

Punyashlok Ahilyadevi Holkar Solapur University, Solapur



NAAC Accredited-2015
'B' Grade (CGPA 2.62)

Name of the Faculty: Science& Technology

Choice Based Credit System (CBCS)

Syllabus: Electronics

Name of the Course: B.Sc. III (Sem–V& VI)

(Syllabus to be implemented from w.e.f. June 2021)

Punyashlok Ahilyadevi Holkar Solapur University, Solapur
Syllabus
For B.Sc. III Electronics
(CBCS Pattern)
Choice Based Credit System (CBCS) Pattern
To be implemented from Academic Year 2021-22

1. Preamble:

Bachelor of Science (B.Sc.) in Electronics is the course disseminating knowledge of the subject from fundamental concepts to state-of-the-technologies. Indeed, the curriculum encompasses knowledge of various themes such as Microcontroller and Embedded System, Instrumentation, Communication Electronics, Power Electronics, Medical Electronics, Virtual Instrumentation, etc. The Choice Based Credit System (CBCS) is implemented for this course. Out of 4 theory papers, in each semester, 3 papers are of core. However, students have to opt one paper from DSE papers. In the practical course of 400 marks there are compulsory experiments for practical course IV, V, VI and VII. Moreover, project work is also mandatory in curriculum at last semester to ensure better practical knowledge and hence better job opportunities in industrial sector. The details are mentioned in the syllabus.

2. Objectives of the course:

The aim of the course is to generate trained manpower with adequate theoretical and practical knowledge of the various facets of electronic circuits and systems. Due care is taken to inculcate conceptual understanding in basic phenomena, materials, devices, circuits and products and development of appropriate practical skills suitable for industrial needs. Objectives are

- To design the syllabus with specific focus on key Learning Areas.
- To equip student with necessary fundamental concepts and knowledge base.
- To develop specific practical skills.
- To impart training on circuit design, analysis, building and testing.
- To prepare students for demonstrating the acquired knowledge.
- To encourage student to develop skills for accepting challenges of upcoming technological advancements.

3. Course Structure:

Subject/ Core Course	Subject	Title of the paper	Marking Scheme			Hrs/Week			Credit s
			UA	CA	Total	L	T	P	
Semester –V									
(AECC)	Ability Enhance ment Course	Paper II Part A English (Business English)	40	10	50	4	-	-	2.0
IX	Core 1	Linear Integrated Circuits and Applications	80	20	100	4	-	-	4
X	Core 2	Fundamentals of Microcontroller	80	20	100	4	-	-	4
XI	Core 3	Sensors and Transducers	80	20	100	4	-	-	4
XII	DSE-1	Biomedical Electronics	80	20	100	4	-	-	4
	DSE-2	Electronics Communication							
	SEC	Add-on-self learning (On-line Platform: MOOC/SWAYAM Course/Skill Course)	--	--	--	--	--	--	4
		Total	360	90	450	20	-	-	18
Semester –VI									
(AECC)	Ability Enhance ment Course	Paper II Part B English (Business English)	40	10	50	4	-	-	2.0
XIII	Core 1	Power Electronics	80	20	100	4	-	-	4
XIV	Core 2	Embedded System Design	80	20	100	4	-	-	4
XV	Core 3	Electronics Instrumentation	80	20	100	4	-	-	4
XVI	DSE-1	Virtual Instrumentation	80	20	100	4	-	-	4
	DSE-2	Modern Communication Systems							
		Total	360	90	450	20	-	-	18
Practical									
	Core 1	Practical V	80	20	100	-	-	5	4
	Core 2	Practical VI	80	20	100	-	-	5	4
	Core 3	Practical VII	80	20	100	-	-	5	4
	DSE-1/2	Practical VIII(Project/ Internship)	80	20	100	-	-	5	4
		Total	320	80	400	-	-	20	16
Grand Total			1040	260	1300	40	-	20	52

Abbreviations:

L: Lectures

T: Tutorials

P: Practical

UA: University Assessment

CA: College Assessment

DSE: Discipline Specific Elective Paper

SEC: Skill Enhancement Course

4. Nature of theory question paper

The nature of theory question paper is as per university common model.

Total Marks 40.

Q. 1 Multiple choice questions (One mark each)	12
Q. 2 Short answer question (Any four)	04
Q. 3 A Short answer question (Any two)	05
B Short answer question (one compulsory)	03
Q. 4 Short answer question (Any two)	08
Q. 5 Long answer question.	08
OR	
Q. 5 Answer the following.	08
A.	
B.	

