### Punyashlok Ahilyadevi Holkar Solapur University, Solapur



'B"' Grade (CGPA 2.96)

Name of the Faculty: Science & Technology

CHOICE BASED CREDIT SYSTEM

Syllabus: Zoology

Name of the Course: B.Sc. II (Sem.— III & IV)

(Syllabus to be implemented from June 2023)

#### P.A.H.Solapur University, Solapur , Faculty of Science Choice Based Credit System (CBCS) B.Sc.-II Zoology (W.e.f. June 2023-24)

#### **Background of Curriculum:**

In accordance with the UGCs reference to standardize curricula at the national level and bring a match across all the Indian Universities, an attempt has been made to follow the pattern given in the UGCs Undergraduate Template.

Zoology deals with the study of animal kingdom specially the structural diversity, biology, embryology, evolution, habits and distribution of animals, both living and extinct. As it covers a fascinating range of topics, the modern zoologists need to have insight into many disciplines. The learning outcomes-based curriculum framework for a B.Sc. degree in Zoology is designed to cater to the needs of students in view of the evolving nature of animal science as a subject. The framework is expected to assist in the maintenance of the standard of Zoology degrees/programmes across the country by reviewing and revising a broad framework of agreed expected graduate attributes, qualification descriptors, programme learning outcomes and course-level learning outcomes. The framework, however, does not seek to bring about uniformity in syllabi for a programme of study in Zoology, or in teaching learning process and learning assessment procedures. Instead, the framework is intended to allow for flexibility and innovation in programme design and syllabi development, teaching learning process, assessment of student learning levels. A comprehensive knowledge of structure-function relationship at the level of gene, genome, cell, tissue, organ, and systems, through development would further add to the knowledge base and the learning outcome in terms of editing of genes and genomes for industrial application and research purposes.

#### **Learning Outcomes based approach to Curriculum Planning:**

The courses should be delivered in terms of concepts, mechanisms, biological designs & functions and evolutionary significance cutting across organisms at B.Sc. level. These courses should be studied by students of all branches of biology. Both chalk and board, and PowerPoint presentations can be used for teaching the course. The students should do the dissertation/project work under practical of different courses, wherever possible.

The students are expected to learn the courses with excitements of biology along with the universal molecular mechanisms of biological designs and their functions. They should be able to appreciate shifting their orientation of learning from a descriptive explanation of biology to a unique style of learning through graphic designs and quantitative parameters to realize how contributions from research and innovation have made the subjects modern, interdisciplinary and applied and laid the foundations of Zoology, Animal Sciences, Life Sciences, Molecular Biology and Biotechnology. These courses and their practical exercises will help the students to apply their knowledge in future course of their career development in higher education and research. In addition, they may get interested to look for engagements in industry and commercial activities employing Life Sciences, Molecular Biology and Biotechnology. They may also be interested in entrepreneurship and start some small business based on their interest and experience.

#### **Graduate Attributes in Zoology:**

- Disciplinary knowledge and skills: Capable of demonstrating (i) comprehensive knowledge and understanding of major concepts, theoretical principles and experimental findings in Zoology and its different subfields (ii) ability to use modern instrumentation for advanced genomic and proteomic technology.
- Skilled communicator: Ability to impart complex technical knowledge relating to Zoology in a clear and concise manner in writing and oral skills.
- Critical thinker and problem solver: Ability to have critical thinking and efficient problem solving skills in the basic areas of Zoology
- Sense of inquiry: Capability for asking relevant/appropriate questions relating to issues and problems in the field of Zoology, and planning, executing and reporting the results of an experiment or investigation.
- Team player/worker: Capable of working effectively in diverse teams in both classroom, laboratory and in industry and field-based situations.
- Skilled project manager: Capable of identifying/mobilizing appropriate resources required for a project, and manage a project to completion, while observing responsible and ethical scientific conduct; and safety and chemical hygiene regulations and practices.
- Digitally literate: Capable of using computers for Bioinformatics and computation and appropriate software for analysis of genomics and proteomics data, and employing modern bioinformatics search tools to locate, retrieve, and evaluate location and biological annotation genes of different species.
- Ethical awareness/reasoning: Capable of conducting their work with honesty and precision thus avoiding unethical behavior such as fabrication, falsification or misrepresentation of data or committing plagiarism, and appreciating environmental and sustainability issues. Research ethics committee expects them to declare any type of conflict of interest that may affect the research. Any plan to withhold information from researchers should be properly explained with justification in the application for ethical approval.
- Lifelong learners: Capable of self-paced and self-directed learning aimed at personal development and for improving knowledge/skill development and reskilling

