

**PUNYASHLOK AHILYADEVJI HOLKAR  
SOLAPUR UNIVERSITY, SOLAPUR**



Name of the Faculty : Humanities

Syllabus : B.A. LIBERAL ARTS

Name of the Course : B.A.I Sem.-I SOCIOLOGY

1] Core course (CC-A) Paper-I

2] core course (CC-A) Paper-II

3] Generic Elective paper-I

CBCS-pattern

With effect from : 2022 -23

Punyashlok Ahilyadevi Holkar Solapur University, Solapur

Structure of course BA Part-ISem-I Liberal Art.

**SOCIOLOGY**

Core Course- paper-I, paper-II and Generic Elective paper-I  
w.e.f. 2022 -23 (CBCS Pattern)

Class	Core Course	Title of Paper	Unit		University Assessment		College Assessment		Total marks	Total Credits
			L	T	Max	Min	Max	Min		
B.A.-I Sem -I	Paper-I	Introduction to Sociology	3	1	40	16	10	4	50	4
	Paper-I	Introduction to Sociology	3	1	40	16	10	4	50	4
B.A-I Sem-I	Generic Elective									
	Paper-I	Social Anthropology	3	1	40	16	10	4	50	4

Liberal Arts

## **SOCIOLOGY**

B.A.-I Sem- I

Core Course paper-I and Paper-II

Title of the paper : **Introduction to Sociology**

**Preamble:** Sociology is the latest branch of Social Sciences, post industrial impact, radical social changes, emergence of new social institutions and organization and social unrest made social scientist to study changing and prevailing social environment hence Sociology it has emerged in 19<sup>th</sup> century ; it is the study of man and his associations like study of social relations, social interaction, social institutions, social process(social change, social mobility, social problems, social control and social movement) it is the factual knowledge of social system, social pathology and finally Sociology suggest probable solution on social problems

**Objective of theCourse:** the objectives of the present syllabus in Sociology is to acknowledge the student with the cause of emergence and develop of Sociology. To make the student aware with the nature and subject matter of the Sociology and to acquaint them with basic and common concepts used in Sociology. To teach the student about role culture in socialization, social control and development of personality. The course help to know the need and nature of social movements and its role in social change.

**Course Outcome:** the student will come to know the need of social sciences in post-industrial revolution and radical cultural and economic and physical changes. Student can know about the subject to be studied or scope of sociology. Every student of sociology can know the basic concepts in Sociology that are used everyday. The reader will be aware of socialization process, transmission of culture, preservation of culture and culture for the development of personality. The subject will acknowledge on need of social control and its types. At the end the student will make movements against social ills and for the development of society.

**Eligibility Criteria:** Student from any discipline of education Arts, Commerce, Science, Diplomas(having 10+2 status) are eligible to take admission for degree course in Sociology.

**B. A. part-I**

**Liberal Art**

Subject:**SOCIOLOGY Semester –I**

**Core Course paper-I**

Title of the paper: **Introduction To Sociology.**

[Credits: Theory-(40) Practical's-(10)]

**(Total Theory Lectures-60)**

**Unit no: 1**

(No. of Lectures-15 )

Title of the Unit: **The Nature of Sociology**

- A] Sociology- Definition and subject-matter.
- B] Origin and development of Sociology.
- C] Scope of sociology
- D] Significant of the study of Sociology.
- E] Scientific methods used in Sociology -Seven steps.

**Unit no: 2**

(No. of Lectures-15)

Title of the Unit : **Basic Concepts.**

- A] Society- Definition and Characteristics.
- B] Community- Definition and Characteristics.
- C] Social structure- Definition and elements.
- D] Status and Role- Definition and interrelation between status and role.
- E] Social Norms and values

**Unit No. 3**

( No. of lectures 15)

Title of the Unit: **Social Institutions.**

- A] Social Institution- Definition, Characteristics and functions.
- B] Family – Definition, characteristics and changing nature .
- C] Religion – Definition, element and functions.
- D] Caste - Nature and functions
- D] Education – Definition, nature and changing nature.

**Unit No.4**

(No. of lectures 15 )

Title of the Unit : **Culture.**

- A] Culture – Definition and characteristics .
- B] Component of Culture. Types of culture
- C]Significance of culture  
Ethnocentrism
- D] Cultural
- E] Culture and Personality.

**Books Recommended**

- 1- Bottomore T.B. Sociology- A Guide to Problems and Literature. George Allen and Arwin , Bombay- 1972.
- 2- Gadwal. A. A. Principles of Sociology. Accent Book Publications, Solapur.
- 3- Gadwal . A.A. Introduction to Sociology - LBP publication Solapur 2022
- 3- Harlambos M Sociology Themes and Perspectives. Oxford University Press, New Delhi.
- 4- Inkles Alex What is Sociology? Prentice Hall of India New Delhi.
- 5- Jayaram N. Introductory Sociology. Macmillan Madras.
- 6- Johnson Harry Sociology – A SystematicIntroduction. Allied Publishers New Delhi.
- 7- Bhoite U B. Samajshastrachi Multatve , Vidya Books Pub. Aurangabad.
- 8- Salunkhe S. A. Samajshastrachi sankalpana Narendra Prakashan Pune.
- 9- Khadse B. K. samajshastrachi Multatve Himalaua Pub. House Mumbai
10. More Rameshwar - Samajshastra Parichaya I - Nirali Prakashan, Solapur 2021

