Punyashlok Ahilyadevi Holkar Solapur University, Solapur



Name of the Faculty: Science & Technology

New Education Policy 2020

Syllabus: Applied Geology

Name of the Course: M. Sc. I (Sem.- I & II)

(Syllabus to be implemented from June 2023)

Punyashlok Ahilyadevi Holkar Solapur University, Solapur

M.Sc Applied Geology

PREAMBLE:

Department of Applied Geology of Punyashlok Ahilydevi Holkar Solapur University is one of the oldest Departments in the Solapur district. The Department of Applied Geology at Punyashlok Ahilydevi Holkar Solapur University offers the Master of Geology (M.Sc.) program. This program is designed to provide deep knowledge and develop necessary skills to acquire good jobs in various Industries such as Petroleum, Geotechnical, NRSA, Groundwater consultancy, Gemology, Exploration, Mining and in Government sector. Over the past 40 years, the faculty members of department have been committed to improving curriculum, increasing experiential learning, and identifying best practices in teaching through rigorous assessment and review of our programs.

PROGRAM OBJECTIVES:

The program objectives for student's post graduating with a degree from Applied Geology are;

- 1. Effective use of literature for evaluation of data, hypothesis and conclusions.
- 2. To communicate scientific ideas and interpretations of data in writing.
- 3. An interdisciplinary approach for solving the geologic problems associated with earth's geological material.
- 4. Conducting advanced study in many areas of geology and also eliminate deficiencies in their geological education.
- 5. Prepare for jobs in the Geology or student may be enrolled in doctoral program.

PROGRAMME SPECIFIC OUTCOMES:

- 1. Students can understand effective use of scientific methods in the geological sciences. They should have thorough knowledge about the;
 - a) Earth's interior, plate movement and the development of new features on the surface of the earth.
 - b) Formation process and classification of rocks and mineral.
 - c) Work of geological agents with the solid earth and the formation of new landforms.
 - d) Sequential arrangement of the strata and establishing history of deposition.
- 2. Apply knowledge and techniques from allied fields, including chemistry, physics, biology, mathematics, and computing, to solve geological problems.
- 3. Acquiring basic skills of geological science including use of modern technology in presenting public data, hypothesis and conclusion.
- 4. Applying existing field and laboratory procedures to acquire original data, and using appropriate means to analyze research data.
- 5. Students participate in workshops/seminar/conferences on current geological issues.
- 6. Contributing in public issues related with geological sciences and be ready for resolution.
- 7. Develop and present scientific proposal, conduct original research for Master's thesis.

PAHSUS Proposed structure for Two Year PG Program (M. Sc. Applied Geology)

Level / Diffi	S E M		Major			Field Project/ RP/CC/Internship/ Apprenticeship/	Credits	Cumulative Credits	
culty	1.1	Mandatory	Practical	Elective	Practical Elective	Minor	Community Engagement & Services		
4.5 100-	I	DSC1-1 Mineralogy (4 credits)	Practical DSC1-1 Mineralogy (2 credits)	DSE 1-1 (4 credits) 1) Geochemistry 2) Sedimentology and Palaeontology	Practical based on DSE 1-1	Research Methodolog y (4 credits)		22	44 PG diploma in Discipline (44
200	DSC1-2 Igneous and Metamorphic petrology (4 credits)	DSC1-2 Practical DSC1-2 3) Geotechnical Engineering & Metamorphic petrology Metamorphic Rock Mechanics	3) Geotechnical Engineering &	(2credits) OJT/In-ho Project/ Internship	Internship/ Apprenticeship	22	(44		
			Exit option: Award	of PG Diploma in Disciplin	e with 44 credits Ol	R Continue with D	iscipline		
		DSC1-3 Indian Stratigraphy (4 credits)	Practical DSC1-3 Indian Stratigraphy (2 credits)	DSE 1-2 (4credits) 1) Fundamental of Remote Sensing	Practical		RP (04)	22	
5.0/2 00	II	DSC1-4 Structural Geology and Geotectonics (4 credits)	Practical DSC1-4 Structural Geology and Geotectonics (2 credits)	and GIS 2) Geomorphology 3) Watershed Management	based on DSE 1-2 (2credits)		RP (06)	22	88 PG degree in discipline

Abbreviations:

OJT: On Job Training: Internship/ Apprenticeship , FP: Field projects, RM: Research Methodology , RP: Research Project