5. Distribution of Practical Marks (400) :

Sr. No.	UA (320)	CA (80)
1.	Practicals (50 x 4Practicals) 200	1Circuit Test (10 + 10) 20
2.	Project(Project-60,Report-10,Oral-10, Presentation-10, Idea/Theme-10) 100	Practical Test (20 + 20) 40
3.	Journal 20	Seminar 10
4.		Industrial visit/ IndustrialCase Study /Visit to industrial exhibition/Participation in Conference/ Workshop/ Seminars 10
	Total 320	Total 80
		Total 400

A) University Assessment:

Practical Marks (50X4=200) may be as given below.

- Circuit diagram/ Flow Charts -10
 - Assembly of the circuit/Programming -10
 - Understanding/Observations -10
 - Calculations,graph / printout -10
 - Result / comment -05
 - Oral -05
- Flexibility should be given to the students to write code of respective experiments.
 - Project:** Every student should take up a project and submit the report of the work carried out.The project work will be assessed independently at thetime of practical examination.
 - It is mandatory for the students to produce certified journal at the time of practical examination.

B) College Assessment (80):

- **Circuit Diagram Test** : Two circuit diagram tests, each of 10 marks.
- **Practical Test** :Two practical tests, semester-wise, each of 20 marks.
- **Seminar**: Every student of B.Sc. III, Electronics will have to deliver one seminar of at least 10minutes on any advanced topic in Electronics using ICT(power point presentation) and submit the report of presentation, for 10marks.
- **Industrial visit / Local industry case study / Job training/ Visit to industrialexhibition/Participation in the Conference/ Workshop/seminars** :In order to give the exposure ofindustry/ Research Institute and advances in thefield of Electronics, industrial visit should bearranged and submit the report.OR he should submit the report of the case study of local industryor on jobtraining (minimum four days) OR he may visit to an industrial/ Scienceexhibition ORparticipate in conference / Seminar / workshop and produce certificate of participation, for 10marks.

C) Skill Enhancement Course (SEC):

Student has to complete min one of this activity on his own resources and has to produce the certificate of the same. If any official documentation is necessary from institute, it will be provide, e.g. consent letter, etc. The Internship/Industrial Training must have min of 240 hours.

Punyashlok Ahilyadevi Holkar Solapur University, Solapur
B.Sc.-III (Electronics)
CBCS Pattern Semester -V
Paper IX: Linear Integrated Circuits and Applications

Total Marks: 100

Credits: 04
(60 Periods)

Unit 1. Fabrication of Integrated Circuits

15

Advantages of IC's, Epitaxial process, Diffusion process: Constant source and Limited source, Oxidation (SiO₂ layer), Photolithography, Metallization, Fabrication of monolithic components: NPN and PNP, transistors, diodes, resistors and capacitors.

Unit 2. Non linear Application of Op- amp

09

Precision full wave rectifier, Active peak detector, Sample and hold circuit, Clipper and Clamper, Log and Antilog Amplifier.

Unit 3. Active Filters

10

Introduction to filters (Passive and Active), Advantage of active filters over passive filters, Classification (low pass, high pass, band pass, band stop and allpass filters), Types of filters (Butterworth and Chebyshev) and their comparison, Second order Butterworth Low pass and High pass filters, Band pass, Band stop filters (narrow and wide).

Unit 4. Regulated Power Supply

11

Series Op-Amp regulator, Basic block diagram of IC regulator, Protection circuits for IC regulators (over current, over voltage, thermal shutdown) Voltage regulators using IC 78XX, 79XX, LM 317 and LM 337. Designing of regulated power supply for 5V.

Unit 5. Phase Locked Loop

15

VCO, Block diagram of PLL, Principle and working of PLL, Transfer characteristics, Derivation of lock range and capture range, Features of IC 565, Application of PLL as Frequency multiplier, FM demodulator, FSK demodulator using IC 565. V to F converter and F to V converter (LM 331)

Reference Books:

1. Integrated Circuit (New Edition) – K. R. Botkar
2. Integrated Electronics – Millman and Halkies (MGH)
3. Linear Integrated Circuit – D Roy Choudhari, Shail Jain (Wiley Eastern Ltd)
4. Op-Amps and Linear Integrated Circuits – Ramakant Gaikwad (PHI)

Punyashlok Ahilyadevi Holkar Solapur University, Solapur
B.Sc.-III (Electronics)
CBCS Pattern Semester -V
Paper X : Fundamentals of Microcontroller

Total Marks: 100

Credits:
04(60 Periods)

Unit 1. Architecture of Microcontroller

18

Comparison of Microprocessor and Microcontroller, Requirement of Microcontrollers, Overview and features of MCS 51 Family, Block Diagram and Pin description of 8051, Memory organization, GPRS, and SFRs, Flags, I/O Ports, study of Timer/Counter, study of Interrupts, study of Serial communication port, Clock and Reset circuit.

