors Pvt Ltd	
2.	Practical Inorganic Chemistry (Paperback, Dr. L. Rakesh Sharma)	
3.	Introduction to Semimicro Qualitative Analysis Paperback – 26 October 2004 by Theodore BrownH. LeMay, Bruce Bursten, Catherine Murphy, Patrick Woodward, Matthew Stoltzfus Pearson; 8th edition (26 October 2004)	
4.	Textbook of Semi-micro Inorganic Qualitative Analysis (English, Paperback, Dr. K. Nagaraj)Notional Press	
5.	Instrumental Analysis by Willard and Merritt, EWP, East West Press Ltd., Delhi/Madras.	
6.	TLC by Stahl, Spring Verlay	

प्रवस्तोक अहित्यादेवी होठकत संत्यापुर विद्यापीठ राषितवा संयन्तना । العربي स्रिस्ट Grade (CGPA.2.96)	Punyashlok Ahilyadevi Holkar Solapur University, Solapur Second Year BSc(Chemistry) Semester-IV Vertical : AEC Course Code: ENG-201 Course Name: English for Communication-Paper-II	
*Teaching Scheme Lectures:02 Hours/w	eek, 02 Credits	*Examination Scheme UA:30 Marks CA: 20 Marks



UA(Theory)

Punyashlok Ahilyadevi Holkar Solapur University, Solapur.

Faculty of Science & Technology.

Nature of Question Paper for CBCS Pattern

B. Sc. (Part- II) w.e.f. AY 2025-26

Time:

Total Marks: 30

Instructions

1) All Questions are compulsory

2) Figure to right indicate full marks.

Q.1 C	hoose corr	ect alternati	ve. (MCQ)	06 Marks
1)				
a)	b)	c)	d)	
2)				
a)	b)	c)	d)	
3)				
a)	b)	c)	d)	
4)				
a)	b)	c)	d)	
5)				
a)	b)	c)	d)	
6)				
a)	b)	c)	d)	
Q.2. Answer the following. (Any three)				6 (2+2+2)
A)				
B)				
C)				
D)				
E)				
Q.3. Answer the following (Any two). 6 (3+3				
A)				
B)				
C)				
Q.4. I	Q.4. Answer the following (Any two).			6 (3+3)

A)	
B)	
C)	
Q.5. Answer the following (Any one).	6 Marks
A)	
B)	

CA(Theory and Practical)and UA(Practicals)

Punyashlok Ahilyadevi Holkar Solapur University, Solapur.

Faculty of Science & Technology.

Nature of Question Paper for CBCS Pattern

B. Sc. (Part- I) w.e.f. AY 2024-25

Time:

Total Marks: 20

• Theory Internal Evaluation System for 20 Marks

- □ Choose any two of the following
- □ Home Assignment / Unit Test / Tutorial /Seminar

• Practical Internal Evaluation System for 20 Marks

□ Any one practical from related paper

University Practical Evaluation System for 30 +30 Marks

□ Students has to perform 4 allotted experiments in 2 days

• Passing Criteria:

- \Box University Theory Exam (UA) -12 out of 30
- \Box University Practical Exam (UA) -12 out of 30
- \Box College Theory Assessment (CA) -08 out of 20
- \Box College Practical Assessment (CA) -08 out of 20

Note: Theory and practical examiners should be appointed from the list provided by the BOS as per section 48(3) of Maharashtra Public University Act 2016.