Paper No: DSC 1: MINERALOGY

Load/week:04 Credits:04
Marks: 80 Internal:20

Maiks. 0		
Unit 1	Isotropic and anisotropic substances; Concepts of light under microscope,	
	Reflection, refraction and refractive index; Relief, birefringence and Becke	
	line effect; Optically uniaxial and biaxial minerals; Determination of optic sign	
	of uniaxial and biaxial minerals, Determination of optic axial angle(2V);	
	Interference figures; Pleochroism and determination of pleochroic scheme in	
	minerals; X-ray crystallography and Bragg's equation; Application of X-ray	
	diffraction spectrometry in mineral characterization;	
Unit2	Principle of crystal structure; Bonding in minerals; Silicate structures and	
	structural formula; Isomorphism and solid solution; Types of ionic	
	substitution; Polymorphism and types of polymorphic transformations;	
	Pseudomorphism.	
	A detailed study with reference to their atomic structure, chemistry, optical and	
	physical properties and Paragenesis of the following Non silicates groups of	
	mineral:	
	Carbonates- Calcite Group, Phosphates- Apatite, Sulphates- Barite, Halides-	
	Halite, Fluorite; Oxides and Hydroxides- Spinel Group, Hematite Group,	
	Rutile Group.	
Unit3	A detailed study with reference to their atomic structure, chemistry, optical and	
	physical properties and Paragenesis of the following Silicates groups of	
	mineral: Nesosilicates- Olivine Group, Garnet Group and Aluminosilicate	
	Group; Sorosilicates: Epidote Group, Cyclosilicates- Beryl, Inosilicates-	
	Pyroxene Group, Amphibole Group; Phyllosilicate- Mica Group, Chlorite	
	Group, Pyrophyllite: Talc; Tectosilicates- Quartz, Feldspars, Feldspathoides	
	and Zeolite Group.	
Unit4	Crystals, crystalline solids and their formation; Ordered patterns, nets and	
	lattices; Symmetry in crystals; Axial ratio, indices, lettering and order of the	
	crystallographic axes; Crystallographic notation (Weiss and Miller indices and	
	convention in notation); Classification of crystals, Introduction to 32 classes of	
	symmetry; The crystal systems and symmetry types; Stereographic	
	representation of crystal symmetry and their uses; Imperfection of crystals and	
	crystal defects; Twinning- causes, effects and genetic types.	

REFERENCEBOOKS:

- Battey, M.H. (1981) Mineralogy for students 2nd Edn. Longmans.
- Berry, L.G. and Mason, B. and Dietrich, R.V. (1983) Mineralogy, 2nd Edn, Freeman.
- Bunn, C.W. (1961) Chemical Crystallography, Clarendon.
- Deer, W.A., Howie, R.A. and Zussman, J. (1992) An Introduction to the rock forming minerals, Longman. Donald Bloss (1971) Crystallography and Crystal chemistry, Holt, Rinehart and Winston.
- Hota, R.N. (2011) Practical Approach to Crystallography and Mineralogy, CBS Publisher and Distributors Pvt Ltd., New Delhi.
- Hutchinson, C.S. (1974) Laboratory Handbook of Petrographic Techniques, John Wiley.
- Kerr, P.F. (1977) Optical Mineralogy 4th Edn., McGraw-Hill
- Klein, C. and Hurlbut, Jr., C.S. (1993) Manual of Mineralogy, John Wiley.

- Phillips, Wm, R. and Griffen, D.T. (1986) Optical Mineralogy, CBS Edition.
- Putnis, Andrew (1992) Introduction to Mineral Sciences, Cambridge University Press.
- Santosh, M. (1988) Fluid Inclusions, Geological Society of India, Banglore.
- Slemmons, D.B. (1962)Determination of Volcanic and Plutonic Plagioclases using a three- or FourAxis Universal Stage, Geological Society of America.
- Spear, F.S. (1993) Mineralogical Phase Equilibria and Pressure -Temperature-Time Paths, Mineralogical Society of America Publication.
- Szymanski, A. (1988). Technical Mineralogy and Petrography, Elsevier.
- Winchell, A.N. (1962) Elements of Optical Mineralogy, John Wiley.

INTERNAL EVALUATION Marks)

(20

(Seminar + Term paper + Test)

PRACTICAL OF MINERALOGY

- 1. Physical properties of common rock forming minerals in hand specimen.
- 2. Optical properties of common rock forming minerals in thin sections.
- 3. Study of Interference figures of uniaxial and biaxial minerals and determination of optic sign.
- 4. Conversions of oxide and element weight percentages.
- 5. Calculation of mineral formulae.
- 6. Study of Crystallographic systems.

Paper No: DSC 2: IGNEOUS AND METAMORPHIC PETROLOGY

Load/week:04 Credits:04

Marks: External: 80 Internal:20

Unit 1	Magma-physical and chemical properties and cooling behavior, magmatic	
	crystallisation, differentiation and assimilation	
	Phase equilibria studies of binary and ternary silicate systems 1. Silica –Lucite,	
	2.Forsterite- Silica, 3.Orthoclase – Albite, 4.Diopside–Anorthites–Albite with	
	petrogenetic significance, IUGS classification of igneous rocks, Magmatism	
	related to plate tectonics- tholeiitic basalts, calc-alkaline magmatism.	
Unit 2	Petrogenetic, Chemical, Mineralogical and field aspects of important rocks of	
	India-Deccan flood basalts ,Layered intrusions, Carbonatites, Granitoids and	
	formation of perthites, Kimberlites, Lamprophyres.	
Unit 3	Metamorphism and metamorphic processes, characteristics of metamorphic	
	reactions solid- solid, dehydration, decarbonation, Oxidation and their	
	significance, Diagrammatic representation of mineral paragenesis-	
	ACF,AKF,AFM ,Isograde and borrowian metamorphic zones, metamorphic	
	facies differentiation, Retrograde metamorphism, metamorphism related to	
	plate tectonics and paired metamorphic belts	
Unit 4	Eskolas regional metamorphic facies Zeolite Greenschist, Glaucophane schist,	
	Amphibolite schist, Granulite, Eclogite, products of pelite, basic, ultrabasic	
	and impure calcareous rocks. Thermal metamorphic facies sanidinite),	
	Hornfels	