Unit 2. Instruction Set of 8051

13

Addressing Modes, Instruction Set, Execution of Instruction, Classification of Instruction Set - Data transfer group, Arithmetic group, Logical group, branch control group, Boolean/Single Bit Instructions, Concept of Stack and Subroutine.

Unit 3. Assembly Language Programming with 8051

11

Assembly Language Programming for Data Transfer, Arithmetic and Logical operations. Branching and Looping, I/O Port Programming and Bit manipulation, Time Delay Subroutine.

Unit 4. Timer and Interrupt Programming in 8051

09

Configuration of timers as a timers in various modes, Configuration of Timer as a Counter, Time delay generation, square wave generation. Programming of the interrupts: ALP for interrupt (external and internal) execution.

Unit 5. Serial Port Programming in 8051

09

Basics of serial communication, Serial port of 8051, RS-232 standard and IC MAX-232, Baud rate in 8051, Baud rate doubling using crystal frequency and PCON register, SBUF, SCON registers, Importance of TI and RI flags, Assembly Language Programming for serial data transmission and reception.

Reference Books:

1. The 8051 microcontroller Architecture, programming and application by Kenneth J. Ayala
2. The 8051 Microcontroller and Embedded Systems, M. A. Mazadi, J. G. Mazadi, Pearson Education, Asia
3. Microcontroller by Ajay Deshmukh
4. Microcontroller by D. S. Dhote

Punyashlok Ahilyadevi Holkar Solapur University, Solapur
B.Sc.-III (Electronics)
CBCS Pattern Semester –V
Paper XI : Sensors and Transducers

Total Marks: 100

Credits:
04(60 Periods)

Unit 1. Fundamentals of Sensors and Transducers

15

The measurand, basic needs of measurements, Block diagram of measurements system, Characteristics of measurement Systems, static characteristics, dynamic characteristics and responses, Need of system calibration. Definition: Sensor and Transducer, Principle of transduction, Basic difference between sensor and transducer, Types of sensor, Static and Dynamic characteristics, Classification of transducers, Basic requirement of transducers, Selection criteria for transducer. Concept of Active and Passive Sensors.

Unit 2. Resistive Transducers

10

Principle of operation, Potentiometer, Resistance pressure transducer, Resistive position transducer, Strain gauge, Temperature transducer: RTD, Thermistors.

Unit 3. Inductive Transducer

08

Principle of operation, Variable reluctance type transducer, Differential transducer: Linear Variable Differential Transducer (LVDT) and Rotary Variable Differential Transducer (RVDT)

Unit 4. Capacitive Transducer

07

Principle of operation, Variable Area Type, Variable Air Gap type, Variable Permittivity type, Capacitor microphone.

Unit 5. Electronic Transducers and Actuators

20

Transducers: Thermocouple, Piezoelectric transducer, Hall Effect transducers, Photoelectric transducer: LDR, Photo-voltaic cell, Photo diode, Phototransistor, Pyrometers. Smart Sensors: Temperature sensor (LM35), LPG sensor (N26), PIR sensor. Actuators : Electromagnetic Relay, Solenoid, Opto-couplers.

Reference Books:

1. A Course in Electrical and Electronics Measurements and Instrumentation by AK Sawhney, Dhanpat Rai Publication.
2. Electronic Instrumentation by K.S. Kalsi, TMH Publication.
3. Sensors and Transducers by KV Gitapathi, Center: Technical Coordination.
4. Instrumentation devices and systems, CS Rangan, JR Sharma and VSV Mani, MGH.
5. Smart sensors from datasheet (LM35, N26, PIR)
6. Basic Electronics – B L Thereja S Chand.