Choice Based Credit System: With the view to ensure worldwide recognition, acceptability, horizontal as well as vertical mobility for students completing undergraduate degree, Solapur University has implemented Choice Based Credit System (CBCS) at Undergraduate level. The CBCS provides an opportunity for the students to choose courses from the prescribed courses comprising core, elective/minor or skill based courses. The courses can be evaluated following the grading system, which is considered to be better than the conventional marks system. Therefore, it is necessary to introduce uniform grading system in the entire higher education in India. This will benefit the students to move across institutions within India to begin with and across countries. The uniform grading system will also enable potential employers in assessing the performance of the candidates. In order to bring uniformity in evaluation system and computation of the Cumulative Grade Point Average (CGPA) based on student's performance in examinations.

• Outline of Choice Based Credit System:

- 1. *Core Course*: A course, which should compulsorily be studied by a candidate as a core requirement is termed as a Core course.
- 2. *Elective Course:* Generally a course which can be chosen from a pool of courses and which may be very specific or specialized or advanced or supportive to the discipline/subject of study or which provides an extended scope or which enables an exposure to some other discipline/subject/domain or nurtures the candidate's proficiency/skill is called an Elective Course.

Discipline Specific Elective (DSE) Course: Elective courses may be offered by the main discipline/subject of study is referred to as Discipline Specific Elective.

- 3. Ability Enhancement Courses (AEC): The Ability Enhancement (AE) Courses may be of two kinds: Ability Enhancement Compulsory Courses (AECC) and Skill Enhancement Courses (SEC). "AECC" courses are the courses based upon the content that leads to Knowledge enhancement; (i) Environmental Science and (ii) English/MIL Communication. These are mandatory for all disciplines. SEC courses are value-based and/or skill-based and are aimed at providing hands-on-training, competencies, skills, etc.
- Credit: Credit is a numerical value that indicates students work load (Lectures, Lab work, Seminar, Tutorials, Field work etc.) to complete a course unit. In most of the universities 15 contact hours constitute one credit. The contact hours are transformed into credits. Moreover, the grading system of evaluation is introduced for B.Sc. course wherein process of Continuous Internal Evaluation is ensured. The candidate has to appear for Internal Evaluation of 20 marks and University Evaluation for 80 marks.

# Punyashlok Ahilyadevi Holkar Solapur University, Solapur Faculty of Science & Technology Choice Based Credit System (CBCS): (w.e.f.2023): Draft Structure for B. Sc-II

Core Paper		d Type of the	papers/				Total Marks	UA	CA	Credits
Course	ype	Name	Practical	L	Т	P	Per Paper			
Class: B	S.Sc II :	semester-III		•				•	•	1
Core			Paper-V	3.0			50	40	10	
(*Students can	opt any	C-5	aper v	3.0			30		10	4.0
Three			Paper-VI	3.0			50	40	10	
subjects among	g the		Taper VI	3.0			30	40	10	
Four								1.0	4.0	
Subjects offere	d at	C-6	Paper-V	3.0			50	40	10	4.0
B.Sc.I. Out	a at							1		4.0
			Paper-VI	3.0			50	40	10	
of Three Subject	cts		<b>D T</b>						1	
offered One		C 7 (71)	Paper-V:							
Subject will be	the	C-7 (Zoology)	Cell Biology	3.0			50	40	10	
Core										4.0
Subject										
OR			Paper-VI:							
			Principles of	3.0			50	40	10	
		CEC 1	Ecology					-		
		SEC-1								
		GE-3								
Grand Total				18			300	240	60	12
		Semester – IV			1		1	1		
Core (*Student			Paper-VII	3.0			50	40	10	4.0
opt any Three s	J		Paper-VIII	3.0			50	40	10	4.0
among the Fou Subjects offere			Paper-VII	3.0			50	40 40	10	4.0
B.Sc.I. Out of			Paper-VIII	3.0 <b>3.0</b>			50 <b>50</b>	40	10	
Subjects offere		C-10 (Zoology)	Paper-VII	3.0			DU	40	10	
Subject will be			of							
Core Subject			Biochemistry							
OR			Paper-VIII	3.0			50	40	10	1
Students can of	pt any		Physiology-							
Two subjects a	_		Control &							4.0
the Four Subject			Coordination							7.0
offered at B.Sc										
of Two Subject										
Subject will be										
Core Subject an One Subject an	•									
other will be E	_									
Subject	1001110									
Subject					<u> </u>	1	1		1	<u> </u>