Reference Book:

- 1) Metamorphism and metamorphic belts Miyashiro A.
- 2) Metamorphic petrology Turner F.J.
- 3) Metamorphic petrology Turner and Verhoogen.
- 4) Igneous and metamorphic petrology by Turner and Verhoogen.
- 5) Metamorphic Petrology by Winkler.
- 6) The Dynamic Earth System, A.M. Patwardhan, PHI Publication
- 7) Deccan Volcanism, K.V. Subbarao and R.N. Sukheswala, Geological Society of India, Memoir.No:3
- 8) Principles of Igneous and Metamorphic Petrology, John D Winter, PHI Publication 9) Petrology: Igneous and metamorphic best.
- 10) Metamorphic petrology, Harker.
- 11) Petrology: Igneous, metamorphic, sedimentary, Elher/ Blatt.
- 12) Evolution of Igneous rocks, Bowen N.L.

INTERNAL EVALUATION

(30 Marks)

(Seminar + Term paper + Test)

Practical Igneous and Metamorphic Petrology IGNEOUS PETROLOGY:-

1. Study of the mineralogy and textures of igneous rocks in thin sections.

- 2. Calculation of CIPW norms and Niggli calculations for all types of saturated and unsaturated rocks. Megascopic and microscopic study of representative rocks.
- 3. Quantitative mineralogical studies on thin section and rock classification. Classification of igneous rocks under IUGS scheme
- 4. Classification of volcanic rocks under TAS scheme.

METAMORPHIC PETROLOGY:-

- 1. Study of representative metamorphic rocks megascopically and microscopically.
- 2. Study of mineralogy and structures of metamorphic rocks in thin sections, paragenetic (Chronological) interpretations.
- 3. Model analysis and calculations of ACF, AFM, AKF diagrams. Geothemobarometric calculations.

Paper No: DSE 1-1: GEOCHEMISTRY

Load/week:04 Credits:04

Marks: External :80 Internal:20

Unit 1	Introduction to the principles of geochemistry. Formation of universe, Origin and	
	cosmic abundance of elements, Geochemical composition of the Solar System, the Sun, Planets, Moon, Comets, Asteroids and meteorites; Geochemical composition	
	of the earth and its constituent parts such as crust, mantle, core.	
	Chemical Bonding: Ionic bonding, Ionic substitution in crystals, Crystal-field	
	theory, Covalent bonding, Metallic bonds, Van der Waals bonds, Hydrogen bond;	
	Goldschmidt's geochemical classification of elements	
Unit 2	Basic Thermodynamic Concepts: Aspects of equilibrium thermodynamics-	
	enthalpy and entropy, free energies, chemical potentials, fugacity and activity.	
	Few problems related to thermodynamics.	
	Major, minor and trace elements and their representation on variation diagrams	
	for presentation of geochemical data (bivariate, multivariate, element ratio	
	variation, enrichment-depletion and vector diagrams); Primary differentiation of	
	earth, Use of major elements for classification and characterization of igneous,	
	metamorphic and sedimentary rocks.	
Unit 3	The composition of atmosphere, biosphere and hydrosphere, Global	
	biogeochemical cycles (Carbon, Oxygen, Nitrogen and Sulphur cycles), Primary	
	and secondary dispersion of elements and their use in geochemical exploration	
	for mineral deposits; Anomalies and various methods of geochemical surveys;	
	Eh-pH diagrams	
	Mineral stability— Pauling rules, speciation of elements during magmatic	
	crystallization. laws of Goldschmidt, Ahren rules and Ringwood rules, Secondary	
Unit 4	environmental geochemistry Discovery of radioactivity, radioactive decay and growth, Radioactive & stable	
Omt 4	Isotope, Dating techniques using Rb-SR, K-Ar, U-Th-Pb, C-14, Applications of	
	above methods for determining ages of igneous, metamorphic and sedimentary	
	rocks, Stable isotopes and their applications	
	Oxygen and hydrogen in hydrosphere and atmosphere, in ore deposit, in igneous,	
	sedimentary rocks.	
	Quality controls of data generation, Wet and Dry chemical analysis, Partial and	
	total analysis	

Reference Books:

- Geochemistry pathways and processes 2nd edition, Harryy.mc sween Jr, Steven M. Richards on and Maria E Uhle. Overseas Press
- Radioactive minerals, Dhanaraju, geological society of India, Banglore.
- Principles of Geochemistry, Mason and Moore; John Wiley & Sons
- Introduction to geochemisty .K.B. Krauskopf; Mcgraw- Hill Publication
- Geochemistry in Mineral Exploration. A.W. Rose, H.E. Hawkes &J.S. Webb; Applied Publication
- Handbook of Geochemistry Wadephol.
- Statistical Methods in Exploration Geochemistry. Govett. J. G.S. Elsevier Publication
- Stable Isotope Geochemistry, J.Hoefs, Springer- Verlag

PRACTICAL GEOCHEMISTRY

- 1. Demonstration of sampling methods for geochemical analysis.
- 2. Preparation of anomaly maps using chemical data.
- 3. Calculation of important indices related to petrogenesis and weathering.
- 4. Discriminant diagrams and interpretation of geochemical data.
- 5. REE and trace elements plotting and interpretation.