Punyashlok Ahilyadevi Holkar Solapur University, Solapur
B.Sc.-III (Electronics)
CBCS Pattern Semester –V
Paper XII (DSE-1): Biomedical Electronics

Total Marks: 100

Credits:
04(60 Periods)

- Unit 1. Bioelectric Signals** 12
Introduction to physiological systems, Sources of biomedical signals. The origin of Bioelectric signal: Resting and Action potentials, Propagation of action potentials. Introduction to bioelectric signals: ECG, EEG, EMG.
- Unit 2. Study of Bioelectric Electrodes** 13
Introduction to electrode theory, Silver-Silver Chloride electrode, Classification of bioelectric electrodes, Microelectrodes: Metal and micropipette. Surface electrodes: Limb & Floating electrode, ECG Leads, Suction-cup electrode, fluid column electrode, Pad electrode. Needle electrode
- Unit 3. Fundamentals of Biomedical Instrumentation System** 12
Basic architecture of medical instrumentation system, preamplifiers, differential amplifiers, instrumentation amplifiers, Isolation amplifier, Sources of the noise.
- Unit 4. Monitoring System** 11
Electrocardiograph (ECG): Basic principle, block diagram of ECG.
Electroencephalograph (EEG): Basic principle, block diagram of EEG.
Electromyograph (EMG): Basic principle, block diagram of EMG
- Unit 5. Imaging System** 12
Basic of Diagnostics radiology, Block diagram of x-ray machine, Principles of Ultrasound: properties, mode of transmission and imaging.

Reference Books:

1. Handbook of Biomedical Instrumentation, -R.S. Khandpur, 2nd edition, TMH, New Delhi Reprint 2007
2. Introduction to Biomedical Equipment Technology- J.J. Carr & J.M. Brown, PHI 1993.
3. Biomedical Instrumentation and Measurements –Cromwell, Weibell & Pfeiffer, PHI 2nd Ed.

Punyashlok Ahilyadevi Holkar Solapur University, Solapur
B.Sc.-III (Electronics)
CBCS Pattern Semester –V
Paper XII(DSE-2): Electronics Communication

Total Marks: 100

Credits:
04(60 Periods)

- Unit 1. Introduction to Communication System** 10
Introduction, Need, importance, Elements of electronic communication system, Types of communication system, analog communication system, digital communication system, concept of simplex and duplex communication, Noise in communication (S/N ratio and noise figure).
- Unit 2. Modulation and Demodulation Techniques** 14
Need, Types of modulation-Analog and digital modulation.
Analog Modulation: Amplitude modulation: Principle, mathematical expression, modulation index, Power distribution, frequency spectrum, Concept of DSB, SSB, VSB.
Frequency modulation: Principle, mathematical expression, modulation index, frequency spectrum, side bands.
Demodulation of AM and FM (Envelope detector & ratio detector)
Digital Modulation: Introduction to PAM, PWM, PPM, PCM, ASK, FSK, FDM & TDM
- Unit 3. Antenna and Radio Wave Propagation** 12
Principle of antenna, Concept of radiation pattern, Antenna parameters, Evaluation of $(\lambda/2)$ antenna (without mathematical treatment), Types of antenna: Yagi and Parabolic antennas (radiation pattern, frequency range, applications). Radio Wave propagation: Principle, types of radio wave propagation: Ground waves, Space waves, Sky waves, Concept of skip distance and Virtual height.
- Unit 4. Radio Receiver and Television** 14
Radio receiver: Characteristics of receiver, Superheterodyne principle, Block diagram of AM, FM receivers, Television: Concept and block diagram of Black and White television transmission and reception, TV interlace scanning, Television standards, Band requirement, VSB, Composite video signal, Introduction to colour TV
- Unit 5. Telephone System** 10
Principle, telephone handset, subscriber local loop, Need of telephone exchange, Electronic telephone exchange, Different tones in telephone, DTMF dialer.

Reference books:

1. Principle of Communication Engineering by Anokh Singh, S. Chand and company.
2. Communication electronics: Principles and applications by Frenzl, 3rd edition, TMH.
3. Radio engineering (Applied electronics Vol.-II): by G.K. Mitthal, Khanna publication.
4. Electronic Communications (4th Edition) Dennis Roddy, John Coolen

Punyashlok Ahilyadevi Holkar Solapur University, Solapur
B.Sc.-III (Electronics)
CBCS Pattern Semester –VI
Paper XIII: Power Electronics

Total Marks: 100

Credits:
04(60 Periods)

Unit 1. Power Devices

11

Power diode: Construction, switching characteristics and applications, Effect of reverse and forward recovery time.