	SEC-2							
	GE-4							
	Environmental Studies		3.0	 	50	40	10	NC
Total (Theory)			21	 	350	280	70	12
Practical	C-5 & C-8	Pr. III&IV		 8	100	80	20	4.0
	C-6 & C-9	Pr. III&IV		 8	100	80	20	4.0
	C-7 & C-10 (Zoology)	Pr. I: (Cell Biology & Principles of Ecology) & Pr. II: (Fundamentals of Biochemistry & Physiology-Control & Coordination)		 8	100	80	20	4.0
T-4-1 (Du-44:1)	GE-3 & GE-4			24	200	240	60	10
Total (Practical)			20	24	300	240	60	12
Grand Total			39	24	950	760	190	36

<sup>\*</sup>Core Subjects

Chemistry/Physics/Electronics/Computer Science/Mathematics/Statistics/Botany/Zoology/Microbiology/Geology/ Geography/Psychology

Core Subjects- (Additional)-Geochemistry/Biochemistry/Meteorology/Plant Protection

#### Summary of the Structure of B.Sc. Programme as per CBCS pattern

Class	Semester	Marks-	Credits-	Marks-	Credits-	Total -
		Theory	Theory	Practical	<b>Practicals</b>	credits
B.ScII	III	300	12			12
	IV	350	12	300	12	24
Total		650	24	300	12	36

B.Sc. Programme:

Total Marks : Theory + Practical's = 650 + 300 = 950Credits : Theory + Practical's = 12 + 24 = 36

Numbers of Papers Theory: Ability Enhancement Course (AECC)00

Theory: Discipline Specific Elective Paper (DSE)00

Theory: CC 06

Skill Enhancement Courses 00

GE 00

Total : Theory Papers

: Practical Papers :

#### **Abbreviations:**

L: Lectures T: Tutorials P: Practicals

UA: University Assessment CA: College Assessment DSC / CC: Core Course

AEC : Ability Enhancement Course DSE: Discipline Specific Elective Paper SEC: Skill Enhancement Course

GE: Generic Elective

CA: Continuous Assessment ESE: End Semester Examination

#### PAH SOLAPUR UNIVERSITY, SOLAPUR

#### Faculty of Science Choice Based Credit System (CBCS) (W.e.f. 2023-24)

• Title of the Course: B.Sc. Part-II

• Subject: Zoology

• **Introduction**: This course provides a broad overview of Zoology and to produces expert hands that would have sufficient knowledge and expertise to solve the urgent problems of the region by using Zoology. The course structure is basic science centric where students learn core science and are taught necessary fundamental subject for that purpose.

#### • Objectives of the course: The objectives of B. Sc. Zoology course are:

To provide an intensive and in depth learning to the students in field of Zoology. Beyond simulating, learning, understanding the techniques, the course also addresses the underlying recurring problems of disciplines in today scientific and changing world. To develop awareness & knowledge of different organization requirement and subject knowledge through varied branches and research methodology in students. To train the students to take up wide variety of roles like researchers, scientists, consultants, entrepreneurs, academicians, industry leaders and policy.

- Course outcome and Advantages: Zoology has tremendous job potential. The successful students will be able to establish research organizations with the help of agriculture, environment protection and also their own industry for transgenic animals, clinical pathology, genetic counseling, human karyotyping etc. Scientific Research Organizations. Universities in India & aboard.
- Medium of Instruction: English
- Syllabus Structure:
- The University follows semester system.
- An academic year shall consist of two semesters.
- B.Sc. Part-II Zoology shall consist of two semesters: Semester III and Semester IV

<u>In semester III</u>: there will be two DSC papers having paper V and paper VI of 100 marks. There will a <u>Compulsory paper on "Ability Enhancement Compulsory Course (AECC</u>)" on Environmental Studies

**In Semester IV**: there will be two DSC papers having paper VII and paper VIII of 100 marks.

The scheme of evaluation of performance of candidates shall be based on **University Assessment** (UA) as well as **College Internal Assessment** (CA) as given below.

For B.Sc.Part-II Zoology Sem III & IV the "internal assessment" will be based on Internal tests, Home assignment, Tutorials, Open Book Examination, Seminars, Group discussion, Brain storming sessions etc. as given below.

• Practical course examination is of 100 marks shall be conducted at the end of semester II. The practical examination of 100 marks shall also consist of 80 marks for University practical assessment and 20 marks for college internal assessment (CA).

• **Scheme of Evaluation**: As per the norms of the grading system of evaluation, out of 100 marks, the candidate has to appear for college internal assessment of 20 marks and external evaluation (University assessment) of 80 marks.