Paper: DSE 1-1 SEDIMENTOLOGY AND PALAEONTOLOGY

Load/week:04 Credits:04

Marks External :70 Internal:30

Unit 1	Introduction and principles of sedimentology, Sedimentary cycle and diastrophic cycle, Sedimentary processes: Weathering–Mechanical ,Chemical and Biological, Transport mechanism saltation, traction and suspension, Deposition by fluids, Reynold number and Froude number, their application. Sedimentary textures of clastic and nonclastic rocks,concept of size and shape, Shape aspects–sphericity and roundness, surface textures fractals, Fabric measurements.	14
Unit 2	Classification of sedimentary environments: continental, marine and transition. Structures in alluvial, fluvial, deltaic, lacustrine, coastal, marine, glacial and Aeolian conditions, classification of clastic and non clastic rocks, classification of sandstone, classification of sedimentary basin and their tectonic setting, products of various basins, heavy minerals and their significance in province studies. Dolomitisation and dedolomitisation, Lithification and types of diagenesis.	14
Unit 3	Concepts of fossil records its significance in mineral exploration stratigraphy and paleo environmental studies, Morphology and classification of forminifera and their applications, morphology and classification of trilobites and their significance.	14
Unit 4	Evolution of 1.Devonian fishes, 2. Mesozoic reptiles, Siwalik mammals and their paleogeology, Gondwana flora, evolution of man.	14

REFERENCE BOOKS:

- 1. An introduction to sedimentology, Selley R.C., Academic press.
- 2. Sedimentary rocks 3rd edition, Pettijohn F.J., CBS Publication Stratigraphy and sedimentation 2nd edition, W.H. Freeman and Co.
- 3. Principles of sedimentology, Friedman and Sanders J.m., John Wiley.
- 4. Origin of sedimentary rocks., Blatt H., Middleton Gand Murry R, Pentile Hall.
- 5. Petrology of sedimentary rocks., Folk R. L., Hemphill publication Co.
- 6. Sedimentary petrology: An introduction., Tucker M.E., ELBS., Blackwell Scientific Publication.
- 7. Applied sedimentology Sukhtankar R.K. CBS Publishers.
- 8. Invertebrate palaeontology and evolution(2nded.) By Clarkson E.N.K.
- 9. Elements of Palaeontology Babin C.
- 10. Principles of Invertebrate Paleontology Shock & Twenhofel.
- 11. Paleontology of Vertebrates Jean Chaline.
- 12. Macropaleontology Bignot.
- 13. Paleontology Invertebrate Wood. Henry.

INTERNAL EVALUATION

(30 Marks)

(Seminar + Term paper + Test)

PRACTICAL SEDIMENTOLOGY & PALAEOTOLOGY

- 1. Megascopic and Microscopic characters of Clastic rocks, Limestone and heavy minerals.
- 2. Study of Sedimentary structures and their attributes, study of sedimentary textures -size analysis by sieving and other techniques.
- 3. Determination of sphericity and roundness of grains, graphical presentation of data and determination of statistical parameters; insoluble residue analysis and preparation of acetate peels of limestone.
- 4. Identification and study of Invertebrate fossils, illustration functional morphology and classification. Identification of Micro-fossils-foraminifera and ostracoda.
- 5. Identification of plant fossils- Gondwana and intertrappean. Sample preparation in micropalaeontological studies

Paper No: DSE 1-1 Geotechnical Engineering & Rock Mechanics Load/week:04 Credits:04

Marks: External :80 Internal:20

Unit 1	Scope of geology in civil engineering and mining industry; Various stages of engineering geological investigations for civil engineering projects; Engineering properties of rocks and soils: soil classification, rock discontinuities; Physical characters of building stones, metal and concrete aggregates; Use of remote sensing in engineering geology.	
Unit 2	Preliminary geological investigations for the various engineering projects: dams,	
	reservoirs, tunnels, highways, bridges, hydroelectric power projects, shoreline	
	and airfield engineering; Case history of engineering projects and geological	
	causes for mishaps and failure of engineering structures.	
Unit 3	Mass movements with special emphasis on landslides and cause of hill slope	
	instability; Earthquake and seismicity, seismic zones of India, aseismic design of	
	building; Influence of geological conditions on foundation and design of buildings.	
Unit 4	Geophysical methods for the selection of engineering sites; exploratory drilling,	
	study and construction of subsurface sections based upon drilling data; Core	
	logging: core recovery, preservation of cores, R.Q.D. analyses; Preparation and	
	presentation of geotechnical reports.	