Power BJT and MOSFET: Construction, switching characteristics and applications, IGBT and SIT: Construction, working, applications, Thermal considerations and heat sinks for power devices

Unit 2. Thyristor

15

SCR: operating principle with two transistor analogy, V-I characteristics, Latching Current (I_L) and Holding Current (I_H), advantages, disadvantages, and applications.

GTO and PUT: Construction, working, V-I characteristics, and applications.

Concept of turn on mechanism of SCR: Forward break-over triggering (High Voltage triggering), dv/dt triggering, thermal triggering, illumination triggering, gate triggering. Triggering circuits: R, RC, UJT and PUT (operation with waveforms), Concept of turn off mechanism of SCR, Turn OFF methods: Class A, Class B, Class C and Class D, (Working with waveforms), Concept of di/dt , dv/dt and its protection circuits.

Unit 3. Controlled Rectifier

12

Concept of Phase control (Firing and conduction angle), Single phase half wave controlled rectifier with resistive and inductive load, Effect of free-wheeling diode, Single phase full wave controlled rectifier with resistive load and inductive load, Three phase full wave controlled rectifier with resistive load (without mathematical treatment).

Unit 4. Inverters and Choppers

13

Classification of inverters, Transistor inverter, Series and Parallel Inverter using SCR, Basic principle of single phase half and full bridge inverter, Concept of Chopper Basic chopper circuit, Step down and step up chopper using SCR, Jones chopper

Unit 5. Applications of Power devices

09

Applications of SCR: Speed control of dc Motor, flasher circuit, battery charger circuit, emergency lighting system, block diagram and concept of UPS, block diagram and concept of SMPS.

Reference Books

1. Power Electronics- M. H. Rashid (PHI)
2. Power Electronics- Dr. P. S. Bimbhra, (Khanna Publication)
3. Power Electronics- P. C. Sen (TMH)
4. Thyristor Engineering- M. S. Berde (Khanna Publication)

Punyashlok Ahilyadevi Holkar Solapur University, Solapur
B.Sc.-III (Electronics)
CBCS Pattern Semester -VI
Paper XIV: Embedded System Design

Total Marks: 100

Credits:
04(60 Periods)

Unit 1. Fundamentals of Embedded Systems design

09

Definition of an embedded system, Basic architecture of embedded system, characteristics of embedded systems, Applications of embedded systems. Minimum 89s51 based hardware for general embedded system.

Unit 2. Programming with the C

15

Introduction to C programming: Basic Structure of C program, character set, keywords and identifiers, constants and variables, concept of global declaration and local declaration, data types and data ranges, expressions and operators. Study of IO statements, Control Statements, Arrays, Loops, User's defined functions. Simple examples.

Unit 3. Fundamentals of Embedded C

13

Basic Structure of Embedded C program, Need of Operating System, Concept of Super loop. An embedded C programs for

1. Generation of Time delay with and without use of timers.
2. Square wave generation,
3. Programming of I/O port and Serial Port
4. Interrupts.

Unit 4. Interfacing of devices: The Hardware and Software

13

Development of both Hardware and software for interfacing of Switches, Thumbwheel switch, Relays, LEDs, Transistor, Opto-coupler, Seven Segment Display, 16 X 2 LCD, Stepper Motor, ADC 0804/0809 and DAC 0808, DAC by using PWM technique.

Unit 5. Designing of an Embedded System

10

1. Designing of microcontroller 89s51 based embedded system for Measurement of Temperature of an environment
2. Designing of microcontroller 89s51 based embedded system for Measurement of humidity of an environment.
3. Designing of microcontroller 89s51 based embedded system for DC motor control using PWM technique.