**B. A. part-I**

**Liberal Art**

Subject:**SOCIOLOGY**

**Sem-**

**I**

**Core Course Paper-II**

Title of the paper: **Introduction To Sociology.**

[Credits: Theory-(40) Practicals-(10)

**Total Theory Lectures-( 60 )**

**Unit no: 1** (lecture 15)

Title of the Unit: **Socialization.**

- A] Definition and nature of socialization
- B] Stages of Socialization.
- C] Agencies of socialization .
- D]Importance of socialization.
- E] Re-socialization

**Unit no: 2** (No. of Lectures-15)

Title of the Unit: **Social Groups**

- A] Definition and characteristics of social groups.
- B] Bases of classifications of social groups .
- C] Primary group and Secondary group.
- D]Reference group.
- E] Formal organization.

**Unit No. 3:** (No. of Lecture 15).

Title of the Unit: **Social Control and Social Deviance**

- A] Meaning, definitions and functions of social control..
- B] Types of social control – Formal-Informal, Direct-Indirect, Positive-Negative.

C] Agencies of Social control.

D] Mechanism of social control

D] Social deviance- meaning, definition and causes

**Unit No. 4:**

( No. of Lecture 15).

Title of the Unit: **Social Change and Social Movements**

A] Social Change- definition and characteristics.

B] Factors of social change.

C] Directions of social change

D] Social Mobility- meaning, definition and types

E] Social movements: nature and types

**Books Recommended**

1- Bottomore T.B. Sociology- A Guide to Problems and Literature. George Allen and Arwin , Bombay- 1972.

2- Gadwal. A. A. Principles of Sociology. Accent Book Publications, Solapur.

3- Gadwal A. A. Introduction to Sociology - LBP Publication, Solapur 2022

3- Harlambos M Sociology Themes and Perspectives. Oxford University Press, New Delhi.

4- Inkles Alex What is Sociology? Prentice Hall of India New Delhi.

5- Jayaram N. Introductory Sociology. Macmillan Madras.

6- Johnson Harry Sociology – A Systematic Introduction. Allied Publishers New Delhi.

7- Bhoite U B. Samajshastrachi Multatve , Vidya Books Pub. Aurangabad.

8- Salunkhe S. A. Samajshastrachi sankalpana Narendra Prakashan Pune.

9- Khadse B. K. samajshastrachi Multatve Himalaya Pub. House Mumbai

10. More Rameshwar - Samajshastra Parichaya II - Nirali Prakashan, Solapur

**B.A. part-I**

**Liberal Art**

Subject:**SOCIOLOGY**

**Sem-**

**I**

**Generic Selective. Paper-I**

Title of the paper: **Social Anthropology .**

[Credits: Theory-(40) Practicals-(10)]

**Total Theory Lectures-( 60 )**

**Unit no: 1 Social Anthropology (lecture -15)**

- A) Meaning and definition
- B) History of Anthropological studies
- C) Branches of Anthropology
- D) Social Anthropology and its subject matter.
- E) Why people study Social Anthropology

**Unit No. 2 :Primitive Society ( lecture 15)**

- A) Meaning and definition of primitive society.
- B) Distinctive characteristics of primitive society.
- C) Difference between Tribe and Caste.
- D) Major tribes in Maharashtra

**Unit No.3 Tribal Demography in India (lecture 15)**

- A) Tribal population in India
- B) Tribal regions in India
- C) Tribal zones in India
- D) Tribal scenario in India: Bodo, Warli, Bhill, Santhal, Khasi, Bhutiya, Gond, Khond, Chenchu, Naga, Baiga, Koyal, Urali, Panyan and Mannan.

**Unit No. 4 Classification of tribes in India (lecture 15)**

- A) Racial classification.
- B) Linguistic classification
- C) Economic classification
- D) Racial, linguistic and economic classification of tribes in Maharashtra



## **Bibliography**

- Dube S.C      Anthropology: the study of man. Chetana Publication, Hyderabad
- Elvin Verrier      The religion of Indian tribes. Swan Publication, Bombay.
- Evan Pritchard      The Institution of Primitive Society. Basil Blackwell Oxford.
- Gadwal A. A.      An Introduction to Social Anthropology. Accent Publication, Solapur.
- Ghurye G. S.      The Scheduled Tribes. Research Publications Bombay
- Gisbert Paul      Preliterate man. Manitalas Publication Bombay.
- Herskovit      Man and his work      Alfred Knopf New York
- Hoebel E. A.      Man in Primitive World      Mc Grew Hills Book Co. New York
- Jacob and Stern      An Outline of general Anthropology. Barnes and Nobel New York
- Lowie R. H.      Introduction to Cultural Anthropology. Rinehart Company , New York
- Lowie R. H.      Primitive Society      Routledge company New York
- Lucy Nair      An Introduction to Social Anthropology
- Majumdar and Madan      An Introduction to Social Anthropology. Asia Pub. House Bombay
- Save K.L      The Warlis      Research paper Publication Bombay