#### Semester – III: Theory: (100 marks): Comprising DSC-

- a) University Examination (UA) (80 marks): No. of theory papers: 2 (paper V and paper VI of 40 marks each)
- b) Internal Continuous Assessment (CA) (20 marks) No. of theory papers: 2 (paper V and paper VI of 10 marks each)
- c) Compulsory paper on "Ability Enhancement Compulsory Course (AECC)" on Environmental Studies

**Internal test**- Home assignment / tutorials / seminars / viva/ group discussion/ outreach programs.

#### Semester – IV: Theory: (100 marks): Comprising DSC-

- a) University Examination (UA) (80 marks): No. of theory papers: 2 (paper VII and paper VIII of 40 marks each)
- b) Internal Continuous Assessment (CA) (20 marks) No. of theory papers: 2 (paper VII and paper VIII of 10 marks each)

**Internal test**- Home assignment / tutorials / seminars / viva/ group discussion/ outreach programs.

**Practical Examination: (100 marks)** 

University Examination (80 marks): No. of practicals': 02

Practical-I: Based on papers V & VI : (40 UA + 10 CA)Practical-II: Based on papers VII & VIII : (40 UA + 10 CA)

Internal Continuous Assessment: (20 marks): Practical-I (10) + Practical-II (10)

- (a) Internal practical test and
- (b) Viva/group discussion/model or chart/attitude/attendance/overall behavior
- (c) University practical examination of 80 marks (Practical I & II for two separate days) will be conducted at the end of semester IV

#### **Passing Standard:**

The student has to secure a minimum of 4.0 grade points (Grade C) in each paper. A student who secure less than 4.0 grade point (39% or less marks, Grade FC/FR) will be declared fail in that paper and shall be required to reappear for respective paper. A student who failed in University Examination (theory) and passed in internal assessment of a same paper shall be given FC Grade. Such student will have to reappear for University Examination only. A student who fails in internal assessment and passed in University examination (theory) shall be given FR Grade. Such student will have to reappear for both University examination as well as internal assessment. In case of Annual pattern/old semester pattern students/candidates from the mark scheme the candidates shall appear

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Candidate pas Part-I Zoolog II Zoology	ssed in all papers, e y examination sha	except 5 (five)	papers combine to enter upon t	ed together of so he course of Se	emester I and II omester III of B.S	of ic.

#### B.Sc . II Semester-III & IV, ZOOLOGY

Choice Based Credit System (CBCS) Structure (2023-24)

### **Semester- III (Theory)**

Paper	Title	Marks
V	Cell Biology	50
		(40- UA and 10-CA)
VI	Principles of Ecology	50
		(40- UA and 10-CA)

### Semester- IV (Theory)

Paper	Title	Marks
VII	Fundamentals of Biochemistry	50
		(40- UA and 10-CA)
VIII	Physiology-Control & Coordination	50
		(40- UA and 10-CA)

#### **PRACTICALS**

PRACTICAL	Title	Marks
I	Cell Biology	50
	&	(40- UA and 10-CA)
	Principles of Ecology	
II	Fundamentals of Biochemistry &	50
	Physiology Control & Coordination	(40- UA and 10-CA)
	Total Marks	100 (80-UA + 20-CA)

# PAH SOLAPUR UNIVERSITY, SOLAPUR Choice Based Credit System (CBCS) Zoology

#### Paper-V

#### **CELL BIOLOGY: THEORY (Credits-02 & contact hours-30)**

Unit 1:	Overview of Cells	
	Prokaryotic and Eukaryotic cells, Virus	02
<b>Unit 2:</b>	Plasma Membrane	03
	Singer & Nicholson's model of plasma membrane. An overview of active transport and pastransport, across membranes: Uniport, Antiport, Symport	sive
Unit 3:	Endomembrane System	06
	Structure and Functions: Endoplasmic Reticulum, Golgi apparatus, Lysosomes	
Unit 4:	Mitochondria	04
	Mitochondria: Ultrastructure, Semi-autonomous nature, Endosymbiotic hypothesis function	ıs.
Unit 5:	Cytoskeleton	04
	Structure and Functions: Microtubules, Microfilaments, Intermediate filaments	
Unit 6:	Nucleus	05
	Structure and functions of Nucleus, Nuclear envelope, Nuclear pore complex, Nucleolus, Chromatin: Euchromatin, Heterochromatin and nucleosome	
Unit 7:	Chromosome	04
	Types of chromosomes, Acrocentric chromosome, metacentric chromosome, telocentric chromosome, acentric chromosome	
Unit 8:	Cell Division	02
	Cell cycle, Mitosis and Meiosis	