(Flowchart of the necessary embedded software is expected only)

Reference Books

1. Embedded C - Michael J Point
2. The 8051 Microcontroller and Embedded Systems – Using Assembly and C Mohammad Ali Mazidi, Janice Gillispie Mazidi, Rolin D. McKinlay 2nd Edition, Pearson Education (Prentice Hall)
3. Microcontroller By Ajay Deshmukh

Punyashlok Ahilyadevi Holkar Solapur University, Solapur
B.Sc.-III (Electronics)
CBCS Pattern Semester -VI
Paper XV: Electronics Instrumentation

Total Marks: 100

Credits:
04(60 Periods)

- Unit 1. Fundamental of Signal Conditioning** 13
General block diagram for electronics instrument design for measurement. Minimum requirements, Block diagram of dc and ac signal conditioning techniques, Excitation, Grounding and electromagnetic and electrostatic shielding, Signal conditioners, Bridge amplifier, Pre-amplifiers, Instrumentation amplifier, Isolation amplifiers and chopper Amplifiers, Display unit.
- Unit 2. Programmable instrumentation amplifiers** 13
Need of Programmable instrumentation amplifier, Salient features of Programmable Instrumentation amplifiers. Salient features, Block diagram and Pin description of Instrumentation amplifiers AD620, Salient features, Block diagram and Pin description of Precision amplifiers AD594/595.
- Unit 3. Signal transformation and Data Acquisition System(DAS)** 13
Offset compensation, 4-20mA current transmission, Ratiometric and logarithmic conversion. Need of DAS, Single channel DAS, Multi-channel DAS, Data loggers: Basic Operation of data loggers, compact data loggers. Computer based DAS.
- Unit 4. Measuring Instruments and Display and Recording Devices** 13
Digital multimeter (DMM), Signal and Function generator, Analog CRO, Digital Storage Oscilloscope, LCR Q Meter (Principle, Block diagram and working) X-Y Recorder, Magnetic recorder, Digital data recorder.
- Unit 5. Case Study** 08
Study of (Principle, Block diagram and working) PH Meter, Conductivity meter and Temperature meter.

Reference Books

1. Electronic Instrumentation by K.S. Kalsi, TMH Publication.
2. Electronic Measurements by U.A. Bakshi and V.U. Bakshi, Technical Publication.
3. Instrumentation Measurement and Analysis by Nakara Choudhary (TMH)
4. Transducers Interfacing Handbook by DH Sheingold, Analog Devices Inc.
5. A Course in Electrical and Electronics Measurements and Instrumentation by AK Sawhney, Dhanpat Rai Publication.

Punyashlok Ahilyadevi Holkar Solapur University, Solapur
B.Sc.-III (Electronics)
CBCS Pattern Semester -VI
Paper XVI (DSE-1): Virtual Instrumentation

Total Marks: 100

Credits: 04
(60 Periods)

Unit 1. Fundamentals of Virtual Instrumentation

15

Historical perspectives, Basic concept of Virtual Instrumentation, Importance of VI, Block diagram and architecture of Virtual Instrumentation, data-flow techniques, graphical programming in data flow, Comparison between Virtual Instrumentation and Traditional Instrumentation, Advantages of Virtual Instrumentation.

Unit 2. Standard tools for Virtual instrumentation

11

Need of IDE for development of Virtual Instrumentation system, basic features of the tools, LABView, Proteus, Circuit Maker, PSPICE. Comparative approach.

Unit 3. Fundamentals of LABVIEW

10

Introduction to LABVIEW the virtual Instrumentation software, Virtual Instrumentation programming techniques, “G” Programming Language. Labview windows, front panel window, Block diagram window, Creating and saving VI, Terminals, Nodes, Functions, wires etc.

Unit 4. Development of Virtual Instrumentation with LABView

13

The VI and sub-VI loops, charts, arrays, clusters and graphs, case and sequence structures, formula nodes, local and global variables, string and file IO. Suitable examples.

Unit 5. Case studies

11

Designing of Virtual Instrumentation using LABVIEW for

1. Data Acquisition Systems for Measurement of physical parameters
2. Temperature controlling

Reference Books

1. Virtual Instrumentation by using LabVIEW- Jovitha Jerome, PHI, New Delhi, 2011.
2. Graphical programming Gary Johnson, 2nd Edition, MGH, 1997.
3. LABVIEW for everyone –Lisa K wells and Jeffery Travis PHI 1997.
4. Basic concept of LABVIEW 4-Skoff-PHI 1998.