Reference Books:

- 1. Jaeger Rock Mechanics in Engineering, Cambridge Univ Press London, 1990.
- 2. Megaw T. M.& Tunnels: Planning, Design, Construction
- 3. Goodmann Engg. Geology.
- 4. J. V. Bartlett Int. ED, Ellis Horwood ltd. John Willey & Sons
- 5. Bieniawski Z. T. Engineering Classification of jointed Rock Masses.
- 6. Introduction to Rock Mechanics by B. P. Verma-Khanna Pub New Delhi

INTERNAL EVALUATION (Seminar + Term paper + Test)

(20 Marks)

PRACTICAL GEOTECHNICAL ENGINEERING & ROCK MECHANICS

- 1. Study of Engineering Geological map
- 2. Study and Interpretation of seismic zonation map of India
- 3. Preparing geological cross sections from drill hole data & using them for designing of civil engineering structures in folded & faulted region, spillways on igneous rocks etc.
- 4. Study of soil profile of different terrains of India
- 5. Study of Morphometric parameters of terrain
- 6. Computation of RQD & Joint Frequency Index

Paper No: Research Methodology

Load/week:04 Credits:04
Marks: External :80 Internal:20

Unit 1:	Formulation of Research Problem: Criteria of quality research, types of research, significance, literature review, purpose, process of literature review, analysis of an article, search engine, formulation of research problems. Research ethics and plagiarism	
Unit 2:	Definition of problem, objectives of research, planning of experiments, data collection and record keeping, results and discussions, presentation of research outcome as a research paper or filing patent	14
Unit 3:	Indices, publications, types, Impact factor, calculation of Impact Factor, uses, Calculation of immediacy Index, SCOPUS index, h – index, advantages, criticism ISSN, ISBN numbers.	14
Unit 4:	Various search engines available on internet, normal vs advanced search, key —words, formulation of search statement, Listing various journals in relevant topic, Science abstracts, e — database. Application of Computers in research, internet browsing, tool bar options, provisions of MS — word, MS — Excel, MS — PowerPoint, Coral draw, SPSS	14

Reference Books:

- 1. Research Methods Ram Ahuja, Rawat Publications
- 2. Philosophy of Science Mario Bunge, Transaction Publishers
- 3. Research Methodology Methods and Techniques, C. R. Kothari New Age
- 4. Fundamentals of Statistics Goon, Gupta and Das Gupta (Vol. I & Vol. II)

INTERNAL EVALUATION

(20 Marks)

(Seminar + Term paper + Test)

SEMESTER II

Paper No. DSC 1-3: INDIAN STRATIGRAPHY

Load/week:04 Credits:04
Marks: External:80 Internal:20

Unit 1	Approaches to measurement of geological time; Surface and subsurface	14
	stratigraphic procedures, Stratigraphic Principles and concept of Litho, Bio	
	and Chrono Stratigraphy, brief idea about sequence, magneto- seismic-	
	chemo- and event stratigraphy; Stratigraphic correlations (Litho-, Bio- and	
	Chronostratigraphic Correlation)	
Unit 2	Precambrian Stratigraphy of Peninsular India.	14
	Classification, Structure and Tectonics of Archaean Provinces of	
	Peninsular India.	
	Archaeans of the Extra- Peninsular region.	
	Archaean- Proterozoic boundary problem	
	Stratigraphy, classification and evolution of the following proterozoic	
	basins of Peninsular India. Cuddapah Basin, Vindhyan Basin, Delhi-	
	Arvalli Supergroup, Pranhita- Godavari Basin, Indravati Basin, Bhima-	
	Kaladgi Basin, Chhattisgarh basin	
Unit 3	Stratigraphy, tectonic and classification of Gondwana formations of India.	14
	Palaeozoic stratigraphy of Himalayan sequences from Kashmir, Spiti,	
	Kumaon region, Cambrian of Spiti, Triassic of Spiti, Triassic of Pin valley.	
	Indus Ophiolite belts, Trans-Himalayan and Karakoram granite batholiths.	
	Stratigraphy, classification and evolution of the Siwalik group.	
	Stratigraphy, tectonic and classification of Deccan volcanic,	
	Stratigraphy and classification of marine transgression in South India,	
	Stratigraphy and classification of Jurassic formation in Kutch,	
Unit 4	K.T. boundary problem, Quaternaries of Peninsular India, Rise of	14
	Himalaya, Glacial periods in Indian stratigraphic, Neogene-Quaternary	
	boundary	

Reference Books:

- 1. Historical Geology and Stratigraphy of India Ravindra kumar
- 2. Geology of India & Burma D.N.Wadia
- 3. A Manual of Geology of India and Burma Pascoe volume 1,2,3,4
- 4. Geology of Maharashtra, G, G, Deshpande, Geological Society of India, Banglore.
- 5. Geology of India Vol.1. and Vol.2. Ramakrishnanand Vidynathan,
- 6. Geological Society of India, Bangalore.

INTERNAL EVALUATION

(20 Marks)

PRACTICAL INDIAN STRATIGRAPHY

- 1. Preparation of Indian stratigraphy column
- 2. Identification of Precambrian Stratigraphy of South India. Preparation of Dharwar distribution map.
- 3. Identification of purana basins of India.
- 4. Preparation of tectonic evolution map of cuddapah basin. Map showing evolution of vindhyan stratigraphy. Distribution of Aravali supergroup and Delhi group.
- 5. Preparation of map showing Gondwana supergroup and succession from type area. Map showing marine transgression of South India.
- 6. Tectonic evolution of Himalayas.