#### **SUGGESTED READINGS**

- 1) Karp, G. (2010). Cell and Molecular Biology: Concepts and Experiments. VI Edition. John Wiley and Sons. Inc.
- 2) De Robertis, E.D.P. and De Robertis, E.M.F. (2006). Cell and Molecular Biology. VIII Edition. Lippincott Williams and Wilkins, Philadelphia.
- 3) Cooper, G.M. and Hausman, R.E. (2009). The Cell: A Molecular Approach. V Edition. ASM Press and Sunderland, Washington, D.C.; Sinauer Associates, MA.
- 4) Becker, W.M., Kleinsmith, L.J., Hardin. J. and Bertoni, G. P. (2009). The World of the Cell. VII Edition. Pearson Benjamin Cummings Publishing, San Francisco.
- 5) Bruce Albert, Bray Dennis, Levis Julian, Raff Martin, Roberts Keith and Watson James (2008). Molecular Biology of the Cell, V Edition, Garland publishing Inc., New York and London.

Learning outcomes: Students will come to know about: Cellular architecture & their functions at organismic levelLearning outcomes: Students will come to know about:

• Cellular architecture & their functions at organismic level

**Learning outcomes: Students will come to know about:** 

- Cellular architecture & their functions at organismic level
- This knowledge will help students in future to explore areas like: oncology, medical diagnostics and treatment
- Understand the functioning of nucleus and extra nuclear organelles and understand the intricate cellular mechanisms involved.
- Acquire the detailed knowledge of different pathways related to cell signaling and apoptosis thus enabling them to understand the anomalies in cancer.
- Develop an understanding how cells work in healthy and diseased states and to give a 'health forecast' by analyzing the genetic database and cell information.
- Get new avenues of joining research in areas such as genetic engineering of cells, cloning, vaccines development, human fertility programme, organ transplant, etc.

#### Paper-VI

#### PRINCIPLES OF ECOLOGY: THEORY (Credits-02 & contact hours-30)

#### PAPER – VI PRINCIPLES OF ECOLOGY

#### **Unit 1: Introduction to Ecology**

History of ecology, , Scope of Ecology in brief

02

#### **Unit 2: Population Ecology**

05

Brief Idea about attributes of population: Density, Natality, Mortality, life tables, Fecundity tables, survivorship curves

#### **Unit 3: Animal Associations – Brief Idea and Definitions**

05

- Intraspecific associations: Parental Care in fishes, groupism and social behavior
- **Interspecific associations:** Competition, Types of competition Exploitation competition, Interference Competition and Apparent Competition, Ammensalism, Commensalism, mutualism, predation and parasitism with suitable examples.

**Unit 4: Abiotic Factors** 

03 Introduction & Effects on animals: Temperature, light, water, humidity, soil. Oxygen and carbon dioxide

**Unit 5: Community** 04

Community Characteristics: Definition, Components of community Species Diversity, Species richness, dominance, diversity indices, abundance, Concept of Ecotone and Edge Effect

**Unit 6: Ecosystem** 05

Structure of Ecosystem: General characteristics & faunal adaptations in:

- Aquatic (Freshwater Ecosystem : lotic and lentic)
- Terrestrial (Grassland and desert ecosystem)
- Marine Water Ecosystem (Zonation in Oceans on the basis of depth & light penetration)

04 **Unit 7: Food Chain** 

Pond Ecosystem: With reference to food chain, ecological pyramid, energy flow Hydarch: Definition, Mechanisms and process with reference to pond ecosystem.

#### **Unit 8: Applied Ecology**

02

Brief Idea of: Biodiversity – Introduction, Types of biodiversity- Species diversity, Genetic diversity, ecosystem diversity, Uses and importance of biodiversity, loss of biodiversity, Biodiversity Hot spots and sacred grooves in India with examples.

#### SUGGESTED READINGS

- 1. Colinovaux, P.A. (1993). Ecology, II Edition, Wiley, John and Sons, Inc.
- 2. Krebs, C.J. (2001). Ecology, VI Edition, Bejamin Cummings.
- 3. Odum, E.P., (2008), Fundamentals of Ecology, Indian Edition. Brooks/Cole
- 4. Robert Leo Smith Ecology and Field Biology Harper and Row publisher
- 5. Ricklefs, R.E., (2000). Ecology. V Edition. Chiron Press
- 6. Elements of Ecology (2008): Thomas M.Smith, Robert Leo Smith Sixth Edition Pearson Education.