Punyashlok Ahilyadevi Holkar Solapur University, Solapur
B.Sc.-III (Electronics)
CBCS Pattern Semester -VI
Paper XVI (DSE-2): Modern Communication Systems

Total Marks: 100

Credits: 04
(60 Periods)

- Unit 1. Fiber Optic Communication** 12
Need of light wave communication, working principle of fiber optic cable, Definition and terminologies: bit rate, baud rate, bandwidth, channel capacity, power calculation Block diagram of Optical Fiber Communication System, Fiber optic cables, types, Splicer and Connectors. Sources and Detectors; Transmitter and receivers, Applications
- Unit 2. Satellite Communication** 11
Satellite Orbits, Satellite Communication System, Earth Station, and Transponders, Application of Satellite communication system (TV distribution, surveillance and satellite phones)
- Unit 3. Mobile Communication** 11
Concept of cell, basic cellular system and its operational procedure, Hand off, power requirements, Block diagram Transmitter, receiver, Frequency synthesizer, logic unit, control unit.
- Unit 4. Microwave and Radar Communication** 13
Basics of microwave communication, advantages, Transmission lines, Waveguides and cavity resonators, Microwave semiconductor devices (Gunn diode), microwave tubes (Klystron). RADAR: Concept of radar, Pulsed Radar System.
- Unit 5. Computer Communication** 13
Digital Data Communications Concepts, Modems: Block diagrams of QPSK and QAM Protocols., Computer Networks: LAN, MAN, WAN. Network Topologies (Star, Ring, and Bus) Concept of Internet, Bluetooth and Wi-Fi and their standards.

Reference Books

1. Communication Electronics – Frenzel (TMGH)
2. Analog and Digital Communication Systems – Martin S. Roden
3. Digital and Data Communications – Martin (PHI)
4. Hand Book of Electronic Communications – Miller
5. Optical Fiber Communication - Senior
6. Mobile Communication – Shiller

Punyashlok Ahilyadevi Holkar Solapur University, Solapur
B.Sc.-III (Electronics)
CBCS Pattern Semester –V&VI
List of Experiments

Group A

1. Study of Operational amplifier as band pass / band stop filter
2. Application of PLL (Frequency Multiplication)
3. Design of Regulated Power Supply using IC LM317/337)
4. Design of Log amplifier by using Operational amplifier
5. Study of F to V converter / V to F converter (LM331)
6. Study of SCR firing by UJT
7. Study of Full Wave Controlled Rectifier
8. Design of Light Dimmer circuit by using TRIAC
9. Study of Speed control of motor using SCR
10. Study of SMPS / Study of Chopper circuits (Step- Up)

Group B

1. Data transfer operations using microcontroller
2. Arithmetic operations using microcontroller
3. Logical operations using microcontroller
4. Thumb Wheel and seven segment display interface using microcontroller using embedded C
5. Interfacing of stepper motor with microcontroller using embedded C
6. Square wave generation with timer using embedded C
7. Interfacing of ADC/ DAC using embedded C
8. Interfacing of 16×2 LCD display using embedded C
9. Serial communication with PC using embedded C
10. DC motor control with PWM using embedded C

Group C

1. Study of strain gauge (load cell)
2. Study of temperature sensor PT 100.
3. Study of LVDT
4. Study of offset voltage compensation circuit
5. Design of circuit for measurement of electric conductivity of water
6. Design of Light activated turn ON/OFF circuit
7. Design of ON-OFF temperature controller
8. Programmable gain amplifier (AD 620)
9. Programmable gain amplifier (AD 595)
10. Instrumentation Amplifier by using LM324/TL084.

Group D

D1 : Biomedical Electronics

1. Build and test the Bio Potential Amplifier.
2. Study of instrumentation amplifier INA 126.
3. Measurement of Bioelectric Potential
4. Study of PQRS Response
5. Measurement of Heart rate

D2 : Electronics Communication

1. Study of Tuned RF amplifier
2. Study of Tuned IF amplifier

3. Study of amplitude modulation and demodulation
4. Study of Frequency Modulation
5. Study of PWM

D3 :Modern Communication System

1. Data communication using OFC
2. Study of FSK modulation
3. Time Division Multiplexing
4. Study of DTMF decoder
5. Study of AGC circuit

D4 :Virtual Instrumentation

1. Study of front panel and block diagram windows of LabVIEW.
2. Design and simulation of instrumentation amplifier by using LabVIEW/Proteus
3. Design and simulation of temperature measurement system by using LabVIEW/Proteus
4. Simulation of interfacing ADC to microcontroller by using LabVIEW/Proteus
5. Simulation of interfacing LCD to microcontroller by using LabVIEW/Proteus

Note :

- Minimum eight experiments from group A to C should be performed by the students.
- Group D is Discipline specific elective (DSE-1) group. Students have to opt any two sub groups, from D1 to D4, as per elective papers and they have to perform minimum 4 experiments, each from elected two sub-groups.