Paper No. DSC 1-4: STRUCTURAL GEOLOGY AND GEOTECTONICS

Load/week:04 Credits:04
Marks: External:80 Internal:20

Unit	Introduction to structural geology: planes and line, Attitude, Bearing,	
1	Inclination, Strike, Dip, Apparent dip, Plunge, Trend and Pitch; Concept of	
	primary and secondary structures, Types of stress and strain analysis using	
	deformed objects homogeneous and heterogeneous deformations; Mohr circle,	
	strain indicators, strain ellipse and reciprocal strain ellipse, behaviour of rocks	
	with respect to stress and strain. Determination of infinite strains from originally	
	spherical and ellipsoid ac markers.	
Unit	Introduction to folds: geometric classification of folds, mechanics of folding,	
2	folding in shear zones; buckling- states of strain within and outside buckled	
	layers and field evidences of buckling; Ramsay's classification of folds.	
	Introduction to faults: Geometric classification of faults and joints, Anderson's	
	theory of faulting; types of shear zones(ductile and brittle), Determination of	
	fault displacement; Recognition of faults; difference between fault and joint;	
	Types of joints. Mylonites and cataclasites, their origin and significance; thrust	
	(sheets, ramp anticline, thrust system, duplex brittle). Lineation and foliations	
	morphology and classification significance of minor structures to determine	
	major structures, Classification of unconformities and significance.	
Unit	Plate tectonics: Basic concepts and definition, types of plate margins & their	
3	characters and associated processes like magnetism, seismicity, volcanism	
	mountain belts, Benioff zones.	
	Tectonic evolution of continents, cratons and ocean basins.	
	Tectonic framework of Indian subcontinent.	
	Oogenesis: Precambrian and Phanerozoic orogenesis, source and nature of	
	tectonic forces, comparisons of hypothesis of orogenesis - contraction,	
	expansion, convection, Plume hypothesis and micro plate tectonic, sea floor	
	spreading. Tectonic model of evolution of the Himalayas.	
Unit	Morphologic and tectonic domains of the ocean floor. Structure, composition	
4	and mechanism of the formation of oceanic crust. Ocean margins and their	
	significance. Coastal geomorphology, Classification of coasts, erosional and	
	depositional features, Lineament analysis, Neotectonic features and evidences-	
	characteristic landforms, Methods of analysis of neotectonism, Climate and	
	landforms.	

REFERENCEBOOKS

Structural Geology

- Ghosh, S.K. (1993) Structural Geology: Fundamental and Modern Developments. Pergamon Press.
- Hobbs, B.E., Means, W.D. and Williams, P.F. (1976) An outline of Structural Geology, John Wiley and Sons, New York.
- Marshak, S. and Mitra, G. (1988) Basic methods of Structural Geology, Prentice-Hall, New Jersey.
- Ramsay, J.G. (1967) Folding and fracturing of rocks, McGraw Hill.
- Ramsay, J.G. and Huber, M.I. (1983) Techniques of Modern Structural Geology, Vol. I, Strain Analysis, Academic Press.
- Ramsay, J.G. and Huber, M.I. (1987) Techniques of Modern Structural Geology, Vol. II, Folds and Fractures, Academic Press.
- Ramsay, J.G. and Huber, M.I. (2000) Techniques of Modern Structural Geology, Vol.

III (Application of continuum mechanics), Academic Press.

• Turner, F.J. and Weiss, L.E. (1963) Structural analysis of Metamorphic Tectonites, McGraw Hill.

Geotectonics

- Condie, K.C. (1989) Plate Tectonics and Crustal Evolution, 3rd Ed., Pergamon, Oxford Press.
- Gass, I.G. (1982) Understanding the Earth, Artemis Press (Pvt) Ltd. U.K.
- Kearey Phillips and Vine, F.J. (1996) Global Tectonics, Blackwell Science, Oxford.
- Keary, P., Klepeis, K.A. and Vine, F.J. (2012) Global Tectonics, Third Edition (Reprint), Wiley-Blackwell, Wiley India Pvt. Ltd.
- Moores, E and Twiss, R.J. (1995) Tectonics, Freeman.
- Moores, Eldridge M. and Twiss, Robert J. (1995) Tectonics, Freeman and Company.
- Patwardhan, A.M. (1999) The Dynamic Earth System, Prentice-Hall, New Delhi
- Storetvedt, K.N. (1997) Our Evolving Planet: Earths History in New Perspective, Bergen (Norway), Alma Mater Fortag.
- Summerfield, M.A. (2000) Geomorphology and Global Tectonics, Wiley.
- Valdiya, K.S. (1984) Aspects of Tectonics -Focus on south central Asia, Tata McGraw- Hill.
- Valdiya, K.S. (2010) The Making of India: Geodynamic Evolution, Macmillan Publishers India Limited.
- Windley, B.F. (1977) The Evolving Continents, John Wiley and Sons, New York.

INTERNAL EVALUATION

(20 Marks)

(Seminar + Term paper + Test)

PRACTICAL STRUCTURAL GEOLOGY AND TECTONICS

- 1. Preparation and interpretation of geological maps and cross sections.
- 2. Structure contour maps, isopach maps and other facies maps, balanced cross-section, their importance in unraveling the geological history.
- 3. Structural problems concerning economic deposit based on orthographic and stereographic projections.
- 4. Solution to structural geology problems by orthographic and stereographic methods.
- 5. Completion of outcrops, construction of structural sections and interpretation of geological maps.
- 6. Plotting and interpretation of mesoscopic structural data.
- 7. Recording and plotting of the field data.