#### Learning Outcomes (LO): Students will come to know about

- Ecological principles & applications that govern the planet Earth
- This knowledge will help students in future to explore areas like: biodiversity, conservation biology, forestry & natural resource management
- Know the evolutionary and functional basis of animal ecology.
- Understand what makes the scientific study of animal ecology a crucial and exciting endeavor.

•	Engage in field-based research activities to understand well the theoretical aspects taught
	besides learning techniques for gathering data in the field.

- Analyze a biological problem, derive testable hypotheses and then design experiments and put the tests into practice.
- Solve the environmental problems involving interaction of humans and natural systems at local or global level.



**B.Sc.-II Zoology (CBCS): Semester-IV** 

### PAPER-VII: FUNDAMENTALS OF BIOCHEMISTRY

**THEORY (CREDITS 2; Contact Hours-30)** 

**Unit 1:** Bio-elements.

(04)

Introduction, Significance of O<sub>2</sub>, CO<sub>2</sub>, NO<sub>2</sub>, Phosphorous and Calcium.

**Unit 2: Unit Carbohydrates** 

Structure and biological Significance of: Monosaccharides, Disaccharides, Polysaccharides and Glycoconjugates

Disaccharides, Polysaccharides and Glycoconjugates

Unit 3: Lipids (04

Structure and biological Significance of: Physiologically important of saturated and unsaturated fatty acids, Tri-acylglycerols, Phospholipids, Glycolipids, Steroids

**Unit 4:** Amino Acids

(03)

Amino acids: Structure, Classification and General Properties of α-amino acids;

**Unit 5:** Proteins:

(02)

Levels of organization in proteins (primary, secondary, tertiary & quaternary); Simple and conjugate proteins with examples

**Unit 6:** Nucleic Acids

(04)

Structure: Purines and pyrimidines, Nucleosides, Nucleotides, Nucleic acids: Base pairing, Denaturation and Renaturation of DNA; Types of DNA and RNA.

Unit 7: Vitamins

04)

Definition and classification, examples, sources, chemical nature and functions, deficiency diseases.

**Unit 8: Enzymes** 

(07)

Nomenclature and classification; Co-factors; Properties of enzymes; Mechanism of enzyme action; Factors affecting enzyme actions; Enzyme inhibition, Isozymes

#### **Learning Outcome:**

After successfully completing this course, the students will be able to:

- Understand the structure and biological significance of carbohydrates, amino acids, proteins, lipids and nucleic acids.
- Understand the structure and function of immunoglobulins.
- Understand the concept of enzyme, its mechanism of action and regulation.
- Understand the process of DNA replication, transcription and translation.
- Learn the preparation of models of peptides and nucleotides.
- Learn biochemical tests for amino acids, carbohydrates, proteins and nucleic acids.
- Learn measurement of enzyme activity and its kinetics.

#### **PAPER-VIII**

# ANIMAL PHYSIOLOGY: CONTROLLING AND COORDINATING SYSTEMS THEORY (CREDITS 2; Contact Hours-30)

Unit 1: Tissues (04)

Structure, location, classification and functions of: epithelial tissue, connective, tissue, Blood –Types of blood cells (RBC,WBC,Platelets, Plasma), functions of blood, Leucopenia, Leucocytosis, Erythrocytosis, erythropenia

#### **Unit 2: Histology of following mammalian organs:**

(04)

i) Tooth ii) Stomach iii) Ileum iv) Liver v) Pancreas vi) Kidney vii) Testis viii) Ovary

#### **Unit 3: Nervous System**

(04)

Ultrastructure of neuron, resting membrane potential, Origin of action potential and its propagation across the nerve fibers; Structure of Synapse and Synaptic transmission,

Unit 4: Muscle (03)

Types of muscles - smooth, Striated, cardiac Ultra structure of skeletal muscle Molecular and chemical basis of muscle contraction.

#### **Unit 5: Reproductive Physiology**

(03)

Sex hormones (male & female)- Human chorionic gonadotrophin (hCG), Follicle stimulating hormone (FSH) and luteinising hormone (LH), Oestradiol, Progesterone, Prolactin, Testosterone.

Contraception methods: Physical, oral contraceptives pills, IUD, surgical methods

#### **Unit 6: Reproductive Cycle**

(04)

Oestrous and Menstrual cycle, Hormonal control of pregnancy, parturition and lactation;

#### **Unit 7: In-vitro Fertilization**

(02)

Technique of IVF and its applications

#### **Unit 8: Hormonal secretions & their functions and disorders**

(06)

Pituitary gland & its hormones, Thyroid, Pancreas, Adrenal.