Paper No: DSE 1 - 2 : FUNDAMENTALS OF REMOTE SENSING and GIS Load/week:04 Credits:04

Unit 1:	Concept of Remote Sensing: Electromagnetic energy, Interaction of EMR	
	with atmosphere and earth material, atmospheric windows, EMR spectrum.	
	Platforms, sensor types, MSS.	
	Aerial Remote Sensing: Flight planning, types of aerial photographs.	
	Photogrammetry – stereoscopic vision, scale, relief displacement, parallax,	
	vertical exaggeration. Satellite Remote Sensing: LANDSAT & IRS	
	characteristics, products and FCC.	
Unit 2:	Interpretation techniques, visual and digital in brief. Recognition of photo	
	elements and terrain elements like size, shape tone, texture, pattern, shadow,	
	sight and association. Terrain analysis: Relief, landforms, drainage pattern.	
	Use of remote sensing in lithology, structure and geomorphology.	
	Application of remote sensing in groundwater and mineral exploration.	
Unit 3:	Basic concept of GIS, components, history and applications. Hardware and	
	software requirement for GIS. Map features, scale, resolution, accuracy and	
	database extent. Map projection and parameters: Geographical co-ordinate	
	system, types of projection and parameters, projection transformation and	
	managing in GIS.	
Unit 4:	Geospatial data models: Spatial and non-spatial data, VECTOR AND	
	RASTER models. GIS ANALYSIS: Digitization, editing and structuring of	
	map data, overlay analysis. Digital elevation and terrain models	
	(DEM/DTM), buffer analysis and query analysis. Use of GIS in lithological,	
	structural, groundwater and mineral exploration. Introduction to Global	
	Positioning System and its applications and limitations.	

Reference Books -

- 1) Principles and applications of photogeology by S.N. Pande
- 2) Photogeology and regional mapping by J.A.E. Allum.
- 3) Remote sensing and image interpretation by Lilley sand
- 4) Photogeology by Miller and Miller.
- 5) Thermal and microwave remote sensing by Sabins.
- 6) Photogeology by Panda
- 7) Textbook of Remote sensing and GIS by M. Anjireddy

PRACTICAL: Remote Sensing & GIS

- 1. Determination of photo scale and height determination
- 2. Study of different erosional, depositional landforms and tectonics landforms.
- 3. Interpretation of lithology and structures from aerial photographs and satellite imageries.
- 4. Study and analysis of lineaments and drainage from aerial photographs.
- 5. Nature of sources of geographical data.
- 6. Georeferencing and digitization
- 7. Preparation of DEM/DTM
- 8. Slope, buffer, mosaiking and overlay analysis

Paper No: DSE 1-2 Geomorphology

Load/week:04 Credits:04

Marks: External:80 Internal:20

Unit 1:	Nature of Geomorphology, Fundamental concepts in Geomorphology Major Geomorphic theories by 1) G.K. Gilbert 2) Davis 3) Penck 4) L.C. King 5)S.A. Schumm, Geomorphic theories in Indian context, Geomorphic processes and climatic control. Epeirogenic and Orogenic Earth movements, Theory of Isostasy, plate tectonics. Structural Geomorphology: Geomorphic expressions of Uniclinal structures, Fault structures & Folded structure.	14
Unit 2:	Concept & controlling factors of weathering, Types of weathering — Physical, Chemical & Biological, Geomorphic significance of weathering, Soils: Formation, Soil profile, Major soil groups, Paleosol; Mass wasting & Mass movement: concept, classification, factors of mass movement, Types of landslide; Hill slope; Normal cycle of erosion, Rejuvenation and associated features, Polycyclic relief. Sequent and Insequent drainage system, Types of drainage pattern, Linear and Areal aspects of the basin, Development and classification of river valleys.	14
Unit 3:	Fluvial Geomorphology: Types of river erosion, Depositional and erosional landforms of river. Karst Geomorphology: Karst topography, factors for the development Karst, Erosional landforms in Karst areas. Coastal Geomorphology: Agents of coastal erosion, Transportation work of sea, Erosional and depositional landforms. Arid and semiarid Geomorphology: Erosional and depositional landforms of wind. Glacial Geomorphology: Glacier types and movement, Erosional and depositional landforms of glacier.	14
Unit 4:	Applied Geomorphology: Applications of geomorphology in mineral prospecting, civil engineering, hydrology, structure, regional planning, urbanization. Lineament analysis. Neotectonism, Major geomorphic features of the Indian subcontinent, Geomorphology of Maharashtra	14

Reference books:

- 1) Geomorphology by Richard J. Chorley, Stanley A. Schumm, David E.Sugden.
- 2) Principles of Geomorphology Willam D. Thornbury.
- 3) Geomorphology Majeed Husain.
- 4) Geomorphology by Savindra Singh
- 5) Experimental fluvial Geomorphology Stanley A. Schumm, M. Paull Mosaley, W.E. Weaver.
- 6) Geomorphology and Remote Sensing in Environmental management S.Singh
- 7) Fundamentals of Geomorphology R.J. Rice
- 8) Geomorphology be Richard J. Chorley, Stanley A. Schumm, David E.Sugden.
- 9) The Evolving Continents by Windley.

PRACTICAL GEOMORPHOLOGY

- 1) Drainage basin and morphometry. Basin demarcation Ordering of streams Strahler"s and Horton methods
- 2) Soils Textural characteristics, study of representative soil profiles
- 3) Morphometric analysis Bifurcation ratio, Drainage density, Stream frequency, constant of channel maintenance
- **4)** Landforms & Slope Identification of landforms on Toposheets, drainage pattern, Relief and slope analysis

Paper No: DSE 1-2 : Watershed Management Credits:04

Load/week:04 Credits:04
Marks: External :80 Internal:20

Unit 1	Watershad management Concept need principles & components of	14
Unit 1	Watershed management – Concept, need, principles & components of watershed management, integrated watershed management; Factors	14
	affecting watershed management; soil erosion and its types, modelling of	İ
	erosion using Universal soil loss equation, socio-economic concept of	İ
	watershed. Peoples participation in watershed management.	
	Groundwater Management: Hydrologic cycle: precipitation, runoff,	
	infiltration and evapotranspiration, Hydrographs. Subsurface movement and	
	vertical distribution of groundwater, Springs, Classification of aquifers,	
	Concepts of drainage basin and groundwater basin.	
	hydrological properties of rocks – specific yield, specific retention, porosity,	
	hydraulic conductivity, transmissivity, storage coefficient,	i
	Water table contour maps, Groundwater provinces of India, Hydrogeology	i
	and Zones of India. BIS and WHO parameters.	
Unit 2	Rainfall : Formation precipitation/rainfall, rainfall pattern in India, rainfall	14
	parameters, rainfall measurement types. Estimating runoff processes, factors	- •
	affecting runoff, design of peak runoff through rational and cook's method.	
	Rain Water Harvesting: Introduction to rainwater harvesting; Rainwater	
	harvesting systems; scope of Rainwater harvesting; benefits & disadvantages	i
	of rainwater harvesting system	i
	Coastal Waters Management: Discussion of coastal water quality issues;	i
	impacts from watershed development, and coastal management techniques.	i
Unit 3	Grassland waters management - Definition of grassland, range land and	14
	pasture land and their classification. Major grass covers of India. Management	i
	of grass land, range and pasture to improve and maintain them and watershed	i
	management, carrying capacity of grassland range and pastures. Controlled	i
	grazing, rotational and deferred grazing management of grasses and legumes	i
	for special problem sites. Drainage of pasture land.	i
	Dryland farming practices - Principles of conservation farming in dry and	İ
	irrigated lands; dry land farming choice of crops and cropping, tillage and	i
	manuring practices, seeding, mulching for moisture conservation, moisture	i
	judging for irrigation, consumptive use of water. Water requirement of crops,	
	water use efficiency and evapotranspiration ratios.	
Unit 4	Agronomical practices - Role of agronomy in soil conservation. Principles	14
	of scientific land management for soils conservation viz. (i) soil and water	i
	loss (ii) soil drainage (iii) soil structure and organic matter (iv) tillage and (v)	İ
	soil fertility and fertilizer programmes. conservation cropping systems, soil	İ
	depleting and soil building system, basis for selecting crop rotations for	İ
	different soil & climatic zones. Mixed & cover cropping.	İ
	Strip cropping - functions and types, methods of laying out strips, selecting	İ
	crops for strips and inter-culture, procedure to fix strip width and strips ratios	
	of erosion permitting to erosion resisting crops for different soil climatic belts.	İ
	Engineering measures - Basic engineering measures for soil and water	İ
	conservation, contour cultivation, bunding, terracing, continuous contour and	İ
	staggered trenches, treatment of catchments, gully plugging, check dams,	İ
	small storage structures, designing of simple bund structure.	<u> </u>

Reference Books:

- 1. Common guidelines for watershed development projects (2008). Government of India
- 2. Dhruva N.V.V., Sastry G.O., (1990): Watershed management, ICAR, New Delhi.
- 3. Frevert R.K., Schwab G.O., Edminster T.W., and Barnes K.K. (2009) Soil and water conservation engineering, 4th edition, John willey and sons, New York.
- 4. Jain S.K. and Sing V.P. (2006) Water resources system planning and management, Elsvier India, New Delhi
- 5. Mukherjee A. (2004) Participatory learning and action: Monitoring and evaluation and participatory monitoring and evaluation, Concept publishing company, New Delhi.
- 6. Rao K.V.S. (2003) Watersheds: comprehensive development, B.S. Publication.
- 7. Sharda V.N., Sikka A.K. and Juyal G.P. (2006) Participatory integrated watershed management: A field manual, central soil and water conservation research training institute, Dehradun.
- 8. Singh R.V. (2003) watershed planning and management, Yash publication, Bikaner

PRACTICAL WATERSHED MANAGEMENT

- 1. Toposheets reading and analysis.
- 2. Study of drainage pattern.
- 3. Determination of contour interval and profile.
- 4. Determination of drainage density.
- 5. Rainfall profiling on regional scale.
- 7. Estimation of peak runoff
- 8. Estimation soil erosion

RESEARCH PROJECT (06)