#### **Learning outcomes:**

After successfully completing this course, the students will be able to:

- Acquire knowledge of the coordinated physiological functioning
- Realize that very physiological mechanisms are used in very diverse organisms.
- Understand how cells, tissues, and organisms function at different levels.
- Develop an understanding of the related disciplines, such as cell biology, neurophysiology, pharmacology, biochemistry etc
- Get a flavor of research by working on project besides improving their writing skills. It will further enable the students to think and interpret individually.
- Undertake research in any aspect of animal physiology in future.

<sup>\*</sup>Note: With reference to mammals.

#### **REFERENCES:**

#### **CELL BIOLOGY:**

- Karp, G. (2010). Cell and Molecular Biology: Concepts and Experiments. VI Edition. John Wiley and Sons. Inc.
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#### **ECOLOGY:**

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- Cox, M.M and Nelson, D.L. (2008). Lehninger's Principles of Biochemistry, V Edition, W.H. Freeman and Co., New York.
- Berg, J.M., Tymoczko, J.L. and Stryer, L. (2007). Biochemistry, VI Edition, W.H. Freeman and Co., New York.
- Murray, R.K., Bender, D.A., Botham, K.M., Kennelly, P.J., Rodwell, V.W. and Well, P.A. (2009). Harper's Illustrated Biochemistry, XXVIII Edition, International Edition, The McGraw-Hill Companies Inc.
- Hames, B.D. and Hooper, N.M. (2000). Instant Notes in Biochemistry, II Edition, BIOS Scientific Publishers Ltd., U.K.
- Watson, J.D., Baker, T.A., Bell, S.P., Gann, A., Levine, M. and Losick, R. (2008). Molecular Biology of the Gene, VI Edition, Cold Spring Harbor Lab. Press, Pearson Pub.

#### PHYSIOLOGY: CONTROL & COORDINATION:

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- Tortora, G.J. & Grabowski, S. (2006). Principles of Anatomy & Physiology. XI Edition John Wiley & sons
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#### **Practical**

PAH Solapur University, Solapur, Faculty of Science Choice Based Credit System (CBCS) B.Sc.-II Zoology (2022-23: w.e.f. June 2023) \*\*

#### Practical-I (Paper-V & VI): Cell Biology and Principles of Ecology (04 Credits)

- 1. Preparation of temporary stained squash of onion root tip to study various stages of mitosis.
- 2. Study of various stages of meiosis in onion flower buds.
- 3. Demonstration/ Observation of Barr body using permanent slide(s) (spotter)
- **4.** Study of principle and procedure and technique using permanent slide (*spotter*)
- i) DNA by Feulgen technique.
- ii) Mucopolysaccharides by Periodic Acid Schiffs Reaction (PAS)
- 5. Study and construction of ecological pyramid from given data:
- i) Members of Grass land ecosystem -

Grasshopper, Rat Snake, Grass, Herbs, Shrubs, Weeds, Trees, Vulture, Squirrel, ,Centipede, Scorpion, Rabbit and Indian Bustard.

ii) Members of Pond ecosystem -

Sponge, Nepa, Leech, Planaria, Hydra, Lymnea, Planorbis, Heron, Kingfisher, Cyclops, Daphnia, Tortoise, Diatoms Vallisneria, Hydrilla, Chara and Spirogyra.

- 6. Calculation of Shannon-Weiner diversity index from the given data/ model. (At least 5 Examples) Estimation of Net Primary Productivity
- 7. Study of an aquatic ecosystem:Identification of Zooplankton with the help of permanentslides (*Spotters*),
- 8. Estimation of Dissolved Oxygen (Winkler's method) from given sample,
- 9. Estimation of Carbondioxide (CO<sub>2</sub>) from given sample.
- 10 .Estimation of Total Hardness content from given sample.
- 11. Study of selective permiability by using dialyzer tube.
- 12. **Study Visit:** Report on a visit to National / Central / State institutes / Local water bodies/National Park/Biodiversity Park/Wild life sanctuary, Observation of zooplanktons. Plankton collection tools and technique. Review article,

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# Practical-II (Paper-VII & VIII):

### FUNDAMENTALS OF BIOCHEMISTRY and ANIMAL PHYSIOLOGY: CONTROLLING AND COORDINATING SYSTEMS (CREDITS-04) \*\*

- 1. Qualitative tests of functional groups in carbohydrates, proteins and lipids.
- 2. Estimation of protein by colorimetric method.
- 3. Estimation of carbohydrates by colorimetric method.
- 4. Demonstration of paper chromatography of amino acids.
- 5. Action of amylase or papain enzyme under optimum conditions.
- 6. Effect of pH, temperature and inhibitors on the action of amylase.
- 7. Solubility of Vitamins.
- 8. Demonstrate the deficiency of fat and water soluble vitamins by using charts and photographs.
- 9. Recording of simple muscle twitch/ Cardiogram demonstration. (Virtual frog/ computer generated).

(Analysis of given graph of Frog- muscle twitch or cardiogram In the examination students are provided with any one computer generated graph and supposed to 'Analyze the given graph and explain details of principle, procedure, result, Inference and viva-voce based on the given practical is expected)

- 10. Study of permanent slides (T.S./V,S.) of Mammalian organs using permanent slides:
- i) Tooth ii) Stomach iii) IIeum iv) Liver v) Pancreas vi) Kidney vii) Testis viii) Ovary
- 11. Study of ABO blood group system and blood group antigens
- 12. Make a human blood smear to identify the different types of cells
- 13.To determine blood glucose level by using glucometer.

or

To determine/ To demonstrate diabetes from urine sample by strip test / hcg by strip test

14. **Microtomy:** Study of principle, procedure and mechanism of micro-technique and microtome: flow chart of technique, study of procedure and observation of HE staining technique/ whole mount using permanent slides (study of protocol using flowchart).

#### \*\*Note:

As per the guidelines of UGC notification number F.14-6/2014(CPP-II) dated 1st August, 2014 it is now essential to make necessary modifications to stop dissection and promote and orient students towards the knowledge component rather than skill development. However, ITC based virtual dissections are promoted. Now, the responsibility to discontinue dissections and use of animals in experiments totally rests on concerned authorities of respective colleges/Institutes. As per the notification it is important to encourage the field trips and observations without disturbing the biodiversity. For laboratory observations existing permanent slides and specimens should be shown. As per the guidelines of UGC, all the Zoology departments should be empowered with infrastructure to adopt Information communication technology (ICT) required for the purpose of virtual dissections for which virtual class room / laboratory to be enriched with few computers ( according to the strength of students ), internet facility, printer etc.

## Skeleton paper for practical examination (University Examination for 40 Marks)

	Practical-I (Paper-V & VI) Cell Biology and Principles of Ecology	
	Questions	Marks
Q-1:	Preparation of temporary stained squash of onion root tip to study various stages of mitosis <i>OR</i> Study of various stages of meiosis in onion flower buds.	08
Q-2:	Estimation from given sample - of Dissolved Oxygen (Winkler's method) <b>OR</b> Carbondioxide (CO <sub>2</sub> ) <b>OR</b> Total Hardness content	08
Q:3:	Study and construction of ecological pyramid from given data:  i) Members of Grass land ecosystem —  Grasshopper, Rat Snake, Grass, Herbs, Shrubs, Weeds, Trees, Vulture, Squirrel, Earthworm, Centipede, Scorpion, Rabbit and Indian Bustard.	08
	OR	
	ii) Members of Pond ecosystem –	
	Sponge, Nepa, Leech, Planaria, Hydra, Lymnea, Planorbis, Heron, Kingfisher, Cyclops, Daphnia, Tortoise, Diatoms Vallisneria, Hydrilla, Chara and Spirogyra.	
Q:4	Spotting / Identification (Any four) Zooplankton with the help of permanent slides (chart/ model /photo) / Bar body ( <i>Spotters</i> ).	08
Q:5	Submission of tour report and viva-voce	04
Q:6	Submission of certified journal	04
	Total Marks	40

Practical-II (Paper-VII & VIII):	
Fundamentals of Biochemistry and Animal Physiology:	
Controlling and Coordinating Systems  Questions	Marks
	08
Q-1: Qualitative tests of functional groups in carbohydrates, proteins and lipids.	08
Or Estimation of protein and carbohydrates by colorimetric method.	
Q-2: Action of amylase or papain enzyme under optimum conditions	08
Or	
Effect of pH, temperature and inhibitors on the action of amylase. Or	
Study of solubility of Vitamins.	
Or Study of ABO blood group system and blood group antigens	
Q:3: Recording of simple muscle twitch demonstration. / Cardiogram (Virtual frog)	08
Or	
Microtomy: Study of principle and mechanism of microtechnique: flow chart of technique, study of procedure and observation of Haemotoxylene Eosine staining technique using permanent slides.	
Q:4 Spotting / Identification (any 4).  Mammalian T.S. or V.S Tooth / Salivary gland / Stomach / IIeum / Liver / Pancreas / Kidney / Testis / Ovary	08
Q:5 Submission of tour report / Project/ review and viva-voce	04
Q:6 Submission of certified journal	04
Total Marks	40